## **Historic, Archive Document**

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.



## THORBURN'S SEEDS

1919



J.M.THORBURN & CO.
53 BARCLAY STREET
THROUGH TO 54 PARK PLACE
NEW YORK CITY

# SELLIOSES



### <del>==</del>1802 1919=

## J. M. THORBURN & CO.

IN presenting this, our 118th successive annual Catalogue, we have to thank our innumerable customers and friends for their patronage in the past, which we trust will continue in the future to our mutual advantage.

Our Seeds hold the record for being always *Reliable*. Over a century in business means something—and it does much to emphasize the reliability of our goods. The Thorburn experience—the Thorburn knowledge of what's what in seeds—the Thorburn reputation for

fair dealing—these are your safeguards in buying.

Our catalogue has always received a considerable amount of study. The cultural directions and descriptions therein are concise and to the point. A Seed Catalogue is supposed to be principally a price list of the many and various items conveniently arranged; to embody therein all the necessary directions for successful cultivation of the large number of Vegetables and Flowers would be beyond the limits of a handy Catalogue—for further detailed information regarding cultivation, please write to us. We are preparing leaflets on the different subjects which we will be pleased to send on request. You can make up your order from the pages of our Catalogue with entire confidence in the exceptional quality of the products we are offering.

We would suggest that your order be made up as soon after the receipt of this catalogue as possible. It will help us to ship promptly, and it will help you by giving you your goods just when you want them. Placing orders late sometimes makes delays unavoidable.

The difficulties and delays in obtaining supplies from our European Growers, which still exists, as well as the shortage of many seed crops in our own country, make it more important than ever that orders should be placed as early as possible this year. We have endeavored to keep prices down as much as possible, consistent with the cost to us of our stocks on hand and expected.

We have the facilities for handling a vast amount of business, and your orders will

receive the most prompt attention regardless of when they come.

Owing to the conditions at present prevailing in Europe, and the transportation difficulties, some kinds of seeds may again be late in reaching us this season. It also sometimes happens that certain articles are not ready when the bulk of the goods ordered is shipped. In such cases, rather than hold back the whole order, we send what is ready and keep a memorandum of what is to follow when available. It would be well to state with order if we may substitute equally good sorts for any ordered that we cannot supply. (See notice on page 12.) Customers would, therefore, in such cases, do well to await our advice or invoices before writing in regard to items not sent them.

If there is any information you want that is not given in this catalogue, write us about

it. We will give all inquiries our careful attention.

May we have the pleasure of filling your order?

#### WE ASK THAT YOU READ THE NEXT PAGE BEFORE SENDING IN YOUR ORDER

United States Food Administration License Number G-23974

#### CONTENTS For Itemized Index, see pp. 158 and 159 PAGE PAGE Novelties..... Collections, Vegetable Seeds.... Flower Seeds..... 5-8 FORAGE, ECONOMICAL AND MISCEL-9-11 66-60 ΙI VEGETABLE SEEDS..... 12-50 FLOWER SEEDS...... 70-129 50 PALM SEEDS.. 129 TOBACCO SEEDS, BIRD SEEDS, ESCU-ORNAMENTAL GRASSES..... LENT PLANTS AND ROOTS..... Bulbs and Roots......131-140 51 INSECTICIDES AND REMEDIES FOR 54-61 Plant Diseases.....140-142 CLOVERS, VARIOUS..... 61 FIELD CORN AND OTHER CEREALS..

#### **ORDERS**

Orders should be written on our order sheet or on a blank sheet separate from letter, preferably in ink, and, to receive prompt attention, should be **directed** to the firm and not to individuals. Orders from new customers should be accompanied by a remittance in the form of a Post-Office or Express Money Order, Bank Check or Bank Bills.

#### **PRICES**

The prices quoted are net, and do NOT include free transit, EXCEPT FOR SEEDS IN PACKETS, OUNCES or QUARTER-POUNDS, on which WE pay postage or expressage anywhere in the U. S.

#### SEEDS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS

If wanted by mail in the United States, add postage according to zone rate, as per table at foot; except for seeds ordered by the packet, ounce or quarter-pound, which we will mail free. By special arrangement with the express companies, we can ship seeds and bulbs at a reduction of about 25 per cent from the regular rates. In view of the greater safety, it will be found best to send parcels of 15 pounds or over by express, as packages are apt to get crushed in the mail. Seeds may be sent C. O. D. when 25 per cent of the amount is remitted with order. Potatoes, onion sets, or other perishable articles, fertilizers or insecticides cannot be sent C. O. D.

#### PARCEL-POST ZONE RATES

Within the United States

Zone	Within	1st lb. or fraction	Additiona lb. or fraction
1st	50 miles of N. Y. City	5c.	1c.
2d	50 to 150 miles of N. Y. City	5c.	1c.
	150 to 300 miles of N. Y. City	6c.	2c.
	300 to 600 miles of N. Y. City	7c.	4c.
	600 to 1,000 miles of N. Y. City	8c.	6c.
	000 to 1,400 miles of N. Y. City	9c.	8c.
	400 to 1,800 miles of N. Y. City		10c.
8th1,	800 and over miles of N. Y. City	12c.	12c.
	1 1 4 70 - 1 4 1 4	01191	

Maximum weight, 70 pounds to 1st,  $2\mathrm{d}$  and  $3\mathrm{d}$  zones, and 50 pounds from the 4th zone upward.

Postage to Canada 12 cents per pound, or fraction thereof, maximum weight, 4 pounds 6 ounces.

#### NAME, ADDRESS, ETC.

We beg our correspondents to give us on each order the correct name and address; also to indicate

very precisely the means of carriage which they prefer mail, express or freight, and the office or railroad station which best serves their locality. In case these directions are not followed out, or if they are not sufficient, we ourselves shall of course choose the most advantageous and convenient means.

#### CULTURAL DIRECTIONS

These apply to the climate of New York and vicinity. For more northern and southern localities the necessary changes in time of sowing, etc., will readily suggest themselves to gardeners.

#### WARRANTIES

Seeds of best quality will sometimes fail through improper treatment. Thus, a small seed may be sown so deeply that the young plant cannot reach the surface. More failures result from disregard of the conditions necessary to germination than from inferiority of the seeds used.

These conditions are: A proper temperature, sufficient moisture and free access of air. Besides these, the soil must be in proper condition and present no physical obstacle to the growth of the young plant. If heavy rains have compacted the surface of the soil, and the sun has baked it to a hard crust, it will be impossible, even if all other conditions are favorable, for the seedling plants to force their way through it, and many perish from this cause alone.

Seeds differ greatly as to the temperature required for germination. Beets, Cress, Peas, etc., germinate rapidly at a temperature of 45 deg.; but if Melons and other seeds of that family, Bush or Pole Beans, and other plants of sub-tropical origin are sown under the same conditions, they will be apt to decay, as for their prompt germination they require a heat of at least 60 deg. For this reason many seeds fail yearly from too early sowing.

The second condition, proper moisture, is likely to be violated by an excess rather than by too small a portion. The proper amount is that which a well-drained soil will naturally hold. Free access of air is all-important, and this is interfered with by an excess of water in the soil.

In germination, complex chemical changes take place in the seeds, in which the air performs an important part. A portion of the seed is consumed, carbonic acid gas being given off in changing the starch and other constituents of the seed into nutriment to forward the growth of the germ or embryo plant, which depends upon the contents of the seed until it forms roots below ground and leaves above, and is able to sustain itself.

Besides these conditions affecting the germination of the seed, the young plants, after they have made their way to the surface, are liable to various accidents: a sudden current of very cold air, or a continuous drying wind may check their growth or destroy them altogether.

In addition, there are numerous insects, both below and above ground, that may attack the plants, some of them being so small that they often destroy a crop before they are discovered.

We may also mention the well-known tendency of many vegetables to revert to their original types, notwithstanding the care of the seed-grower; the Yellow-Podded Wax Beans becoming green, the Yellow and White Celery becoming more or less green, dwarf Peas becoming running sorts, etc.

J. M. Thorburn & Co. give no warranty, express or implied, as to description, quality, productiveness or any other matter of any seeds, bulbs or plants they send out, and they will not be in any way responsible for the crop. If the purchaser does not accept the goods on these terms, they are at once to be returned.

J. M. THORBURN & CO.

53 Barclay Street, through to 54 Park Place, New York

#### ALL COMMUNICATIONS SHOULD BE ADDRESSED TO THE COMPANY

Telephone Nos. 6445 and 6446 Barclay. Private Exchange connecting all departments

#### DIRECTIONS FOR THE CULTIVATION OF VEGETABLES

O SECURE a good crop of vegetables, three things are necessary, viz., a suitable soil, pure seed and clean culture. The exposure for a vegetable-garden should be south or south-east, or nearly so. The soil should be naturally rich and friable, a sandy loam being about the best. If the soil be stiff, it should be gradually mellowed by the free use of barnyard manure, or, if convenient, by the addition of sand. If wet, or inclined to hold an excess of moisture, it should be underdained, preferably by tile, but if possible, a location should be selected naturally dry and free from surface water.

A dark-colored soil, or one supplied with a goodly portion of decayed vegetable matter, will produce the earliest crops. If the soil be shallow, it should be deepened gradually by plowing or spading an inch or two deeper each year, and not all at once by trenching or subsoiling, unless manure and money both be abundant. A sandy soil may be greatly improved by adding vegetable mold from the woods. To produce the best results, the vegetable garden should have at least one foot of good, rich soil. The roots of large trees should not be allowed to encroach on any part of the garden, though large trees, sufficiently far off, afford a valuable protection on the north and west.

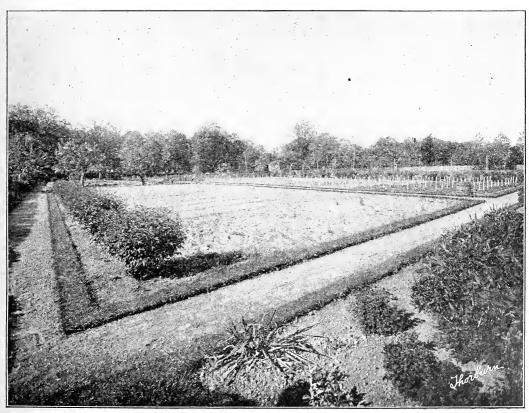
If for any reason you think your soil is not right, consult your experiment station if necessary.

Mark the garden off into squares or beds of convenient size, to facilitate the practice of a rotation of crops, which is an important matter. As a rule, never let the same crop or kind of vegetable occupy the same bed or spot two years in succession. Potatoes, Onions and a few other things may form exceptions to this rule. Every year the beds must be warmed up by a liberal coat of manure, which should be thoroughly

mixed with the soil. From seeds sown in drills, larger crops from a given surface are grown, and cultivation is simple and comparatively easy. The space between the drills, and other special information, is given in the body of this catalogue; the least distance is named, in order to economize space; it might be increased in some cases to advantage. The ground should be frequently hoed, to kill the weeds and to keep the soil mellow; and the proper time to hoe is just when the weeds appear above the ground.

Much time may be gained by starting certain kinds o plants in a hotbed, or even in a coldframe, the latter being a convenient thing, even on a small place. The hotbed is chiefly intended for raising early Tomatoes, Eggplants, Peppers, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Lettuce, etc., but as all these plants can now be bought cheaply of this company at the proper time, the expense and labor of a hotbed may be dispensed with, especially on small places.

To prepare a Coldframe.—The coldframe is simply a frame set on the ground, no bottom heat being applied. It is banked up on the outside during the winter with salt hay, straw or coarse litter. The soil is prepared by forking in and thoroughly mixing to the depth of 10 to 12 inches a liberal quantity of old, well-rotted manure. The manure of an old hotbed is good for the purpose. The frame is prepared in the fall, and young Cabbage, Cauliflower and Lettuce plants are set out in it in time to get well established before very cold weather. Cauliflower and Cabbage should be set down to the first leaf, and the soil made firm around the plants. The seed is usually sown, in the vicinity of New York, from the 15th to the 20th of September, but the very early kinds some



A Section of Our Trial Grounds

#### DIRECTIONS FOR THE CULTIVATION OF VEGETABLES—Continued

8 to 10 days later. The young plants will be ready to transplant in about 25 to 30 days. During the cold nights and stormy days, the beds should be closely covered with the sashes, and these further protected by straw mats or shutters. Cauliflower needs more and closer protection than Cabbage, as it is rather more tender. During mild days admit air freely, the object being to keep the plants in a dormant state, without actual

freezing, so that when Spring comes they are in a forward state for setting out early crops. Seeds of Cabbage, Cauliflower, Lettuce and Radish may be sown in a coldframe in the Spring from the last week in February to the first week in March. The frame should stand in a warm and sheltered spot, and be kept from freezing by mats or a thick covering of straw during cold nights.

#### DIRECTIONS FOR MAKING A HOTBED

N the vicinity of New York, from the first to the latter part of March is quite early enough to make a hotbed. The time must vary according to the latitude. Use fresh horse manure, and add to this, if possible, one-third to one-half of its bulk of leaves. Mix them thoroughly, tramping down the mass in successive layers, and form into a large pile, so that fermentation will proceed.

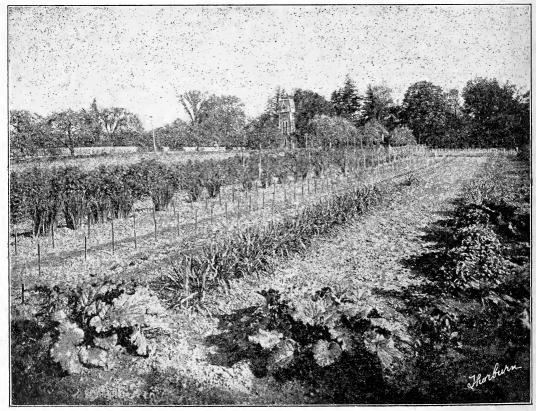
In two or three days fermentation will be apparent by the escape of steam from the heap. Now turn again, and allow the heap to remain until the second fermentation commences. Make a pit  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet deep, and of a size suited to the number of plants required. The pit will be better if built up of brick. It should be located in a dry, sheltered spot, facing the south or east, if possible. Hotbed sashes are usually 3x6 feet, and one or two sashes will give early plants enough for a small family. The frame of the bed should be 18 inches high at the back and 12 inches in front, which will give the proper slope to catch the sunlight. Crosspieces should be placed for the sashes to slide on, to facilitate opening and shutting the frames.

When everything is ready, the manure is placed in the pit

and trodden down firmly in layers to the required depth, 2 to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet. Then put on the sashes and keep the pit closed until the heat arises. At first it will probably be 100 deg. or more, which is too hot to sow the seed in; but in two or three days it will subside to 90 deg. or a little less, when the soil may be put on to the depth of 6 to 8 inches. Try the heat by plunging a thermometer into the manure.

The soil should be of well-rotted sod (or common garden soil will do), mixed with about a third of fine old manure; and in this the seeds may be sown thinly in drills 2 to 3 inches apart, and afterward (as soon as out of the seed-leaf) either thinned out or else transplanted to another frame. Air must be given every mild day by raising the sashes at the back.

Water with tepid water whenever necessary, and during cold nights and snow storms keep covered with mats or board shutters. Tomatoes, Peppers and Eggplants should be sown in a separate frame from Cabbage, Cauliflower and Lettuce, as they require more heat. Hotbeds may be made on the surface of the ground, if the manure extends a foot wider on all sides than the frame.



Another Section of Our Trial Grounds

## Novelties and Specialties in Vegetable Seeds

#### New Dwarf Green-Podded Snap Bean

Thorburn's Earliest of All, Long, Round Green Pod, Stringless. Very early, prolific and of finest quality, also a good forcer. Our trials show this to be the earliest of all, as the name we have given it indicates. Pkt. 15 cts., 1 lb. 60 cts.

#### New Green-Podded Beans

Dark Dun, or Liver Color. A fine, stringless variety. Pkt. 15 cts., 1 lb. 50 cts.

#### Dwarf Green-Podded Bean

**MASTERPIECE** (Sutton's). The plant is a robust grower, very prolific, the pods are straight, handsome, very tender, and stringless. Early and well adapted for forcing, an exceptionally fine green round podded variety. Pkt. 15 cts., 1 lb. 60 cts. (See also page 14.)

#### Thorburn's Gilt-Edge Cauliflower

Best and surest of all. Produces large, heavy, solid, white heads of finest quality. Undoubtedly the best variety. Pkt. 50 cts., oz. \$8.00, if obtainable.

## Early Jersey Wakefield Cabbage Thorburn's Selected Stock

Undoubtedly the finest strain of this most popular, well-known early Cabbage in cultivation. The heads are extremely solid, pyramidal in shape, with very little outside foliage. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 80 cts., ½ lb. \$2.50, lb. \$8.00.

#### Extra-Early Nordheim Sweet Corn

The earliest Sweet Corn in cultivation. Produces stalks from 6 to 7 feet high, each bearing three or four nearly perfect ears of finest quality. On style of Minnesota, but far exceeding that variety in the deliciousness of its flavor, as well as in earliness and productiveness. ½ lb. 35 cts., lb. 60 cts.

#### Golden Evergreen Sweet Corn

Late; very sweet round grains, beautiful table variety. ½ lb. 35 cts., 1 lb. 60 cts.

#### Cucumber, Thorburn's Noroton Selected White Spine

A selection of the Improved White Spine, but earlier, more perfect in shape and more prolific. The best slicing variety we have seen, being solid in flesh, fine-grained, tender and of delicious flavor. Vigorous, healthy grower. A splendid sort for the home garden, and absolutely without an equal for market. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 15 cts., ½ lb. 45 cts., lb. \$1.25.

#### Cucumber

Mammoth Long Green. An improved variety. Some specimens in our trial grounds were 21 inches long by 11 inches in circumference. Pkt. 25 cts.

#### Celery, Thorburn's Gilt-Edge Golden Self-Blanching

Golden Self-blanching is the variety of Celery par excellence, and we can recommend our strain with every confidence. The chief characteristics of this sort are its self-blanching qualities and the beautiful waxy yellow appearance of the stalks. It is of compact, heavy growth and produces stalks that are brittle and crisp in the extreme and hearts that are large and solid. Pkt. 20 cts., oz. \$1.00, ½ lb. \$3.50, lb. \$12.00.

#### Thorburn's Big Boston Lettuce, Improved

Our strain of this well-known and most popular sort is without doubt the finest in existence. It is too well known to require any lengthy description. It is sufficient to say that it is equally valuable for growing in greenhouses for Winter use, in frames for Spring or for sowing the seed in the open ground for use in Summer and Fall. It is unequalled by any other variety for crispness and tenderness; produces large, solid heads with few outside leaves, and stands long before running to seed. See illustration of a head of Big Boston Lettuce Improved, on page 30. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 20 cts., ½ lb. 60 cts., lb. \$2.00.

## Egyptian Deity Muskmelon (Persian Delight)

A new Melon of Casaba type, from South Africa, said to be very fine quality. Pkt. 10 cts., 30 cts, per oz. (See page 35.)

#### Dibble's Russet Potato

Recently introduced, said to be the best main crop Potato in cultivation (see page 43). Present prices, subject to change, ½ pk. 70 cts., pk. \$1.00, ½ bus. \$1.90, bus. \$3.50.

#### Bliss' Triumph Potato

We have secured a small supply of this old favorite Potato. It is very early and very productive. Round shape, red color; resists disease well. Good sort for the south. ½ pk. 70 cts., pk. \$1.00, ½ bus. \$1.90, bus. \$3.50.

#### Tomato "Noroton Forcing"

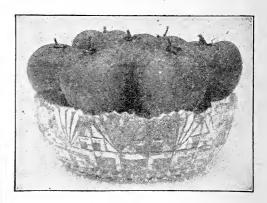
This new variety will be found to be valuable for the market gardener, as well as for private gardens. Color bright crimson, of uniform size, averaging about six to a pound. Solid, very prolific and of perfect form. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 35 cts., ½ lb. \$1.50.

#### Tomato—Thorburn's Improved Early Cluster

A valuable new variety, color bright scarlet, grows in bunches like grapes, each plant producing 100 to 150 Tomatoes of excellent quality. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 35 cts., ½ lb. \$1.50.

#### Potato Seed

Hybridized Potato Seeds, saved from **Potato Seed Balls**, will produce all colors, shapes and types; plant early in Spring and when 4 or 5 inches high transplant 2 feet apart, they will produce tubers the size of marbles, a few larger, the first year, and in three years attain their full development. Package with full directions, 10 cts. each, 5 for 50 cts., 15 for \$1.00.



Potato Balls

## FLOWER SEED NOVELTIES AND SPECIALTIES OF MERIT

Antirrhinum, Feltham Beauty
(Snapdragon)

Tall, large-flowering. The largest-flowering Snapdragon as yet introduced, bearing very long spikes of enormous, deep rose-pink blooms, with white center. Pkt. 25 cts.

#### Antirrhinum, Orange Beauty

(Snapdragon)

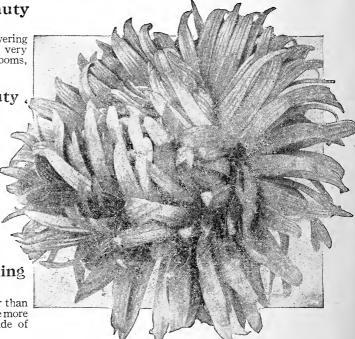
Tall large-flowering. A new, very large-flowering sort of a lovely orange-scarlet with gold tip. Pkt. 25 cts.

#### Aster, Hercules White

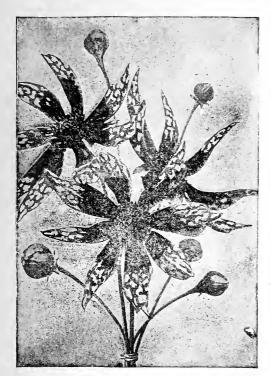
A new type of great merit. In form it is similar to the well-known "Ostrich Plume," but of dwarfer habit, it is a strong grower and produces very large flowers of a refined shape, pure glistening white. Per pkt. 25 cts.

#### Aster, Vick's Early Branching Rosy Red

A new color, darker than rose, lighter than Crimson, a beautiful rosy red. Plants are more vigorous and larger than any other shade of red. Pkt. 25 cts., two for 40 cts.



Aster, Vick's Early Branching Rosy Red



Calliopsis Radiata, "Tiger Star"

## Calliopsis radiata "Tiger Star" (hA)

A rich and continuously blooming annual, with peculiarly colored dark brown and golden yellow tigered flowers, the petals of which are curiously twisted like the cactus dahlia. Of easy culture, growing in ordinary garden soil, and producing its strikingly colored flowers in great abundance all Summer. Grows 8 inches high and forms a round, compact bush. The unique form and coloring of the flowers will appeal to those who like oddities. Pkt. 15 cts.

#### Calceolaria

(Covent Garden Strain)

Extra choice, recommended for habit, size and marking of flowers. Pkt. 30 cts.

## New Cardinal Climber (hA)

(Ipomœa Quamoclit Hybrida)

This beautiful annual is the result of a cross between *Ipomoea coccinea* and the Cypress Vine (*Ipomoea Quamoclit*). It is one of the best introduc-

tions as regards an annual climber for many years. It is a strong and rapid grower, attaining a height of from 20 to 30 feet, and is of a branching habit. It flowers perpetually from July until frost, the foliage is deeply lacinated, and the flowers are borne in clusters of five to seven, and are of a fiery cardinal-red. It is well worth trying. Pkt. 25 cts.

#### Celosia Pompon

(Chinese Woolflower)

## Chrysanthemum Maximum laciniatum

#### White Comet Marguerite

Of remarkable beauty, quite different from all other varieties, the petals of this novelty come in light, tufty waves, partly covering the yellow center of the flower, creating a graceful, charming effect. About 40 inches high, with long, strong stems; flowers abundantly in July and August. Pkt. 50 cts.

#### Cosmos, White Lady Lenox

An exact counterpart in every particular, except as to color, of the favorite Pink Lady Lenox Cosmos. Well worth a trial by all lovers of these splendid annuals. Pkt. 15 cts.

## Forget-Me-Not, Myosotis "Blue Eyes"

A strong-growing, free-blooming, compact variety; color bright blue. 12 inches. Pkt. 25 cts.

#### Giant Pink Moonflower

The Giant Pink Moonflower produces a luxuriant vine. It grows very fast and dense, with thorns all over stems. The blooms are about the size of a Brazilian Morning Glory. Pkt. 10 cts.

## Leucanthemum secundum giganteum

Praecox "White Lady"

This hardy white Marguerite is a very showy perennial; about 60 per cent of double flowers will be produced from seed. Excellent for cutting. Pkt. 25 cts.

#### Lupinus Polyphyllus

#### Lavender Queen

Very pretty lavender tinted rose. A lovely new shade. Pkt. 30 cts.

#### Lychnis Arkwrightii

A cross between L. Chalcedonica and L. Haageana, producing an abundance of bloom in many new and lovely colors. 1 to 1½ ft. Pkt. 25 cts.

#### New Double semi-dwarf Wallflower

The plants grow 18 inches high, colors ranging from golden yellow to brown and purple. Seeds saved from extra selected plants. Pkt. 25 cts.

#### **Pansy**

#### "Apricot Queen"

Distinct new bedding variety; very compact and free-flowering, of a pretty apricot, shaded yellow. Pkt. 25 cts.

#### Double Queen Poppies

A lovely strain of hardy annual Poppies. Abundant flowers of the Shirley type, but double. Of the most delicate and brilliant colors, ranging from palest pink to rosy scarlet, many charming selfs, others beautifully picoteed various red shades. Fine cut flowers. Pkt. 25 cts.

#### Primula Japonica

#### (The Hardy Japanese Primrose) (Veitch's)

In mixed colors. Primula japonica has, for a generation, been a favorite of those who love the

miscellaneous flower border. This mixture comprises every shade of color in primulas. Pkt. 30 cts.

#### Salvia Patens

This particular strain is exceptionally hardy, and has been saved from long established hardy plants. Pkt. 30 cts.

#### Stocks, Mammoth Ten Week

#### "Heatham Beauty"

A new and quite distinct color of pyramidal habit, with very large flowers of a rich mauve, shaded terra cotta. Pkt. 30 cts.

#### Schizanthus Wisetonensis

#### Grandiflora Hybrid

**Mayblossom.** Pale rose-pink and white. Free from any markings or darker tints. Dwarf compact pyramidal habit. Pkt. 25 cts.

#### Thermopsis Caroliniana

(St. Peter's Staff)

Pretty yellow, Pea-shaped flowers, adapting itself to almost any situation, but succeeding best in a light, rich soil. They are deep rooted plants and endure drought very well. Pkt. 15 cts.

## Zinnia, Elegans robusta grandiflora

#### "Achievement"

Distinct from all other Zinnias, rich variety of colors, free and strong grower, producing abundance of double flowers; blooms attain a diameter of 5 to 6 inches. Excellent as a cut flower. Pkt. 30 cts.

**Do You Need a Gardener?** At all times we have on our books the names of capable men in search of employment on private estates, farms and the like, and all persons in search for such men are cordially invited to call upon us at any time. Gardeners and Superintendents desiring positions are requested to call here, or drop us a line for application blanks.

## Collections of Vegetable Seeds

Only the choicest sorts are put into the assortments, and they are picked out so as to give a continuous supply of vegetables from your garden all season.

The amount charged for these collections is considerably less than you would pay for the individual seeds, on account of the fact that we are able to put them up during the slack Winter months.

Owing to this, we cannot permit any alterations in the varieties, and the reduced price will not be allowed unless the collection is taken in full and without change.

#### VICTORY COLLECTION FOR SMALL \$1.00 (Including Post-GARDENS \$1.00 (age in the U. S.)

1 carton of highest class seeds of easy cultivation, containing 1 pkt. each of

Green Beans Wax Beans Beets Carrot Golden Bantam Corn Lettuce Onion

**Parsley** Peas Radish Spinach Turnip **Swiss Chard** 

#### (Including free de-livery in the U.S.) COLLECTION No. A, \$1.50

This collection was gotten up primarily for rather small gardens, such as back-yard gardens and the like.

1 pa. Beans, Refugee Green-Pod. Beans, Golden Wax. Beet, Egyptian. Cabbage, Early Wakefield. Carrot, Half-Long. ½ lb. Corn, Early Bantam.

1 pa. Cucumber, Imp. White Spine. 1 " Leek, Best Flag.

1 pa. Lettuce, Big Boston. Onion, White Globe.

Parsley, Extra Curled. 1

½ lb. **Peas,** Thorburn's Extra-Early Market.

1 pa. Radish, Scarlet Turnip. 1

Spinach, Viroflay. Turnip, Snowball.

#### (Including free de-livery in the U.S.) COLLECTION No. 1, \$4.00

Gotten up for a family of two or three persons. It is a rather complete list of varieties.

1

1

Beans, Refugee Green-Pod. ½ lb. Golden Wax. 1/2 Beet, Egyptian. 1 pa. 1 " Globe. 1 Cabbage, Early Wakefield. 1 Red, for pickling. 1

Carrot, Half-Long.

1 Cauliflower, Thor. Gilt-Edge.

1 Celery, White Plume.

" 1 Corn, Early Bantam.

Corn, Cory. 1/2 lb.

Stowell's Evergreen. 1 pa. Cucumber, Imp. White Spine.

Eggplant, Imp. N. Y. Purple. 1

Kohlrabi, Early White.

1 pa. Leek, Best Flag.

1 Lettuce, Big Boston. 1

Cos or Romaine.

1 Melon, Long Island Beauty. 1

Water, Black Spanish.

Onion, White Globe. 1

Large Red Globe

1 Parsley, Extra Curled.

1 lb. Peas, Thorburn's Extra-Early Market.

Wrinkled, Our Selec.

1 oz. Radish, Scarlet Turnip.

1 pa. Spinach, Viroflay.

Tomato, Stone.

1 oz. Turnip, Snowball.

#### (Including free de-livery in the U.S.) COLLECTION No. 2, \$10.00

This assortment is suitable for a family of approximately five persons.

1 lb. Beans, Refugee Green-Pod. 1 " Early Valentine.  $\frac{1}{2}$ Stringless Green-Pod. Challenger Lima.

1 oz. Beet, Eclipse. 1

Egyptian. 1 Globe.

1 pa. Cabbage, Early Wakefield.

#### COLLECTION No. 2, \$10.00 (Continued)

1

1

1

1

1

1 pa. Cabbage, Ballhead. Thorburn Private Stock Flat Dutch. 1 oz. Carrot, Half-Long. St. Valery. 1 Cauliflower, Thorburn's Gilt-Edge. 1 pa. Celery, Giant Pascal. 1 White Plume. 1 " Schumacher. 1 Corn Early Bantam. 1/2 lb. 1/2 Country Gentleman. 1/2 Metropolitan. 1/2 Stowell's Evergreen.

Cucumber, Imp. White Spine. 1 oz. 1 Eggplant, New York Purple. pa. " Kohlrabi, Early White. 1

" Leek, Best Flag. 1 " Lettuce, Big Boston. 1 u 1 May King.

Cos or Romaine. 1 1 " Giant Crystal Head. 1 Melon, Netted Gem.

" Long Island Beauty. 1

1 pa. Melon, Water, Black Spanish.

1 oz. Okra, Perkins' Improved.

1 pa. Onion, White Globe. Large Red Globe.

1 pa. Parsley, Extra Curled. 1 oz. Parsnip, Hollow Crown.

1 lb. Peas, Thorburn's Extra-Early Market.

each Peas, Two Best Wrinkled, Our Selec-

1 pa. **Pepper**, Chinese Giant. Radish, White-tipped. OZ.

> " " Scarlet Turnip. Scarlet Globe.

1 oz. Salsify, Mammoth Sandwich Island. 1

2 ozs. Spinach, Viroflay.

Squash, Early Bush Crookneck. pa.

Hubbard.

" Tomato, Early June Pink.

" " 1 Stone. 1 Turnip, Snowball. oz. 1 " " Golden Ball.

1 Thorburn Rutabaga.

#### (Including free delivery) by express in the U.S.) COLLECTION No. 3, \$18.00

Will make an excellent garden for a farm or country estate desiring to put about one acre under cultivation for vegetables

 $\frac{1}{2}$ 

1

1

1

1

1 lb. Beans, Refugee Green-Pod. Early Valentine. " 1 " " Golden Wax. 1 " 1 Stringless Green-Pod. " " Challenger Lima. 1 2 ozs. Beet, Egyptian. Globe. 1 2 Blood Turnip. 1 pa. Brussels Sprouts, Dalkeith. Cabbage, Early Wakefield. ½ oz. 1/2 Thorburn Private Stock Flat Dutch. " Carrot, Early French Forcing. 1

Cauliflower, Thorburn Gilt-Edge. 1 pa.

Thorburn Snowball. 1 Celery, Schumacher.

 $\frac{1}{2}$  oz.  $\frac{1}{2}$ " White Plume.

" Golden Self-blanching. 1 pa.

Corn, Early Bantam. 1 lb. " " 1

Cory. ш

1 Country Gentleman. 2 " " Stowell's Evergreen.

1 Corn Salad. OZ.

2 Cress or Pepper Grass. "

Cucumber, Imp. White Spine. 1 1 pa. **Eggplant**, Imp. N. Y. Purple.

Endive, Green-Curled.  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz.

1/2 Broad-leaved. " 1/2 Kohlrabi, Early White.

1 pa. Leek, Best Flag.

½ oz. Lettuce, Big Boston.

½ oz. Lettuce, May King.

Cos or Romaine. "

 $\frac{1}{2}$ Giant Crystal Head. Melon, Long Island Beauty. 1 pa.

Netted Gem. 1

1 Water, Black Spanish.

2 ozs. Okra, Perkins' Improved. 1 Onion, Yellow Danvers.

u 1 Large Red Globe.

White Globe.

Parsley, Extra Curled.

2 Parsnip, Hollow Crown.

2 lbs. Peas, Thorburn's Extra-Early Market. 2 each Peas, Three Best Wrinkled, Our

Selection.

1 pa. Pepper, Chinese Giant. Radish, White-tipped. 1 oz.

Scarlet Turnip. 1

Scarlet Globe.

Chinese Winter.

Salsify, Mammoth Sandwich Island. 1

-Spinach, Viroflay.  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb.

Squash, Early Bush Crookneck. 1 oz. " Hubbard.

1 pa. Boston Marrow. 1 oz.

1 pa. Tomato, Early June Pink. 1

" Stone.

Turnip, Thorburn Rutabaga. 1 OZ. 1

Snowball. Golden Ball.

1 1 pa. each Herbs, Five Varieties.

#### COLLECTIONS—Continued

#### COLLECTION No. 4, \$36.00 (Including free delivery) by express in the U. S.)

If your needs require quite a quantity of fresh vegetables, and you have around three acres that you wish made into a garden, you could not do better than to buy this collection. There are quite a number of private estates and farms that are now doing away with the trouble of going through lengthy lists of vegetables suitable to their needs, and are leaving the matter to our judgment. This collection represents our recommendation as to just what should be used, with the exact quantities for planting approximately three acres, and getting the most out of the land.

```
1 oz. Lettuce, Big Boston.
 2 lbs. Beans, Refugee Green-Pod.
                  Early Valentine.
                                                                     1
                                                                                         Cos or Romaine.
                                                                                         Early Curled Simpson.
Giant Crystal Head.
                                                                        "
     ш
             "
                                                                     1
                   Stringless Green-Pod.
 1
                                                                                  "
            "
     "
                                                                     1
                   Challenger Lima.
                                                                       ozs. Melon, Netted Gem.
   ozs. Beet, Eclipse.
                                                                    2
2
2
                                                                                        Long Island Beauty.
 4
                 Egyptian.
     "
            "
                                                                        "
                                                                             " Water, Blk. Spanish. Okra, Perkins' Improved.
                 Globe.
 4
                 Blood Turnip.
                                                                     \overline{4}
     "
 4
         Brussels Sprouts, Dalkeith. Cabbage, Early Wakefield.
                                                                        "
                                                                             Onion, Yellow Danvers.
"White Globe.
                                                                    22
\frac{1}{2}
\frac{1}{2}
\frac{1}{2}
\frac{1}{2}
     ш
     "
                                                                    2
                       Savoy, Early.
                                                                                        Large Red Globe.
     "
                                                                             Parsley, Extra Curled.
                       Thorburn Private Stock Flat
                                                                        "
                                                                             Parsnip, Hollow Crown
                                                                    4
                          Dutch.
                                                                      lbs. Peas, Thorburn Extra-Early Market.
" Three Best Wrinkled. Our Selection.
 4
     "
         Carrot, Early French Forcing.
                                                                    2
     "
                                                                   12
 4
                    Half-Long.
         " Long Orange.

Cauliflower, Thorburn Gilt-Edge.
" Thorburn Snowball.
                                                                   1/2
1/4
     "
                                                                       oz. Pepper, Chinese Giant.
 4
   pa.
                                                                      lb.
                                                                             Pumpkin.
                                                                      ozs. Radish, White-tipped. "Scarlet Turnip.
         Celery, Schumacher.
                                                                    4
   OZ.
                                                                        "
                                                                                        Scarlet Globe.
                    White Plume.
                                                                    4
                                                                    2
                    Golden Self-blanching.
                                                                             Salsify, Mammoth Sandwich Island.
                                                                   ¼ lb.
                                                                             Spinach, New Zealand Summer.
         Corn, Early Bantam.
   lbs.
                                                                   1/2
1
                                                                                         Viroflay.
2
                 Cory.
     "
            "
4
                 Country Gentleman.
                                                                             Squash, Early Bush Crookneck.
                                                                       OZ.
4
    "
                 Metropolitan.
Stowell's Evergreen.
                                                                     1
                                                                                          Hubbard.
     "
                                                                         u
                                                                                  "
 4
                                                                    1
                                                                                          Boston Marrow.
        Cucumber, Imp. Long Green.
"Imp. White Spine.
Eggplant, Imp. N. Y. Purple.
Endive, Green Curled.
"Broad-leaved
                                                                   \frac{1}{2}
\frac{1}{2}
1
                                                                        "
                                                                             Tomato, Early June Pink.
 1
   OZ.
                                                                        "
 2
                                                                                         Stone.
                                                                                  "
    "
                                                                       pa.
                                                                                         Beauty.
                                                                    \frac{1}{2}
                                                                       ozs. Turnip, Snowball.
     "
                   Broad-leaved.
 1
                                                                                        Golden Ball.
     "
                                                                    \bar{2}
                                                                        "
         Kohlrabi, Early White.
                                                                                        Thorburn Rutabaga.
                                                                    1 pa. each Herbs, Five varieties.
         Leek, Best Flag.
```

#### CHOICE COLLECTIONS OF FLOWER SEEDS

(FREE BY MAIL)

Collection of 12 varieties of Dwarf Annuals, 1 packet each, as follows . . . . ......93900 59 cts. Asters, Mixed Larkspur, Dwarf Rocket, Mixed Phlox Drummondii, Mixed Marigold, Dwarf French, Mixed Candytuft, Mixed Portulaca, Single, Mixed Convolvulus, Dwarf, Mixed Mignonette Sweet Alyssum Eschscholtzia, Mixed Nasturtium, Dwarf, Mixed Zinnia, Dwarf, Mixed Larkspur, Tall Rocket, Mixed Centaurea cyanus, Mixed Poppy, Mixed Clarkia, Mixed Lupinus, Mixed Scabiosa, Tall, Mixed Marigold, African, Mixed Collinsia, Mixed Sunflower Cosmos, Mixed Malope, Mixed Zinnia, Tall, Mixed Alyssum saxatile compactum Centaurea candidissima Pinks, Mixed Daisy, Double, Mixed Arabis alpina Polyanthus, Mixed Primrose, Yellow Campanula carpatica, blue Gypsophila Candytuft sempervirens Lychnis Haageana Hybrids Snapdragon, Dwarf, Mixed Aquilegia, Mixed Gaillardia Poppy, orientale Coreopsis Galega Scabiosa caucasica Delphinium, Mixed Hollyhock Sweet William

Foxglove Lupinus polyphyllus Valeriana

Collection of 12 varieties of Greenhouse Seeds, 1 packet each, as follows
Asparagus plumosus nanus

Coleus, Fine Hybrids

Musk Plant

Begonias, Single, Tuberous-rooted
Cineraria hybrida, Mixed
Calceolaria hybrida, Large-flowered,
Calceolaria hybrida, Calceolaria

alceolaria hybrida. Large-flowered, Primula obconica grandiflora hybrida, Self-colored Mixed

Musk Plant Primula Malacoides Smilax Stevia serrata

Mixed

See page 73 for Collections of Sweet Peas

## Vegetable Seeds

Please notice that we pay postage or express charges on all garden seeds ordered by the packet, ounce and quarter-pound. If larger quantities are ordered to be sent by mail, add postage at zone rates.

See pages 9 to 11 of this Catalogue for COMPLETE COLLECTIONS OF VEGETABLE SEEDS of approved and choice sorts from \$1.00 to \$36, and page 11 for CHOICE COLLECTIONS OF FLOWER SEEDS.

OWING TO THE CONDITIONS AT PRESENT PREVAILING IN EUROPE, AND THE TRANSPORTATION DIFFICULTIES, SOME VARIETIES OF SEEDS MAY AGAIN BE LATE IN REACHING US THIS SEASON. UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCES IT WILL BE WELL, THEREFORE, TO STATE WHEN ORDERING, WHETHER WE ARE AT LIBERTY TO SUBSTITUTE OR NOT, CUSTOMERS CAN DEPEND UPON OUR USING OUR BEST JUDGMENT IN SUBSTITUTING OTHER EQUALLY GOOD SORTS FOR THOSE ORDERED WHICH WE MAY NOT BE ABLE TO SUPPLY.

Artichaut

#### ARTICHOKE

Alcachofa

Culture.—Hardy perennial requiring protection in our climate. Deep, rich, sandy loam with plenty of well-rotted manure. Sow seeds ½ inch apart in April or May, and when plants are large enough, transplant into rows 3 to 4 feet apart and 2 feet in the rows. They reach maturity the second year. When cold weather sets in, bank the earth to the top, first cutting off and tying up the leaves to protect the heart of the plant from soil, so that they will occupy less space, and in the spring uncover each plant and fork in a dressing of manure. Artichoke may also be treated as an annual by sowing the seed in hotbeds during February, potting the plants to avoid setting back and transplanting in May when frosts are past. Seedlings should give edible heads the same summer. The heads should be cut off and used as they get ready. If left to ripen on the plant, they will exhaust it, and no more will be produced that season. Heads are unfit for culinary purposes after the flowers expand.

Pkt. Oz.

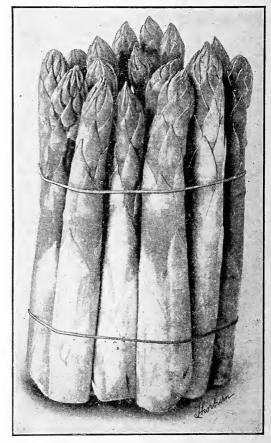
## **ASPARAGUS**

Asperges

Esparrago

Culture.—Sow the seed thinly in rows 1 foot apart in April or May (4 or 5 pounds to the acre; 1 ounce will sow a 50 foot row), and keep down all weeds. To secure strong, healthy plants, thin the seedlings to 3 or 4 inches in the rows, saving only the strongest. The one-year-old plants should be set out in spring in rich, sandy loam, dug 18 inches deep, into which has been worked plenty of well-rotted manure. If a stiff clay soil is all that can be had, add plenty of sand and sifted coal ashes to loosen it up, and also see that it is well underdrained. In planting for private use, set out in beds 5 feet wide, three rows in a bed, the outer being each 1 foot from the edge, and allow 18 inches between the rows; set the plants from 4 to 6 inches below the surface, 2 feet apart. If set out in Autumn, top-dress with 6 inches of manure. For market, on a large scale, set out 4 by 1½ feet. Every fall apply a good dressing of coarse manure, after the tops have been cut, and in Spring fork in. Never cut too closely. The roots need the benefit of some foliage during the year, else they will weaken and die. Slugs are easily destroyed by applying air-slaked lime or paris green. Asparagus from seed does not always come true to name.

irue io name.			
Colossal. The approved standard sort. The famous <i>Argenteuil</i> of the French is identical	Oz.	¼ lb.	1b.
with it	\$0 10	\$0 30	\$0 90
<b>Palmetto.</b> Of Southern origin; a very desirable bright green Aspar-			
agus180	10	30	90
Bonvalette's Giant. An improved Palmetto, said to produce larger			
stalks190	10	30	1 00
Very large shoots. 200 Giant Argenteuil. Popular variety in France,	10	30	1 00
similar to Colossal, but larger stalks210	10	30	1 00



All 5 cents per packet Colossal Asparagus

#### ASPARAGUS ROOTS

Plant either in the Spring or Fall	50	100	1000
Colossal. 2-year-old roots	\$0 60	\$1 00	\$9 00
" 3-year-old roots	1 00	1 50	14 00
" 4-year-old roots. For forcing			
Columbian Mammoth. 2-year-old roots	75	1 25	11 00
Barr's Mammoth. 2-year-old roots	60	1 00	9 00
Giant Argenteuil. 2-year-old roots	75	1 25	11 00
" " 3-year-old roots	1 00	1 50	14 00
Palmetto. 2-year-old roots			9 00

In France a business is now made of growing small, green, delicate shoots of Asparagus during the Winter. Strong roots may be forced in hotbeds out-of-doors. They should be packed closely into the frames, and by making a new bed every five or six weeks these tiny shoots may be had all winter and are valuable served with omelets, green peas, etc.

## BEANS

As a farinaceous food for man, the Bean is considered far superior to any other legume, and next in importance to wheat. The modern varieties leave little to be desired; the great care given to their improvement has resulted in superior sorts, greatly extending the season of use, as well as varying the flavor.

Culture.—About the first of May, if the ground is perfectly warm, select a warm, dry sheltered spot, any good soil, preferably a moist, deep loam, not over rich in nitrogen, dig and manure very slightly; make drills 2 inches deep and 18 inches to 2 feet apart; drop the Beans 3 inches apart in the drills and cover not more than 2 inches deep. Hoe well in dry weather to keep down the weeds. Sow every two weeks up to about August 1st, for a succession. Two pounds or 1 quart to 100 feet of drill; 1 to 1½ bushels (60 to 90 pounds) to the acre,

#### DWARF GREEN-PODDED **SNAP BEANS**

Haricots Nains

Frijoles

90

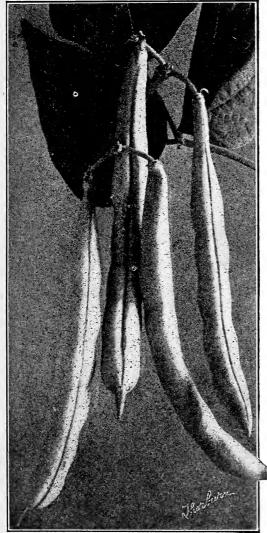
2 10

2 10

3 50

We supply packets of all Green-Podded Snap Beans at 15 cents each, postpaid, except where quoted otherwise; other quantities NOT prepaid; add postage at zone rates.

NOT prepaid; and postage	e at zon	e rates.	
Thorburn's Earliest of All. Long, round, green pod; stringless; pro-	1 lb.	2 lbs.	5 lbs.
lific and of finest qual- ity; also a good forcer, and as the name in- dicates, this is the earliest of all Dwarf		•	
Beans	\$0 60	\$1 00	\$2 25
Dwarf Horticultural. Late and productive; broad, flat stringless pods. It is also used as a	50	90	2 10
Shell Bean 320	50	90	2 10



Thorburn's Extra Early Refugee Beans.

Full Measure. Large, round pods, firm, tender, sweet and entirely stringless. 

French dishes, also good as a string Bean. Beans tender and of fine flavor. .370 We pay postage or express charges on all garden seeds bought by the packet, ounce or quarter-pound.

#### DWARF GREEN-PODDED SNAP BEANS—Continued Longfellow. Long, straight, round, solid, green pods; very early; of good quality 1 lb. 2 lbs. 5 lbs. \$0 50 \$0.90 \$2 10 Low's Champion. Large, flat pods, stringless; fine flavor; early.......400 50 90 2 10 Marvel of Paris. Long slender flat pods; early; very productive.......410 50 90 2 10 Mohawk. Long, flat, straight pods; early; very productive and very hardy...420 50 90 2 10 Refugee Late, or 1,000-to-1. Medium to late, very productive and tender; long green, round pods of exquisite flavor......440 2 10 50 90 Refugee, Thorburn Extra-Early. Has all the superior qualities of the famous Refugee, and is fully two weeks earlier in podding. Pods round, light green, extra fine and borne profusely......450 45 85 2 00 50 90 2 10 Six-Weeks, Long Yellow. Early; full, flat pods of good quality......480 90 2 10 50 Six-Weeks, Round Yellow. Full, green, roundish pods; early and productive; 45 85 2 00 Stringless Green-Pod. Extra early; stringless; prolific dark green round pods; 50 90 2 10 Stringless Green-Pod Giant. Improved long-podded strain of above; light 50 90 2 10 MASTERPIECE (Suttons). A superior green round-podded variety, very prolific; long, straight, stringless pods; very early, fine forcer. (See also Novelties.) Our stock of this exceptionally fine variety has given great satisfaction wherever 60 1 00 2 25 Valentine, Extra-Early. Hardy, vigorous and upright in growth; round, thick, 45 2 00 85 Valentine, Black. Resembles the Valentine, but with black seed; long, round solid pods; very tender and of good flavor; very early and productive.....540 50 2 10 90

#### ENGLISH DWARF BEANS

Feve de Marias Haba

**Culture.**—Sow in drills 2 feet apart, the Beans 3 to 4 inches apart in the rows, and 2 inches deep, as early in the Spring as the ground can be worked (these are as hardy as peas), in order to get them into pod before the heat of Summer. May be sown under glass in February and planted out when well hardened, as soon as the ground is fit, earthing up slightly against late frosts. When in pod, break off the top of the plant to check the growth. Plant and hoe the same as for Dwarf Beans. A strong soil suits them best.

Properly cooked, these Beans form one of the most delicious vegetables. To each half gallon of water allow one heaping tablespoonful of salt. The Beans should be young and freshly gathered. After shelling, put them into boiling water, salted as above. Boil rapidly for fifteen or twenty minutes, then serve with a sauce of parsley and butter. Boiled bacon is often served with the Beans. Add postage at zone rates.

	1 lb.	2 lbs.
Broad Windsor. Largest and best of the class	\$0.60	\$1 00
Sword Long Pod. A size smaller than Windsor	60	1 00
Mazagan. Earliest of the class	50	90

#### DWARF WAX BEANS

Culture same as on page 13

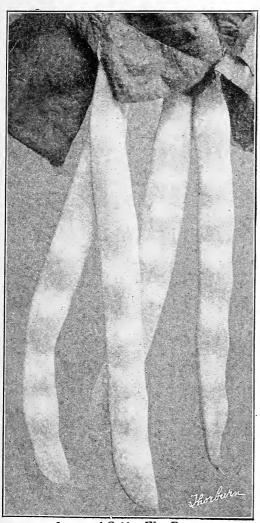
black wax, Currie's Rust-proof. Flat pods; early; productive and of fine quanty,			
very desirable	50	90	2 10
Black Wax, Pencil-Pod. Slender, long, round pods	50	90	2 10
Davis Kidney Wax. Long, handsome, waxy white, flat pods; vigorous and upright	50	90	2 10
in growth, holding pods well up from the ground	50	-,-	2 10
Golden Wax, Improved. Very early; flat pods; stringless; prolific, hardy and much	50	. 50	2 10
less liable to blight or rust than the old Golden Wax	50	90	2 10
Golden-eye Wax. Hardy and prolific; flat, yellow pods; early and free from rust; vigorous and productive	50	90	2 10
Hodson Wax. Very large, brittle and tender flat wax pods; enormously productive:			

We pay postage or express charges on all garden seeds bought by the packet, ounce or quarter-pound.

2 10

90

#### **DWARF WAX BEANS—Continued**



Improved Golden Wax Beans

Retugee Wax, Thorburn's Stringless. A perfect Refugee, with brittle, round, wax pods; for early or late sowing;	1·15.	2 lbs.	5 lbs.
immense yielder; late.	\$0 45	\$0 85	\$2 00
Round Pod Kidney Wax.  (Brittle Wax) similar to Wardwell's Kidney, but with round pods.			
860	55	95	2 20
Wax. Stringless, long, flat pods; abundant			
cropper870 Valentine Wax, Thor-	55	95	2 20
burn's. Round pod; prolific, solid and meaty; very fine qual- ity when young; one of the earliest880	50	90	2 10
Wardwell's Kidney Wax.	30	90	2 10
Early; long, flat, purely wax pods and of hand- some appearance; stringless; of fine qual-	60	1 00	0.07
ity	60	1 00	2 25
holding pods well up from the ground. Pods small in size, curved, round, bright yellow; early and very prolific.	50	00	0.40
900	50	90	2 10

## DWARF LIMA AND DWARF WHITE BEANS

Culture.—Plant as soon as warm weather has fairly set in; soil should be light and rich; sow in drills 2 feet apart; the beans about 6 inches apart and covering about 2 inches. Two pounds to 100 feet of drill. Mulching keeps the pods from the ground.

We supply packets of these Beans at 15 cents each, postpaid; other quantities NOT prepaid; add postage at zone rates.

Thorburn's Dwarf Lima. (The True Kumerle Strain.) The dwarf form of our famous Challenger Lima—the finest of all Limas. It possesses the flavor of	1 lb.	2 lbs.	5 lbs.
the genuine Challenger Lima. The Beans are extra large, and are a pure creamy white, very tender. They cook very mealy and form an excellent dish1000	\$0 60	\$1 00	\$2 25
Burpee's Bush Lima. A bush form of the large, flat Pole Lima, growing only 18 to 20 inches high. The Beans are borne very profusely	55	95	2 20
Burpee's Improved Bush Lima. An improved strain of Burpee's Bush Lima, having much larger pods and Beans	60	1 00	2 25
Fordhook Bush Lima. Immense pods and Beans; a strong grower and very prolific	60	1 00	2 25
Henderson Bush Lima, or Dwarf Sieva. Productive; Beans somewhat smaller than the others but of fine quality1040	60	1 00	2 25
New Wonder Bush Lima. Early and productive, similar to Burpee's Bush Lima	55	95	2 20
Wood's Prolific Bush Lima. The Early Sieva or Butter Bean of the South. Very productive	55	95	2 20
White Kidney. Excellent either green or ripe, as a shell Bean1070	35	65	1 50
" Marrow. Good either as a string or shell Bean1080	35	65	1 50

#### DWARF LIMA AND DWARF WHITE BEANS-Continued

<b>Red Kidney.</b> Long, flat pods; prized for superior quality, both green and dry;			
fine variety for baking	\$0 35	\$0 65	\$1 50
White Navy. The well known small White Bean used for "Boston Baked Beans."			
1095	35	65	1 50
"Tepary (Field Bean). Very early and very productive; being a native of the arid Southwest, valuable for dry weather; cooks tender and of fine flavor.			
Plant 12 pounds to the acre	35	65	1 50

#### POLE, or RUNNING BEANS

Haricots a Rames

Frijoles de Bejuco

We supply packets of Pole Beans at 15 cents each, postpaid; other quantities NOT prepaid; add postage at zone rates.

**Culture.**—Sow as the soil becomes warm and dry, from the first part of May (for all except Limas) to the latter part of May, in hills 4 feet apart each way. Limas should not be planted until warm weather has fairly set in. One quart of Limas will plant about 100 hills, allowing four or five Beans to a hill, and of the smaller sorts, about 200 hills. Plant Pole Limas eye down, 2 inches deep. Poles 8 to 10 feet long should be firmly set in the hills before planting seed.

		1 lb.	2 lbs.	5 lbs.
LIMA	THORBURN'S CHALLENGER. Thick and productive; best of all1200	\$0 55	\$0 95	\$2 20
ш	Carpinteria Pole. Large; thicker than ordinary Pole Limas; vigorous grower. Very large flat beans	55	95	2 20
"	Early Jersey. Very early; Beans large and tender and average three to a pod	50	90	2 10
«	King of the Garden. Large in pod and Bean; late	50	90	2 10
«	Large White. An old standard sort, highly esteemed1232	50	90	2 10
· ·	Leviathan. Early; very prolific and of excellent quality1235	<b>5</b> 5	95	2 20
"	Small Sieva or Carolina. Early	45	85	2 00
Blac	k Wax Pole. Yellow pods; productive and of good quality1260	55	95	
sh	ch Case Knife. Pods long, green and flat; can be used either as a snap or ell Bean	55 50	95 90	2 20 2 10
Hort	<b>icultural Pole.</b> Good as a snap or a shell Bean, one of the old standards and ll very popular	50	90	2 10
	tucky Wonder (Old Homestead). Pods green; very long and flat; exedingly prolific	50	90	2 10
Ken	tucky Wonder. White seed	45	85	2 00
	let Runner. The popular English Pole Bean, good for string Beans and namental	55	95	2 20
	thern Creaseback. Long, round, stringless pods; fleshy, tender and of od flavor	50	90	2 10
	d-Long, French. Pods grow sometimes 2 to 3 feet long; very slender; rious; should be grown on pea brush	60	1 00	

#### **FARMOGERM**

#### The Original and Genuine Seed Inoculant

A preparation of high-bred nitrogen-gathering bacteria in sealed bottles, ready for use with water added according to directions.

Specially prepared for **Garden Beans.** (See also page 65.)

Price per acre bottle, \$2.00; 5 acre bottle, \$7.50; garden size, 50 cts. per bottle.

#### MULFORD CULTURES

For Garden Beans

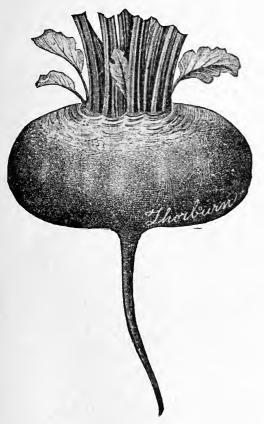
1 acre size, \$1.25; 5 acre size, \$5.00; small size, 25cts.

#### BEET

#### **Betterave**

#### Remolacha

Culture.—Sow as early in the spring as the ground can be worked (one ounce to 50 feet of drill, five or six pounds to the acre), and every two weeks after for a succession up to the first week of July. For general crop, sow about the middle of May. The soil should be light, sandy loam, well enriched with stable manure and plowed and harrowed until very fine. For Long Beets the soil should be rich and deep, well pulverized and not recently manured. The Turnip Beet matures in 60 to 75 days. The Long varieties require the whole season for their growth. Sow in drills 1 foot to 15 inches apart, and when well up, thin to from 4 to 6 inches. The young Beets with their tops, pulled out of the row, are excellent used as a spinach. For this purpose, sow frequently and use when of the size of a hickory nut.



Egyptian Beet (flat)

			-
Bassano. Early; light	Oz.	¼ lb.	Lb.
sweet	\$0 25	\$0 75	\$2 50
Crimson Globe. Globular shape; flesh rich, deep crimson; tender and sweet	25	75	2 50
Sutton's Globe. Early, especially on light soils; of high quality and handsome shape1530	20	60	2 00
Detroit Dark Red Turnip. Round; skin dark blood red; flesh bright red. 1540	25	75	2 50
<b>Dewing Early.</b> Of fine form and flavor; good for market1550	20	60	2 00
<b>Early Blood Turnip.</b> Dark red; fine flavor; good for winter <b>1560</b>	20	60	2 00
Eclipse. Early; round; bright red1570	25	65	2 25
Edmand Blood Turnip. A market-gardeners' strain; regular in shape and of best quality 1580	25	65	2 25
Egyptian. Extra early; flat1590	25	75	2 50
Egyptian, Crosby's. Extra early; round; dark bloo'l-color1600	20	60	2 00
e variety for winter1620	25	65	2 25
sort for table1644	25	65	2 25
and crisp; fine quality; globe1650	25	75	2 50
pinach (see page 45)1690	25	75	2 50
ves; tender and of fine flavor;	30	85	3 00
	color; good sort; very sweet	color; good sort; very sweet	color; good sort; very sweet

#### All 5 cents per packet

### MANGEL-WURZEL and SUGAR BEET

Culture.—As all Mangels require a deep rich soil in order to grow well, plow and subsoil at least 1 foot to 18 inches and apply plenty of rich stable or Our Complete Manure. Sow in May or June, in rows 18 inches to 2 feet apart, and thin to 8 to 12 inches in the rows. Young plants may be transplanted to fill up vacancies. Sow in addition, when the plants are 3 to 4 inches high, at the rate of 200 pounds of Complete Manure, 200 pounds of bone meal and 400 pounds of salt to the acre. As soon as frost occurs, dig the crop. In order to be well preserved for gradual consumption during the Winter, the roots should be heaped to a height of perhaps 6 feet, on a dry, sloping situation; cover at first with a piece of canvas, and as the cold increases, this should be replaced by about 6 inches of either salt hay, straw, seawed or cornstalks, with a light layer of earth on top. As soon as this surface soil becomes frozen, about 6 to 8 inches more of earth should be placed over it. By following up this gradual process of covering, all danger of heating will be obviated, and the roots will keep in perfect order. Sow from five to eight pounds to the acre.

MANGEL-WURZEL  Giant Half Sugar. White; long ovoid; red skin, white flesh	Oz. \$0 20 20 20	\$0 60 60	Lb. \$1 75 1 75 1 75
tender and sweet	20	60	2 00
SUGAR BEET We recommend five to ten pounds to the	acre		
Klein Wanzelben2000       Oz.   1/4 lb.   1/5 lb.   20   60   82 00   1/5 lb.   1/5	Oz. 20 20	14 lb. 60 60	Lb. 1 75 1 75

The young leaves of this annual, which smell somewhat like a cucumber, are used as salad, or boiled like spinach. Should be sown to the depth of  $\frac{1}{2}$  to 1 inch, at intervals, as the leaves are palatable only when young. Sow in the Spring, in light soil; transplant in shallow drills. a foot apart, when of six weeks' growth. 240. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 30 cts.,  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb. 75 cts., lb. \$3.00.

Bourrache

Borraja

#### BROCCOLI Broccoli Broculi

Culture.—Sow early sorts as soon as the ground can be worked in the Spring, in shallow drills, drawn 3 or 4 inches apart. Plant out 2 feet apart each way when the plants are about 4 inches high. Cultivate same as cabbage, in rich, moist, and moderately deep soil, and use the same remedies for insect attacks. The inner leaves should be tied over the head as soon as formed. The following are sorts best adapted to this climate; they are excellent and deserve much wider culture than is usual in this country. One ounce will produce about 2,000 plants.

	Oz.	1/4 lb.		Oz.	¼ lb.	
Early White	\$0 50	\$1 50	Purple Sprouting2122	30	1 00	
Mammoth White2110	50	1 50	St. James'. Late2125	50	1 50	
Purple Cape. Early2120	50	1 50	Veitch's Self Protecting2130	50	1 50	
10 cents per packet						

## BRUSSELS SPROUTS



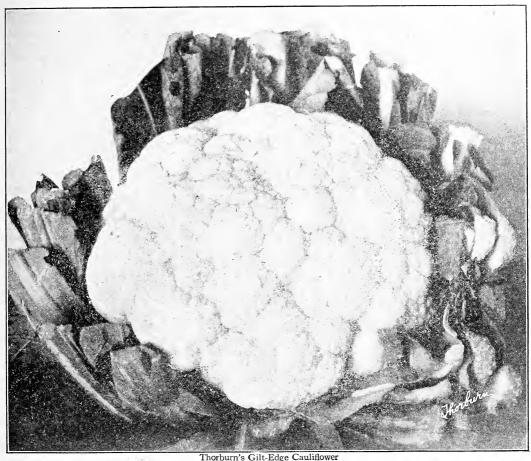
BORAGE

#### Chou de Bruxelles Berza de Bruselas

Brussels Sprout is, without exception, the best winter vegetable that can be grown. It is as hardy as the common curled greens. The Sprouts, which are about the size of a marble and very firm, fairly melt in the mouth when just cooked through.

Culture.-For early crop, as soon as ground is fit, sow thinly 1/2 inch deep in seed bed with rows 1 foot apart. Thin to 2 inches or more apart; Transplant in June so that plants stand at least 1 foot apart and rows 11/2 feet apart; for late crop proceed as above, except that seed is planted early in June, 1 inch deep, and is transplanted about August 1st. Rich loam is best. If soil is sandy, dig in compost around each plant or mulch to conserve moisture.

D	_	
Brussels Sprouts	Oz.	1/4 lb.
Brussels Sprouts <b>Dalkeith.</b> Of dwarf growth, producing large, solid sproutspkt. 10 cts2190	\$0 50	\$1 50
Aigburth. Compact heads; prolific	50	1 50
Cambridgeshire Champion. Heavy cropper; fine quality; excellent sort for market 2200	60	2 00
Dwarf Improved 2210		1 50
Paris Market. Half Dwarf	60	1 75
Sharpe's Standard. Finest tall variety, with large solid sprouts	60	2 00
Scrymgers. Tall standard sort	00	1 00
We pay postage or express charges on all garden seeds bought by the packet, ounce or quar	rter-pour	id.



Chou-Fleur

**C**oliflor

Culture.—The same as for cabbage except that extra manure and plenty of water will pay upon Cauliflower. If the soil be dry, water frequently, and, if the plants have a heavy mulch of hay or straw, it will keep the soil most, and they will not suffer from drought. Cauliflower can be grown for an early crop by starting the seed under glass late in February or very early in March. Prick out the seedlings once. Keep them stocky but do not stunt. Harden off to set out when the soil is no best condition in April. The late kinds may be planted out the same time as cabbage. It is also possible to get a late crop by sowing the early varieties in seed bed early in June, transplanting when about 5 inches high, giving the plants liquid manure or nitrate of soda.

When the heads form and begin to push aside the small leaves, tie the larger leaves together over the center leaving some loose, to exclude rain and sun; see that the worms have been previously exterminated.

When the heads form and begin to pash aside the small leaves, the the larger reaves together o	, 02 0110 0		0
loose, to exclude rain and sun; see that the worms have been previously exterminated.	_		T 1.
<b>Thorburn's Extra Early Dwarf Erfurt.</b> The best and earliest for forcing; very	Oz.	⅓ lb.	Lb.
dwarf and compact, with short stem and small leaves. The curd is very tender			
and exceedingly fine flavored. Should not be confounded with entirely			
different sorts advertised. Price, if obtainablepkt. 50c2250	\$10 00		
THORBURN'S GILT-EDGE. Large, heavy sort, maturing immediately after			
our Large Snowball. Best of all. See Noveltiespkt. 50cts2270	8 00		
Large Early Erfurt. (Holland Grown.) For late croppkt. 50cts2260	1 25	\$3 50	\$12 00
Thorburn's Extra-Early Snowball. Our strain of this popular variety is un-			
equalled. It is one of the best for forcing under glass or for open ground.			
pkt. 50 cts2280	8 00		
Thorburn's Large Early Snowball. A large strain of the above. pkt. 50c2290	8 00		
<b>Danish Giant,</b> or <b>Dry Weather.</b> Later than Early Erfurt, pure white and of			
fine quality, said to be less affected by drought than any other variety.			
pkt. 50 cts 2295	8 00		
Extra-Early Paris. Heads of medium size; first class variety . pkt. 25 cts 2310	1 25		
		0 00	10 00
<b>Lenormand Short-Stem.</b> Has very large heads; white and firm.pkt. 25 cts2320	1 25	3 00	
Thorburn's Nonpareil. A first-class standard sortpkt. 25 cts. 2340	1 25	3 00	10 00
Early London. Large and hardypkt. 10 cts. 2350	75	2 25	8 00
Early White Nocera. Short stempkt. 10 cts .2355	60	2 00	7 00
	60	2 00	7 00
Early Giant of Naplespkt. 10 cts2356			
Late Giant of Naplespkt. 10 cts2358	60	2 00	7 00
Autumn Giant. Vigorous in growth; very large; latepkt. 10 cts. 2360	75	2 25	8 00
vigorous in growin, very large, latepkt. 10 cts	, 0		1



Thorburn's Early Jersey Wakefield Cabbage

### **CABBAGE**

Chou

Col repollo

Culture.—Soil for Cabbage should be rich and heavy loam, with good drainage. On such a soil, with an abundance of stable or our Complete Manure, excellent crops are sure to be grown. For early Spring, sow in Fall not too early, for the plants are liable to bolt in the Spring, instead of heading. In a month the plants will be fit to transplant to coldframes, where they are wintered, taking care in planting to set the young plants down to the first leaves. Transplant in Spring as soon as the ground can be worked, setting the plants 2 feet apart one way and from 12 to 18 inches the other, according to the variety. If it is desirable to economize space, lettuce, or radish may be sown between the rows, as they will be out of the way before the Cabbage needs the room. For late or Winter crop, the seed is sown in May, and the plants set out in July. In this case, they are set in rows 2 by 3 feet, so as to work them with a horse and cultivator. One ounce of seed will produce 2,000 to 2,500 plants. To destroy the green worm, an experienced grower says: "Take one ounce of saltpeter and dissolve it in twelve quarts of water; then take a short-handled whisk-broom, dip it in the solution and sprinkle the plants well. One application is sufficient unless the stuff is washed off by heavy rains. The liquid being perfectly clear, never colors the cauliflower or Cabbage heads." To prevent the turnip flea attacking the young plants, sift fine air-slaked lime or tobacco dust over them as soon as they appear above ground. Against cabbage pests generally, keep down all weeds and burn the rubbish of the patch.

All 10 cents per packet, except where quoted otherwise

CABBAGE—Continued	Oz.	1/4 lb.	Lb.
Copenhagen Market. The finest large, round headed, early Cabbage. Very solid; of fine quality; short stemmedpkt. 25 cts2390	\$2 00		
Danish Ballhead Winter. Very round, solid winter sort, largely grown in Denmark for the London market. A fine shipper. Pkt. 25 cts	2 50		
Early Spring. Extra early round flat head; medium size	75	\$2 50	
Early St. John's Day. Very early flat; fine quality2415	75	2 50	
Early York. The standard English sort. Splendid	1 25		
<b>EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD, THORBURN'S SELECTED STOCK.</b> Undoubtedly the finest strain of this most pupular well known early Cabbage in cultivation. The heads are extremely solid, pyramidal in shape, and of most	00	9.50	<b>#0.00</b>
excellent quality, with very little outside foliage	80	2 50	\$8 00
Charleston Wakefield. Large strain of the above	1 00	<b>3</b> 50	
Enkhuizen Glory. Large, early, white, solid, ball-shaped heads. American grown	1 00	3 00	
Early Flat Dutch, Stein's. For forcing or for general crop	75	<b>2</b> 50	
Early Winnigstadt. A standard second-early variety; very hard heads. A valuable market Cabbage	1 00	3 00	
Early Summer. Second-early; produces large, solid heads of finest quality and of fine flavor	80	2 50	
Fottler's Brunswick. Of dwarf, compact growth; hard and solid heads. Good for both intermediate and Winter use	1 00	3 00	10 00
Green Glazed. A distinct variety; leaves rounded, very firm and stiff; dark green and glazed all over; does not head very well	50	1 50	
Succession Improved. Excellent second-early sort; large, solid heads; very popular second crop	1 00	3 00	
Large Late Drumhead. Large sized variety; many leaves; dark green, waving at the edges; compact rounded; very late; good keeper	1 00	3 00	10 00
Large Oxheart. Medium early; head large; obtusely conical; somewhat gray-green	80	<b>2</b> 50	
Large Late Flat Dutch.       A valuable sort for market.       One of the best-known         Winter Cabbages.	1 00	3 00	10 00
Thorburn's Market-Gardener's Private Stock Flat Dutch. Fine strain of the immense Winter Cabbage grown on Long Island for market. Of the finest			
quality and flavor	1 00	3 00	
Schweinfurt Drumhead. One of the largest Cabbages. Medium early; head broad and flat; outer leaves pale green, often tinged with brown	80	2 50	8 00
Sure Head, Flat Dutch Type. Heads large, round, flattened at the top; very firm; excellent shipper and desirable keeping variety	1 00	3 00	10 00
Red Dutch. Popular pickling variety; large heads of finest quality	75 75	2 50	
Red Spragues. Very large; dark color	75	2 50	
Savoy, Early Ulm. Medium size, round, deep green heads; very early2640 Savoy, Green Globe. Large heads, very curled; late	80 <b>7</b> 5	2 50 2 50	
Savoy, Tours. Short stem; head round, rather small, not very compact; very dark	15	∠ 5U	
green, coarsely and broadly crimped2616	80	2 50	
Savoy, Late Drumhead. Large, late, finely curled	80	2 50	8 00
Chinese (Pe-Tsai), Commonly known in the markets as Celery Cabbage2660	50	1 50	5 00
All 10 cents per packet except where quoted otherwise			

We pay postage or express charges on all garden seeds bought by the packet, ounce or quarter-pound.

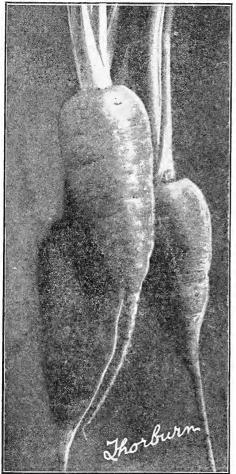
#### CARDOON

#### Cardoon

Cardo

Culture.—Sow early in Spring, ½ to 1 inch deep, in rows 3 to 4 feet apart, where the plants are to stand, and thin them, when well up, to 2 feet apart. Soil should be moist, rich, and deep. When full size, bind them together with bast or raffia, and earth up like celery to blanch. The stems of the leaves are used for salads, soups and stews. The stems may be wintered in a dark cellar away from frost.

Large Solid. Smooth; grows about 4 feet high; leaves nearly free from spines. pkt. 10 cts. . 2770 \$0 40 \$1 25 \$4 00



## **CARROT**

Carotte

Zanahoria

Culture.—Sow No. 2890 as early as the ground can be worked; or, for late crop, until the latter part of July, or early in August for a Winter crop. [This is the finest and most tender for table use. For main crop sow other sorts from middle of May to the first of July. The soil must not be allowed to bake over the seeds as they germinate slowly. The seedlings are delicate and require careful cultivation until the tops cover the ground. Thin out early crop to 5 inches in the row, main crop, 6 to 7 inches. the rows 10 inches apart for early crop, 14 for main crop, Hoe often and deeply between the rows. Soil should be light, rich, and loamy, richly manured (but not recently, except for the short varieties), and deeply dug. Sow at the rate of two to three pounds to the acre; one ounce to 100 feet of drill. Carrot-tops cut from fairly young plants may be used for pretty indoor greenery. Put one cutting into each thumb pot, or three or four into a larger pot around the sides. Fairly good and sandy soil should be used, syringing frequently until growth is well forward. About 1 inch of Carrot should be left to put in soil, but this should be surrounded with soil or moss to hide it. When fully grown it is very pretty, the long fronds hanging over gracefully. 1/4 lb. · Lb.

\$0 25	\$0 85	\$2 50
25	65	2 25
25	<b>7</b> 5	2 50
25	<b>7</b> 5	2 50
25 25	<b>7</b> 5 <b>7</b> 5	2 50 2 50
25	<b>7</b> 5	2 50
25	<b>7</b> 5	2 50
25	65	2 25
20	60	1 75
	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	25 75 25 75 25 75 25 75 25 75 25 75 25 65

Parisian Forcing. Early, ten-

#### Celeri

Apios

Culture.—Sow the seed in a light, rich, dry border as early as the ground can be worked, in drills 8 to 10 inches apart, and



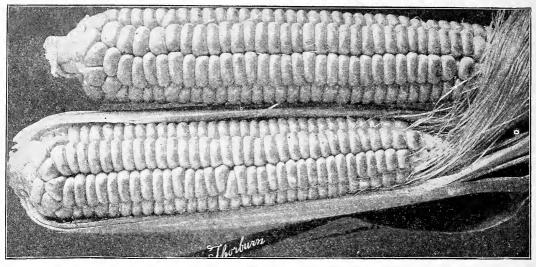
rows, I foot apart, and the plants about 8 inches apart in the rows, and in this case the plants are in compact form to be covered for the winter where they grow. This will save much labor where there is no root-cellar for storage, as often happens to be the case. The bed should be made very rich with thoroughly decomposed manure. The plants will need to be earthed up two or three times, the first time when the plants are four inches or more above the ground so that the stalks will protect the center from contact with the earth. Care inches or more above the ground so that the stalks will protect the center from contact with the earth. Care should be taken not to let the earth get into the heart of the plant. In field culture, the plants are set on the surface in rows 4 feet apart when the Celery is to be earthed up in the field for early use, and 2 feet apart when the plants are to be taken up and blanched in the cellar for winter use. The plants are set 6 inches apart in rows. If not grown in beds, the best way to store is to dig trenches in a well-drained spot in the open ground I foot wide, and at a depth of a few inches less than the height of the Celery. The plants are then lifted and set close together. When severe cold weather comes on, cover gradually with leaves, hay or straw, and place boards on top. The turnip-rooted Celery (Celeriac) needs no earthing up, and may be planted in and place boards on top. The turnip-rooted Celery (Celeriac) needs no earthing up, and may be planted in rows 1 to 1½ feet apart, the plants 9 inches apart in the rows, cutting off the tap-root when transplanting. Keep the earth from the heart of the plant in cultivating. Fertilize with nitrate of soda or liquid manure, lightly, after transplanting. When the knob-roots are ing. Fertilize with nitrate of soda or liquid manure, lightly, after transplanting. When the knob-roots are well formed keep the suckers and side roots trimmed off. Early spraying with bordeaux mixture is extremely efficacious in case of Celery blight or rust.

Oz.

Improved White

1/4 lb.

Plume. Naturally white on light foliage requires but little banking up to blanch; very early and extensively grown for market3210	r e e o y - 1 0 \$0 45	\$1 25	\$4 50
Golden Self-Branching Celery, Thorburn's Gilt Edge GOLDEN SELF			
THORBURN'S GILT-EDGE. Our finest strain	1 00	3 50	12 00
Boston Market. The best for Winter use; a good keeper; quality excellent 323	<b>5</b> 40	1 25	4 00
Perfection Heartwell. One of the finest and largest of Winter varieties, either	:	1 20	1 00
for family or market-garden. The heart is golden yellow	) 40	1 25	4 00
<b>Schumacher.</b> Solid and crisp; firm, golden yellow heart	45	1 25	4 50
Giant Pascal. An easily blanched and fine-keeping, large, late sort 3300	40	1 25	4 00
Dwarf Golden Heart. Large, solid, crisp and tender, blanching white, hardy .3305	50	1 50	5 00
Giant Golden Heart. Very large; solid and fine-flavored; vigorous grower. 3344	40	1 25	4 00
New Rose. Fine flavor; handsome variety	50	1 50	
Attractive; rich flavor and long-keeper	50	1 50	
Winter Queen. Very large, solid, green, winter sort; blanches well	40	1 25	4 00
Celeriac, Giant Prague. Very large roots, for soups and stews; when cooked and	Ì	1 20	7 00
sliced makes fine winter salad	40	1 25	4 00
sliced makes fine winter salad	30	85	3 00
<b>Celeriac, Extra-Early Paris.</b> Smaller than the Large Smooth Paris; root clean	l		
skinned, regularly rounded in shape	45	1 25	3 00
Celeriac, Large Smooth Paris. Root generally broader than long and somewhat			
irregular in shape		1 25	4 00
Celeriac may be stored like beets, and will keep all win			
All 10 cents per packet except where quoted otherwise	e		



Golden Bantam Sweet Corn

## CORN, SWEET or SUGAR

**Culture.**—As soon as danger from frost is past plant in hills 3 feet apart each way, and five or six kernels in a hill. In spring plant 1 inch deep; later plantings  $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 inches deep. Thin out to three plants in the hill, or if in rows, to 12 inches apart. Two pounds will plant 150 to 200 hills. Hoe often and draw soil up to stem; break off side shoots. Corn requires a warm rich soil and a sunny exposure. Plant for succession every two weeks until middle of July. If sown thinly in drills, a greater yield from a given surface will be obtained.

We supply packets of Corn at 15 cents each, postpaid; for other quantities, NOT PREPAID, add postage at the zone rates.

Most varieties can be furnished on ears at 10 cents each, transportation extra.

#### EXTRA EARLY

THORBURN'S NORDHEIM EXTRA-EARLY. Earliest and finest of all.	½ lb.	1 lb.	5 lbs.	15 lbs.
The stalks grow 6 to 7 feet high, each bearing three or four nearly perfect ears of excellent quality. The grains are large, white and very				
sweet	\$0 35	\$0 60	\$2 75 2 00	\$7 75 5 50
Early Mayflower. Extra early; large ears; sweet and tender	25	45	2 00	5 50
sweet, tender and of fine flavor	25	45	2 00	5 50 5 50
White Cory. Resembles the ordinary Cory, but with white cob3720 Mammoth White Cory. Ears double the size of the old Cory, and better	25	45	2 00	5 50
in flavor	25	45	2 00	5 50
Metropolitan. Large, handsome ears of fine quality; very early. A splendid market variety	25	45	2 00	5 50
<b>Golden Bantam.</b> Extra early; yellow; very sweet and tender 3760	30	50	2 25	6 00
<b>Seymour's Sweet Orange.</b> A vigorous grower, attaining a height of 6 to 7 feet, and producing generally two good-sized ears to a stalk.				
It matures about a week later than Golden Bantam and is fully				
equal to it in the deliciousness of its flavor	35 25	60 45	2 75 2 00	7 75 5 50
<b>Peep-o'Day.</b> Very early, sweet and of delicate flavor	25	45	2 00	5 50
Minnesota. Nearly as early as Cory, but with larger ears	25 25	45 45	2 00 2 00	5 50 5 50
<b>Kendel's Giant.</b> Very early for so large-eared a variety; sweet and ten-				
der	25	45	2 00	5 50
Extra-Early Adams. Not a Sugar Corn, but grown for early use. Tender and sweet; fine for the table	25	40	1 75	4 75
Stabler's Early Pedigree. A fine corn	25	45	2 00	5 50
Early Dawn. Extra early. The stalks grow about 3½ to 4 feet high. The grain is white	25	45	2 00	5 50

SECOND-EARLY, or INTERMED				
Crosby. Matures after Minnesota; fair sized ears of good quality3940 Golden Cream. Early; grain rich cream color; attractive; fine quality;	½ lb. \$0 25	1 lb. \$0 45	5 lbs. \$2 00	15 lbs. \$5 50
very sweet and tender	25 25 25 25 25 25 25	45 45 45 45 45 40	2 00 2 00 2 00 2 00 2 00 2 00 1 75	5 50 5 50 5 50 5 50 5 50 4 75
GENERAL CROP				
Hickox Improved. Handsome ears; very white and of rich flavor4020 Stowell Evergreen. One of the most popular varieties4040 Golden Evergreen. Late; very sweet, round grains; beautiful variety of most excellent quality	25 30 35	50 60	2 00 2 25	5 50 6.00
White Evergreen. Strain of Evergreen with pure white grains4060	30	50	2 25	6 00
LATE SWEET CORN				
Black Mexican. Very sweet, of superior flavor; grains black	30 30	50 50	2 25 2 25	6 00
by us in 1888	30	50	2 25	6 00
per pound)	AGE 62			4 00
CHERVIL				
Culture.—Cultivate and use the curled variety of chervil like parsle can be worked or at any time in the spring in shallow drills, I foot apart, in a cool and moist situation; shady or northern aspect. Thin early to 8 o cuttings can be made from the plant throughout the season.  Curled. Leaves used for flavoring soups and stews and for garnishing  Plain. Like above, but not curled.  Tuberous Rooted. A variety which has edible roots.	well prep r 10 inch	as soon ared gro les in the lkt. 5 cts kt. 5 cts	und, preserow.	ferably
CHICORY	•••••	AL. DELS	4800	20
Common or Wild. Used in Barbe de Capucin, a salad much made in	France	Pkt.	Oz.	1/4 lb.
Sown in June. The roots are transplanted in autumn into sand in a The young shoots form the <i>Barbe de Capucin</i>	cellar4300 deep in 1 ounce t in late The	\$0 10	\$0 50	\$1 25
stalks when blanched, make a delicious salad. It is also used by the as a boiled vegetable.  WITLOOF ROOTS. For forcing and blanching. Largely used for salad, as a cooked vegetable. The roots may be forced in a dark, dry cellar or hotbed made with fresh horse-manure; when this becomes hot cover layer of rich, light soil to a depth of one foot. As soon as the soil warm plant the roots close together in rows, all crowns at same level, e 6 inches apart. Cover with 8 inches of very light soil. There are also of hot water pipes used in place of manure for forcing this vegetable.  \$5.00, per 50 \$3.00, per 20 \$1.25.  SEE ALSO ENDIVE, THE CHICORY OF THE FRE.  COLLARDS  Culture.—Sow seeds in a rich moist soil as for cabbage, in June,	4310 and also n a mild with a becomes ach row systems Per 100 NCH, P	August	for suc	
One ounce will give 2,500 to 3,000 plants. Transplant when a month old in hoe often.		Oz.	1⁄4 lb.	Lb.
Georgia plet 5 of	4980	gn 20	40 KU	\$2.00

#### CORN SALAD, or FETTICUS

Mache

Macha o Valerianilla

Culture.—Sow during August or early in September, in drills ¼ inch deep and 6 inches apart, for spring use. If the weather is dry when the seed is sown, tread it lightly to insure germination. Soil should be light and warm, with previous manuring. Keep weeds down with hoe. Just before the winter cover thinly with straw or leaves. The leaves should be picked when half as large as lettuce. A second crop may be picked from the same plant.

		74 ID.	
Large-seeded	\$0 15	\$G 50°	\$1 50
Small Seeded Dutch4440	30	85	3 00
Spoon Leaved. Large dark green		60	
Market Gardener's Full Heart4470	20	60	<b>2</b> 00,

#### CRESS

Cresson

Bara o Mastuerzo

Culture.—Sow No. 4520 thickly in shallow drills, ¼ inch deep and a foot apart early in spring, every two or three weeks until warm weather, in good garden soil; if moist, cool, and rich, all the better. One ounce will sow 50 to 100 feet. Begin to sow again from the middle to the end of August every week or two for fall succession. It should be cut often and it will continue to grow. It is useful not only for salad, but for the breakfast table and for garnishing. Nos. 4555 and 4570 should be sown in damp soil; or, if a stream of water can be utilized, they will be much finer. They will also thrive well in damp hotbeds. Rightly managed, their culture is very profitable. To obtain early salad, it is a good plan to sow with Water Cress seed a strip 4 inches wide on the outer margin of a hotbed, inside the frame, where it is always cool.

Curled, or Pepper Grass	1520	\$0 10	\$0 45
Common, or Plain-leaved	<del>1</del> 530		
Golden Yellow Broad-leaved. Yellow. Mild and tender			45
True Water Cresspkt. 10 cts	<b>1570</b>	85	3 00

All on this page 5 cents per packet except where quoted otherwise

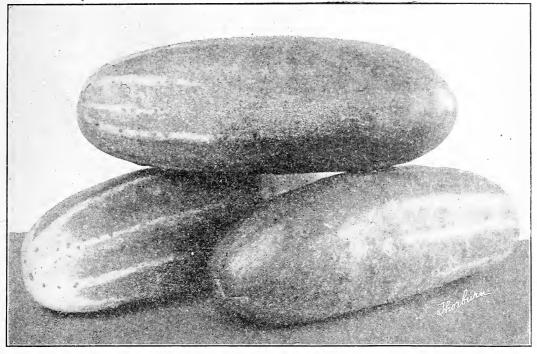
#### **CUCUMBER**

Concombre

Pepino

Culture.—For very early, sow in hotbeds upon pieces of sod, or in small pots. They can be readily transplanted with a gain of about six weeks over those sown in the open ground. Plant out in rich soil when danger of frost is over, or protect by hand-glasses, or by paper held down at the corners with a handful of earth. For general crop, sow in the open ground as soon as the weather is settled and warm, and every two weeks for a succession. Sow the seed about ¾ inch in depth. One ounce will do for 60 or 70 hills. Thin, leaving four or five of the strongest seedlings in a hill. For pickles, sow from middle of June to first week in July. Sod land, turned over in fall, is the best for them. Plant in hills 4 feet apart, putting a shovelfull of well-rotted manure in each hill. For mildew and wilting spray with Bordeaux. For beetles and other insect pests, spray with tobacco water and whale oil soap, reaching the under side of the foliage, or dust with tobacco dust.

or dust with tobacco dust.			
	Oz.	1/4 lb.	Lb.
<b>Cumberland.</b> One of the best for pickling; handsome and productive; flesh firm,			
but very crisp and tender	\$0 20	\$0 60	\$2 00
but very crisp and tender	φυ 20	φυ ου	φ2 00
Davis Perfect. Fine for forcing or for outdoors. The fruit is long and straight,			
and being a comparatively shy seeder, is very valuable for slicing4770	20	60	2 00
Early Green Cluster. Fruit small and in clusters; very prolific	20	60	1 75
Early Russian. Very early, short; fine for pickles	15	50	1 50
City Bussian Very Carry, Short, line for pickles.			
Giant Pera. Very long; one of the best for table use	20	60	2 00
<b>Fordhook Pickling.</b> Very prolific; medium size; fine pickling strain4810	20	- 60	2 00
<b>Thorburn Everbearing.</b> Small-sized; very early and enormously productive;			,
valuable as a green pickler	15	50	1 50
Cool and Chica. Turne controlled and requirements and controlled a	10	00	1 00
Cool and Crisp. Extra early and very prolific; long, straight, slender and very		=0	0
dark green; good either for pickling or slicing	15	50	1 50
Early Short Green. Good for pickling; productive	15	50	1 50
Fordhook Famous. Long, straight and well formed; vigorous grower, very			
and distinct does not time vollow	15	45	1 25
productive; does not turn yellow			
Half Long Green. Very fine variety4856	15	45	1 25
New Orleans Market. For forcing or open ground; very productive4860	15	50	1 50
White Spine Extra Early. An extra-early strain of the popular White Spine. 4864	15	50	1 50
" "Improved. A very handsome and uniform early variety4870	15	45	1 25
Armigion. Fine either for forcing or for outdoors480	15	45	1 25
" Klondyke. A desirable early dark green variety; very prolific 4885	15	45	1 25
" " Will's Fareing 1886	15	45	1 25



Thorburn's Noroton Selected White Spine Cucumber

	Oz.	1/4 lb.	Lb.
White Spine THORBURN'S NOROTON SELECTED. A selection of Improved			
White Spine. Earlier, more perfect in shape and more prolific;			
best slicing variety; splendid either for home garden or market.			
best sheing variety, spiendid either for nome garden of market.	00 15	00 1-	01 05
pkt. 10 cts <b>4890</b>	\$0.15	20 45	\$1 25
" <b>Extra-Long, Perfected.</b> A beautiful, large and well-shaped			
Cucumber	15	45	1 25
Long Green, Improved. Long and crisp; a popular variety for pickles4920	15	50	1 50
" Turkey. Fruit very long and slim	15	45	1 25
Green Prolific Pickling. One of the best for pickling; dark green	15	50	1 50
Nichol Medium Green. Most symmetrical and a very fine table sort4950	15	45	1 25
Tailby Hybrid. Very long, and superior for table use	15	45	1 25
Japan Climbing. Good for frames or open ground	15	45	
Small Gherkin. Very small burr; used for picklespkt. 10 cts4980	25	85	3 00
Lemon Cucumber, or Garden Lemon. Almost round, yellow and green mark-			
ings; tender and of sweet flavor. Like a lemon in appearance, pkt. 10 cts4990	25	85	3 00
All Franch man market amount of the first the second of th			

All 5 cents per packet, except where quoted otherwise

## ENGLISH CUCUMBER FOR FRAMES (Concombre especes Anglaises pour couches)

Culture.—Sow seeds in October, November or December, according to the time they are wanted, in small pots, in fibrous loam, lightened and enriched with old manure; give plenty of air and water. Plunge the pots in a frame near the glass, where there is a little bottom heat, and keep them covered with brown paper until the seeds germinate. Afterward uncover and ventilate to insure sturdiness of habit. Only strong plants should be employed. It is necessary to fertilize the pistillate flowers with the staminate to render the vines productive as, owing to the absence of flies or bees, they will not produce a crop under glass as in open ground.

• 0	Pkt.		Pkt.
Hurst's Monarch. Splendid sort5096	\$0 25	Telegraph. Free-bearing; handsome5130	SO 25
Marvel. (Hurst's.) Heavy cropper5110	25	Veitch's Sensation. Fine dark variety.	
Rochford's Market. Fine variety5120	25	5160	25

#### Chicoree

#### ENDIVE, or CHICORY

Escarola o Endiva

Culture.—Sow in June, July or August, in good, rich garden soil; cover lightly; when up, thin out to 8 or 10 inches apart and water well, if dry; or sow under glass in March or April, transplanting and hardening off. Then set out in the open as soon as ground is fit. When the leaves are 6 to 8 inches long, blanch by tying together near the top with yarn or raffia. (They must be quite dry, or they will rot.) At the approach of winter, take up carefully, with a ball of earth to each plant, and place close together in frame or cellar. They must be kept dry and have plenty of air. One ounce of seed will plant 100 foot row.

	Uz.	½ ID.	LD.
Green Curled Winter. Standard sort for fall and winter crop. pkt. 5 cts5210	\$0 20	\$0 60	\$2 00
Moss Curled. Compact plants with finely divided leavespkt. 5 cts. 5215	25	65	2 25
<b>Large Green Curled (de Ruffec).</b> Broad ribs; fine for fall and winter.			
pkt. 5 cts <b>5220</b>	20	60	2 00
" Curled (Pancalier). Fine, very largepkt. 5 cts5225	20	60	2 00
Giant Fringed or Oyster. New, has a large white heartpkt. 5 cts. 5227	25	65	2 25
White Curled. For early use	25	65	2 25
<b>Broad-leaved (Escarolle).</b> A sweet variety; fall and winterpkt. 5 cts5230	20	60	2 00

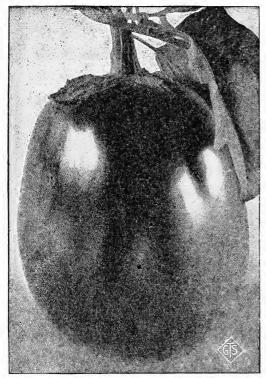
#### SEE ALSO WITLOOF (FRENCH ENDIVE) UNDER CHICORY, PAGE 25

#### Aubergine

#### **EGGPLANT**

Berengena

**Culture.** — Sow in hotbeds very early in spring and transplant when 2 inches high into a second bed or into small pots. If this is not done, thin to 4 inches apart. Do not plant out until weather is perfectly settled and warm. Cool nights or wet weather will check them. Soil should be a rich, sandy loam and exposed to the sun. One ounce will plant 2,000 plants or more. Keep some back in frames for a second planting, in case of weather changing unexpectedly. Set out plants 3 feet by 2.



Improved New York Spineless Eggplant

Improved New York Spineless. The standard; largest and best; oval; deep purple; early and productive....5310

BLACK BEAUTY. As large as the New York Improved but about ten days earlier; very rich purplish black 5320

Florida High Bush. Purple, though not so deep as the New York Spineless, which it resembles in shape. Productive, vigorous and can stand more cold than that variety...........5340

Long Purple. Of distinct shape and fine quality.

5350

**Round Purple.** Good quality, fine shape and color; good for market.

Black Pekin. Round, blackish purple fruit; flesh tender, of fine flavor; dark foliage 5370

Long White China. Small and ornamental fruit, white; resembling an egg, turning yellow when ripe......5400

Oz. ¼ lb. Lb.

\$0 75 \$2 50 \$9 00

80 2 75 10 00

60 2 00 7 50

3 50

75 2 50 9 00

1 00

80

80 2 75 10 00

2 75

All 15 cents per packet

#### FENNEL, FLORENCE or NAPLES

#### Fenouil de Florence

Finocchio di Napoli

**Culture.**—Sow in spring, 1 to 2 inches deep, in rows 16 to 20 inches apart. Thin out so as to have the seedlings 5 or 6 inches apart and water as plentifully as possible. The plant is usually eaten boiled. In flavor resembling celery, but has a sweet taste and a more delicate odor. **14180**. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 20 cts., ½ lb. 60 cts., lb. \$2.00. (See also Herbs.)

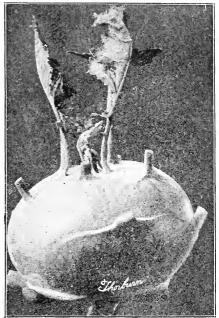
#### KALE or BORECOLE

Chou vert Frise

Co

Culture.—Cultivated and grown exactly like cabbage. Sow No. 5600 in August and September for early greens, in rows 2 feet apart and thin to 18 inches or 2 feet in the rows. Sow seed ½ to 1 inch deep. One ounce will do for 100 foot row. In very cold situations a light mulch may be required in Winter.

	Oz.	¼ lb.	Lb.
Curled Dwarf Green Scotch. Very		, -	
dwarf and spreading; best strain;			
largely grown in the South, being			
sown in August and September.			
	PO 40	01 05	@4 00
pkt. 10 cts <b>5600</b>	\$0.40	\$1 25	\$4 00
Curled Tall Green Scotch. A taller			
growth of No. 5600 <b>5610</b>	45	1 35	4 50
Curled Siberian Thorburn Im-	10	1 00	- 00
<b>proved.</b> Green curled; hardy			
pkt. 5 cts <b>5630</b>	30	85	3 00
<b>Emerald Isle.</b> Very fine.			
pkt. 5 cts <b>5635</b>	30	85	3 00
Thousand-headed. For cattle.	00	00	0 00
	00	0.5	0 00
pkt. 5 cts <b>5640</b>	30	85	3 00



Early White Vienna Kohlrabi

#### **KOHLRABI**

Chou-Rave

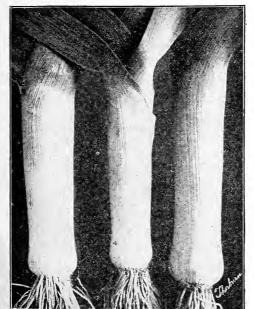
Colinabo

**Culture.**—Sow in spring, about 1 inch deep, in rows 18 inches apart, afterward thinning the plants to 8 to 10 inches. If the weather is suitable the thinnings may be planted, but it is considered difficult to transplant. Soil should be same as

for cabbage; a rich loam. Do not let the earth get into the heart of the plants and do not cover the thick stem or knob. One ounce will give about 1,500 plants. Keep the weeds down, and when the thickened stems above ground are 2 or 3 inches through they are fit to eat, and should be used at once, being tough when old. Cook same as turnips.

Oz. 141b. Lb.

when old. Cook same as turnips.		¼lb.	
Early White. Handsome; very delicate in flavorpkt. 10 cts. 5800	\$0 35	\$1 00	\$3 50
Early White. Fine every way. For framespkt. 10 cts. 5810	40	1 25	4 00
Early Purple. Purple ball; a very good sort	35	1 00	3 50
<b>Extra Large White Goliath.</b> Forms a large ball, not so fine in flavor, but more			
productive	35	1 00	3 50
Imperial Green	35	1 00	3 50



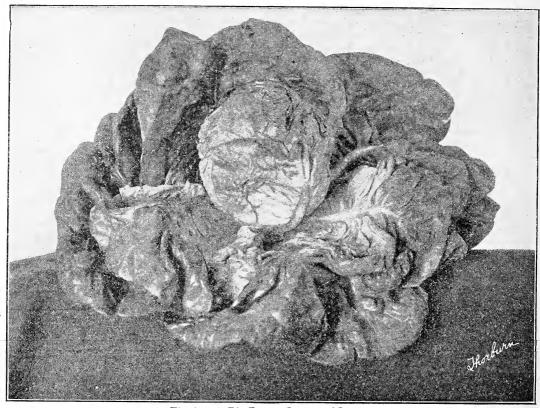
Thorburn's Best Large Flag Leek

#### Poireau LEEK Puerro

Culture.—Sow very early in spring in drills 6 inches apart and 1 inch deep. One ounce to 100 feet of drill. Thin out to 1 inch. When about 7 inches high, transplant in rows 12 inches apart, as deep as possible, but do not cover the young center leaves. Water thoroughly if dry when planted out. Draw earth up to them as they grow; deep rich soil is required. Take up and store in earth in a cool cellar before winter weather. The seeds may also be sown in September and wintered under frames, and the young plants transplanted in spring to where they are to remain.

THORBURN'S BEST LARGE	Oz.	1/4 lb.	Lb.	
<b>FLAG.</b> Hardy and pro-				
ductive	\$0 50	\$1 50	\$5 00	
Large Rouen. A standard				
sort; fine keeper $5920$	50	1 50	5 00	
Large Carentan. Distinct				
and dark-colored leaves;				
stout in habit and				
hardy5940	45	1 25	4 50	
Musselburgh. Similar to				
above	45	1 25	4 50	
Prizetaker. Very large 5960	50	1 50	5 00	
New Italian Giant. Large			. =0	
and fine quality5970	45	1 25	4 50	
All 10 cents per packet eve	ent wh	ere aua	oted	

All 10 cents per packet except where quoted otherwise



Thorburn's Big Boston Improved Lettuce

#### **LETTUCE**

Laitue

Lechuga.

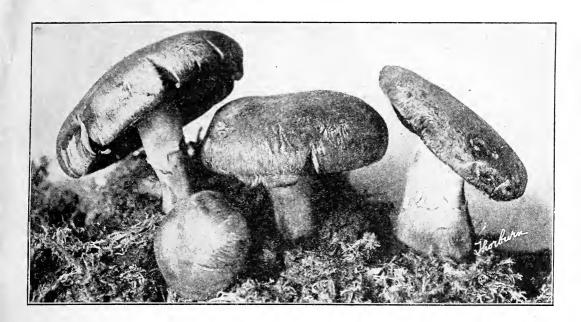
Culture.—Sow 6030, 6120, 6230, 6340 and 6350 in hotbeds in March, and these as well as all the other varieties, in the open ground as soon as it can be worked, and transplant in rows 8 inches apart and rows 1 foot apart. Sow in two weeks' time again for a succession; also Cos sorts. Latter part of August, sow any of the varieties. In October some of these may be planted in frames, in head in winter and early spring. One ounce is sufficient for 1,000 plants or 300 feet in rows. Sow ½ to 1 inch deep—if under glass, ¼ inch. Always sow thinly and thin out well, or the plants will not be strong. The last spring sowing had better be grown where sown, being thinned out to 6 to 8 inches apart. Cos Lettuce may be sown in a hotbed early in the year, and transplanted to a coldframe, so as to have good plants to set out at the opening of the ground. Lettuce requires good ground, enriched with thoroughly rotted manure, and well pulverized. The after culture should be close and careful, to secure the best results. Lettuce seldom, if ever, heads well in hot weather.

n datas.	Oz.	1/4 lb.	Lb.
American Gathering. A decidedly crisp variety, strictly bunching. Leaves bright brown varying to bright green and very much blistered and crumpled. Large size late-intermediate in development	\$0 15	\$0 50	\$1 50
Australian Gathering. A crisp bunching variety, large size; intermediate in development. Forms a well blanched dense cluster of leaves, more or less			
open; never cabbage-like. Leaves crumpled and twisted. Color light green. Flavor very sweet	15	50	1 50
<b>Big Boston.</b> Strictly cabbage-heading; large late-intermediate in development; fairly buttery flavor. Leaves broad, mostly smooth, very slightly blistered and crumpled. Light dull green, excepting extremely narrow light brown border.			
The heads are broad, slightly pointed and hard	20	60	2 00
Buttercup. A cabbage-headed variety; small to medium in size; intermediate to late in development. The heads are globular in form. Leaves broad, slightly blistered and twisted. Color very light green	20	60	2 00
All Francisco man market			

#### All 5 cents per packet

LETTUCE—Continued.			
<b>Brown Dutch.</b> A cabbage-heading variety, very buttery flavor, medium to large in size; late to intermediate in development. Head globular and firm. Leaves broad, fairly blistered and twisted. Color dull green, tinged with faint blotches.	Oz.	⅓lb.	Lb.
California Cream Butter. This is a strictly cabbage variety with a decidedly buttery flavor; large; late to intermediate in development. Head very firm, and globular in shape. Leaves slightly blistered and crumpled. Color dark, rich	\$3 20	\$0 60	\$2 00
glossy green, distinctly spotted with deep brown	20	60	2 00
almost solid brown in summer but bright green during spring	20	60	2 00
green	20	60	2 00
very light green	20	60	2 00
green, excepting faint brown on borders of leaves	20	60	2 00
and crumpled and slightly twisted. Color very light green	20	60	2 00
crumpled and twisted. Color beautiful rich, very light green, sometimes described as golden green	20	65	2 25
together for blanching to only a small extent. Leaves excessively blistered and crumpled and slightly twisted. Color very light green	20	60	2 00
very large and very late. Head globular; extremely hard and well blanched. Leaves broad, fairly blistered, crumpled and twisted. Color very light green	20	60	2 00
large to medium in size; early to intermediate in development. Head globular, very firm and well blanched. Leaves broad, slightly blistered, crumpled and twisted. Color medium green. Quality excellent	20	60	2 00
<b>Iceberg.</b> It is a strictly cabbage variety; crisp rather than buttery; large and late. Head is globular, extremely hard and well blanched. Leaves are slightly blistered, crumpled and twisted. Color light green except faint brown borders.	90	CO	9.00
Very good quality	20	60	2 00
crumpled, and slightly twisted. Color light brown. Excellent quality .6200 Maximum. A late maturing sort with very large cabbage-head and a very buttery flavor. The head is globular or oval, firm and very well blanched. Leaves broad, fairly smooth, being only slightly blistered, crumpled and twisted.	20	60	2 00
Color dull dark green freely spotted with dark brown. Quality to be recommended	20	60	2 00
cabbage-heading and a buttery flavor. The heads are small to medium in size.  Leaves light green, slightly tinged with brown at edge. It is especially good for outdoor culture	20	60	2 00
to intermediate in development. Head globular, extremely hard, very well blanched. Leaves broad, excessively blistered, crumpled and twisted. Color dull: very dark brown with dull dark green in less exposed parts. Quality is	20	GE	2 25
excellent, being exceedingly tender, crisp and sweet. 6240  The Morse. This is a non-heading variety; crisp and much curled; large; light yellowish green. 6245	20 20	65 60	2 00
All 5 cents per packet			

LETTUCE—Continued			
New York Cabbage. This is a decidedly crisp variety, forming a very large cabbage-head of late maturity. Heads are globular or slightly oval, very hard and well blanched. Leaves broad, fairly blistered, crumpled and twisted. Color dark green. Quality very good, being sweet but never buttery in	Oz.	⅓lb.	Lb.
flavor. 6250  Orchid. This is a true buttery variety forming a small to medium size cabbagehead, and late to intermediate in development. Head globular, slightly firm but well blanched. Leaves broad, fairly blistered and crumpled, and slightly twisted. Color bright green thickly spotted with bright brown. Quality is	\$ 25	\$ 75	\$2 50
good. Flavor buttery and very sweet	15	50	1 50
spotted	15	50	1 50
weather and is a variety which we recommend for quality	20	60	2 00
buttery and sweet	20	60	2 00
twisted. Color very light green. Very sweet flavor	20	60	2 00
Color very light green	20	65	2 25
cellent	20	65	2 25
Color light green. Quality excellent	20	65	2 25
conditions. This is a very popular variety	20	60	2 00
twisted. Color medium green. Quality excellent	20	65	2 25
twisted. Color light green. Quality excellent	20	60	2 00
crumpled; color dark green	25	75	2 50
ROMAINE, or COS LETTUCE			
Bath Cos. Pale green leaves, slightly tinged with brown. Outer leaves spreading,			
inner leaves well blanched, forming a soft globe-shaped head. Early and productive and of fine flavor	20	65	2 25
White Paris Cos. Of upright growth; fine. Forms a well blanched head decidedly loaf-shaped. Color very dark green	20	65	2 25
Trianon Cos. Resists heat well. Very compact plant forming a loaf-shaped head round at the top; well blanched; firm	20	65	2 25
RED COS. Fine sort. Closely resembles White Paris Cos, but larger6480 RED COS. Splendid French sort. Outer leaves red-brown; very attractive.6500 All 5 cents per packet	20 20	65 65	2 25 2 25



## MUSHROOM SPAWN

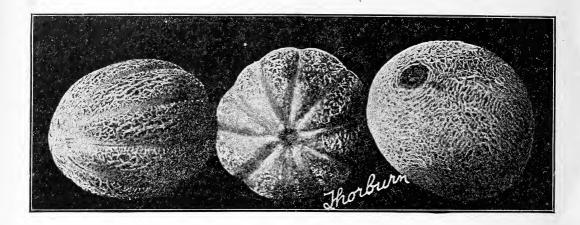
Blanc de Champignon Seta

Culture.—Mushrooms may be grown in cellars, under benches of greenhouses, or in sheds, wherever the temperature of 50 degrees can be kept up through the winter. The beds should be made from November to February, according to the time the Mushrooms are wanted, and it requires about two months for them to begin bearing. Secure fresh horse manure, free from straw and litter, and mix an equal bulk of loam from an old pasture with it. Keep this under cover, taking care to turn it every day to prevent heating, until the pile is large enough to make a bed the required size. Three to 4 feet wide, 8 inches deep and any length desired are the proper proportions for a bed, but these may be varied. Prepare the mixture of loam and manure, making the bed in layers, and pounding down each with the back of the spade. Leave this to heat through for a few days, and as soon as the heat subsides to 90 degrees, make holes in the bed about a foot apart each way, and about one inch deep, into which put pieces of the spawn 2 or 3 inches in diameter; fill up the holes with the compost, and at the expiration of a week or ten days the spawn will have thoroughly diffused itself through the bed. Spread a layer of fresh soil over the heap to the depth of 2 inches and cover with 3 or 4 inches of hay, straw or litter. Examine the bed often to see that it does not get dry. Take special care, however, when water is given that it be at a temperature of about 100 degrees.

From our experience with English, French and American Spawn, we find there is an important difference between them. If the manure in the bed is in proper condition, the French Spawn will take hold and grow fully as well as the other two; but, if the bed is not in the right state, it will often rot. The American and English Spawns, on the contrary, after starting a little, will remain in a comparatively dormant state for a long time without losing their vitality. It is well to keep these points in mind in ordering Spawn.

	Per Brick	10 Bricks	20 Bricks	100 Bricks
American Pure Culture Spawn. Direct bricks; latest strain. Weigh				
about 1 lb. each	\$0 30	\$2 75	\$5 25	\$25 00
English Spawn. In bricks. About 1½ lb. each	25	2 25	4 00	18 00
French Spawn		about	2-1b. box	x, \$1 25

If by mail, add postage.



## **MUSKMELON**

(Cantaloup)

Melon Muscade Melon Muscatel

**Culture.**—Select a light, rich, sandy soil, and, after all danger of frosts is over and the ground has become warm and dry, plant in hills 4 to 6 feet apart each way, six to twelve seeds to a hill. When up and all danger of insects has passed, pull out all but three plants. Cultivate until the vines cover the ground, and pinch the ends of the growing shoots to induce early fruiting. Ashes, lime, or even dry roaddust, are excellent to sift over young plants when the dew is on, to prevent the attacks of insects. A few hills for early use may be had by sowing in hotbeds, on pieces of sod or in pots. The seed may also be started out-of-doors under hand-frames or glasses. It is quite important that proper soil be selected for growing Muskmelons.

### SALMON AND YELLOW-FLESHED VARIETIES

	Oz.	1/4 lb.
<b>Banquet.</b> Beautifully netted, medium size; rich salmon flesh; fine quality	\$0 25	\$0 80
Brockway's Sport. Slightly oblong, averaging 6 inches in diameter; flesh light red;		
very sweet; lightly ribbed and netted	15	50
<b>Burrell's Gem.</b> Reddish orange flesh; fine-grained and spicy	15	45
Davis White Seeded. Egg shaped, fair size, slightly netted; yellow flesh6802	15	50
<b>Defender.</b> One of the very best yellow-fleshed sorts; medium size, oval in shape; flesh		
very firm and rich. Very vigorous and productive	15	45
<b>Emerald Gem.</b> Small; extra early; dark green skin, orange flesh; very sweet6810	20	60
Osage. Cocoanut-shaped; yellow flesh; light green, netted skin	20	60
<b>Paul Rose.</b> Handsome oval variety; rich orange flesh; very sweet	20	60
Shumway Giant. Round; light green; flesh deep salmon; very late	15	50
Surprise. Oblong; rich orange flesh of fine quality; early	15	50
<b>Nutmeg Tip-Top.</b> An improved strain; very sweet; salmon flesh	20	60
Thorburn's Orange Christiana. Fine orange sort. Round, very sweet and very		
early. <b>6850 Yellow-meated Japan.</b> Fine. <b>6860</b>	20	60
Yellow-meated Japan. Fine	15	50
GREEN-FLESHED MUSKMELONS		
GREEN-PLESITED MUSKMELONS		
Baltimore Market. Oblong; green flesh of fine quality; intermediate	15	50
Bay View Hybrid. Prolific, very large, late; green flesh	20	60
Bush Muskmelon, small fruit, similar in character to Jenny Lind	20	60
Hybrid Casaba. A vigorous grower and an enormous yielder; produces melons of large		
size and unsurpassed flavor; skin is green until fruits begin to ripen, when it turns to		
a light yellow; white flesh, rich and luscious and from 2 to 3 inches thick. Splendid		
for warm climates 6904	15	50
for warm climates	20	60
Eden Gem. The popular shipping melon at Rocky Ford. Flesh deep green, very		
solid and firm. Skin heavily netted	20	60
•		

MUSKMELON—Continued	0-	1715
Egyptian Deity (Persian Delight). Round, flesh whitish green and surpassingly lus-		1/4 lb.
cious in flavor, very juicy; rind thin and smooth, excellent for warm climates. Pkt. 10c.6915	<b>\$0</b> 25	\$0.75
Gold-Lined Rocky Ford. Delicious, flesh thick, fine grained and sweet; color green, with a gold margin next to the seed-cavity; slightly oval and heavily netted6916	15	50
Hackensack. Large, round and of good quality; a popular variety; early6920	20	60
Hackensack Extra-Early. Ripens ten days earlier than the Hackensack	20	60
Honey Dew. New large, round, light-colored melon, delicious, rich, green flesh. Pkt, 10c, 6335	20	60
Jenny Lind. Old favorite. Small: green-fleshed: very early: good quality6940	20	60
Long Island Beauty. On style of Hackensack. The earliest and finest in quality,		
and the most beautiful of all Muskmelons	25	1 00
Melrose. Oval, dark green, densely netted; flesh thick, light green shading to salmon. 6955	20	60
Montreal Green. Large, round, netted; flesh thick and light green; late6970	20	60
Netted Gem, Round. Very early; small and of fine flavor; green flesh6980	20	60
Netted Gem, Oblong. Same as above, save in shape	25	75
Netted Rock. Produces Melons of uniform standard size, covered with a beautiful		
grey lace-like netting; flesh green, with delicate pink around the small seed cavity; sweet and superb flavor	15	50
Nutmeg. Sweet, green flesh; very early; named from its shape	25	80
Rocky Ford. Improved Netted Gem; very sweet and fine flavored; oblong7010	20	60
Skillman's Netted Gem. Oval-shape; early; sweet and highly perfumed	15	50
Winter Pineapple. An extraordinary melon; can be kept in splendid condition for	10	50
months after being pulled. For the South only	15	50
All 5 cents per packet except where quoted otherwise		
MISCELLANEOUS MUSKMELONS		
Banana Citron. Cucumber-shaped; highly perfumed; latepkt. 5c7110	20	60
Mango Melon, Vine Orange. Size, shape and color of an orange; fine for preserving	20	00
or for picklingpkt. 5c. 7120	20	60
Pomegranate. Ornamental for perfume; late	15	50
Vine Peach. Color of a peach, fine for preserving or for picklingpkt. 5c7135	30	1 00
THE POPULATION OF THE CORES		

### IMPORTED FRAME SORTS

For growing under glass, in packets only, 25 cents each

DELIGHT OF THE TABLE, ECLIPSE, GUNTON SCARLET, MONROE, LITTLE HEATH, TOURS SUGAR

## WATERMELON

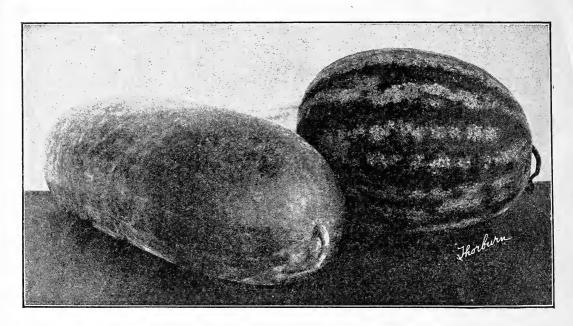
Melon d'Eau

(Illustration on next page)

Zandia

<b>Culture.</b> —Treat the same as Muskmelons, except that they should be planted 8 to	10 feet	t apart,
according to variety. Light soil is best.		
		. ¼ lb.
Alabama Sweet. Dark green; tender red flesh; long. Fine shipper	\$0 10	\$0 30
Angel's Kiss. One of the best flavored sorts, flesh deep crimson; sweet and melting;		
oblong in shape; very prolific	10	35
Black Diamond. Dark green, tough skin; large size. Round	10	30
Black Spanish. Roundish; nearly black; dark red flesh; early	10	45
Boss. Oblong; dark green; flesh deep scarlet; rind thin, intermediate	10	35
Blue Gem, or Iceberg. Bright red flesh; very sweet; fine shipper. Oval7460	10	30
Bradford. Long and of dark color, red flesh, sweet and tender	10	35
Cole's Early. Medium size; red flesh; green skin. Oval	10	35
Cuban Queen. Solid and heavy; skin marked regularly; excellent, early. Oval7500	10	35
Dixie. Excellent quality; very large and solid; red flesh; intermediate. Long7510	10	30
Early Fordhook. Extra early; good size; green skin; red flesh. Oval	10	35
Florida Favorite. A superior strain; oblong; red flesh; intermediate	10	30
Gilbert's Success. Large Size, medium early; flesh bright red, firm and sweet; good	10	0.5
shipper	10	25
Golden Honey. Oblong, flesh golden shade, very tender and delicious; rind light	10	35
green with mottled stripes	10	33

### All 5 cents per packet



Tom Watson and Cuban Queen Watermelons

### WATERMELON-Continued

	Oz.	1/4 lb.
Halbert Honey. Dark, glossy green skin; flesh crimson, luscious and sweet. Strong,	\$0.10	\$0 30
vigorous grower and free fruiter. Long. Fine for northern states		•
Ice Cream, or Peerless. Very early; red flesh. Oval	10	30
Icing, Dark. Solid; dark green skin; red flesh of superior quality; white seed; early; nearly round	10	35
Icing, Light. Round; pink flesh of fine quality	10	35
Icing, Light.         Long	10	35
Jordan Gray Monarch. Largest grown; crimson flesh; late. Long	10	30
Jumbo. Deep red flesh of excellent flavor. Very large, almost globular in shape;		
striped light and dark green	10	30
Kleckley Sweets. Exceedingly sweet and fine flavored; dark green skin; thin rind;		
flesh scarlet, solid, and firm. Long	15	35
Kolb Gem. Large; good shipper; bright red flesh; intermediate. Oval	10	30
Mammoth Ironclad. Long; very large; late; red flesh; good shipper	10	40
McIver's Sugar. Oblong, handsome and very sweet	15	35
Mountain Sweet. Red flesh; late; dark green; long, tapers to stem end	10	30
Phinney, Early. Oblong, fine quality, large solid; red flesh	10	35
Pride of Georgia. Round; large; crisp; bright red flesh; intermediate	10	30
Rattlesnake. Southern. Oblong; dark and striped; bright red flesh; late	10	35
<b>Seminole.</b> Very large; quality first-rate; red flesh; intermediate. Oblong	10	30
Sugar Stick. Light Green; oblong; luscious rich red flesh. Strong grower7700	10	35
Sweetheart, Oval. Very large, bright skin; fine quality	10	30
Tom Watson. Produces melons 16 to 22 inches long and 8 to 10 inches in diameter.		
The dark green rind is thin but tough; stands shipping well. The flesh is deep red, crisp and melting and of finest flavor. Long	10	40
<b>Triumph.</b> Market sort, good shipper; rind dark green; red flesh; large, oblong7730	10	35
Citron, Green Seed. Used for preserves	10	35
Citron, Red Seed. Round and handsome; for preserving	10	35
Viving ince been itomic and nandsome, for preserving	10	00

### All 5 cents per packet

### **MUSTARD**

#### Moutarde Mostaza

Culture.—Sow thickly during early spring in shallow drills, and press the early	h well d	lown. ]	For fall
salad, sow in September, or in frames or boxes during winter.	O2.	⅓ lb.	Lb.
Black. These seeds form the mustard of commerce	\$0 10 10	\$0 25 30	\$0 75 1 00
Chinese Plain Leaved	10	30	1 00
Fordhook Fancy. Very ornamental; plants of vigorous growth; leaves dark green, curved outwardly. If used as a vegetable, cook like spinach7810	10	40	1 25
Giant Southern Curled. Very large leaves	10	30	1 00
Ostrich-Plume. Leaves curled and frilled like an ostrich-plume	10 10	25 30	75 1 00

### NASTURTIUM

### Capucine Maraneula

**Culture.**—Sow as soon as all danger of frost is past, in drills about an inch deep. The tall kinds require fences or poles on which to climb. The seeds are used in flavoring pickles, or as a substitute for capers.

	Uz.	1/4 ID.	Lb.
Tall Mixed         7920           Dwarf Mixed         7930	\$0 20	\$0 55	\$1 75
	20	<b>60</b>	2 50

### All 5 cents per packet

### OKRA, or GUMBO

### Gombaud Quimbombo

Culture.—Sow late in the spring, after the ground has become warm, in drills 3 feet apart, where the plants are to remain. Thin out to from 9 to 12 inches. They should be well manured. They may also be raised in pots or a hotbed, and transplanted. For keeping, they should be picked while small and tender. Pkt. Oz. Wilb. Lb.

<b>Long Green.</b> Tall; very productive; moderately long green pods8020	\$0 05	\$0 10	<b>\$0 25</b>	\$0.75
White Velvet. Tender, long, white pods; smooth and velvety in				
appearance8030	05	10	25	75
Dwarf Green Prolific. Short, thick pods8040	05	10	25	75
Perkins' Mammoth. Fine strain; very long pods8050	05	10	25	75

## ONION

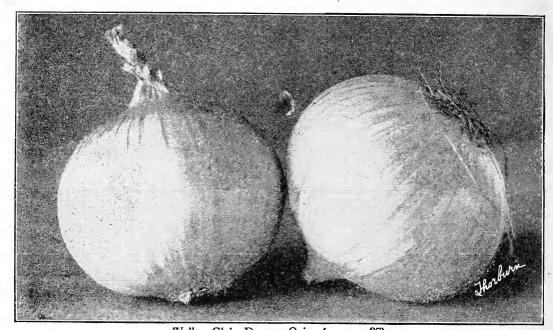
#### Oignon

#### Cebolla

Culture.—Sow in rich, sandy soil, in drills 1 foot apart, as soon as the ground can be worked in spring —at the rate of 4 to 5 pounds to the acre. Thin to 3 to 4 inches, using the rake and hoe frequently to keep down the weeds. The finest Onions are produced by the new method of sowing the seed in hotbed in February and March and transplanting the seedlings to the open ground.

and wards and transplanting the seedings to the open ground.			
	Oz.	¼ lb.	Lb.
White Early Barletta. A small white Italian sort, very early8320	\$0 60	\$2 00	\$6 00
" Queen. Pure white; small, flat; extra early; fine for pickling8330	60	2 00	6 00
"Very White Pearl. Extra-early; round; very white; fine flavor8334	60	2 00	6 00
" Victoria, Italian. White and globular8350	60	2 00	6 00
" Large Portugal. The standard large flat sort of the New York			
markets	60	2 00	6 00
Large Globe. (Southport Strain.) Very large and handsome.	00	_ 00	0 00
pkt. 15c8370	60	2 00	6 00
" Mammoth Garganus, or Silver King. Large silvery white, Italian.8380	60	2 00	6 00
" Maggiajola. Early white flat	60	2 00	6 00
" Paris Silverskin	60	2 00	6 00
" Philadelphia Silverskin	60	$\frac{2}{2} \frac{00}{00}$	6 00
" Bermuda (Teneriffe-grown)	60	1 75	5 00
" Bermuda. (True Crystal Wax.) (Teneriffe-grown)pkt. 15c8410	60	2 00	6 00
"Tripoli (Fl Dose or Newton) Lorge white Italian versity 2490		2 00	6 (
" Tripoli (El Paso, or Mexican). Large white Italian variety8420	60		
Dunching, of Italian Shverskins	60	2 00	6 00
Marvel of Fompen. Small Italian sort, two weeks earlier than	CO	0.00	C 00
Barletta	60	2 00	6 00
white flat, for picking	60	2 00	6 00
Yellow Danvers. A standard sort; early and a good keeper8540	45	1 50	4 50
"Globe Danvers. Of more globular shape; keeps well	50	1 75	5 00
" Large Globe. (Southport Strain.) The finest large yellow8560	50	1 75	5 00
" Michigan Yellow Globe. Fine keeper8564	50	1 75	5 00
" Australian Yellow Globe8565	50	1 75	5 00
" Giant Rocca. Pale yellow8576	60	2 00	6 00

### All 10 cents per packet except where quoted otherwise



'Yellow Globe Danvers Onion (see page 37)			
ONIONS—Continued	Oz.	⅓ lb.	Lb.
Yellow Prizetaker. Immense size; globe shaped8570	\$0 6 <b>0</b>	\$2 00	\$6 00
" Strasburg, or Dutch. Fine keeper; flat; yellow skin; white flesh8580	45	1 50	4 50
Red Australian Brown. Medium size; hard; solid; very early	45	1 50	4 50
" Bermuda (Teneriffe grown)	50	1 75	5 00
" Italian Tripoli	60	2 00	6 00
<sup>a</sup> Large Wethersfield. Half-early, and a good keeper; large size8720	50	1 75	5 00
" Large Globe. (Southport strain.) The finest large red sort8730	60	2 00	6 00
" Early Flat	60	2 00	6 00
" " Globe	50	1 75	5 00
All 10 cents per packet except where quoted otherwise			

## ONION SETS Plant in drills about 12 inches apart and 4 inches in the rows. Give his

I fair in dring about 12 mones apart and 4 mones in the rows. Give high culture.				
Yellow Onion Sets	per	lb.	30	cts.
White Onion Sets	"	"	35	"
Red Onion Sets	u	u	30	"

# **PARSLEY**

Persil Perijil

Culture.—Soak the seeds a few hours in lukewarm water, and sow early in spring and until the middle of July, in drills 1 foot apart. Have the soil thoroughly pulverized, and, after sowing the seed, pat it down lightly with the spade. Thin out the plants to 4 inches. To preserve in winter, transplant to a light cellar or coldframe. No. 8870 should be thinned out while young, and managed in after cultivation, the same as carrots and parsnips. The roots are edible either raw or cooked.

Oz. 41b. Lb.

carrots and parships. The roots are edible either raw or cooked.	Uz.	1/4 ID.	LD.
Thorburn Extra Curled. Superior	\$0 15	\$0 5 <b>0</b>	\$1 50
Thorburn Champion Moss Curled. Pretty8855	15	50	1.50
Plain. The ordinary form8865	10		1 50
Hamburg, Thick-rooted	15	50	1 50

All 5 cents per packet

## PARSNIP

Panais Chirijia

Culture.—Sow as early in the spring as the ground can be worked, in rich soil, in drills 18 inches apart. The ground should be well and deeply dug. Thin to 6 or 8 inches in the rows. Hoe and cultivate often to keep down weeds.

Oz. 1/4 lb. Lb.

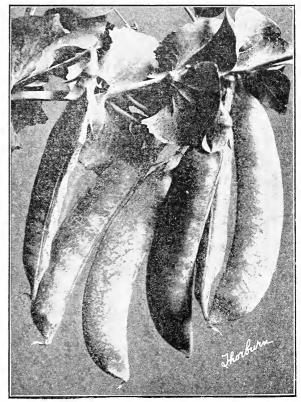
Indibuth fidney Crown. A market-gardener's strainpkt. 3c 3390	φυ <b>Δ</b> υ	φυ ου	φ4 00
<b>Early Round</b> pkt. 5c8895	20	60	2 00
Guernsey		60	2 00
Long Smooth White. A standard variety8898		60	2 00

## PEAS

Pois Chicharos o Guisanthes

Culture.-A week may be gained in earliness by sowing a quantity in moist sand placed in a box in the cellar, and planting outside when well sprouted. Light, dry soil, not over rich, suits the Pea. Sow as early as the ground can be worked, and again every ten days for succession. Peas may be sown in this vicinity as late as the 20th of August. Medium and Late Peas must be planted early; Extra-Earlies may be planted again in August. Sow in single or double rows, from 4 to 6 feet apart according to the different heights, about an inch apart in the row (except such sorts as we note to sow thinly), and 4 inches deep; 2 lbs. to 100 feet of drill. In this climate, the O'Rourke Pea, if planted from the 10th to the last of August, will produce a fair crop for fall picking, when Peas will be most acceptable. Hoe often and keep the ground clean and fine. The tall sorts can be made to bear more freely by pinching in. The dwarf varieties may be grown in beds like bush beans with rows about the same distance apart. The holes which are sometimes found in Peas are caused by the Pea weevil (Bruchus pisi). The beetles lay their eggs on the young pods, and the larvae as soon as hatched, make their way through the pods and into the nearest Peas. If the new aphide attacks the Peas, spray the vines every day with clear water of the same temperature as the atmosphere.

Those marked with a star (\*) are wrinkled marrows, and, unless otherwise stated, should be sown thicker than the round has become



Gradus

Peas and not until the ground has become warm, as they are more liable to rot. They are the finest flavored of all Peas. Those marked thus (†) are large-podded sorts.

We supply packets of Peas at 15 cts. each, postpaid, except where quoted otherwise; other quantities NOT prepaid. Add postage at the zone rates.

### EXTRA-EARLY PEAS

	Height		Per	Per
Thorburn Extra-Early Market. Our standard market-garden extra-	in feet	lb.	2 lbs.	5 lbs.
early Pea; productive and profitable to grow	$2\frac{1}{2}$	\$0 40	\$0.75	\$1 75
Daniel O'Rourke, Improved. Extra early; favorite sort8910	$2\frac{1}{2}$	40	75	1 75
First-of-All. First-class selected strain of extra-earlies	$2\frac{1}{2}$	40	75	1 75
Pedigree. Extra Early. Vigorous and prolific	$2\frac{1}{2}$	45	85	2 00
The Leader. "Round seeded Gradus." Long pods	3	40	75	1 75
Alaska. One of the very earliest blue Peas; quite productive8930	$2\frac{1}{2}$	- 40	75	1 75
*†Thomas Laxton. A cross between Gradus and one of the extra-early sorts. Ripens within a day or two of the earliest round varieties; very productive. The pods are large and contain seven or eight large, wrinkled Peas of the finest flavor	3	50	95	2 25
*†Gradus, also called <b>Prosperity.</b> One of the finest extra-early Peas. Ready to pick about four days after 8900. Pods very large, filled		55	1 00	2 25
with large <b>wrinkled</b> Peas of finest quality	3			
Ameer (Claudit). Finest quality, exceedingly productive	$2\frac{1}{2}$	45	85	2 00
*American Wonder. Early and productive; fine quality8980	1	50	95	2 25
*Sherwood. Pods large, deep green color		40	75	1 75
*Sutton's Excelsior. As early as American Wonder, with much broader pods, filled with large Peas of finest flavor; very prolific; one of the finest dwarf Peas in cultivation		55	1 00	2 25

PEAS—Continued	Ieight	Per	Per	Per
*Nott's Excelsior. Splendid early wrinkled sort; very prolific9000	n feet	. lb.	2 lbs.	5 lbs.
Premium Gem. Early, straight pods, well filled	1	\$0 50 F0	\$0 95	\$2 25
*Little Gem. Early; straight pods. 9020	1	50	95	2 25
	$1\frac{1}{2}$	. 45	85	2 00
*Little Marvel. A few days earlier than English Wonder and with larger pods. This variety is ar improvement on English Wonder and in habit is very similar. Remarkably prolific	2	55	1 00	2 25
*†Laxtonian. Very large, dark green, curved pods and Peas of finest flavor; great yielder, very early	2	60	1 10	2 50
Pilot. Very early, large pods well filled with finely flavored Peas; very prolific	3	60	1 10	2 50
*Ploneer. Similar to Laxtonian; pods well filled with large peas of fine quality	2	60	1 10	2 50
*Richard Seddon. The best dwarf extra-early9045	11/2	40	75	1 75
*Worlds Becord. Large podded Pea of fine quality; very early 9050	4	60	1 10	2 50
			2 20	2 00
EARLY AND MEDIUM PEAS				
*Advancer. A fine standard sort of excellent quality	$2\frac{1}{2}$	40	75	1 75
*Abundance. Long, round, well-filled pods. Sow thinly	3	40	75	1 75
*Horsford's Market-Garden. On the style of Advancer; prolific9170	$\frac{3}{2\frac{1}{2}}$	40	75	1 75
Everbearing. Long pods, large peas; sow thinly	$\frac{272}{21/2}$	40	75	1 75
† <b>Pride of the Market.</b> Very large pods; green Peas. Sow thinly9190	$\frac{2}{2}$	40		
			75	1 75
*Champion of England. A well-known standard sort. Sow thickly9200	5	45	85	2 00
*Dwarf Champion (Juno). A dwarf form of the popular Champion of England, with large pods; very productive; finest quality9210	2	40	75	1 75
*†Duke of Albany (American Champion). Immense pods on style of Telephone; very superior	5	50	95	2 25
*Heroine. Large curved, well filled Pods about 4 inches long; Peas of fine flavor; very prolific	2	55	1 00	2 25
MAIN AND LATE-CROP PEAS				
*†Admiral Dewey. Enormous pods; large wrinkled Peas of fine flavor;				
very productive	4	50	95	2 25
*†Stratagem. Very large pods; Peas of finest quality9420	2	55	1 00	2 25
Potlatch. A large podded Pea; fine9430	2	55	1 00	2 25
†Telegraph. Large pods and Peas9440	4	50	95	2 25
*†Telephone. Enormous pods and Peas of best quality9450	4	50	95	2 25
Boston Unrivalled. Large pod, prolific, suitable for light soil9455	41/2	50	95	2 25
Late White Marrowfat. Very hardy and prolific9460	4	35	60	1 35
Late Black Eyed Marrowfat. Very hardy and prolific9470	3	35	60	1 35
Late Diata Eyeu Mailowiat. Very hardy and promie	J	00	00	1 55
SUGAR PEAS (Edible Pods)				
Sugar Peas have edible pods which are eaten when young.				
Luscious Sugar9564	4	55.	1 00	2 25
•				

## PEPPER

Piment Pimiento

Culture.—Sow in hotbeds in March and, when the soil has become warm, set in rows 2 feet apart and 18 inches in the rows. Hoe frequently. The plants may also be forwarded in small pots. The soil should be light, warm, and rich, but not dry. 1 oz. will produce 1,500 to 2,000 plants.

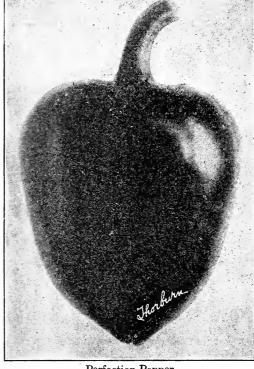
Bell, Large. Bright red; largely used for pickling. It is of such mild flavor that it may be eaten as a  $\Omega_2$ \$0.75 vegetable. CHINESE GIANT. Very large; flesh very mild and thick; bright scarlet color. 1 00 Cayenne Long Red. Slender pods, 3 in.; pungent ......pkt. 10c. 9670 Crimson Giant. Upright growth; large .....pkt. 10c. .9670 50 thick flesh and mild......9585 1 00 Golden Dawn. Mild and sweet; handsome and distinct; small ...............9690 75 Monstrous, Sweet. Very large and of mild flavor; for use when green......9710 75 **Perfection Sweet Pepper.** A very sweet pepper, piquant flavor, not fiery, medium size, thick skinned and of brilliant scarlet; top shaped.....9725 75 75

pungent......pkt. 10c. 9750

Royal King. Similar but greatly superior
to Ruby King. Flesh very thick; mild

Ruby King. Bright red; 4 to 6 inches long;

mild; best for stuffing ..... 9770



Perfection Pepper Oz. .....pkt. 10c..9780 50 50

Squash, Large, or Tomato. Productive; for pickles.....

Sweet Spanish. Large, mild; used for salad. Pkt 10c; ¼ Lb. \$1.50; 1 Lb. \$5.00....9800

All 15 cents per packet except where quoted otherwise.

50

1 00

75

## **PUMPKIN**

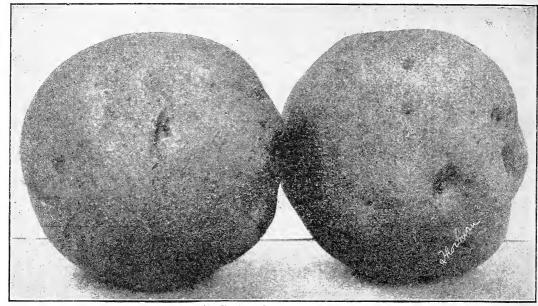
#### Potiron

### Calabaza

Culture.—May be planted middle of spring, among the Indian corn or in the field or garden, in hills 8 to 10 feet apart each way, four seeds in a hill. In other respects is cultivated in same manner as melons and cucumbers. Avoid planting near other vines. Sow seeds about 1 inch deep, 1 oz. for 30 hills.

	Oz.	⅓ ID.	LD.
Large Cheese. Flat; one of the best varieties for family use	\$0 15	\$0 50	\$1 50
Early Sugar. Fine-grained, sweet and prolific; small; yellow10170	15	50	1 50
Golden Oblong. Orange skin; light yellow flesh; fine quality; good keeper10200	15	50	1 50
Cushaw Striped. A splendid striped crookneck variety	20	60	2 00
Cushaw Mammoth Golden. A golden yellow variety of excellent quality;			
fine for pies	15	50	1 50
Tennessee Sweet Potato. Bell-shaped; thick; white flesh; fine for pies10230	15	50	1 50
Japanese Pie. Early; dark green; flesh yellow	15	50	1 50
Mammoth King. Grows to an enormous size	20	60	2 00
Mammoth Tours. A large French variety	15	50	1 50
Quaker Pie. Very prolific and a good keeper; fine for pies	15	50	1 50
Red Etampes. Medium size, round flat, ribs broad and well marked; skin a very			
bright and distinct orange color; grows 12 to 15 inches in diameter10285	15	50	1 50
Winter Luxury. A fine keeper and one of the best for pies	15	50	1 60
Connecticut Field. Grown in cornfields for stock	15	50	1 50

### All 5 cents per packet.



Sir Walter Raleigh Potatoes

### POTATOES Grown Expressly for Seed (Barrels) Patatas

**Culture.**—Three to four barrels to the acre, 1 peck for 100 foot row. In order to have the best success in growing Potatoes, it is necessary to plant as early as the ground can be made ready. Select a rich soil, neither dry nor wet. Cut the potatoes into chunky pieces of one quarter or so, not thin slices, and plant in rows 3 feet apart, and the sets 1 foot in the rows and about 4 inches deep. If wood-ashes and plaster can be procured, sow a good dressing over the field after the Potatoes are up. If a very early crop is desired, it will be necessary to sprout the Potatoes before planting. Cut the Potatoes into pieces of any size desirable, and place in a warm, light room for four to six weeks before required for planting in the open ground. During this time shoots will start out strong and vigorous, so that, as soon as planted, they will send out roots and grow much more rapidly than those treated in the ordinary way. Another method is to place the sets in a hotbed two weeks before they are wanted and then lift carefully, so as not to break the sprouts, and set out on fresh horse dung, so that the heat will cause them to start at once. For diseases and pests in general, beginning when the plants are up 6 to 8 inches, spray with a mixture of Bordeau and Paris Green every two weeks or so. If the Colorado Potato beetle makes its appearance the vines must be dusted with Paris Green mixed with about 80 parts of plaster; or what is better, mix the Paris Green in water, one small tablespoonful to a pailful, and apply with a small brush or proom. Take care to stir the mixture often, or else the Paris Green will settle to the bottom. Two or three applications during the season will usually suffice to clean off all the beetles.

These are prices ruling January 1st; later on they may be higher and are subject to change without notice. We ship Potatoes entirely at Customer's risk.

One Barrel weighs 165 Pounds Net. One Bu	shel 60	Pounds	Net.		
EARLY POTATOES	S				
<b>NOROTON BEAUTY.</b> The finest and most productive extra early	$\frac{1}{2}$ pk.	Pk.	$\frac{1}{2}$ bus.	Bus.	Bbl.
Potato grown. Handsomer in appearance and more uniform in					
shape than any other sort. Its table quality is superb. Original					
stock. Crop uncertain, prices not fixed yet					
Thorburn's Beauty of Hebron. Slightly flesh-colored skin,					
with pure white flesh. Early, very productive and of the	<b>CO 7</b> 0	@1 00	@1 00	\$3 50	\$9 00
finest quality		\$1 00 1 00	\$1 90	3 50	
<b>Irish Cobbler.</b> Fine white; vigorous grower	70	1 00	1 90	3 50	9 00
<b>Early Rose.</b> Popular market sort; very early; fine quality; very	70	1 00	1 50	3 30	5 00
productive	70	1 00	1 90	3 50	9 00
INTERMEDIATE AND LATE	DOT	ATOE	C		
	TOI	AIOI	10		
Bliss' Triumph. Very early and very productive; round shape,	70	1 00	1 00	2.50	0.00
red color, resists disease well; good sort for the South. 10500	70	1 00	1 90	3 50	9 00
<b>Gold Coin.</b> A splendid main-crop variety of remarkable pro-					

ductiveness and finest table quality; slightly oblong form, light 1 00 1 90 3 50 golden skin; flesh pure white, fine-grained; cooks very dry.10520 We pay postage or express charges on all garden seeds bought by the packet, ounce or quarter-pound.

9 00

POTATOES, INTERMEDIATE AND LATE—Continued	
Carman No. 1. This most valuable Potato was introduced by us 1/2 pk. Pk. 1/2 bus. Bus.	Bbl.
in 1894, and it is a recognized high-class standard sort the world over. The finest second-early Potato ever offered 10530 \$0.70 \$1.00 \$1.90 \$3.50	00.00
over. The finest second-early Potato ever offered10530 \$0 70 \$1 00 \$1 90 \$3 50 Dibble's Russet. Best main-crop potato now in cultivation; round	\$9 00
to oblong in shape; of good size; pure white flesh, russet skin,	
few and shallow eyes; excellent quality; very productive and a	
good market variety; vînes rich dark green, very robust and	
extremely disease resistant	9 00
10560 70 1 00 1 90 3 50	9 00
Rural New Yorker. An old standard Potato. Very few and	5 00
shallow eyes; fine, pure white skin and flesh; immense yielder;	
fine table quality, cooking very mealy	9 00
heavy yielder	9 00

## **RADISH**

Radis et Rave

Rabanos y Rabanitos

Culture.—Sow as soon as the ground is dry in the spring in rows 8 to 12 inches apart, and 1/2 inch deep, every week or ten days for a succession up to the middle of June, after which they are but little used unless a cool northern spot can be had, where the ground is shaded during a part of the day. They should be sown in light rich soil, as a crisp Radish cannot be produced in heavy soils. Sow also in early fall for late crops and winter use. Sow 8 to 10 pounds to the acre, 1 oz. for 100 to 125 foot row. Radishes should be eaten when quite small; it is a mistake to let them grow too long and too large. This applies particularly to the Brench Breakfast and small turnin-shaped sorts. Varieties marked with an asterisk (\*\*) are best guited for

Frema	ench B	reakfas ardener	st and sm	all turnip-shaped sorts. Varietie	s marked with an asterisk	(*) are	best sui	ited for
	_			Very Early. The French Fav	orite 10690	Oz. \$0 20	½ lb.	Lb.
	"	"	"	Forcing. Crisp: very early	10600	φυ 20 20	\$0 50 60	\$1 75 2 00
*	"	"	"	white-tipped. Very early	; for frames or out-		00	2 00
	"	"	"	doors		20	50	1 75
*	"	"	"	White-tipped Forcing Cooper's Sparkler. Carmine,	with white tip 10720	20 20	60	2 00
	"	"	Deep So	earlet. Very early; crisp	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	20 20	60 50	2 00 1 75
	"	"	Deep S	carlet. Very early; crisp carlet Forcing. "Non plus Ul	tra." Tender and crisp;	20	50	1 13
			rich	, deep scarlet color		20	60	2 00
					*Turnip, Early SCARLET GLOBE- SHAPED. Fine for forcing or open ground. The Radishes are almostround, of a beautiful rich scarlet, very tender and crisp10810 Turnip, Early CRIMSON GIANT Forc- ing. Good also for outdoors, in spite of their large size these radishes are crisp	20	60	2 00
		- (			and solid 10820	20	65	2 25
100		1		of show	Turnip, Early	90	60	0.00
		1		J)V	White10842 Turnip, Early	20	60	2 00
	7- 1	1			Round White			
	and the state of the state of				Forcing or Box			
/	April .	1			10850	20	50	1 75
2000					Turnip, Large White Summer			
-					10860	20	60	2 00
100	· jan		19 31 1		Turnip, Early			
mail and		C - 1	61.1		Yellow. Extra	25	75	0 =0
*17	non -			Shaped Turnip Radish	early10890	25 20	75 60	2 50
T	тепс	n Bre	a ktast.	Pink and white, early	hands by the backet course			2 00
	we	pay pos	ииде от ех	cpres: charges on all garden seeds	oough by the packet, bance	or quar	iei-pour	u.

### RADISH—Continued

*Olive-shaped White Forcing (White Rocket). A forcing strain of French	Oz.	1/4 lb.	Lb.
Breakfast	\$0 20	\$0 60	\$2 00
Olive-shaped Scarlet	20	60	2 00
Half Long Deep Scarlet (Paris Beauty)	20	60	2 00
" " Forcing	20	65	2 25
" " White Tipped Forcing	20	60	2 00
<b>Half-Long Delicacy.</b> Half-long, smooth, snow-white; fine forcer	20	60	2 00
*Long Scarlet Short Top. Very long, crisp; for frames or outdoors 11180	. 20	65	2 25
Long Brightest Scarlet or Cardinal White-tipped	20	60	2 00
Long White Naples, or Shepherd. Slender; for summer use	20	60	$\frac{1}{2}$ 00
*Long White Vienna, or Lady Finger. Crisp and tender in summer11220	20	60	$\frac{1}{2}$ 00
Long Icicle. Pure white, of fine flavor; suitable for forcing	20	60	$\frac{1}{2} 00$
Long Cincinnati Market. An improved strain of Long Scarlet	20	50	1 75
Long Scarlet Chartier. Tipped white; splendid summer variety 11245	20	50	1 75
*Long Wood's Frame. Long, red, crisp and good forcer	20	60	2 00
Round Scarlet China. Fine for winter or summer. Matures in 6 to 8 weeks. 11290	20	50	1 75
*White Strasburg Summer. Very large; a popular favorite	15	50	1 50
*Winter Chinese. Oblong. Very handsome and distinct and keeps well 11380	20	50	1 75
Winter Long Black Spanish. The popular winter sort	20	50	1 75
Winter Half Long Black or Grey Spanish. Very fine strain	20	50	1 75
Oval Black Spanish. Shorter and more oval than the above	20	50	1 75
Winter Round Black Spanish. Fine Oz. 14 lb. Lb.			

for Winter......**11420** Sakurajima (Mammoth Japan). The largest sort in cultivation. Sow early in rich soil. In Japan it grows as much as 21 inches long and 43 inches in circumference. Thin well to allow of proper development.

\$0 20 \$0 65 \$2 25

11480 25 75 2 50

All 5 Cents per Packet.

### RHUBARB

Culture.—Sow seed in a coldframe, in a fine rich, sandy loam, about the first of March, in drills 4 inches apart. Keep the frames covered during the nights and cold days, so that the soil will not freeze, and in six to eight weeks the plants will be large enough to set in the open ground. Transplant to a rich and deep soil, and set in rows 12 inches apart and 12 inches in the row. The following spring transplant again to a permanent location, setting 4 to 5 feet apart each way. In good soil, Rhubarb is ready to use the second year from seed. When roots are set out, plant them 4 to 5 feet apart each way, and keep weeds down. If roots are used, a crop may be had after one season, which is much better than sowing seed where only a few plants for family use are needed. In the fall, the bed should have a thick dressing of .....11640 Each Per 10 ROOTS, of Victoria. Strong roots. \$0 25 \$2 00 11700

Transportation Charges Extra.

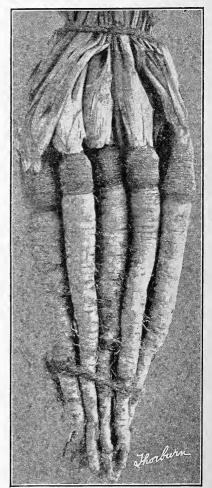
## SALSIFY, or VEGETABLE OYSTER

Salsifis Ostion Vegetal

Culture.—Sow as early as the ground can be worked in the spring, in drills 12 inches apart, 1 inch deep, and thin out to 6 inches in the row. Use 1 oz. to 60 foot row. Keep the plants free from weeds. Cultivate the same as carrots and parsnips. A part of the crop may be left in the ground till spring, when it will be found fresh and plump. The roots are cut into pieces ½ inch long, boiled until tender, and then served with drawn butter, in which way it is a delicious vegetable. They are also mashed and baked like parsnips, and have a sweet and agreeable flavor. Mashed and fried, the flavor is much like that of the oyster. Sow eight to ten pounds to the acre.

Long White French. 11840. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. 50 cts., 1/4 lb. \$1.50.

Mammoth Sandwich Island. Large. 11850. Pkt. 15 cts., oz. 50 cts., 1/4 lb. \$1.50.



Mammoth Sandwich Island Salsify

### **SORREL**

#### Oseille

#### Acedera

**Culture.**—Sow in spring in drills 18 inches apart, in a rich soil, and keep the flower-stems cut off as they appear. It remains in the ground year after year, and needs to be taken up and divided only once in four or five years. To be cut and cooked precisely like spinach; or it is excellent cooked with it, one-third sorrel to two-thirds spinach. It is also used for soups. Very nice to be eaten after it has become cool. Inasmuch as the hot sun tends to increase its acidity, a northern exposure is preferable.

Oz. 16 lb.



nortner	n exposure is prei	erable.	Oz.	1/4 lb.
Garden,	Large French,	11930	\$0.30	\$1 00
"	Mammoth Lyon White		25	75
" (	Golden-leaved Lyons	11944	30	90
ш	Chambourcy. A large-leaved sort	desirable	30	85
	All 10 cents	nar nacka	ŧ	

All 10 cents per packet.

### SWISS CHARD, or SILVER BEET

Silver Leaf. This is a Beet producing leaves only, of a quality superior to those of the ordinary Beet, and excellent as greens. Cultivate about the same as spinach, by sowing the seed in early spring in drills about a foot apart. As it grows, thin out for use, and keep clear of weeds if success is desired. When thinned out to 1 or 1½ feet apart in the rows, pull the leaves as required, leaving the interior head to grow again. Good cultivation will increase the delicacy and tenderness of the leaves. 1690. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 25 cts., ¼ lb., 75 cts., lb. \$2.50.

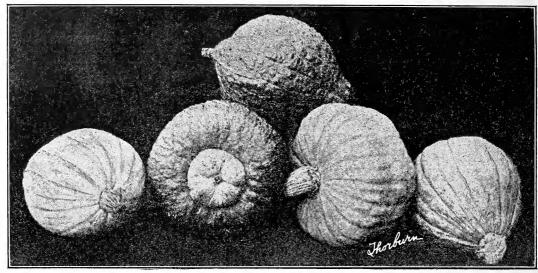
Giant Lucullus. Large, crinkled leaves; tender and of fine flavor; dark green; pure white ribs. 1700. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 30 cts., 1/4 lb. 85 cts., lb. \$3.00.

Giant Lucullus Swiss Chard

## **SPINACH**

**Culture.**—Sow in early spring, 1 inch deep, in drills a foot apart (10 to 12 pounds to the acre, 1 ounce to 100 foot drill), every two weeks for a succession, and, as it grows, thin out for use. Soil should be rich and light. For fall use, sow in August, and for winter crop in September. Cover that which is left out over winter with straw or leaves after the weather becomes quite cold. Keep clear of weeds. Sow the seeds of New Zealand in hills 2 feet apart each way, three or four seeds in a hill.

- 10 m 20 min 2 reet apart each way, three or rour becas and a min			
Round Viroflay (Thick-leaved). Has very large, thick, dark green leaves; the	Oz.	1/4 Lb.	Lb.
favorite market-gardeners' sort for fall or spring sowing	\$0 10	\$0 30	\$1 00
Long Season, Thorburn's. Stands longer before running to seed than any other			
sort except New Zealand12010	10	30	1 00
Round-leaved Flanders. A standard sort	10	30	1 00
Lettuce-leaved. Popular French sort	10	30	1 00
Curled-leaved Savoy, or Bloomsdale. Large curled and wrinkled leaves; tender and of finest flavor	10	30	1 00
Long-standing (Round Thick-leaved). Dark green; leaves large and thick; very long-standing. Best for spring growing	10	30	1 00
Victoria. Extra-dark, black-green color. Two or three weeks later than the ordinary "Long-standing." A fine variety for spring sowing12070	10	30	1 00
<b>Prickly,</b> or <b>Winter.</b> Vigorous and hardy; recommended for fall sowing 12080	10	35	1 25
Eskimo Giant. Dark green; large leaves	10	30	1 00
Triumph. An improved long standing sort	10	30	1 00
New Zealand Summer. Not a Spinach, but used as such. Grows 1½ feet high and is very prolific. Pick the leaves and shoots as wanted. It does well in hot summer weather; valuable for hot climates. Soak the seed in hot water before sowing.  All 5 cents per packet.	25	75	



Various Squashes

# **SQUASH**

Courge

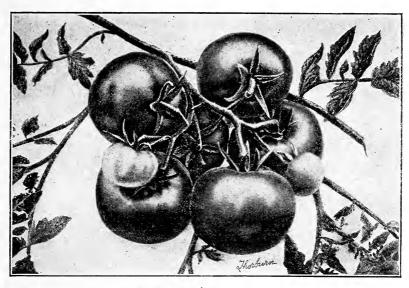
### Calabaza

**Culture.**—Sow in hills in the same manner and at the same time as cucumbers and melons, the bush varieties 3 to 4 feet apart, the running kinds from 6 to 9 feet apart. Four ounces to 100 hills for bush varieties and eight ounces for running varieties.

BUSH VARIETIES	Oz.	¼ Lb.
<b>Early Golden Bush.</b> Fine for summer; not so early as the White Bush	\$0 20	\$0 60
vellow flesh: fine quality	25	80
yellow flesh; fine quality	25	75
<b>Mammoth White Scallop Bush</b> (Silver Custard). Not so early as the former, but it		
produces larger fruits	25	75
prolific	25	75
Fordhook, White Bush. Oblong fruits, smooth, thin yellow skin	25 25	80 80
Summer Crookneck. Yellow fruit; distinct, best for summer	30	90
" " White fruit 12285	25	80
" White fruit		
smooth, dark green, marbled yellow or pale green	30	1 00
RUNNING VARIETIES		
Boston Marrow. Oval; bright orange; flesh yellow and fine	25	75
Cocoanut. A beautiful little Winter-Squash, the size of a cocoanut, cream-colored; fine		
quality; prolific	25	75
<b>Delicata.</b> Orange-yellow, striped green; small size, but very prolific; it is extra early, solid and a good keeper; flesh dry and of fine quality	25	80
<b>Delicious.</b> Green skin; orange flesh, fine-grained, sweet and dry	30	90
Fordhook Running. One of the best winter sorts; fine quality	25	80
<b>Hubbard.</b> Well known and liked for late use; an excellent sort for pies	30	90
"Golden or Red. Same as above, but with orange-red skin	30	90
" Mammoth Warted. Immense size, covered with warts	30	90
Mammoth Chili. Rich orange flesh, grows to an enormous size	25	75
Orange Marrow. Quite distinct; very early, and of most delicate flavor; suitable for fall	0.00	
and winter12570	25	75
Turban. Orange yellow flesh; good flavor	30	1 00
Early Prolific Marrow. Similar to Boston Marrow, but earlier: bright orange, delicate rich flavor, vigorous and very productive	25	<b>7</b> 5
Lagenaria leucantha Longissima. Known to some gardeners as "Cutcutza." 2 feet		
long, 3 inches in diameter, tapering to 2 inches Should be eaten when young12598	30	1 00
All 5 cents per packet		
777		7

### VEGETABLE MARROW

	Oz.	⅓ Lb.
English. True strain; cream colorpkt 10c. 12680	\$0.30	\$1.00
English.       True strain; cream color       pkt 10c. 12680         " White       pkt 10c. 12685	30	1 00
" " Green plzt 10c 19600	30	1 00
<b>ITALIAN</b> (COCOZEIIE (II Napoli). Crows about 20 inches long with a diameter of 2 or 4		1 00
inches. Skin smooth, dark green, marbled yellow or pale green. In Italy it is eaten		
when quite young	30	1 00



## **TOMATO**

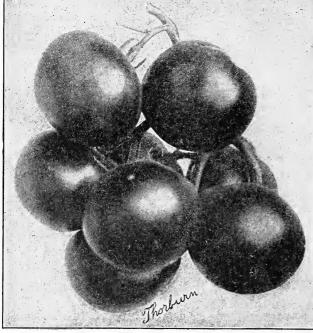
**Tomato** Tomate

Culture.—Sow in a hotbed in early spring, about ½ inch deep, or the seed may be sown in shallow boxes and placed in a window when one does not wish to have the trouble of making a hotbed. 1 ounce will produce 1,500 to 2,000 plants. Transplant to the open ground when all danger of frost is past, setting the plants 3 to 4 feet apart each way. Fruit may be had several weeks earlier by sowing seed quite early and transplanting into small pots. Tomatoes that have not ripened at the end of the season may be taken from the vines and placed in empty coldframes, or wrapped in tissue paper, and carefully packed in flat boxes—where a large proportion of them will ripen from time to time, frequently until Christmas.

The varieties marked * are best for forcing.		
	Oz.	1/4 Lb.
Acme. Medium size; smooth and good; crimson	\$0 45	\$1 50
*Atlantic Prize. Extra early; smooth; medium scarlet; good size	45	1 50
Beauty. Large, smooth, dark crimson; thick flesh; regular form	45	1 50
Bonny Best. Very early; scarlet; medium to full market size; even, smooth and regular;	10	1 00
	50	1 75
valuable for home garden or market	60	2 00
*Carter's Sunrise. Early and productive; medium-sized, bright scarlet fruits; smooth	00	2 00
and solid. For forcing or for outdoors	75	2 50
Chalk's Early Jewel. Fine, large, solid, smooth, scarlet; similar to Stone; early 12800	50	1 75
Coreless, Livingston's. Almost round; bright red; very productive. Ripens all over at	50	1 75
once and being almost free from green core it is an exceptionally fine slicing sort . 12810	50	1 75
	75	2 50
Crimson Cushion. Extra large; handsome; bright crimson		
Cluster, Thorburn's Improved. Bright scarlet; grows in bunches like grapes 12835	45	1 50
Dwarf Champion. Quite distinct; early; fruit like the Acme; crimson; of medium size;		1 75
good quality	50	1 75
Dwarf Giant. Largest-fruited of all dwarf sorts; crimson; firm flesh of delicious flavor.	4.5	1 50
Compact and vigorous grower	45	1 50
*Earliana. Extra early; cardinal-scarlet; smooth	50	1 75
Favorite. Large, smooth, productive and good shipper	45	1 50
Fordhook First. Early, crimson, smooth; solid; medium size; very profuse bearer. 12910	45	1 50
*Frogmore Selected. Medium Size; bright, deep red; smooth; very solid and fine-		. =0
flavored. An excellent sort for forcing under glass	45	1 50
All 10 cents per packet except where quoted otherwise.		

All 10 cents per packet except where quoted otherwise.

TOMATOES—Continued		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Oz.	1/4 Lb.
Freedom. Early; regular and uniform; bright scarlet	\$0 45	\$1 50
a good keeper. A standard variety which retains its popularity	50	1 75
and solid: fine: very early	50	1 75
<b>Ignotum.</b> Early, for so large a sort; deep red; smooth and prolific	45	1 50
<b>King of the Earlies.</b> One of the first to ripen; large; scarlet; fine for hot climates. 12985 <b>Lemon Queen.</b> Most desirable of the Yellow Tomatoes; skin and flesh lemon, with a	45	1 50
faint rose blush	45	1 50
Magnus. Purplish pink; firm flesh; large, uniform; early and productive	45	1 50
growth and prolific	60	2 00
Michigan Early. Large, scarlet; smooth and solid	45	1 50
Mikado. Crimson; large, smooth and solid	50	1 75
Noroton Forcing. Bright crimson; solid; very prolific; of uniform size, averaging about		



Noroton Forcing Tomato

	Noroton Forcing. Bright crimson; solid; very prolific; of uniform size, averaging about six to a pound. Valu-		
	six to a pound. Valuable forcer13045  Optimus. Medium size; cardinal-scarlet;	45	1 50
	smooth and solid; second early <b>13050</b>	45	1 50
<b>)</b>	Paragon. Cardinal-scar- let; round; very pro-	10	
	ductive13060  Perfection. Early, regular and productive;	45	1 50
	scarlet13070 Ponderosa. The largest	45	1 50
and the second of the second o	variety in cultivation; crimson, pkt.15c <b>13080</b>	75	2 50
Thornwan	RED ROCK. An improvement on the well-known stone. Exceedingly firmfleshed; very large size, and ripens evenly without cracking. The vine is a strong, vigorous grower and produces its fruit in	,	
Noroton Forcing Tomato	great profusion. 13084  Ruby Early. Very early; large size; color bright	45	1 50
14010ton Forcing Tomato	scarlet13110	45	1 50
<b>Stone, Thorburn's.</b> Very large, perfectly smooth; fine dark s <b>Stone Dwarf.</b> In fruit resembling Dwarf Champion, but with		45	1 50

45

45

45

45

45

50

1 50

1 50

1 50

1 50

1 50

1 75

### SMALL-FRUITED TOMATOES

F	For pickling and preserving. Also invaluable for garnishing.		
Red Cherry. Small fr	ruits, used for pickles; very handsome	13300 60	
" Currant. Resen	mbles the currant. Useful for preserves, pickles and exhi	bition 13310 60	

Success. Large; bright scarlet; smooth and solid; productive. Plant strong and thrifty

**Thorburn's Long-Keeper.** Bright red; early and productive; fine keeper........13194

Trophy. Very solid; standard late; fine canner; dark scarlet. A particularly vigorous and 

Trucker's Favorite. Crimson, large, smooth and very regular in form; solid......13210

All 10 cents per packet, except where quoted otherwise.

### TOMATOES—Continued

	Oz.
Red Peach. Resembling a peach; for preserves, pickles and exhibition	\$0 60
" Pear. Fruit handsome and solid; fine for preserves	60
" Plum Bright red: round: regular: for pickles	60
Strawberry (Winter Cherry or Husk Tomato) Yellow. Makes fine sauce	60
Yellow Cherry. For pickles and preserves	60
" Peach. Beautiful clear yellow; perfectly resembles a peach. 13370	60
" Pear. Handsome, yellow, pear-shaped fruits	60
" Plum. Round and regular; bright yellow; used for pickles 13390	60
	00
All 10 cents per packet, except where quoted otherwise	

## **TURNIP**

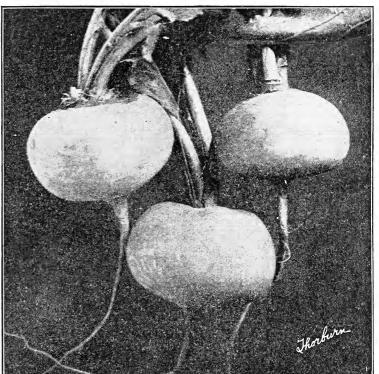
Navet Nabo

Culture.—For early Turnips, sow as soon as the ground opens in spring. Nos. 13854 to 13930 should be sown from any time in July to first of August; but the other kinds, for winter use, may be sown from the middle of July to the end of August. Turnips are generally sown broadcast but much larger crops are obtained (particularly of the Rutabagas) by cultivating in drills 18 inches apart, and thinning to 6 inches in the drill. Sow in drills, one pound to the acre, 1 oz. to 150 ft. drill; broadcast, two to three pounds to the acre.

# WHITE VARIETIES

Cow Horn. Long, white, in shape resembling a cow's horn, **13500**, oz. 25c., ½ lb., 75c., lb. \$2.50.

Farly Snowball. Small, and of rapid growth; pure white, 13510, oz. 25c., ½ lb. 85 c., lb. \$3.00



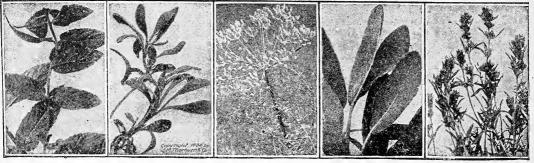
Early Snowball Turnip Early Teltow. Very small, early, distinct flavor, fine for pickling, 13520, oz. 20c., ¼ lb. 60c., lb. \$2.00. Globe-shaped Red-top. A standard sort in the New York market....13530 Oz. 1/4 Lb. Lb. \$3 00 2 00 2 75 \$ 30 \$0 85 2060 75 30 2 25 25 3 00 3 00 2 00 2 50 2 50 3 00 20 25 25 25 25 60 75 75 YELLOW VARIETIES

Aberdeen Yellow.Hardy, productive and a good keeper13750Amber Globe.Fine, sweet, light yellow sort13755Golden Ball.Very handsome; keeps fairly well13780

### TURNIP—Continued

### RUTABAGA

	Oz.	1/4 Lb.	Lb.
Budlong White Rock. Very early, round and white	\$0.25	\$0.75	\$2.50
Thorburn's Family. For family use	25	85	
Champion Purple Top. Very large	25	75	2 50
White Rutabaga	25	75	2 50
Yellow Perfection. Extra fine	25	75	2 50
All 5 cents per packet			



Peppermint

Lavender

Sweet Fennel

Sage

Summer Savory

# Seeds of Pot, Sweet and Medicinal Herbs

·	Pkt.	Oz.	1/4 Lb.
Agrimony. For medicinal purposes	\$0 25		, -
Angelica, Garden. For flavoring wines and cakes. Archangelica officinalis. 14010	10	\$0 50	
Anise. Seeds aromatic and carminative	10	30	
Balm. For culinary purposes	10	50	
Basil, Sweet. Culinary herb used for flavoring			
Souds, etc. Ocimum Basilicum. 14050	10	25	
Basil, Dwarf or Bush, Culinary herb. Ocimum minimum. 14060	10	50	
Belladonna. Used for Medicine	25		
<b>Bene.</b> The leaves are used for dysentery	10	20	
Borage. Leaves used as a salad			
20 <b>240</b>			
Caraway. For sowing. Used in flavoring liquors			
and bread	10	50	
and bread			
lb., \$1.00 <b>14130</b>	05	10	
<b>Dill, Mammoth.</b> Seeds used for flavoring vinegar.			
Larger than the ordinary variety	10	20	60
<b>Elecampane.</b> Has tonic and expectorant qualities. <i>Inula Helenium</i> 14160	25		
Fennel, Sweet. Seeds aromatic; for flavoring Anethum Foeniculum 14170	10	20	
" Florence. In flavor resembling celery Anethum Foeniculum 14180	10	25	75
<b>Hemlock.</b> Has medicinal qualities. PoisonousConium maculatum 14210	25	1 00	
Henbane. Has medicinal qualities. Poisonous Hyoscyanus niger 14220	10	50	
Horehound. Has medicinal qualities	10	50	
Hyssop. Has medicinal qualities	10	60	
Lavender. True. For oil and distilled water Lavandula vera14250	25	1 00	
" Possessing qualities as above in a lesser	10		
degree	10	50	
Marigold Pot. Single. For medicinal purposes Calendula officinalis 14280	10	25	75
Marjoram, Sweet. Is used in seasoningOriganum Majorana14290	25	1 00	
" Pot. Used in seasoning	25 25		
Mint. Peppermint	25 25		
" Curled	25 25	1 00	
Pennyroyal. Has medicinal qualities	20	1 00	
Sage, Broad-Leaf. A culinary herb; also used in medicine	25	1 00	3 00
	20	1 00	0 00
" Red. Used as a culinary herb; also in medi-	10	50	
cine	10	30	
medicine	10	50	
Savory, Summer. Is used as a culinary herb. Satureja hortensis. 14390	10	50	
"Winter. Is used as a culmary herb	10	50	
Tansy. Generally used in bitters	15	75	
We hav postage or express charges on all garden seeds hought by the backet, ounce			d

CATALOGUE OF HIGH-CLASS SE	ED	S	51
Tarragon. True. Does not produce seed. Roots in fall and spring. 35c. each, \$3.50 per doz	Pkt. 10 10 10	Oz. \$0 60 75 60	14 Lb. \$2 00 2 50
TOBACCO SEED			
Climax. A cross between Burley and Sterling; fine bright variety.  Connecticut Seed Leaf. The popular sort, used for cigar wrappers.  Conqueror. Superb bright yellow	14620 14622 14626 14628	Oz. \$0 50 50 50 50 50	14 Lb. \$1 50 1 50 1 50 1 50 1 50
Abajo" <b>Hester Improved.</b> Yellow; fine for cigars. Adapted to a greater variety of soils	14630	60	2 00
and to a wider range of latitude than most other yellow sorts	14634	50	1 50
surprisingly fine texture, taking size into consideration	14650	50	1 50
some shape, fine texture and good body  "Vellow. A reliable old yellow variety  "Sweet. Plants of medium size; leaf is long and somewhat narrow, fine-	14662 14664	50 50	1 50 1 50
grained and of sweet flavor.  Pennsylvania Seed Leaf. A first-class standard cigar variety.  Persian Rose. Fine, may be relied upon to make fine cigars.  Pryor, Blue. The genuine James River favorite.  Yellow. Preferred by many for brights; succeeds where the other yellow	14668 14670 14680 14690	50 50 50 50	1 50 1 50 1 50 1 50
sorts fail.  Safrano. Rich saffron-yellow color; soft silky texture and fine flavor. Sterling. The newest and brightest of the yellow type, and the earliest to ripen. Sumatra. Imported; well-known sort; needs no description.  Turkish. Imported. Needs no description.  Tuckahoe. Extra fine, long leaf; fine for wrappers.	14700 14710 14720 14724 14728 14734	50 50 50 1 75 1 75 1 75	1 50 1 50 1 50 6 00 6 00 6 00 1 50
Virginia Oak Hill Yellow. Resembles White Burley in color and Oronoka in shape and habit. Unsurpassed in delicacy of fiber	14740	50 50	1 50 1 50
ribs	14756	50 50	1 50 1 50
Yellow Mammoth. Large yielder	old	30	1 50
BIRD SEED, ETC.			4.3
are those ruling as we go to press, and may be higher or lower as the seaso		now q ances.	
and transportation charges extra.  Canary Seed, Plain. Best grade			Lb. \$0.12
Canary Seed, Mixed. Best grade. 25 Rape			. 20
Sorghum, Mixed (Kaffir Corn). For pigeons, etc 25 lbs. \$2.50, 50 lbs. \$4.50  Lettuce Seed			. 60
VEGETABLE PLANTS			
We shall have some of the standard sorts at their proper seasons			
ESCULENT PLANTS AND ROOTS	Per 10	100	1000
Artichoke Roots, Jerusalem per qt., 25 c., per bushel, \$5.00 Asparagus Roots. Plant either in fall or spring.  Colossal. Two years old; in bundles of 50. 50 for 60 cts.  "Three years old 50 50 for \$1.00  "Four years old; for forcing 50 for 1.25  Giant Argenteuil. Two years old 50 for 75 cts.  "Three years old 50 for \$1.00  Palmetto. Two years old; in bundles of 50 50 for \$1.00  Palmetto. Two years old; in bundles of 50 50 for 60 cts.  Columbian Mammoth. Two years old 50 for 75 cts.  Barr's Mammoth. Two years old 50 for 60 cts.  Chicory. (Witloof, French Endive). Fine strong roots for forcing. See page 27.  Chive Plants. Plant early in spring per bunch, 25 cts.  Horse-Radish Roots. Cut in pieces. Plant in spring 50 50 for 75 cts.  Rhubarb Roots. Strong. 62 cts.  Tarragon Plants. (Estragon) 63 cts.	\$0 15 2 00 3 00	\$1 00 1 50 2 00 1 25 1 50 1 00 1 25 1 00 5 00 1 25	\$9 00 14 00 18 00 11 00 14 00 9 00 11 00 9 00

## HORTICULTURAL BOOKS

### ALL CAREFULLY SELECTED STANDARD WORKS

### Delivered free in the United States

### Kindly Order by Number

3	Alfalfa. Illustrated. By F. D. Co- burn\$0 60	115	Flower-Garden, How to Make a. By many experts. 200 illustrations 2	2 00
5	Asparagus. By Dr. F. M. Hexamer 60	123	Forage Crops, Other Than Grasses. By Thomas Shaw. Practical. Illus.	
6	A B C of Gardening. Flowers, Bulbs and Lawns. By Rexford 50		287 pages 1	l 25
7	A B C of Vegetable Gardening. By Rexford	127	Forcing Book, The. By L. H. Bailey. How to grow vegetables under glass. Cloth	1 50
9	Bees, How to Keep. By A. D. Comstock	129	Fruit-Garden, How to Make a. By S. W. Fletcher. 182 illustrations 2	2 00
13	Botany. The Story of Plant-Life. By Julia McNair Wright	131	<b>Fumigation Methods.</b> By Willis G. Johnson. A practical treatise 1	1 00
17	Cabbage, Cauliflower and Allied Vegetables. By C. L. Allen. Cloth. Illustrated	147	Garden-making. By L. H. Bailey. All the information wanted by every-	. 00
19	Carnations and Pinks. By J. H. Cook, James Douglas and J. F.		one who buys a single packet of seeds or grows one plant. Illus	l 75
21	McLeod. 8 colored plates	150	Garden Steps. By Ernest Cobb. A Manual for the Amateur in Vegetable Gardening. Illus	60
25	Children's Gardens, for Pleasure, Health and Education. By H. G. Parsons	161	Hedges, Windbreaks, Shelters and Live Fences. By E. P. Powell. The planting, growth and management of	
27	Chrysanthemums. By Thomas Stevenson. 8 colored plates 80	168	hedge plants	60
29	Clovers and How to Grow Them. By Thomas Shaw. Cloth. Illustrated. 337 pages	100	Kruhm. A practical guide for the beginner and small home gardener as well as the commercial gardener	1 00
33	Corn, The Book of.         By Herbert           Myrick	171	House Plants. By Parker Thayer Barnes. Cloth. Illus	1 25
43	Daffodils.By Rev. Joseph Jacob.8 colored plates	175	How Crops Grow. By Prof. S. W.	
44	Dahlias. By George Gordon. 8 colored plates	177	How to Grow Vegetables. By Allen	1 50
45	Daffodils—Narcissus and How to Grow Them. By A. M. Kirby 1 25		French. Practical from the ground up. Cloth. 12 mo. 304 pages. 150 illustrations.	1 75
49 55	Farm Animals. By E. V. Wilcox 2 00 Farm-Book, The New American.	179	How to Plan the Home Grounds.	
61	Allen		By Samuel Parsons, Jr. Cloth, 56 Illus	1 00
	By Prof. W. J. Spillman. A practical treatise 1 00	185	Mrs. William Starr Dana. Illus	2 00
67	Farm and Garden Rule Book. By L. H. Bailey. A manual of ready rules and references. Cloth 587 pages. 2 25	189		1 50
71	Farm Management. By F. W. Card. Accounts, business, marketing, etc. Illus	191	<b>Iris.</b> By C. S. Harrison. A manual. Description, classification, propagation and cultivation	25
77	Farming, The First Book of. By C. L. Goodrich. A practical handbook	193	Landscape Gardening. By S. Parsons, Jr., late superintendent of Parks, N. Y. City	3 50
89 95	Fertilizers. By Prof. E. B. Voorhees. 1 50 Fertility of the Land, The. By Prof.	197	Lawns and How to Make Them. By Leonard Barron	
101	I. P. Roberts, Cornell University 1 50  Flowers, How to Grow Them. By	205	Lessons and Manual in Botany. By Prof. Asa Gray. Illus. 800 pages	
	Rexford50	209	Mushrooms, How to Grow. Falconer.	
105	Flower-Garden, The. By Ida D. Bennett	211	Lilies. By A. Grove. 8 colored plates.	80

### HORTICULTURAL BOOKS—Continued

### Kindly Order by Number

213	Manual of Gardening. By L. H. Bailey. A practical guide to the making of home grounds and the growing of flowers, fruits, and vegetables for home use, preparing the ground, handling the land, enriching the land, pruning, tree surgery, insecticide spraying formulas, treatment for insects, plant diseases, perennials, bulbs and tubers\$2	265 271 277	Roses and How to Grow Them. By many experts. Deals with American practice, outdoors and under glass. Cloth. Illus	1	23
217	Market Gardening. By F. L. Yeaw formerly Professor of Market Gardening, Mass. Agrl. College	283	Soiling Crops and the Silo. By Shaw. Cultivating and harvesting. How to build and use a silo. Cloth. Illus.		
215	Nursery Book, The. By L. H. Bailey. Budding, grafting, seed-sowing, etc 1 75	289	Soils, How to Handle and Improve.		50
219	Onion Culture, The New. By T. Greiner		By Fletcher. Crash-cloth. 100 photographs	2	00
225	Orchard and Fruit-Garden. By E. P. Powell. 1 25	295	Spraying of Plants, The. By E. C. Lodeman		50
227	Orchids. By James O'Brien. 8 colored plates 80	311	Sweet Peas and Their Culture. By C. H. Curtis, Secretary National		
229	Ornamental Gardening for Americans. By Elias H. Long 1 50	313	Sweet Peas. By Horace J. Wright. 8		55
230	Paeony. A manual on propagation and cultivation. By C. S. Harrison 25	314	colored plates		80
231	Plant Breeding. By L. H. Bailey. Treats of crossing, hybridizing, pollination, etc	315	Hunt. Just the book for a beginner <b>Tobacco-Culture.</b> Full practical de-	1	50
232	Pansies and Violets. By William Cuthbertson. 8 colored plates 80	321	tails  Tree Book, The. By Julia Ellen		25
233	Phlox. A manual. How to grow them. By C. S. Harrison	021	Rogers. Manual of North American trees. Cloth. Illus. 16 color plates and nearly 350 photos		00
237	Potato, The. By Fraser. Cloth. 200 pages	325	Tree Shrubs and Herbaceous Per-	•	
241	Practical Potato-Culture. A valuable book, recommended by the Penn. Department of Agriculture. The author touches upon everything pertaining to the potato growing, whether it be little or big, the marketing, storing, and diseases, including hints on raising vegetables for the home garden. A practical guide for the potato grower. By E. A. Rogers50		ennials. By Kirkegaard. It contains just such information as one requires in making the best selection of varieties and to care properly for trees and other plants, and for lawns and gardens. The many plants that are worth while are authoritatively described. Flowering season of each plant is given, its ultimate height, color of bloom, etc., etc. Helpful articles on income season proping		
243	Practical Garden Book, The. Directions for growing the commonest plants. By L. H. Bailey and C. S. Hunn		articles on insects, spraying, pruning, trimming, cultivating and the preparation of soils. Contains lists of Trees, Shrubs, Vines and Flowers adapted for various special purposes. Illustrated.		
245	Practical Gardening. By Professor Hugh Findlay. With many illustra-		An every-day reference book for every lover of plants		70
249	tions	331	Truck-Farming at the South. By Oemler		00
255	Principles of Plant-Culture. By Prof. E. S. Groff. A first-class instruc-	339	Vegetable-Garden, The. By Ida D. Bennett	1	25
259	tion book in horticulture	343	<b>Vegetable Garden, How to Make a.</b> By E. I. Fullerton. 250 illustrations.	2	00
	A manual of pruning and training. Cloth	355	Water-Lilies and How to Grow Them. By H. Hus and H. S. Conard.	1 :	25
263	Rhododendrons and Azaleas. By William Watson	365	Woman's Hardy Garden, A. By Helena Rutherford Ely	1 '	75



Lawns like this can be produced by sowing Thorburn's Lawn Grass Seed

## About Lawns and Lawn Grass Seed

Formation of Lawns from Seed

There is nothing more attractive than a well-kept lawn.

Many things are to be considered in connection with the making and proper care of lawns. A good lawn

cannot be made in one season, success coming only through intelligent care for a period of years.

The ground should be thoroughly drained and well prepared. The soil ought not to be too rich, as a rapid growth is not wanted in the grasses of a lawn; but the surface should be as much alike in quality as possible and thoroughly pulverized. After sowing, the ground should be rolled and cross-rolled in order to press the seed firmly into the soil, and ten days or so thereafter a light application of Thorburn's Lawn Fertilizer, mixed with an equal quantity of good loam or sand, will serve to stimulate the growth of the young grasses. The proper time to sow grass seed depends, of course, upon the latitude. In the central and eastern states from March 15 to the middle of May is the best time; but in favorable seasons the sowing may be done up to July 1. Seed may also be sown in the Fall, from the latter part of August to the end of September. The sowing should be done when the ground is moist, or before an expected rain, and a subsequent rolling is always advisable. As to weeds in newly-made lawns, it may not be generally known that many weed seeds actually lie dormant in the ground for six or seven years and will germinate and make their appearance when the soil is turned up. The annual wild grasses, such as crab grass or Summer grass, must be pulled up by the roots before they ripen their seed in the Fall.

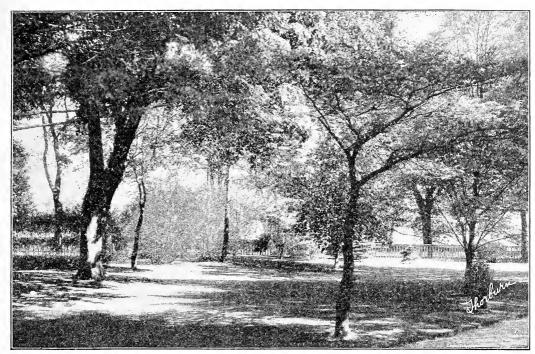
**Rolling.**—As soon as the frost is out of the ground in the Spring, the land should be gone over with a heavy roller. Winter frosts loosen the soil, and rolling is necessary to compress it again. Roll frequently.

Mowing.—All turf-forming grasses are improved, both in vigor of root-growth and in fineness of texture, by frequent mowings. It is impossible to say just how often the grass should be mown, as that depends upon the rate at which it grows. Too close cutting should be guarded against, however, especially during the hot Summer months, when the roots require some top-growth to protect them from the burning sun. A good top growth is also necessary to protect the roots from severe Winter frosts.

To Grass a Bank or a Terrace.—For each square rod, take a pound of Terrace Lawn Grass Seed and mix it thoroughly with 6 cubic feet of good, dry garden loam; place in a tub, and add liquid manure, diluted with about two-thirds of water, so as to bring the whole to the consistency of mortar. The slope must be made perfectly smooth, and then well watered, after which the paste should be applied, making it as even

and thin as possible.

It is a good plan to sow on good land, in any out-of-the-way place, strips for sod to be used for patching poor parts of the lawn, or for grass borders, etc. The best mixture of seed for this purpose is Cynosurus cristatus (Crested Dog's-tail), Kentucky Blue Grass and Fancy Red Top.



This Lawn was sown with Thorburn's Lawn Grass Seed Mixture for Shady Spots

## Lawn Grass Seed Mixtures

Prices of all Lawn Grasses include free delivery in the United States by mail, express, or freight, at our option.

### THE THORBURN LAWN GRASS SEED

Many of the finest lawns in America were produced from this mixture. It is composed exclusively of permanent grasses that will make a finer and thicker turf the older they become, and yet give a rich greensward in three or four weeks from the time of sowing. Sow at the rate of 80 to 100 pounds to the acre. One pound of our Lawn Grass Seed will sow a plot of 400 or 500 square feet.

½ Lb\$0 30	2 Lbs\$1 00	10 Lbs\$3 50
1 Lb 55	5 Lbs 2 00	25 Lbs 8 00
	100 Lbs30 00	

#### Thorburn's Lawn Grass Seed for the South

A mixture of grasses that stand extremes of heat and drought well, will grow and thrive vigorously under these conditions and are therefore peculiarly adapted for Southern lawns.

1 Lb\$0	65	10 Lbs	.\$4	50
2 Lbs 1	25	25 Lbs		
5 Lbs 2		100 Lbs	.37	00

### Thorburn's Lawn-Restoring Grass Seed

A mixture of grasses peculiarly suited to take firm hold and grow quickly on hard, worn-out or burned spots. The best time to re-sow such places is very early in the Spring; but seed may also be sown with good results in the Fall from the first of September to the first of October. Some Lawn-restoring Grass Seed should also be sown before every Summer rain on thin places.

1 Lb\$0	65	10 Lbs\$ 4	50
2 Lbs 1	25	25 Lbs 10	
5 Lbs 2	50	100 Lbs 37	00

## Thorburn's Grass Mixture for Under Trees and Shady Spots on Lawns

A mixture of grasses that thrive in shaded situations, under trees or close to walls.

1 Lb. \$0 60 10 Lbs. \$4 00
2 Lbs. 1 10 25 Lbs. 9 00
5 Lbs. 2 25 100 Lbs. 33 00

### Thorburn's Lawn Grass Mixture for the Seashore

### Terrace Lawn Grass Seed

A mixture of fine, stoloniferous grasses peculiarly adapted to terraces.

1 Lb	\$0 60	10 Lbs	\$ 4	00
2 Lbs		25 Lbs	9	00
5 Lbs		100 Lbs	33	00

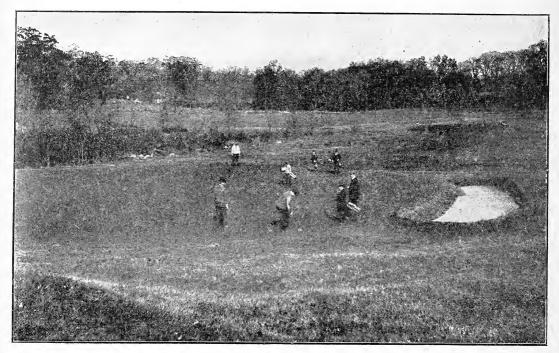


Photo of part of Wee-Burn Golf Course made from seed supplied by us

# Permanent Grass Seed for Golf-Links, Tennis-Courts, Polo-Grounds, etc.

We have devoted much attention to the seeding and preservation of golf-links, tennis-courts and pologrounds, and offer the following mixtures, which have been used on many of the finest links, etc., in this country, with very satisfactory results.

Bags at Cost and Transportation Extra.

Prices Subject to Market Fluctuations During the Season.

### Polo-Grounds Mixture

A mixture of fine leaved and deep-rooting grasses forming a strong and lasting turf that will stand hard usage.

25 Lbs......\$9 00 100 Lbs.....\$35 00

## Tennis-Court Mixture

A mixture of extra-fine grasses peculiarly adapted to tennis-courts. This mixture will make a firm, green and lasting turf of the finest texture, that will improve with the trampling it receives.

1 Lb	60	60	10 Lbs\$	4	00
2 Lbs	1	10	25 Lbs	9	00
5 Lbs	2	25	100 Lbs 3	3	00

### GOLF LINKS

### Fair-Green Mixture

For the grounds in general.

25 Lbs......\$9 00 100 Lbs.....\$35 00

## Putting-Green Mixture

Our own special formula as furnished all the leading golf clubs in America. A mixture of extra-fine *highest-grade* grasses, that will make a close, firm, green and lasting turf which will improve with trampling.

5 Lbs\$2	50	25 Lbs\$11	00
10 Lbs 4	50	100 Lbs 40	00

## Grass Mixture for Railroad Banks, Etc.

A mixture of grasses with long, interlacing, matting roots that will bind steep embankments, gravelly or sandy slopes, etc., preventing washouts by rainstorms and covering with permanently green turf.

1 Lb\$	0 55	10 Lbs	\$ 3 50
2 Lbs	1 10	25 Lbs	8 00
5 Lbs	2 00	100 Lbs	30.00

# Grass Seed Mixtures for Meadows and Pastures

It is a well-ascertained fact that thicker and more prolonged growth is produced by a mixture of many sorts of grasses than by only one or two. For every different kind and condition of soil there are grasses that are especially suitable. Some sorts do best on high ground and in dry weather; others prefer plenty of moisture. Some mature so early and others so late that from the beginning of Spring until Winter sets in there is no time when one species or another is not at its best. Grass seed may be sown either early in Spring or in Fall from the first of September to the middle of October; in this latitude the best time to sow meadow grass seed is during the late Summer and early Fall, that being the natural seeding time for grass. This will, of course, not give very much of a crop the following year; the grass will be fine and thick, but rather short, and not a heavy yield. The best meadows are seeded alone, without any "nurse" crop, while if seeded with Rye, that crop being the stronger and quicker grower will monopolize the ground so that it will be another year before much of a crop of grass can be had.

For over a hundred years our house has made a specialty of grasses. We were probably the first to introduce to this country, for commercial distribution, the many valuable natural and cultivated foreign species that now take such an important part in our agricultural economy. The formation of permanent pastures and meadows has, for many years, been a subject of careful study with us, and the following formulæ for seeding grass-lands have received universal recognition. The quantities given are the minimum, and may often be increased to advantage.

### PRICES SUBJECT TO MARKET FLUCTUATIONS DURING THE SEASON WITHOUT NOTICE

### MEADOW MIXTURES FOR ONE ACRE

### No. 1. On Good Land, neither Too Dry nor Too Wet

8 lbs. Fancy Red Top.

1/2 " Perennial Sweet Vernal. Chewing's Fescue.

 $1\overline{0}$ Perennial Rye Grass.

Timothy. 17 2

" Red Clover. Alsike Clover.

40 lbs. \$10.00.

Sow 40 lbs. to the acre.

#### No. 2. On High and Dry Land

8 lbs. Fancy Red-Top. 1 " Tall Meadow Oat Grass.

Crested Dog's-Tail.

 $\frac{2}{2}$ Orchard Grass.

Chewing's Fescue.  $1\bar{3}$ Timothy.

Red Clover

Kentucky Blue Grass.

Alsike Clover.

40 lbs. \$12.00.

Sow 40 lbs. to the acre.

### No. 3. On Wet Late Land

12 lbs. Fancy Red-Top.

Orchard Grass. 2 Meadow Fescue.

Kentucky Blue Grass.

Perennial Rye Grass. 12

Timothy. 5

1 Red Clover.

Alsike Clover.

40 lbs. \$11.25.

Sow 40 lbs. to the acre.

### PASTURE MIXTURES FOR ONE ACRE

### No. 4. On Good Land, neither Too Dry nor Too Wet

7 lbs. Fancy Red-Top.

Kentucky Blue Grass.

Orchard Grass.

12 Perennial Rye Grass. "

 $\frac{1}{2}$ Timothy. " Red Clover.

40 lbs. \$12.25.

Sow 40 lbs, to the acre.

### No. 5. On Dry Land

5 lbs. Fancy Red-Top.

Orchard Grass.

10 Timothy. 10 66 Perennial Rye Grass.

Red Clover.

Kentucky Blue Grass.

Chewing's Fescue.

40 lbs. \$11.75.

Sow 40 lbs. to the acre

### No. 6. On Wet Land

10 lbs. Fancy Red-Top.

10 Orchard Grass.

Red Clover. 12 Perennial Rye Grass.

" Timothy.

Kentucky Blue Grass.  $\frac{3}{2}$ Alsike Clover.

40 lbs. \$12.25.

Sow 40 lbs. to the acre.

The various Grasses used in the above mixtures are fully described on the following pages.

We are always glad to make up Special Mixtures, and are pleased to answer inquiries as to the best grasses for different purposes and for sowing on various soils under varying climatic conditions.

# **Grass Seeds**

We desire to call particular attention to the fact that Grass Seeds are sold in the trade by sample, and each sort is divided into three or four grades of quality, according to purity, germination and weight. The price of the best grade is often double that of the ordinary. The Grass Seeds here offered by us are in every case the VERY HIGHEST GRADE.

Not less than one pound of any one sort sold

### PRICES SUBJECT TO MARKET FLUCTUATIONS DURING THE SEASON WITHOUT NOTICE

The weight per bushel, where given, is average actual weight

AGROSTIS TENUIS (Rhode Island Bent Grass). Resembles Red Top (A. vulgaris, described below), but is of dwarfer habit, with shorter and narrower leaves. It makes a beautiful, close, fine turf, and is one of the very best grasses for lawns in mixture with other sorts. It adapts itself to almost any soil, rich and moist, or dry, sandy and sterile. 60 pounds of seed to the acre is recommended for lawns. (16 pounds to the bushel.) We find it is impossible to procure pure seed of the R. I. Bent this year. All samples show an admixture of other grasses.

AGROSTIS MARITIMA OR AGROSTIS STO-LONIFERA, TRUE (Creeping Bent, or South German Fiorin). The only true Creeping Bent Grass. The distinctive feature of this species is, as the name implies, its compact, creeping, rooting stems. It is of rapid growth and spreading habit, and the stoloniferous roots which it sends down into the soil form a strong, enduring turf that is positively improved by constant trampling. The other varieties of Agrostis are distinguished from this sort by their flattened, parallel surface roots. Being of fine texture, it is most valuable for lawns and putting-greens. If sown alone, 60 pounds to the acre should be used. As the true seed of Creeping Bent Grass comes from Germany only, it is impossible to secure any until conditions abroad are more settled.

AGROSTIS PALUSTRIS or AGROSTIS ALBA (Red-Top; Herd's Grass). Unhulled. A very hardy, native perennial grass, succeeding best on moist land. It accommodates itself to a variety of soils, however, even to dry situations, and stands our hot climate admirably. It is, perhaps, the most permanent grass we have, and it enters largely into the composition of our best natural pastures. It remains green for the greater part of the year, and its long, trailing stems form a very close, matting turf that is not affected by trampling. Sow 75 pounds to the acre. Lb.....\$0 20 25 Lbs......\$ 4 50

10 Lbs..... 2 00 100 Lbs...... 17 00 RED-TOP GRASS, FANCY HEAVY. Extra recleaned. Absolutely clean and free from chaff. Sow about 50 pounds to the acre.

Lb.....\$0 35 25 Lbs......\$ 6 50 10 Lbs..... 3 00 100 Lbs...... 24 00

ALOPECURUS PRATENSIS (Meadow Foxtail). One of the best permanent pasture grasses for rich, moist soil. Its chief characteristics are its earliness and its faculty of standing high Summer heats without burning. It prefers moist,

### ALOPECURUS—Continued

low grounds, but it accepts drier situations, and makes an earlier Spring verdure than any other variety. Sow only in connection with other grasses, 3 to 4 pounds to the acre; if sown alone, 25 pounds to the acre.

Lb......\$0 70 10 Lbs..... 6 75 25 Lbs......\$16 00 100 Lbs..... 60 00

ANTHOXANTHUM ODORATUM (True Perennial Sweet Vernal Grass). For a mixture with pasture grasses, it is valuable on account of its vernal growth, and also for continuing to throw up root foliage until late in the Autumn. For meadows, its chief merit is the fragrant odor which the leaves emit when partially dried, thus sweetening hay. It is a vegetable condiment, rather than a grass of much nutritive value. From 2 to 3 pounds to the acre when mixed with other grasses. 10 Lbs.....\$8 00 Lb.....\$0 90

AVENA ELATIOR (Tall Meadow Oat Grass). Most valuable for pasture on account of its early and luxuriant growth; it produces an abundant supply of foliage, which is relished by cattle early and late. For hay it may be cut twice a year, and for green soiling it may be cut four or five times in favorable seasons. It is very hardy, and withstands extreme drought and heat and cold. It is very valuable for our Southern states, where it is extensively cultivated for Winter grazing and for hay. 50

pounds to the acre. Lb......\$0 60 10 Lbs..... 5 75 25 Lbs......\$14 00 100 Lbs..... 52 00

BERMUDA GRASS (Cynodon dactylon). A most valuable grass for our Southern states, both for pasture and lawns. It is of dwarf habit, with long, creeping stems rooting at the joints and covering the ground with a matting of fine turf, which no amount of trampling will impair. It is also useful for binding drifting sand and for steep embankments subject to wash. When established it is difficult to eradicate, and is therefore unsuitable for temporary pastures. It requires heat and moisture to start it. As it cannot endure frost, it is of no value north of Virginia. It thrives in the poorest and sandiest soil, and resists extreme drought and intense tropical heat. It should be sown at the rate of 15 pounds to the acre.
Lb.....\$0 75 25 Lbs....\$17 00
10 Lbs....7 25 100 Lbs....65 00

BLUE GRASS, Canada. English. See Poa compressa. See Festuca pratensis.

Kentucky. See Poa pratensis.

### **GRASS SEEDS—Continued**

BROMUS INERMIS (Awnless or Smooth Brome Grass). An erect perennial, 3 to 5 feet high; native of Hungary. The nutritive quality of its hay, however, is generally inferior to that of our standard native sorts, so that we should recommend it only for dry, arid soils where the better and more delicate grasses would not grow. It is strongly stoloniferous, its creeping rootstocks spreading rapidly under ground and giving out new plants. It is on this account undesirable for temporary meadows, being difficult to eradicate when once established. Sow 35 to 40 pounds to the acre. Prices on application.

BROMUS PRATENSIS (Meadow Brome Grass). A hardy perennial, 2 to 3½ feet high, much used in mixtures for meadows both for mowing and pasture. It is not recommended to be sown alone except in poor soil, on dry, stony hillsides, where better grasses will not grow. It withstands extreme cold and drought, and, if cut before flowering, it makes good hay. If left to grow older, it becomes very tough. 30 pounds to the acre.

Lb......\$0 40 25 Lbs......\$8 00 10 Lbs.....3 50 100 Lbs......30 00

CYNOSURUS CRISTATUS (Crested Dog's-tail).

A stoloniferous perennial, forming a smooth, compact and lasting turf. It thrives best on rich, moist land, but it can accommodate itself to almost any soil. Its roots penetrate deeply into the ground, which enables it to stand severe droughts. It makes a good bottom grass and is therefore valuable in mixtures for lawns and putting-greens. It thrives well in the shade. The color is the same as that of the Kentucky Blue Grass, and it is, therefore, excellent in mixture with that sort. If sown alone, 30 pounds to the acre is none too much, but it is recommended only in mixture with other sorts.

Lb......\$0 45 25 Lbs.....\$9 00 10 Lbs.....\$3 75 100 Lbs......\$3 400

DACTYLIS GLOMERATA (Orchard Grass; Cocksfoot). Extra re-cleaned selected stock. One of the grasses most employed in permanent meadows, either for pasture or for mowing. It is very hardy and succeeds well anywhere in the United States. It is very productive and makes excellent hay. If cut before it flowers it is less hard and the pith of the stem is soft and sweet. It blossoms about the same time as Red Clover, and is, therefore, desirable in mixture with that plant. Stock of all kinds are very fond of it, either dry or green, and it endures constant cropping better than any other grass. After being mown, it grows up quickly and yields a heavier aftermath than any other variety. It can stand considerable shade and is recommended as a pasture grass for woodlands. Its tendency to grow in tussocks is diminished if it is sown with other grasses, and also by heavy rolling in the Spring; but it is quite unsuitable for lawns. Sow about 75 pounds to the acre.

Lb......\$0 50 25 Lbs.....\$11 00 10 Lbs.....4 75 100 Lbs......42 00

DOG'S-TAIL, CRESTED. See Cynosurus cristatus.

**FESTUCA ELATIOR** (*Tall Fescue*). This grass succeeds best in moist, alluvial and strong, clayey soils. It is very productive and of long duration, and is especially valuable for permanent pasture. Stock of all kinds eat it readily, and its nutritive value is very great. On rich, moist lands it yields a large amount of hay of excellent quality. It is not suitable for lawns. 40 pounds to the acre.

Lb......\$0 95 25 Lbs.....\$21 00 10 Lbs..... 1 00 100 Lbs...... 80 00

FESTUCA OVINA (Sheep's Fescue). A native both of America and Europe. In our Northwestern states there are many varieties of it, some of which grows 2 to 3 feet high. It prefers dry uplands and thrives in poor, shallow, gravelly soils, where other grasses would fail. It is very hardy, resisting extreme heat and cold. Though of dwarf growth, 'it grows thickly, yielding a large amount of nutritious herbage. In grass mixtures, for pastures on high and dry lands, it is especially valuable. Though a "bunch grass," it may be included in lawn mixtures as well as in fair-green mixtures on account of its fine foliage and dwarf dense growth. 35 pounds to the acre. Crop uncertain on account of the conditions abroad—will give price on application, if practicable.

FESTUCA PRATENSIS (Meadow Fescue, or English Blue Grass). One of the grasses most used in permanent or temporary meadows for mowing or for pasture. It succeeds best in cold, most, light soils, in well-drained meadows and in low valleys rich in organic matter. It should not be grown at all on warm, dry land. It does not reach its full development till the second or third years, when it far exceeds most other sorts in the quantity of its produce and nutritive matter. After being mown, it grows again very quickly. The forage, either green or dried, is very nourishing and much relished by cattle, especially when cut young. 40 pounds to the acre.

Lb......\$0 75 25 Lbs.....\$15 50 10 Lbs..... 7 00 100 Lbs..... 60 00

FESTUCA (Chewing's New Zealand Fescue). A variety of Hard Fescue of dwarf habit, grown with great success on poor, light, as well as heavier soils, forming a good sward where no other grass would succeed; it stands drought well and is good in mixtures for permanent pasture, golf links, or lawns. 15 pounds to the acre.

Lb......\$0 75 25 Lbs.....\$15 50 10 Lbs..... 7 00 100 Lbs..... 60 00

**FESTUCA TENUIFOLIA** (Slender Fescue). This is really a variety of Festuca ovina, with much finer leaves. It will grow on very dry and inferior soils, and its dwarf habit of growth and fineness of leaf render it not unsuitable for dry slopes on lawns and golf-links. It stands grazing well, is very hardy, and lasts long, and may therefore be recommended for permanent pasture on high and dry situations. 30 pounds to the acre. Crop uncertain owing to the conditions abroad—will give price on application, if practicable.

FOXTAIL. See Alopecurus pratensis.

### **GRASS SEEDS—Continued**

HUNGARIAN GRASS. See Panicum germanicum.

JOHNSON GRASS. See Sorghum Halepense, p. 65.

Grass). Although called a perennial, it seldom lasts more than three or four years. It is the most valuable grass in Great Britain, both for pasture and for meadows, occupying there the same relative position of importance that Timothy holds here. The cool, moist climate of England seems to suit it best, yet it succeeds very well in our middle and eastern states, and adapts itself to a great diversity of soils. The seed is large and heavy, and produces a strong, verdant growth in four or five weeks after sowing. It cures into hay having a sweet flavor, and is much relished by cattle and horses. Its nutritive value, especially in mixture with Red Clover, is very great. It is excellent in mixtures for quick effects in lawns or golf-links. 60 pounds to the acre.

**LOLIUM PERENNE, Fancy.** A carefully selected, short-seeded, dwarf-growing strain, suitable for lawns. Makes a fine green turf in three weeks.

Lb......\$0 32 25 Lbs....\$6 50 10 Lbs......\$3 00 100 Lbs.....\$5 60

LOLIUM ITALICUM (Italian Rye Grass). Though lasting two or three years, under very favorable circumstances, it is practically an annual. Like the Perennial Rye Grass, it is a remarkably rapid grower, and has, in addition, the advantage of standing extremes in temperature, remaining its freshness in the hottest summer months and during prolonged drought. When sown very thickly or in mixture with other sorts, it makes a good, dense turf, and it has been used with much satisfaction on lawns as far south as Jacksonville. On rich, moist soils, it is exceedingly productive and may be cut in four or five weeks after sowing, and every six weeks after that until frost. For temporary meadows, on good soils, it is a most valuable grass. 50 pounds to the acre.

Lb.....\$0 35 25 Lbs....\$ 6 75 10 Lbs.....26 00

OAT GRASS. See Avena elatior.

**ORCHARD GRASS.** See Dactylis glomerata.

PANICUM GERMANICUM (Hungarian Grass).

One of the most valuable annual soiling plants. It grows on any ordinary soil; withstands drought well. As it is of very rapid growth, being ready for cutting within sixty days, it may be sown in this latitude as late as the middle of July for hay, or in the middle of August for green fodder. It should be cut just before blooming, when it makes a tender and nutritious hay. Sow 75 pounds to the acre. Doubtful if obtainable owing to conditions in Europe—will give price on application, if practicable.

PAPSALUM DILATATUM (Australian Water Grass). A somewhat leafy perennial, growing in clumps. Valuable as a pasture grass for the South, endures Summer heat and drought very well and is especially desirable for furnishing late Summer and Autumn feed, during which period it makes its principal growth. Sow lightly on the surface in warm weather. The seed should barely be covered with soil Sow from 8 to 10 pounds to the acre, with 5 pounds of Hungarian Grass as a temporary protection. Price on application.

PHLEUM PRATENSE (Timothy). A native of Europe, but long ago naturalized in America, where it ranks as by far the most important of hay grasses. On moist, loamy or clayey soil it produces a larger hay crop than any other grass. It is not as well suited for light, sandy soils, though preferring a moist, temperate climate, it withstands drought and extreme heat and cold. Its hay is very nourishing and can be preserved for a long time. It should be cut when flowering, as if left later the hay becomes hard and coarse. It is often sown with Red-Top Grass and Red Clover, and the nutritive value of the hay is greatly increased by this mixture. If sown alone, at least 25 pounds to the acre should be used; with Red-Top Grass and Red Clover, 15 pounds of Timothy, 12 pounds of Red-Top Grass (Fancy) and 3 pounds of Red Clover; or with Red Clover only, 20 pounds of Timothy and 5 pounds of Clover. The seed weighs 45 pounds to the bushel. Several grades are always on the market, differing in purity and vitality, but the seed we offer is of the very highest quality and extra clean. It is always most economical to buy the highest grade, known as "Fancy."
Lb......\$0 23 25 Lbs
10 Lbs......2 00 100 Lbs 25 Lbs.....\$ 4 50

10 Lbs...... 2 00 100 Lbs..... 16 00 **POA COMPRESSA** (*Canada Blue Grass*). Highest grade. A very hardy perennial grass, with creeping root-stocks. It grows on the poorest and driest soils, sandy, gravelly or clayey,

standing extremes of wetness or drought, and keeping green until the severe frosts of Winter. It is especially valuable for dairy pastures, cows feeding on it yielding the richest milk and finest butter. It is distinguished from the Kentucky Blue Grass by its flattened, wiry stems and by its decidedly bluer color. 60 pounds to the acre. Lb........\$0 30 25 Lbs......\$5 50

10 Lbs...... 2 50 100 Lbs...... 20 00

POA PRATENSIS (Kentucky Blue Grass; June Grass). Highest grade. One of the most widely distributed and valuable native grasses. It combines more points of excellence than any other sort. It is a true perennial, lasting indefinitely and improving every year. Its densely creeping root stocks, spreading habit and smooth, even growth, fine texture, and rich green color render it one of the very best grasses for lawns. It forms a close turf, starts very early in the Spring, and lasts till frost. It succeeds in almost any soil—dry, rocky, sandy or gravelly—and stands long continued dry weather and hot suns. It takes, however, two or three years to become well established, and should, therefore, be sown only in connection with other grasses. If the soil is especially suitable, it will eventually crowd these out,

### **GRASS SEEDS—Continued**

POA PRATENSIS—Continued and make the finest possible sward. It is one of our most valuable pasture grasses, very productive and nutritious. 50 pounds to the acre. Price on application.

POA TRIVIALIS (Rough-stalked Meadow Grass). A spreading, thickly matted, stoloniferous-rooted species, forming a fine turf, and adapted for shaded portions of lawns. It thrives on rich, moist soil and in sheltered situations, but not on dry land. Valuable for forming bottom grass in mixtures for permanent pastures. 20 pounds to the acre.

Lb.....\$0 95 25 Lbs....\$21 00 10 Lbs.... 9 00 100 Lbs.... 80 00

RHODES GRASS (Chloris Gayana). A recent acquisition from Africa, grows 4 to 6 feet high. The Florida Experiment Station reports on it as follows: "Excellent for hay as well as for grazing purposes; keeps green until cut down by severe frost and then starts growing again as soon as warm weather returns. Yields enormously and can be cut 3 to 5 times." Sow 5 pounds to the acre. Present price:

Lb......\$0 50 100 Lbs....\$45 00

sudan Grass. This recently introduced grass belongs to the Sorghum family, and, according to the reports of the U.S. Department of Agriculture is a very valuable grass for hay, especially in sections subject to drought, making good yields nearly everywhere; it grows 4 to 9 feet high, according to cultivation, yielding 2 to 5 tons of excellent hay per acre, with as high as 9 tons under irrigation; should not be sown until the soil has become warm, about cornplanting time or a little earlier. Sow broadcast at the rate of 25 pounds to the acre.

Lb......\$0 35 100 Lbs.....\$25 00

**RED-TOP.** See Agrostis vulgaris.

RYE GRASS. See Lolium italicum and Lolium perenne.

RHODE ISLAND BENT GRASS. See Agrostis canina.

**TIMOTHY.** See Phleum pratense.

KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS. See Poa pratensis.

## **CLOVERS**

We quote **present prices on Clovers** as near as it is possible to offer them at, as we go to press. We shall be very glad to quote prevailing prices on all of them from time to time, and we solicit inquiries. It is understood, of course, that **all are subject to market fluctuations without notice.** 

ALFALFA, or LUCERNE (Medicago sativa). Requires deep, rich, well-drained soil. The tap-root descends often to a depth of 10 to 15 feet in loose soil. It is consequently, capable of resisting great droughts. It should be sown alone (about same time as oats are sown in this section) in thoroughly prepared deeply plowed soil, at the rate of 20 to 25 pounds to the acre. It may also be sown as late as August and up to the middle of September in more southerly localities. The crop should be cut when the plant is coming into bloom. In suitable soil it is perennial, and several crops may be cut every year. American seed.

Lb......\$0 40 25 Lbs....\$8 00 10 Lbs.....3 50 100 Lbs.....30 00

ALSIKE, or HYBRID CLOVER (Trifolium hybridum). A perennial, 1 to 3 feet high, succeeding best in cold, stiff soils, and in marshy lands which are too wet for other species. It grows well in the far North and in high altitudes. A good honey plant for bees. 15 pounds to the acre.

Lb.....\$0 55 25 Lbs....\$11 50 10 Lbs.....5 00 100 Lbs.....45 00

**BERSEEM, or EGYPTIAN CLOVER** (*Trifolium alexandrinum*). Suitable for a rotating crop on irrigated lands. It is very succulent and much relished by stock. Its value as a soil renovator is very high. Pounds, 75 cents.

**BOKHARA CLOVER** (*Melilotus alba*). Valuable sort for soiling and for ensilage and bees. Grows from 3 to 5 feet high; sown in rich soil it may be cut three times; lasts for years if cut before flowering. 15 pounds to the acre.

Lb.......\$0 40 25 Lbs....\$ 8 50 10 Lbs.....3 75 100 Lbs.....33 00

**RED CLOVER, MEDIUM** (*Trifolium pratense*). One of the most valuable farm crops of the eastern states for pasture, hay, or for turning under for green manure. Sow in the Spring, 15 pounds to the acre. Market price.

**KIDNEY VETCH, or SAND CLOVER** (Anthyllis vulneraria). A deep-rooted, herbaceous hardy perennial plant, valuable for dry, sandy and inferior soils, upon which Red Clover will not thrive. Eaten with avidity by sheep, cattle and horses; useful in mixture for dry soils. Sow 20 pounds to the acre.

Lb.....\$0 70 25 Lbs....\$15 00 10 Lbs.....6 50 100 Lbs.....50 00

crimson, or scarlet clover (Trifolium incarnatum). Erect annual, 1 to 2 feet high, with bright scarlet flowers. A native of southern Europe; largely grown in our southern states for improving the soil by turning under. Will not endure severe frost, and cannot be depended upon to stand the Winter north of New Jersey. It is a valuable crop for pasturage or green manure. For hay, cut when in full bloom. Sow 20 pounds to the acre.

Lb......\$0 40 25 Lbs....\$7 50 10 Lbs.....\$3 50 100 Lbs.....28 00

WHITE CLOVER (*Trifolium repens*). White Clover is of dwarf habit, spreads rapidly and is very hardy. It is valuble in permanent pastures, being sweet and nutritious. Sow in Spring, 8 to 10 pounds to the acre.

N. B. All prices are subject to market fluctuations without notice.

## **CEREALS**

Bags charged at cost

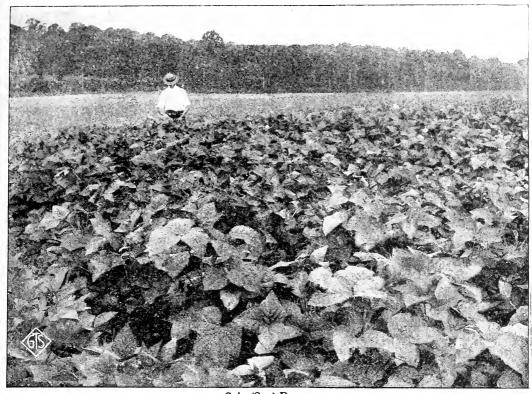
PRICES ALL SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE PRICES ARE F. O. B. NEW YORK

## FIELD CORN AND POP CORN

(56 Pounds to the Bushel.) All grown especially for reed.

Ears of most sorts, 8 cents each

Flint Va	rieties	Q٤.	Pk.	Bu.
Canada Early Yellow. Very early; yellow flint; 8 row	wed	\$0 25	\$1 75	\$6 50
King Philip. Early; reddish yellow flint; 8 rowed		25	1 75	6 00
Large Yellow Flint. Deep yellow grains; medium ea	rly	25	1 75	6 00
Longfellow (Yellow Flint). Small cob and large grain	; popular 8-rowed variety	25	1 50	5 00
Thoroughbred (White Flint) (see also Ensilage varieties		25	1 75	6 00
Dent Va	rieties			
Champion White Pearl. Large grain; 14 to 18 rows;		25	1 50	5 50
Iowa Gold Mine. Dent; deep grain; ripens in about		25	1 50	5 00
Iowa Silver Mine. Large grain; Dent; white cob, ripe		25	1 50	5 50
Learing Early. Large; deep grains; dull yellow; early	y and productive	25	1 50	5 00
Fodder and Ens	ilago Variotios			
Cuban Giant Ensilage. Very prolific		25	1 50	5 00
Red-Cob Ensilage. Abundant herbage; tall growth;		25	1 50	5 50
THOROUGHBRED WHITE FLINT. Spreading ha		20	1 30	J J0
stalk; valuable for fodder, ensilage and grain. Le	ave only one kernel to grow		•	
in a hill		25	1 75	6 00
Virginia Horse Tooth. For fodder and ensilage		25	1 50	5 00
Pop Corn				
(56 Pounds to	the Bushel)	Qt.	½ pk.	Pk.
Golden Queen		\$0 35	\$1 25	\$2 25
Red Beauty		35	1 25	2 25
Silver Lace		35	1 25	2 25
White Pearl		35	1 25	2 25
White Rice	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	35	1 25	2 25
MISCELLANEO	LIC CEDEATS			
<b>EXALL SUBJECT TO CHANGE</b>	IN PRICE WITHOUT NO	TICE		
BARLEY. (48 lbs. to bus.) Bearded.  Bus.	OATS. (32 lbs. to the bus.)	2 to 3	3 Qt.	Bus.
2 bushels to the acre	bus. to the acre.			
Champion. Beardless	Canada Cluster			\$2 25
bushels to the acre.	Tartar King	• • • • • •	. 15	<b>2</b> 25
American Silver Hull. EarlyAbout 3 50	RYE. (56 lbs. to the bus.)	116 to 2	)	
• Japan. Productive; large grains. About 5 50	bus. to the acre.	1/2 00 1		
MILLET. (50 lbs. to the bus.)  Golden. Extra-large, seed-heads. Lb. 100 lbs.	Winter Excelsion. Sow	1½ bus		
1½ bus. to the acre\$0 12 \$ 9 00	to the acre		. 15	3 00
Janan Barnyard (panicum Crus-	Mammoth Winter. V	ery fine	9	
galli). 30 to 40 lbs. to the acre 15 10 00  Pearl. Southern fodder-plant 20 16 00	strain, grows 6 to 7 fe giving 25 per cent mor	et high	,	
Pearl.         Southern fodder-plant         20         16         00           Siberian         10         7         50	giving 25 per cent mor than any other variety			3 50
White French. White grain 25 20 00	chair any other variety			0 00
White Wonder. Broad leaved,	WHEAT, WINTER. (60 lb	s. to the	е	
heavy foliage, very large heads	bus.) $1\frac{1}{2}$ bus. to the a			
producing immense amount of excellent fodder. Earlier than	Red Wave. Bald, red gra			5 00
Golden Millet	Klondyke. White grain;	bald		5 00



Soja (Soy) Beans

## Forage, Economical and Miscellaneous Seeds

Except where noted, these seeds are not sold in packets. From 15 cts. to 25 cts. worth is the smallest quantity put up.

### ALL SUBJECT TO CHANGE IN PRICE

AUSTRALIAN SALT BUSH (Atriplex semi-baccata). Thrives in soils on which nothing else will grow, and it is highly recommended for alkali soils and all regions subject to periodical drought. It is very nutritious, and good for all kinds of live stock. Two or three pounds of seed are sufficient for an acre. The seed may be sown in beds, and the seedlings planted out when 2 inches high, 3 feet apart. Grows strong and vigorously in the driest seasons. Lb. 50 cts.

### **BEANS** (60 lbs. to the bushel)—

Velvet Bean (Dolichos multiflorus). Used in the South as a forage plant, and as a fertilizer plant for turning under. Stock readily eat the vines and leaves, and the Beans, when ground with or without the pod, are used in place of oats or corn, or mixed with them. Plant in rows 4 feet apart and 1 foot in the row, 2 or 3 Beans in a place, as soon as danger of frost is past. The vines are strong and vigorous in growth, rapidly covering the ground, and bearing immense quantities of Beans. Qt. 25 cts., bus. \$5.

Soja Bean (Glycine hispida). Thrives well in hot and dry weather. Plant at the rate of ½ to ¾ bushel to the acre, in drills 2½ or 3 feet apart, and cultivate same as field corn. It does not make good hay, but is good as ensilage or green fodder.

SOJA BEAN-Continued

Holybrook Early. A vigorous, quick-growing variety. Pk. \$2.00, \$7.00 per bushel

Mamm oth Yellow. The largest growing Soja Bean, valuable for green fodder and for improving the soil. Pk. \$1.75, \$6.75 per bushel

BEGGAR-WEED (Florida or Giant Beggar-Weed; Desmodium tortuosum). An erect, leguminous annual, growing from 3 to 8 feet high, with abundant foliage, valuable as forage or for soil renovation in subtropical regions; it also makes hay of a fine quality. It should be sown at the rate of 10 lbs. to the acre, after the ground is warm and moist. The seed should be but very lightly covered. If for hay, it should be cut just as it begins to bloom. Lb. 60 cts., 100 lbs. \$50.

**BROOM CORN** (Sorghum vulgare). (12 quarts to the acre). Broom corn succeeds in a good, deep soil, fresh but not damp, and it is very sensitive to cold.

Long-Brush Evergreen. Lb. 15 cts., 100 lbs. \$12.

California Golden Long-Brush. Grows from 12 to 14 feet high. Lb. 15 cts., 100 lbs. \$12.

**BURNET, Common Field** (*Poterium sanguisorba*). Perennial; makes excellent pasture for

### FORAGE, ECONOMICAL AND MISCELLANEOUS SEEDS-Continued

### **ALL SUBJECT TO CHANGE IN PRICE**

**BURNET**—Continued

sheep; grows on the poorest ground, on dry, sandy, or calcareous soils; resists the extremes of heat and cold; sow in April and again in September, with sainfoin, clover, rye or grass, etc. 30 lbs. to the acre. Lb. 50 cts., 100 lbs. \$45.00.

CAPER TREE (Capparis spinosa). Pkt. 25cts., oz. \$1.

CASTOR BEAN (Ricinus). The plant from which Castor-oil is made. Lb. 30c., 100 lbs. \$25.

COTTON (Gossypium). Sea Island. Lb. 30 cts., 100 lbs., \$25. Upland Big Boll. Lb. 25 cts., 100 lbs. \$20.

COWPEAS (Vigna Catjang). Specially adapted to warm countries; extensively grown in our Southern states, also valuable in this latitude as a fodder-plant. The chief values of Cowpeas, however, is as a green crop to plow under. The seed should not be sown till the ground has become well warmed. Sow 1 bushel to the acre, in drills; 2 or 2½ bushels to the acre is sown broadcast.

**Black.** Standard variety; early and very prolific. Price variable. Present quotation, Pk. \$2.00,

bus. \$7.

Clay. A little later than the Black; prolific in both peas and growth of vine. Price variable. Present quotation, Pk. \$1.75, bus. \$6.75

New Era. Upright-growing, quick to mature and very prolific of peas. Price variable. Present quotation, Pk. \$2.00, bus. \$7.00

Whippoorwill. A favorite sort; makes a good growth of vine and very good for improving the land. Price variable. Present quotation, Pk. \$1.75, bus. \$6.75

MER. (Sometimes advertised as "Speltz," though this name is incorrect, the true Speltz being a different article.) It is grown quite EMMER. extensively in the Northwest, having been brought there from Russia, where it is considered a valuable cereal on account of its hardiness and drought-resisting qualities. Lb. 20 cts., 100 lbs. \$12

ESPARSETTE. See Onobrychis sativa.

FETERITA. A new forage plant, similar to Kaffir Corn, but much earlier, and is a great drought resister. Sow 8 to 10 lbs. to the acre in drills. Produces large crops of both grain and forage. Lb. 15 cts., 100 lbs. \$12.

**FURZE** (*Ulex europaea*). Also known as Whin and Gorse. A perennial leguminous shrub. The crushed sprigs of one year's growth of this shrub furnish an excellent green fodder in Winter. It grows well on barren hillsides and in sandy soil. Sheep are fond of it. 25 lbs. to the acre. Oz. 15 cts., lb. \$1.50.

**HOP SEED.** Per pkt. 15 cts., per oz. \$1.

JUTE (Corchorus). Annual. Thrives in any good Corn ground. Sow in drills, about 8 inches apart, 4 lbs. to the acre. Requires no cultivation, as it will outstrip in growth all weeds. May be also sown broadcast, 6 or 7 lbs. to the acre. Oz. 15 cts., lb. 75 cts.

**KAFFIR CORN.** See Sorghum, page 65.

LENTILS. Extra large yellow. The variety commonly cultivated. Sow in spring as soon as ground can be worked, on light soil in drills. Market price on application.

LOTUS corniculatus (Bird's-foot Trefoil). Perennial; used in pastures. Cattle and sheep eat it readily, and it is said to be quite nutritious. It grows on the lightest and most sterile soils, and can withstand severe droughts. Is excellent for sowing in mixture for dry pastures.

villosus, or major (Greater Bird's-foot Trefoil). Lb. \$1.

**LUPINE**, **White** (*Large Flat Seed*). One of the best plants known for green manure, as it gathers large quantities of nitrogen from the air. It may be sown from April to July, and plowed under when in flower. The seed, when burned, is excellent manure for orange and olive trees. Lb. 25 cts. Price for quantities on application.

MILLETS. See Miscellaneous Cereals, page 62. ONOBRYCHIS sativa (French, Sainfoin; Esparsette). A perennial leguminous plant, beette). A perennial leguminous plant, belonging to the same family as Clover and Lucerne. It is a valuable plant for growing on poor land and barren hillsides. When once well established, it lasts for many years. If to be used for hay, cut just before the flowering period. Sow in Spring, covering the seeds quite deeply, at the rate of 80 lbs. to 100 lbs. to the acre. Lb. 25 cts., 100 lbs. \$15.

OSAGE ORANGE (Maclura aurantiaca). Useful for hedges. Lb. \$1.

**PEANUTS, Spanish.** Used in the South as a hay and grain ration; the tops also make good forage, either green or cured. Nuts are smaller but better flavored than other sorts. Price variable; at present 25 cts. per lb., 100 lbs. \$20.

PEARL MILLET (Penicillaria spicata). A valuable fodder-plant for the South; is enormously productive. Sow the seed in drills 18 inches apart and 8 to 10 lbs. to the acre. Lb. 20 cts., 100 lbs. \$16.

Valuable for northern PEAS, Canadian Field. cattle-feeding, especially for climates, for milch cows. This pea also makes fine ensilage and for plowing under as a green manure has no equal. It is sown broadcast in the Spring and harrowed in 2½ to 3 bushels to the acre. If sown with oats, about 1½ bushels to the acre. Price variable; present quotation qt. 30 cts., bus. \$6.

PENICILLARIA spicata. See Pearl Millet.

**POPPY, Opium** (Papaver somniferum). The seed furnishes an agreeable sweet oil, used for the table, also for painting and for illuminating. May be sown in Spring, either broadcast or in drills, covering thinly. Also cultivated for opium. Oz. 50 cts.

RAPE, Dwarf Essex English (Brassica napus). Largely grown in the northern United States and in Canada. It is excellent for sheeppasture and also for soiling. It may be sown in May, and will be ready for pasturing in July and August; or, it may be sown in June or July, and yet furnish a large amount of pasture or fodder. In drills, sow 5 lbs. to the acre; sown broadcast, 10 lbs. to the acre. Price variable; present quotation, lb. 25 cts., 100 lbs. \$20.

**REANA luxurians** (*Teosinte*). (Short crop.) A valuable fodder-plant from Central America (Short crop.) in growth resembling Indian corn.

FORAGE, ECONOMICAL AND MISCELLANEOUS SEEDS-Continued

## ALL SUBJECT TO CHANGE IN PRICE

REANA-Continued

adapted to our Southern states. Oz. 15 cts., lb. \$1.

RICE SEED. For sowing. Best Carolina. Lb. 25 cts., 100 lb. \$20.

SAINFOIN. See Onobrychis, page 64.

SALT BRUSH. See Australian Salt Bush, page 63. **SORGHUM.** Twenty-five pounds required to the

acre if sown in drills. For dry fodder, 2 bushels should be sown to the acre.

Early Amber Sugar Cane. Ripens wherever Indian corn matures. Grows 10 to 12 feet high. Lb. 15 cts., 100 lbs. \$10.

Brown Dhoura. Lb. 15 cts., 100 lbs. \$12.

Halepense (Johnson Grass). One of the most valuable Southern fodder plants. On rich soils it may be cut three or four times in a single season, and it is claimed that hay made from it is equal in value to Timothy. Sow in August and September, 35 to 40 lbs. to the acre. Lb. 30 cts., 100 lbs. \$25

Holcus saccharatus (Sugar Millet). Rich in saccharine matter, and a large amount of nutritive fodder can be obtained from it.

Lb. 25 cts., 100 lbs. \$20.

Jerusalem Corn (White Dhoura). Lb. 20 cts.,

100 lbs. \$15.

Red Kaffir Corn, or Sorghum. Non-sac-charine. The plant is low, stalky, perfectly charine. The plant is low, stalky, perfectly erect. The whole stalk, as well as the blades, cures into excellent fodder, and in all stages it is available for green feed. Lb. 15 cts., 100

White Kaffir Corn. Lb. 15 cts., 100 lbs. \$9. Early Orange Sugar Cane. Ripens about ten days after Early Amber, and is said to produce

a larger crop. Lb. 15 cts., 100 lbs. \$10. **Shallu.** A non-saccharine Sorghum from India, also known as Egyptian wheat. Requires more SHALLU-Continued

room to develop than ordinary Sorghum, and consequently needs less seed to sow an acre. Lb. 15 cts., 100 lbs. \$10.

White Milo-Maize. Lb. 15 cts., 100 lbs. \$10. White Dhoura (See Jerusalem Corn). Yellow Branching (Yellow Milo Maize). Nonsaccharine; useful for the large amount of foliage, green feed or cured fodder that it furnishes, and for its grain. Lb. 15 cts., 100 lbs. \$10.

**SPURRY** (Spergula arvensis). Annual. well on poor, dry, sandy soil; may be sown every month from March to August. cellent pasture for cattle and sheep; also of much value as a fertilizer for light soil. lbs. to the acre. Lb. 25 cts., 100 lbs. \$20. Giant Spurry. Lb. 25 cts., 100 lbs. \$20.

SUNFLOWER, Large Russian. Lb. 15 cts., 100 lbs. \$12.

**TEOSINTE.** See Reana luxurians, page 64.

**TOBACCO SEED.** See page 50.

**ULEX europœa.** See Furze, page 64.

VELVET BEAN. See page 63.

**VETCHES, Spring Tares** (Vicia sativa). Sown broadcast at rate of 60 to 100 lbs. to the acre, like wheat or barley, and sometimes mixed with oats for soiling. Used in France and Canada as a substitute for Peas. Price variable. Present quotation, lb. 20 cts., 100 lbs. \$15.

Sand, Winter or Hairy Vetch (Vicia villosa). Thrives on poor, arid, sandy soils. It may be sown either in Fall or Spring, mixed with rye for a support. Grows 3 to 4 feet high, and can be cut as soon as the bloom appears and again for seed. Perfectly hardy. Sow from 30 to 50 lbs. to the acre. Price variable. Present quotation, lb. 35 cts., 100 lbs. \$30.

### FARMOGERM

### The Original and Genuine Seed Innoculant

A preparation of high-bred, nitrogen-gathering bacteria in sealed bottles, ready to use, with water added, according to directions. Prepared for the following crops:

White Clover Cowpeas Red Clover Vetches

Crimson Clover Canada Field Peas Garden Peas Alsike Clover Alfalfa Clover Sweet Peas Garden Beans Soy Beans

Price per acre bottle, \$2.00; per five-acre bottle, \$7.50. State for what crop Farmogerm is wanted, when ordering.

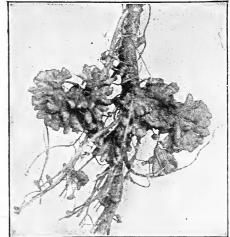
Also in garden size, enough for 1,000 square feet or a 200-foot row, at 50 cts. per bottle, for Peas, Beans, Sweet Peas and White Clover, each crop requiring a different bottle. We secure cultures fresh from the laboratory, hence it takes two or three days to fill orders.

#### MULFORD CULTURES

FOR INNOCULATING ALL LEGUME CROPS with Nitrogen-fixing bacteria to INCREASE THE CROP and IMPROVE THE SOIL.

5 acre size \$5. 1 acre size \$1.50. 1/4 acre size 50. Small size 25 cts. The small size only supplied in 4 varieties for Garden Peas, Garden Beans, Lima Beans and Sweet Peas.

different strain being used for each legume.



Always specify on your order what crop you want to inoculate, a

# Tree and Shrub Seeds

To preserve seeds of Conifers and other Evergreen Trees, it is best to keep them in perfectly dry sand until the time of sowing. For this latitude the seeds should be sown thinly, as early in the Spring as the ground can be worked, in beds of fine, sandy loam. Cover to the depth of about the thickness of the seed, and press the beds gently with the back of the spade to firm the earth around the seeds. Great care must be taken not to give too much water, as the young plants damp off very easily. Water with a very fine rose, but never so that the ground becomes soggy. Some shade must be used to protect the young plants from the hot sun and winds, and to keep the birds from destroying them. Seeds of the rarer sorts may be sown in coldframes or boxes; if in coldframes the sashes should be shaded and the frames raised at the corners 3 or 4 inches to allow the air to circulate freely. Keep the young plants well weeded, and allow them to remain one to two years before transplanting.

The propagation of Deciduous Trees from seed is less difficult than that of Evergreen species. Acorns, Hickorynuts, Chestnuts and Walnuts should be planted in Autumn, or kept during the Winter in earth or moss. They shrivel up by too long exposure to the air, and many of them lose their vitality. Those seeds with hard shells, like the Locust, Gymnocladus, etc., should be planted in Autumn or placed in boxes with sand, and exposed to frost before planting. They may not germinate till the second year after planting, and if they are received too late in the Spring to expose them to the action of the frost, they may be put into a vessel of hot water for an hour or so before planting. American Elm, Silver Maple and a few other sorts ripen their seeds early in Summer, and, if gathered and planted soon after they fall from the tree, will make fine plants the same season. The seeds of other Deciduous Trees and Shrubs should be planted from the middle of April to the middle of May, in drills about 2 feet apart, and covered about ½ inch in depth, according to size.

Some of the varieties here offered are on hand now; a few are due from foreign countries, where they are being collected for us. Owing to the disturbance left by the war in Europe, we are, of course, uncertain of getting all of them. As the season advances, many sorts become worthless from various causes, or are sold out, and cannot be replaced until the new crop is ready next season.

### EVERGREEN TREE AND SHRUB SEEDS

We do not sell Tree or Shrub Seeds in quantities of less than an ounce of any one variety, except those quoted at 25 cts. per packet.

	Per oz.	Per lb.		Per oz.	Per lb.
Abies amabilis (Silver Fir)	\$0 80	\$8 00	Libocedrus decurrens (California White Cedar)pkt. 25c	65	6 50
canadensis (Hemlock Spruce) concolor (Calif. White Silver Fir) grandis (Great Silver Fir of	80 40	8 00 4 00	Picea Douglasii (Douglas Spruce) Englemanni	60 80	6 00 8 00
Oregon)pkt. 25c magnifica (Superb Silver Fir)	50 30	5 00 3 00	Menziesii (Menzie's Fir) Ajanensis. From Japan	75 75	7 50 7 50
Martensiana (Calif. Hemlock)pkt. 25c nobilis (Noble Fir)	1 50 80	8 00	pungens (Colorado Blue Spruce) rubra	50 <b>7</b> 5	5 00 7 50
nobino (140bie 1 ii)	00	0 00	Pinus		
Arborvitæ. See Thuja.			australis or palustris (Southern	0=	0 =0
Arbutus Menziesii (Madrona Tree)	30	3 00	Pine) Banksiana (Jack Pine)	25 60	2 50 6 00
Arctostaphylos glauca (Great-berried Manzanita)	20	2 00	contorta (Scrub Pine)	60 25	6 00 2 50 4 00
Buxus sempervirens (Evergreen Box)	25	2 50	Edulis (American Nut Pine) heterophylla (or Caribæa or Slashed Pine)pkt. 25c.	40 70	7 00
Cupressus macrocarpa (Monterey Cypress)	45	4 50	insignis (Monterey Pine) inops (New Jersey Scrub Pine)	45 75 45	4 50 7 50 4 50
Cedrus Libani (Cedar of Lebanon)	30	3 00	Jeffreyana (Jeffrey's Pine) koraiensis. From Japan	25	2 50
Fir Tree. See Abies and Picea.			Lambertina (Sugar Pine)laricio (Corsican Pine)	45 20	4 50 2 00
Juniperus virginiana (Red Cedar)	10	1 00	maritima (Seaside Pine) mitis (Short leaved Pine)	15 65	1 50 6 50

### EVERGREEN TREE AND SHRUB SEEDS-Continued

PINUS—Continued monticola (Mountain White Pine)	Per oz. \$0 80	Per lb. \$8 00	Spruce Tree. See Abies and Picea.	Per oz.	Per lb.
Muricata (Bishop's Pine) Pinea (Stone Pine) ponderosa (Heavy Pine)	60 10 30	6 00 1 00 3 00	Taxus baccata (English or European Yew)	\$0 35	3 50
Pentaphylla (from Japan) rigida (Northern Pitch Pine)	45 50	4 50 5 00	gigantea (Giant Oregon Arborvitœ)orientalis var.; compacta (Chinese	60	\$6 00
Sabiniana (Sabine's Nut Pine) Strobus (White Pine) Torrevana (Torrev's Pine)	25 35 45	2 50 3 50 4 50	Arborvitæ)occidentalis (American Arborvitæ)	20 45	2 00 4 50
Schinus molle (False Pepper)	25	2 50	Tsuga canadensis	75	7 50
Sciadopitys verticillatus (Umbrella Pine of Japan)	30	3 00	Carolinapkt. 25c.	1 00	• • • • •
Sequoia giganteasempervirens (California Redwood	1 25 75	12 00 7 50	Yucca filamentosa (Adam's Needle) gloriosa	40 <b>7</b> 5	4 00 7 50

## DECIDUOUS TREE AND SHRUB SEEDS

We do not sell Tree or Shrub Seeds in quantities of less than an ounce of any one variety, except those quoted at 25 cts. per packet.

	1 -1 05.	Per lb.		Per oz.	Per lb.
Acer saccharum (Sugar Maple)	\$0 30	\$3 00	Celastrus scandens (Climbing	@O 00	@Q. QQ
Amorpha fruticosa	15	1 00	Bittersweet)	\$0 20	\$2 00
Ampelopsis quinquefolia (Virginia			articulatus (Staff Tree)	20	2 00
Creeper)	15	1 50	paniculata	20	2 00
veitchii	50	5 00	Celtis occidentalis (American False Elm)	15	1 50
Aralia cordata (Udo Salad)	30	3 00	Celphalanthus occidentalis	15	1 50
spinosa (Virginia Angelica Tree)	30	3 00	Cercidiphyllum japonicum	70	7 00
Aristologhia Sinha (Dutahman's			Cercis canadensis (Am. Judas Tree)	25	2 25
Aristolochia Sipho (Dutchman's Pipe)	65	6 50	Chionanthus Virginica (Va. Fringe	20	4 40
			Tree)	25	2 50
Asimina triloba (Paw-paw)	20	1 75	Cinnamomum Camphora (Cam-		
Azalea Vaseyi	50	5 00	phor)	30	3 00
Berberis canadensis	25	2 50	Cladrastis lutea (Yellowwood		
Thunbergii. Fine for hedges	25	2 50	Tree)	50	5 00
vulgaris (Common)	15	1 50	tinctoria	60	6 00
	10	1 50	Clematis virginiana	25	2 50
Callicarpa americana (French Mul-	20	2 00	Clethra alnifolia (Sweet Pepper	15	1 50
berry)	20	2 00	Bush)	15	1 50
Calycanthus floridus (Common Carolina Allspice)	15	1 50	acuminata	15	1 50
· ·			Cornus alternifolia	15	1 50
Camellia japonica. From Japan	30	3 00.	alba	20	2 00
Camphor. See Cinnamomum.			circinata	45	4 50
Carpinus americana	15	1 50	Cornus florida (Flowering Dog-	15	1 00
Carya alba (Shellbark Hickory)		20	wood)paniculata (Panicled-flowered	10	1 00
amara (Bitternut)	• •	20 20	Dogwood)	15	1 50
sulcata (Big Shellbark Hickory)	• •	20	stolonifera (Osier Dogwood)	15	1 00
	• •	20	Corylus americana (American		4 00
Castanea americana (American Chestnut)		30	Hazel)	15	1 00
	• •	30	rostrata (Beaked Hazel)	15	1 00
Catalpa speciosa. True Hardy Catalpa	20	2 00	<b>Cratægus</b> coccinea (Scarlet-fruited Thorn)	15	1 00
Ceanothus	20	2 00	cordata	15	1 50
Americanus (New Jersey Tea)	15	1 50	Crus-galli (Cockspur Thorn)	15	1 25
(e.: Jersey 1ea)	20	1 00	Sam (	-0	0

### DECIDUOUS TREE AND SHRUB SEEDS—Continued

	Per oz.	Per lb.		Per oz.	Per lb.
Cydonia japonica (Japan Quince)	\$0 25	\$2 50	Koelreuteria paniculata (Chinese Bladder Nut)	15	75
<b>Deutzia</b> crenatascabra (White Deutzia)	25 25	2 50 2 50	Larix Europæa	30	75 3 00
<b>Diospyrus</b> Virginiana (American Persimmon)	15	1 00	leptolepis (Japanese Larch) occidentalis	40 70	4 00 7 00
Dogwood. See Cornus.			Ligustrum ibota	25	2 50
Elæagnus umbellata	15	1 50	japonicum	30	3 00
longipes (Long-stalked Oleaster)	15	1 50	Liquidambar styraciflua (Sweet Gum)	45	4 50
Eucalyptus Amygdaline (Peppermint Tree) gigantea (Stringybark Tree)	45	4 50	Liriodendron tulipifera	10	1 00
globulus (Tasmania Blue Gum)	1 00	10 00	Locust. See Gleditschia and Robinia.		
leucoxylon (Australian Iron Bush)	1 00 75	10 00 7 50	Maclura aurantiaca (Osage Orange)	\$0 15	\$1 00
obliqua (Stringy-bark Tree) pauciflora (White Gum)	45 80	4 50 8 00	Magnolia acuminata (Cucumber Tree)	25	2 50
robusta (Brown Gum) pkt. 25c	1 00	10 00	glauca (Sweet Bay)	30	3 00
rostrata (Red Gum)pkt. 25c	1 00	10 00	grandiflora (Large-flowered Mag- nolia)	25	2 50
Stuartiana (Apple-scented Gum	80	8 00	tripetala (Umbrella Tree)	30	3 00
Tree)virminalis (Blue Gum)	80	8 00	macrophylla (Green-leaved Mag-	25	2 50
			nolia	35	3 50
Euonymus americana (Burning Bush)	20	2 00	Morus alba (White Mulberry)	35	3 50
Enveloadie avandidava	50	5 00	alba fructo nigra	35	3 50
Exychordia grandiflora	30	5 00	rubra	30	3 00
Fagus americana (American Beech)	15	1 00	tatarica (Russian Mulberry)	30	3 00
Fremontia californica (Slippery Elm of California)	1 50		Myrica cerifera (Candleberry Myrtle) caroliniensis	20 20	2 00 2 00
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1 00	• •	Nyssa		
<b>Genista</b> junceau (fragrant Spanish Broom)	15	1 25	sylvatica (Sour or Black Gum)	15	1 00
scoparia (Scotch Broom)	30	3 00	multiflora (Sour Gum)	15	1 00
tinctoria (Dyers Broom)	40	4 00	Osage Orange. See Maclura.		
Gleditschia triacanthos (Honey Locust)	15	1 00	Paulownia imperialis (Empress Tree)	25	2 50
<b>Gymnocladus</b> canadensis (Kentucky Coffee Tree)	10	1 00	Platanus occidentalis (Button Ball)	15	1 00
Halesia tetraptera (Silver Bell)	15	1 50	Prunus	15	1 50
Hamamelis virginica (Witch			americanus (Wild Plum)	15 15	1 50 1 50
Hazel)	15	1 50	Pennsylvanicum	25	2 50
Holly. See <i>Ilex</i> .			Virginica	15	1 50 1 00
Hibiscus Syriacus (Rose of Sharon)	15	1 50	serotina (Wild Black Cherry)	15	1 00
Ilex opaca (American Holly)	15	1 50	californica (California Coffee	25	2 50
verticellata (Deciduous Holly)	10	1 00	carolina (Indian Cherry)	15	1 50
Itea Virginica (Virginian Willow)	15	1 50	Rhus aromatica (Fragrant Sumach)	25	2 50
Juglans (Buttornut)			copallina (Dwarf Sumach)	15	1 50
cinera (Butternut)	10	15 50	glabra (Scarlet Sumach)	15	1 00
nigra (Black Walnut)		15	Robinia pseudacacia (Yellow or		
sieboldii. From Japan	10	50	Black Locust)	15	1 50

### DECIDUOUS TREE AND SHRUB SEEDS—Continued

DECIDÇOOS	III	21. 11	CHRCD CLEDS CONTINUES		
	Per oz.	Per lb.	1	Per oz.	Per lb.
Rosa canina (Brier Rose). Clean seed	10	1 00	Taxodium distichum (Deciduous Cypress)	\$0 15	\$1 50
carolina (Swamp Rose)	15 15	1 50 1 50	Tecoma radicans (Trumpet Creeper)	25	2 50
rubiginosa (Sweet-brier)rugosasetigera (Prairie Rose)	15 15 20	1 50 1 50 2 00	Tilia americana (American Basswood)	15	1 25
Salisburia adiantifolia (Maidenhair Tree)	15	1 25	Ulex europæa (Furze, Gorse or Whin)	15 15	1 50 1 50
Sambucus canadensis (American Elder)pubens	15 25	1 00 2 50	Viburnum acerifolium (Dockmackie)	\$0 15 15	\$1 50 75
Sassafras officinale (Sassafras Tree)	15	1 50	Lantanoides (Wayfaring Tree)	25	2 25
Sorbus Americana (Mountain Ash)	30	3 00	lentagoopulus (snowball)prunifolium (Black Haw)	15 30 15	1 50 3 00 1 00
Styrax americana japonica	15 25	1 50 2 25	Walnuts. See Juglans.	10	1 00
Symphoricarpus racemosa (Crimson Snowberry)	15	1 50	Wistaria chinensis (Chinese Wistaria) chinensis alba (White Chinese	35	3 50
Syringa Japonica (Japan Lilac)	30	3 00		50	5 00

## FRUIT SEEDS

	Per oz.	Per lb.	PLUM PITS—Continued	Per oz.	
Apricot Pits		\$0 50	St. Julien		\$1 00
Cherry Pits, Black Mazzard,		80	Green Gage		30
Mahaleb		1 00	Pear, Domestic	30	3 00
Domestic	٠.	50	From Japan	30	3 00
Currant, Red Dutch	20	2 00	Quince Seed	30	3 00
White Dutch	25	2 50	Raspberry, Red	25	2 50
Gooseberry, Green and Yellow.			Yellow	25	2 50
pkt. 50c.	2 00		Strawberry, Mixed	1 00	
Redpkt. 50c	2 00	• • •	Red Alpine pkt. 50c	2 50	
Peach Pits, Natural. qt. 25c., bus. \$4.50.			Vitis œstivalis (Summer Grape)	25	2 25
245° 42150°			cordifolia (Frost Grape)	25	2 25
Plum Pits, Mirabelle		40	labrusca (Northern Fox Grape)	25	2 25
Myrobolan		60	riparia	25	2 25

## SEEDS OF HEDGE PLANTS

For prices see under head of Tree Seeds

		Osage OrangeMaclura aurantiaca
Furze or Gorse	Ulex Europœa	Sheenherry
Locust, Honey	editschia triacanthos	(Black Haw)Viburnum prunifoliun

# Flower Seeds

## PRACTICAL DIRECTIONS FOR CULTURE, TREATMENT, ETC.

HARDY ANNUALS (hA).—Sow in April or May, according to the latitude, in shallow boxes or pots placed in a warm window, a hotbed, or, if possible, in a greenhouse. A second sowing ought to be made from two to four weeks after for succession, as well as to provide against failure the first time. For sowing seeds in there is nothing better than shallow boxes from 2 to 3 inches deep, and of any convenient size. The most suitable soil for all the smaller kinds is a very fine, rich, sandy loam. That from old hotbeds is excellent, or sods from an old pasture piled up and allowed to rot for two or three years and then mixed with a little old stable manure and sand. After the seeds are up care must be taken to give them plenty of air and moisture, yet not too much water, or they will "damp off." When the young plants are well out of the seedleaf they must be transplanted to new boxes. If pots 2 inches or more in diameter can be had, set out from three to a dozen or more of the young seedlings along the edges of the pot, so that as soon as the ground is warm enough they may be easily turned out and planted singly, as by that time they will have made good roots. When pots cannot be had, boxes, tin cans, etc., may be substituted.

A common mistake in sowing flower, as well as other seeds, is covering too deeply. The exception to this is the Sweet Pea which is seldom planted deep enough. As a general rule, cover only to the depth of the thickness of the seeds; or, with medium-sized seeds, like Balsams, Zinnias, etc., half an inch or so is none too much. Such fine seeds as Portulacas need only to be pressed into the soil with a piece of board or the palm of the hand. Always press the earth down firmly after sowing all flower seeds, else there is danger of their drying up before the roots can get firm hold of the soil. Seeds of the hardier Annuals may be sown where they are to grow; but, as a rule, it is preferable to transplant, as the plants are generally stronger and stand the drought better. During very dry weather, and when the seedlings are first set out, they should be watered frequently. Provide some support for all such Annuals as require it.

The weeds should be kept down and the ground loosened often, so that the plants will receive the full benefit of the rains and dews, which they will not if the ground is allowed to become hard and baked.

Seeds of Biennials and some Hardy Annuals may be sown in July and August in the open, and in September in boxes and placed in coldframes. They will make strong plants by Spring, and flower early. Do not put on the sashes until heavy rains and frosts begin, and then always remove during the day whenever

the temperature is above freezing in Winter.

Owing to the presence in most soils of Weed Seeds, it is well to mark where seeds are sown in the open, so that the weeds (which are apt to germinate first) can be destroyed before they crowd out and

smother the Flower Seeds as they spring up.

HARDY BIENNIALS (hB) and HARDY PERENNIALS (hP).—These require the same treatment

Landdition to the above both Hardy Riennials and Perennials may be sown in as the Hardy Annuals. In addition to the above, both Hardy Biennials and Perennials may be sown in the open border from July to September. The seeds of many Perennials require several months, some even as long as two years, before they germinate. It is a good plan, at the commencement of frost, to cover the plants lightly with straw, leaves or any dry litter, in order to afford some protection from the extreme severity of the Winter. As soon as the frost is out of the ground in the Spring, remove the covering and loosen the surface around the plants, which, when large enough, may be transplanted to the flower garden

where they are to remain.

HALF-HARDY ANNUALS (hhA).—These may be sown in shallow boxes, pots or a hotbed, as directed for Hardy Annuals. They may be sown thus at any time after the middle of April, as the hotbed will be sufficient protection; but it is best to cover the glass with a mat or straw at night until danger of frost is past. In the day give all the air possible. After the end of May sow in the border, like Hardy

HALF-HARDY BIENNIALS (hhB) and HALF-HARDY PERENNIALS (hhP) require the same treatment. Though plants and their blooms are greatly forwarded by sowing the seeds early in boxes under cover, it may be stated that nearly all kinds of Hardy and Half-hardy Flower Seeds may be sown in the open border in a warm and sunny spot as soon as the soil has become dry and warm; so that those who have no glass frames or greenhouses need not be without flowers. They can have them, but it will be later.

TENDER ANNUALS, BIENNIALS and PERENNIALS.—The best method to obtain an early bloom

of the Tender Annuals (tA) and to insure strength to the plants, is to sow the seeds in boxes or pots in March, placing them in a warm greenhouse or plunging in a moderate hotbed, carefully protecting them from the cold, shading from the midday sun, and watering with a fine rose. The seed should be sown in a very light, sandy compost, and the pots well drained by placing broken pots or bits of sod in the bottom. The finer seeds must not be covered more than an eighth of an inch deep, and the soil pressed down closely over them. Water frequently, particularly if the house or hotbed is very warm. As soon as the plants are out of the seed-leaf, transplant them into shallow boxes or small pots, and when they have acquired sufficient strength transplant into the flower beds; not, however, before the middle of May.

GREENHOUSE SEEDS (g) should be sown as directed for Tender Annuals, in pans, pots or shallow

boxes, and be kept in the house, carefully watched, slightly watered occasionally and sheltered from the hot sun till strong enough to transplant. Most varieties may be sown at any season of the year.

The smaller seeds of Greenhouse Plants are sometimes difficult to make germinate unless great care be taken in the mode of sowing. Hence the supposition arises that the seed itself is not good, whereas the fault is not in the seed, but in the treatment. Fine seeds of this description should be sown in leaf-mold or peat, with some fine sand added to it; press firmly down in the seed-pan or pot, and make perfectly level at the top so that the mold may not afterward sink materially with watering. Sow the seed very thinly and cover very lightly with a little compost or with silver sand. Success is more certain if a pane of glass is placed over the pan or box till the plants have appeared, when it should be removed. As soon as the young plants have two leaves they should be transplanted into similar composts in another pan or box. After transplanting they should be kept in a shady part of the greenhouse for a few days and watered very sparingly.



Aster, Truffants Pæony Perfection

At the time of going to press we expect to receive all the varieties we quote, but may be disappointed owing to the disturbance abroad. If permission is given us, with order, to substitute, we shall use our best judgment in sending equally good sorts for those originally ordered.

# $ASTER \ \ \, \text{hhA} \ \ \, \begin{array}{ll} \textbf{One of the very best} \\ \textbf{Annuals for cut-flowers} \end{array}$

The Aster is of easy culture and very popular. Plants from seed sown in the open ground in May bloom finely in September and October. For July and August flowers sow in March or April in coldframe spent hotbed, or in pots or boxes in the house. Cover the seeds about half an inch deep with rich light soil, and when the plants have three or four leaves, transplant about 18 inches apart each way into well prepared beds. Manures too fresh or used in too large quantities sometimes induce disease in Asters. When used they should be thoroughly well decayed and mixed with the soil. Small quantities of slaked lime or fresh woodashes stirred into the surface of the Aster beds form good tonics for the plants and keep disease and insects from the roots.

Aster Seeds run from 3000 to 3500 in ½ ounce. **BRANCHING Semples.** Forms broad bushes,

with large, long-petaled flowers, grace	
and feathery in effect; excellent for	cut-
flowers; $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	Pkt.
Crimson	10
Lavender50150	10
Pink	10
Purple	10
Rose	10
White50165	10
<b>Mixed</b> ½ oz. 85c., oz. \$3.00 <b>50170</b>	10
Collection of six colors 50180	40

**COMET, Giant.** Petals wavily reflexed, curled and twisted; flowers of extraordinary size and beauty. 2 ft.

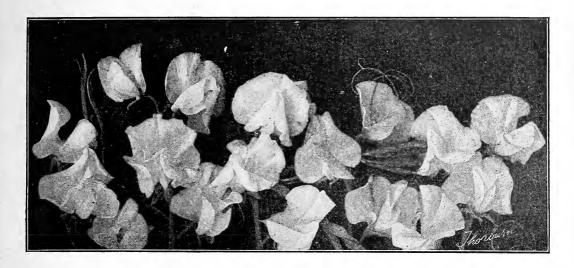
	Pkt.
Lavender 50272	15
Light Blue	15
Crimson 50280	15
Purple	15
Rose50285	15
White 50295	15
<b>Mixed</b> ½ oz. \$1.00, oz. \$3.5050300	10
Collection of six colors50310	60

72 J. M. THORBURN & CO., 53	BARCLAY ST., NEW YORK
ASTER—C	Continued
CREGO, Giant. On the style of "Giant Comet"; large flowers. Fine for cutting; 2 ft.	VICTORIA, Tall. Large flowers, recurved petals; a superb class; 2 ft.
Crimson 50415 15  Dark Blue 50420 15  Lavender 50425 15  Rose 50430 15  Shell Pink 50435 15  White 50435 15  Mixed 1/4 oz. \$1.00, oz. \$3.50. 50445 10  Collection of six colors 50450 60  KING. Producing many double flowers on long stems. The blooms are very large, with long, narrow petals; strong grower.	Dark Blue         50980         15           Light Blue         50985         15           Peach Blossom         50990         15           Rose         50995         15           Dark Scarlet         51000         15           White         51005         15           Mixed         ½ oz. \$1.00, oz. \$3.50         51010         10           Collection of six colors         51020         60           IMPROVED AMERICAN VICTORIA (Daybreak Type)
Crimson 50640 15 Lavender 50642 15 Pink 50644 15 Rose 50646 15 Violet 50648 15 White 50650 15 Mixed 1/4 oz. \$1.00, oz. \$3.50 50652 10 Collection of six colors 50660 60  OSTRICH-PLUME. Splendid class; fine for cutting; rivals the Chrysanthemum in effect.	Azurea
Dark Blue 50670 15 Rose 50675 15 White 50680 15 Mixed ½ oz. \$1.00 oz. \$3.50. 50685 10 Collection of three colors 50690 30  QUEEN OF THE MAR- KET. The best early Aster; of graceful, spreading habit, and bearing its flowers on long stems;	
1½ ft.  Crimson 50735 15 Purple 50726 15 Lavender 50728 15 Light Blue 50730 15 Pink 50738 15 Flesh Color 50742 15 Scarlet 50745 15 White 50755 15 Mixed ½ oz \$1.00, oz. \$3.50. 50760 10 Collection of eight colors 50770 80  TRUFFAUT'S PÆONY PERFECTION. Grows stiffly erect and about 18	



stiffly erect and about 18 in. tall. Remarkable for the brilliant colors of its great incurved flowers.





# Sweet Peas

(Lathyrus odoratus) hA

N. B.—Intending purchasers are strongly advised to order as soon as possible after receipt of catalogue.

Through the skill of specialists the Sweet Pea has become much larger and lovelier than before it became so popular. There are flowers of quite distinct shapes, some of which are a great improvement upon the Sweet Pea of the old type. For garden decoration it is now grown in clumps and in separate colors. The plants are more robust, dwarf and branching, and bloom more freely, some varieties showing three or four blooms on a stem.

A deep, rich, moist soil is best suited to Sweet Peas, hence a trench should be dug 1½ feet deep and filled with very best loam mixed with bone meal or well rotted manure. The vines are usually grown in double rows, with a wire trellis or a row of brush between. For each double row make the drills about 12 inches deep, and 9 to 10 inches apart. Sow plentifully, covering about 2 inches deep, and, by degrees, as the vines grow up, fill the trenches with soil, and thin out to about 2 or 3 inches apart. Spring sowings should be made just as early as the ground can be prepared, white-seeded varieties should not be sown until the ground is fairly warm. The earliest flowers are from seed sown in Fall, preferably in a dry situation, and 6 to 8 inches deep, giving them level culture. Sweet Peas should not be grown on the same soil year after year. If the location cannot be changed the soil, to a depth and width of a foot or so, should be removed and replaced by soil from another part of the garden or grounds. If the soil is in good, rich condition, bone meal is the best fertilizer.

We do not sell less than 1 oz.,  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb. or  $\frac{1}{2}$  lb. at the prices quoted per oz.,  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb.,  $\frac{1}{2}$  lb. and lb. respectively. This applies to all types and to the mixtures.

In order to assist our customers in making their selections, we group the different varieties according to color.

### THORBURN'S SELECTED SWEET PEAS

ASSORTMENT	containin	g 1	pkt.	each	of	40	$\boldsymbol{named}$	varieties,	OUR	SELECTION	V 52000	\$1 75
66	66	1	66	66	66	20	66	66	66	66	52010	85
66	66	1	66	66	66	10	66	66	"	66	52020	45
							also					

ASSORTMENT containing 1 pkt. each of 12 finest NAMED EXHIBITION

## NAMED LARGE-FLOWERED (GRANDIFLORA) SWEET PEAS

All Five Cents per packet

Light Blue and Lavender	Per oz.	17 lb
Countess of Radnor. Lovely, delicate mauve	\$0 10	¼ lь. \$0 30
Flora Norton. A pure, bright blue	10	30
	10	30
Dark Blue and Purple	- 10	
Captain of the Blues. Standard purple, wings bright blue	10	30 30
Navy Blue. Deep violet blue	10	30
Claret and Maroon		
Black Knight. Fine, self-colored, deep maroon	15	40
Othello. Fine, deep maroon	10	30
Crimson and Scarlet		
King Edward VII. A fine, self-colored, bright crimson	10	30
Queen Alexandra.A fine scarlet shade52670Salopian.Very fine, sunproof scarlet52690	10 10	30 30
	10	50
Orange and Salmon	10	00
Bolton's Pink. A soft, salmon-orange pink	10 10	30 30
	10	50
Pink (Light Shades) Lovely. Shell pink, shaded light rose toward edges	10	30
Prima Donna. Fine; large; soft pink	10	30
Pink (Deeper Shades)		
Apple Blossom. Bright pink and blush, beautifully shaded	20	60
Janet Scott. Deep pink; a fine, large flower	10	30
Katherine Tracy. A fine, brilliant pink	10	30
Prince of Wales. A fine, self-colored rose		
	10	30
Pink and White (Bicolor)		
Blanche Ferry. Pink and white; popular sort	10	35
Dainty. White with pink edge; fine	15	40
Striped and Mottled		
America.White, striped orange scarlet53330Aurora.White, flaked and striped orange salmon53350	15 10	40 35
Mrs. Joseph Chamberlain. White, striped with rose; fine sort	10	30
Princess of Wales. Striped mauve on white ground	15	40
Pure White		
Blanche Burnee. Snowy white: a fine, large flower	15	40
<b>Dorothy Eckford.</b> A grand, pure white	10	30
Emily Henderson. A good, early white	10 10	30 30
	10	30
Yellow and Buff	10	30
Hon. Mrs. E. Kenyon. Deep primrose yellow; grand flower	10	30

### SPENCER VARIETIES

These are noted for their unusually large-sized flowers, and for the waved or fluted appearance of the petals. They are also frequently referred to as "Orchid-flowering" Sweet Peas.

All Ten Cents per packet, except where quoted otherwise

Blue (Light and Dark	Sha	ides)	BLUE (Light and Dark Shades)—Continued				
Dide (Digite and Dark			Florence Nightingale. Soft, Per oz. 1/4 lb.				
Afterglow. Rich, electric shades	Per oz.	. ¼ lb.	clear, rich lavender <b>53922</b> \$0 20 \$0 75				
of blue and rosy mauve; distinct	\$0 25	\$0 75	Helen Pierce Spencer. Bright blue, flaked and striped white				
mauve; delicate coloring; very large flower	20	60	Lavender George Herbert.  Bluish lavender, superior to				
Captain of the Blues Spencer. A fine purple53910	20	60	Nightingale				
Flora Norton Spencer. Bright blue, slightly tinged with purple53920	20	60	Margaret Madison.         Beautiful azure blue				

## SWEET PEAS, SPENCER VARIETIES—Continued

BLUE (Light and Dark Shades)— Conti	nued Per oz.	1/ 1b
Royal Purple. Rich, warm, rosy purple; immense flowers53952	\$0 25	
Tennant Spencer. Beautiful pur-	φο 20	φο 10
plish mauve, self-colored. 53960	20	60
Wedgewood. Lovely, light wedge-	0.7	
wood blue	25	75
Cuimana and Man		
Crimson and Mar	oon	
Dobbie's Sunproof. Crimson.		
54015	25	75
King Edward Spencer. A lovely		
self-colored, carmine-scarlet.	20	60
King Manoel. Largest deep	20	00
maroon	25	75
Nubian. Very dark crimson		
maroon; large and waved .54030	20	60
Othello Spencer. An elegant rich, deep maroon54040	20	60
deep maroon	20	00
Pink (Light Shad	les)	
Beatrice Spencer. Blush pink		
tinted with deeper pink 54090	25	75
Countess Spencer. Beautiful soft		
rose pink. One of the best.	20	60
54110	20	60



Sweet Peas, Spencer Type

VARIETIES—Continued		
PINK (Light Shades)—Continued Charles Foster. Opal pink	Per oz.	¼ lb°
pastel	25	75
pink; large flower54130  Florence Morse. Blush pink with	20	60
deeper pink margin54150 Mrs. C. W. Breadmore. Cream,	25	75
pink edged; very large flower. 54172	25	75
Pink (Rose-Pink	.)	
Apple Blossom Spencer. Rose standards, blush-rose wings; large flowers	20	60
Blanche Ferry Spencer. Carmine rose with white wings. 54225	20	60
Constance Oliver. Buff pink,		
large flower54228 Elfrida Pearson. Extra large	25	75
flowers; pink tinted with salmon	25	75
Enchantress. Pale, silvery rose pink, tinged deeper at margin.		
George Herbert. Rich salmon-	25	75
rose color; splendid54240 <b>John Ingman.</b> Rose carmine;	20	60
large fluted flowers54260  Lovely Spencer. Deep pink	20	60
throat, shading to blush54270  Mrs. Cuthbertson. Rose-pink,	20	60
flushed white54275	25	75
Rosabelle. Fine, deep rose, with white blotch at base54290	25	75
Salmon and Oran	ıge	
Barbara. Fine salmon54310	25	75
Decorator. Rosy terra cotta, bright orange at base of wings	25	75
Earl Spencer. Rich, brilliant salmon rose54324	25	75
Fiery Cross. Red orange cerise; very brilliant 54326	30	1 00
<b>Helen Lewis.</b> A very fine orange pink; most showy <b>54330</b>	20	60
<b>Illuminator.</b> Rich, bright salmon color. One of the finest . <b>54340</b>	25	75
May Unwin. Best orange-scarlet.		
Mrs. Hardcastle Sykes. Beau-	25	75
tiful light salmon pink; large flower <b>54350</b>	20	60
Robert Sydenham. Bright orange-salmon54355	30	1 00
Stirling Stent. Large flowers; deep salmon, suffused with orange	25	75
Scarlet		
Queen Alexandra. Scarlet, self- colored54365	25	75
Vermilion Brilliant. Bright scarlet54375	25	75

### SWEET PEAS, SPENCER VARIETIES—Continued

D III III II II	DIEC, DE	TILL OTHE	VALUE I ILLS—Continued		
White			WHITE—Continued White Spencer. Pure white; large.	Per oz.	1/4 lb
America Spencer. White, striped		¼ lb.	beautifully waved flower .54420	\$0 25	\$0 75
with crimson red 54390	\$0 25	\$0.75	Yellow Shades	3	
Etta Dyke. A white Spencer; of fine form and substance54400	20	60	Clara Curtis. A beautiful cream yellow; large, waved flower.		
<b>King White.</b> Pure white; flowers of enormous size and fine form.			Dobbie's Cream. Fine: large:	25	75
54404	25	75	primrose	25	75
Rainbow Spencer. Ivory white, flaked rose54410	20	50	rose yellow; finest formed flowers	25	75

# NEW GIANT, EARLY-FLOWERING, LONG-SEASON SPENCER SWEET PEAS

This new race of Sweet Peas is expected eventually to take the place of all other Early and Late varieties, as they bloom from four to six weeks earlier than the late-blooming Spencers sown at the same time and continue blooming for four months. They are vigorous growers with immense waved flowers borne on long, strong stems in threes and fours, adaptable to our warm Summers and free flowering. We strongly recommend a trial of these new creations.

let or flame color in standard, with rich orange-pink wings, keeping its color well and does not burn badly. Flowers are large and waved, borne in threes and fours abundantly; when cut and under artificial light its coloring is exquisite. 54555

This is a deeper shade of Pkt. Early Song Bird. Soft blush-pink shade; Pkt. large, fine flowers, borne on long stems in Seeds threes and fours. When in full growth it appears as though every stem has four

25

25

25

Yarrawa. Rose color on first opening, changing as it develops to a charming combination of light pink standards and blush wings of vigorous habit, the flowers are produced on long stiff stems.oz.\$1.25.54590

# EARLY AND WINTER-FLOWERING SWEET PEAS SPENCER VARIETIES

25

 These varieties, if sown early in Fall indoors, will bloom by Christmas and continue all Winter.

 They may also be sown outdoors in the same way as other sorts for Summer flowering.
 Pkt. of 50 Seeds

 Blanche Ferry Spencer.
 Pink and white
 54640
 25

 Lavender Pink Spencer.
 54710
 25

 Mrs. Sim Spencer.
 Apricot Pink
 54730
 25

 Red Orchid Spencer.
 54735
 25

 White Spencer.
 Best pure white
 54750
 25

 Choice Mixed Spencer
 \$1 00 per oz.
 54760
 25

### GRANDIFLORA VARIETIES

All Ten Cents per Packet	Per oz.	74 ID.
All Ten Cents per Packet  Canary Primrose. Beautiful primrose (Christmas)	\$0 15	\$0 50
Christmas Pink	15	.* 50
Christmas White	15	40
Christmas Lavender (Mrs. Alex. Wallace)	15	. 40
Earliest of All. Pink and white resembling Blanche Ferry (Christmas)54690	. 15	
Le Marquis. Navy blue (Christmas)	` 15	50
Meteor. Bright red	15	50
Mixed Christmas	15	50

#### SWEET DEAS IN MIXTURE

SWEET PEAS IN MIA		Ľ			
THORBURN'S SPECIAL MIXED. Comprising the	Pkt.	oz.	1/4 lb.	½ lb.	1 lb.
finest Eckford and newest and best large-flowering (Grandiflora) varieties	\$0 05	\$0 10	\$0 35	\$0 65	\$1 25
Spencer Varieties, Mixed. A very fine assortment of all the best varieties	10	20	75	1 40	2 50
Eckford, Mixed. The finest Eckford varieties only 54860 Perennial Peas. See Lathyrus.	05	10	35	65	1 25

# Selected List of Flower Seeds

We have unquestionably the largest assortment of Flower Seeds in America, and our strains are far superior to those commonly sold, often under fancy names and at fictitious prices. We avoid extravagant descriptions, meant only to effect sales.

There are many minute plants from the finer seeds killed by drenching with water while very young. In the first stage of their existence plants require moisture in a minute quantity, often repeated, and not in such large quantities as to saturate the soil in which they are growing.

FLOWER SEEDS DELIVERED FREE BY MAIL ON RECEIPT OF THE STATED PRICE Not less than ¼ oz. or 1 oz. sold at the prices quoted per ¼ oz. or 1 oz. respectively

PRICE PER OUNCE OR POUND FOR THOSE NOT QUOTED, ON APPLICATION

### Explanation of Signs Employed in this List

The asterisk (\*) designates ornamental-leaved plants. This mark (‡) prefixed indicates the climbers.

A represents Annual—lasting but one year.

B "Biennial—lasting two years.

P "Perennial—lasting three or more

Bu "greenhouse plants.

Bu "bulbous plants.

years.

desirable for house or garden. Grows 3 to 4

E "Evergreen—retains foliage the entire year.

As a large number of Biennials and Perennials, if sown early, flower the first season from seed, this distinguishing mark  $(\dagger)$  is affixed to such.

The hardiness is denoted by the following abbreviations, but it should be understood that this is intended to apply to the climate of the Middle Atlantic States. Farther north or south, these designations apply only in a comparative way.

h represents hardy—plants for open border. hh represents half-hardy—plants that require to be forwarded in pots or frames. t represents tender—requiring protection.

Customers will find it more convenient to order by number. If ordered from any catalogue other than this (1919) kindly state from which year's catalogue the numbers are taken. This will facilitate the filling of orders and will insure prompt shipment.

Many of our Flower Seeds are grown in Europe. Owing to troubles abroad some sorts may not be received until later in the season than usual. At the time of going to press we expect to receive all the varieties we quote, but may be disappointed.

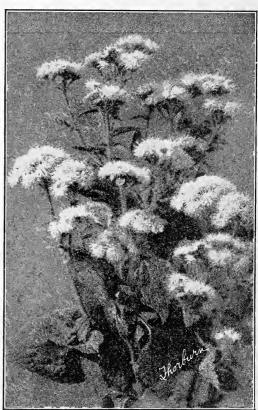
If permission is given us to substitute, we shall use our best judgment in sending equally good sorts for those originally ordered, or a memorandum will be kept of any items not sent and the seeds will be forwarded as soon as they arrive.

ABRONIA umbellata grandiflora (Sand Pkt. Verbena). Handsome, trailing plants, these hardy annuals with lilac-rose-colored flowers, are especially adapted for vases and	shrubs, elegant foliage, graceful branches and fine racemes of richly scented, yellow flowers. Soak the seeds in hot water
rock gardens, doing best in light, sandy soil. Sow in the open ground in May. 55020 10	before sowing, then plant in sandy peat in a temperature of 55 to 60 degrees.  Pkt.
‡ABRUS precatorius (Prayer Bean). This attractive, climbing, greenhouse perennial needs a strong heat for best results. Blossoms light purple	Baileyana.     6 to 10 ft.     55090     10       cultriformis.     6 ft.     55110     10       dealbata.     4 ft.     55130     10       decurrers.     6 ft.     55150     10       Melanoxylon.     8 ft.     55210     10       fforibunda.     6 ft.     55230     10
ABUTILON, Mixed Hybrids (Chinese Bell-flower, or Flowering Maple). Greenhouse shrub of easy culture; continuous blooming, bell-shaped flowers; very decorative;	Fine Mixed

mollis. White; 3 ft.....

M*)	25	ACHILLEA Ptarmica, Double, "The Pearl." Free-blooming, hardy perennial. The Pure white flowers are borne in clusters on long stems. Fine for florists for cut flowers; succeeds well in any common garden soil; blooms all Summer and Fall; 1½ ft. in height
	well Pkt.	
	10	Napellus (Monk's Hood). Blue55380
	ow-	ACROCLINIUM. Showy, halfhardy ann for the Summer garden, with Everlasting fl ers, which are much used for Winter dections. Flower heads, to be preserved should gathered when young; 1 ft.  roseum. Rose
	10	<b>TADLUMIA</b> cirrhosa (Mountain Fringe; Allegheny Vine). An interesting hardy perennial climbing vine, with beautiful dark rose flowers and delicate foliage; 15 ft
	ites	<b>ADONIS.</b> Both the annual and perennial varie are, with their bright flowers, great favor in the flower-garden. All succeed well in common soil.
	Pkt.	autumnalis (Flos Adonis) (hA). Crimson, fall blooming; 1 ft55600
AGERATUM-C	5	æstivalis (hA). Scarlet; 1½ ft55620
mexicanum annuals bel	5	vernalis (Ox-eye) (hP). Bright yellow, spring blooming; 1 ft55640
album. Wh Blue Perfect large flower Imperial Duings; 9 in. Imperial D edgings; 9 i	10	AGAPANTHUS umbellatus (African Lily). Showy greenhouse plants, producing large clusters of bright blue flowers. Nearly hardy, and will thrive anywhere, in pots or tubs on the lawn, piazza, or in the greenhouse. In bloom during Summer and Autumn; 3 ft
Little Dorri high, 1 ft. S Little Blue S for carpet b Swanley Blue 1 ft	25	AGATHÆA cœlestis (Blue Daisy). A tender perennial, with beautiful blue flowers; fine pot plant for Winter blooming in conservatory; 1 ft
Fine Mixed.	en's so	AGERATUM. For strengthening the gard color-forces in blue, no annual is

AGERATUM. For strengthening the garden's color-forces in blue, no annual is so good as the Ageratum. Though ordinarily used in bedding and borders, in contrast with such plants as geraniums, perillas, etc., the rose, white and blue sorts are exceedingly attractive when mingled with alyssum, candytuft, etc. They grow well almost anywhere and bloom the whole season, the dwarf blue sorts make fine borders. Sow under glass early in the season or later, outdoors in a mellow seed-bed. Seeds sown in August will produce good plants for winter flowering.



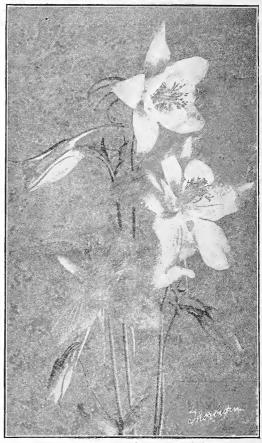
Ageratum Lasseauxi

AGERATUM—Continued	Pkt.
mexicanum (hA). Blue. Parent of the	_
annuals below; $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	5
<b>album.</b> White; 1½ ft	5
Blue Perfection. Fine dwarf variety, with large flowers; 9 in.; splendid55740	10
Imperial Dwarf Blue. Excellent for edgings; 9 in	10
Imperial Dwarf White. Excellent for edgings; 9 in	10
Little Dorrit. Azure blue. Plants 6 in.	
high, 1 ft. wide	10
Little Blue Star. Bright blue flowers, fine for carpet bedding; 5 in55810	25
<b>Swanley Blue.</b> A fine, large-flowered sort; 1 ft	10
Fine Mixed55840	5
AGROSTEMMA. All of easiest cultivation, blo	om-
ing during Summer and Autumn. "The Ros	se of
Heaven" is very free flowering and fine for flowers. The "Rose Campion" is excellent	for
naturalizing in dry situations.	Pkt.
<b>Cœli-rosa</b> (Rose of Heaven) (hA). Rose; 1½ ft	
†coronaria (Rose Campion) (hP). Rose; 2 ft55880	
Z 1t	5
† " Dark Blood Red (hP). 2 ft. 55890	10

Pkt.

AGROSTEMMA—Continued †coronaria White (hP). 2 ft55900 5	<b>a</b> .
† " Mixed (hP). 2 ft55910 5	
† <b>Flos-Jovis</b> (Flower of Jove) (hP). Rose; 1 ft	
ALONSOA (Mask Flower). Bright, little, free-flowering annuals of fine habit; require some protection in cold weather. Bloom continuously all through the season; 1½ to 2 ft.  Pkt.	
linifolia.         Scarlet.         .55970         5           Warscewiczii.         Scarlet.         .55980         5	
ALSTRŒMERIA (Peruvian Lily). Lily-like, hardy perennial. Blooms all Summer; 3 ft.	
pulchella. Brilliant yellow, with red streaks	
ALTHÆA rosea. See Hollyhock.	
ALYSSUM. Most popular, free-blooming annuals; suitable for borders, baskets, pots, rockwork, and for cutting. In the garden sow thickly so as to form masses, early in Spring or even the previous Autumn. For Winter bloom sow late in August, and thin the seedlings to about a dozen for a good-sized basket. Cut back after the first flowers fade and others will come.	
maritimum (Sweet Alyssum) (hA). Fragrant white flowers, in clusters; all Summer; 1 ft. Oz. 50c	
compactum lilacinum (Lilac Queen).56055 10	
<b>compactum, Little Gem.</b> Grows erect; 6 in. ½ oz. 20c., oz. 60c <b>56060</b> 10	Thuy,
procumbens, White Carpet. Of trailing habit, forming a dense mass. 1/4 oz. 20c., oz. 60c	Amarantus  *AMARANTUS—Continued
oz. 60c	*Fine mixedoz. 30c. 56250
pact; for pots and borders; 3 in. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz.	AMETHYST. See Browallia.
30c	AMMOBIUM alatum grandiflorum. White.
Single plants cover a square foot in a year and produce hundreds of yellow flower heads. Grayish foliage; 1 ft	Pretty half-hardy perennial Everlastings. Of easiest culture; bloom all Summer; 2 ft
neads. Grayish foliage, 1 1t	ANAGALLIS grandiflora, Mixed (Pimper-
*AMARANTUS. Strong-Growing, highly ornamental tender annuals. The tricolor varieties are very valuable for bedding, having elegant, ornamental full file.	nelle). Half-hardy annuals of easy culture. Fine for borders or rockwork. Continuously in bloom; 6 in
mental foliage, variegated crimson, yellow and green; also well adapted for growing in pots. Of easy culture, doing best in rich loam soil. For best results sow in hotbed in April and	ANCHUSA. Both the annual and perennial varieties of this attractive plant succeed well in the garden border. Fine for cut-flowers and bouquets.
plant out the end of May. Please note that seed saved from the finest sorts frequently produce inferior plants.	capensis (Cape Forget-Me-Not) (hhA). Azure blue; 1½ ft
*bicolor ruber. Red; 2 ft	3 ft
*cruentus (Prince's Feather). Dark red; 3 ft	ANEMONE (Windflower). Free-flowering, hardy perennials, producing large cup-
*caudatus (Love-Lies-Bleeding). Dark red; 3 ft. oz. 30c	shaped flowers. Invaluable for cutting; require rich, deep soil; 1 to 2 ft.
coleifolius superbus. Dark red; 3 ft. 56180 5 *melancholicus ruber. Red; 2½ ft. 56200 5	coronaria (St. Brigid Poppy-flowered)
*salicifolius (Fountain Plant). Purple; 2½ ft	Mixed
*tricolor (Joseph's Coat). Variegated; 2½	japonica alba. White 56390
ftoz. 50c. 56220 5	sylvestris. White56395

<b>ANTHEMIS.</b> A very pretty plant, producing all Summer Daisy-like, golden yellow flowers; fine for cutting.	
Kelwayi tinctoria (hP). Fine, large flowers on good stems; 2 ft56460 10	
<b>ANTIGONON leptopus.</b> Greenhouse perennial climber with pink flowers <b>56470</b> 5	1
ANTIRRHINUM. See Snapdragon.	
AQUILEGIA (Columbine). Few hardy perennials are so easily grown from seed, and will give such unalloyed satisfaction. A most desirable border plant. It forms large clumps, blooms early, long and abundantly, is useful for cutting and elegant in habit. Sow seed in the open ground in Spring, preferably where the plants are to grow, and thin to about a foot apart. Sow in the Fall for flowering the following season. They thrive well under ordinary garden culture, but such rare sorts as A. cærulea and A. chrysantha do best in partially shaded, welldrained nooks.	
California hybrida. Orange-red and yellow; splendid; 2 ft	
canadensis. Scarlet and yellow; for shade; 1½ ft56510 10	
chrysantha. Golden yellow; flowers large, long spurred; 3 ft	
<b>cærulea</b> (Rocky Mountain Blue Columbine).  One of the most beautiful of our native flowers. Sepals blue, petals white; 3 ft	Trouber
glandulosa vera. One of the handsomest hardy perennials; stems 2 ft. high, with sometimes 50 to 80 blossoms 3 in. in diameter, of the deepest blue, with white corolla; a splendid flower	Aquilegia, Long Spurred Hybrids  ARGEMONE. Easily grown, showy, hardy annuals, with Poppy-like flowers; blooming through the Summer and Autumn; 2 to 3 ft.
Long-spurred Hybrids, Mrs. Scott Elliot's Strain. Magnificent hybrids in the greatest variety of colors and shades; one of the finest strains; 2 ft	### Pkt.   Pkt.
<b>Skinneri</b> (Mexican Columbine). Very handsome and distinct, spurs and sepals long. Crimson and green; 3 ft56590 25	and-white. Beautiful, strong-growing climbers for both greenhouse and open ground; grow finely all Summer; 20 ft.56750 25
<b>vulgaris, Double Mixed.</b> Best colors. <b>56620</b> 5	Sipho (hP).         The "Dutchman's Pipe" Vine;           30 ft
" Single Mixed. Many good sorts. 56630 5	<b>ASCLEPIAS.</b> Showy plants, including both greenhouse and hardy perennials, growing 2 to 3 ft. in height and blooming throughout the Summer.
<b>ARABIS.</b> An early-flowering, hardy perennial especially suited for edgings becoming a sheet of white bloom in early and rockwork, growing about 6 in. in height, Spring, adapting itself to almost any situation, and of easiest culture.	Curassavica (Swallow-wort) (gP). Orange; free bloomer
alpina (Rock Cress). White; 9 in56660 10	<b>ASPARAGUS.</b> Beautiful, fern-like foliage; fine for bouquets; an excellent house plant; white flowers; 4 to 6 ft.
ARCTOTIS grandis. White and lilac; 2 ft. The large, Daisy-like blooms of this fine hardy annual are excellent for cutting 56680 10	plumosus manus (gP). The dwarf variety so largely used by florists



Aquilegia, Long Spurred Hybrids

ARGEMONE.				
annuals, wit				
through the	Summer	and Au	tumn; 2	to 3 ft.
				Pkt.

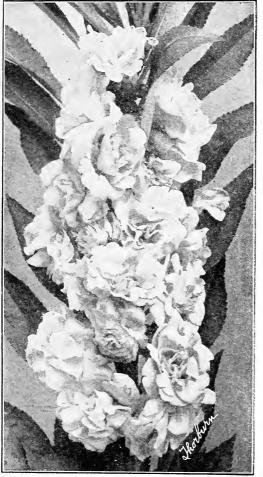
grandiflora.	White.		5
и	lutea.	Yellow <b>56730</b>	5
	*** * *	( D) D 1	

TARISTOLOCH	A elegans	(gP). Purple-	
and-white.	Beautiful,	strong-growing	
climbers for	both greenh	nouse and open	
ground; grow	finely all Sum	mer; 20 ft. <b>56750</b>	25

Sipho (hP).	The	"Dutchman's Pipe" Vine	;
30 ft			0 25

Summer.	-
	Pkt.
Curassavica (Swallow-wort) (gl	P). Orange;
free bloomer	56810 10

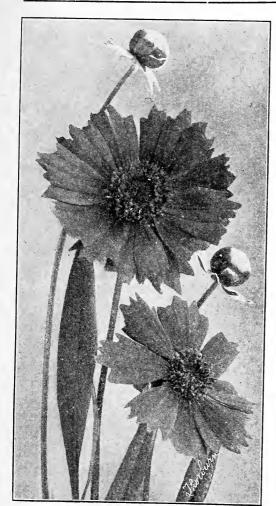
azurea setosa (hhA). Light blue	ASPARAGUS—Continued	PKI
borders or rockwork; succeed finely in shad places or under trees; continuously in bloor 1 ft.  azurea setosa (hhA). Light blue		
azurea setosa (hhA). Light blue	borders or rockwork; succeed finely in sh	nad
odorata (Sweet Woodruff; Waldmeister) (hP). White		oom Pkt
Asters. See pages 71 and 72.  AUBRETIA. Hardy perennial trailers for bed rockwork or herbaceous borders; resemb Alyssum in character.  deltoidea. Lilac, very pretty	odorata (Sweet Woodruff; Waldmeister)	
rockwork or herbaceous borders; resemb Alyssum in character.  deltoidea. Lilac, very pretty	(hP). White	1(
AURICULA (Primula auricula) (hP). Finest Mixed. Beautiful shades of color. These early Spring-blooming garden Primroses are great favorites; 6 in	rockwork or herbaceous borders; reser Alyssum in character. <b>deltoidea.</b> Lilac, very pretty56960	nble Pkt 25
Gomphrena. <b>BALLOON VINE</b> (Cardiospermum). A pretty Pk and fast-growing, half-hardy annual climber, with white blossoms; 10	AURICULA (Primula auricula) (hP). Finest Mixed. Beautiful shades of color. These early Spring-blooming garden Primroses	
and fast-growing, half-hardy annual climber, with white blossoms; 10		and
	and fast-growing, half-hardy annual	Pkt.
		5



Double Balsam

BALSAM. (Lady's-Slipper). T	hese favorite
BALSAM. (Lady's-Slipper). Thalf-hardy annuals are of	the easiest
culture, but love hot sun, plenty of water. The your	rich soil and
plenty of water. The your	g plants are
quick, sure growers, and, fr in the open ground in May soon	om seed sown
bushes thickly massed with la	arge Rose-like
flowers. Transplanting two or	hree times has
a tendency to dwarf the plan	ts into better
shape and to make the flowers	more double.
Balsams are not often given ro	om for perfect
development; they will easily of in. of space each way. For the	over 12 to 18
choice seed is more than usually	essential We
offer only the finest double sorts	1½ ft.
	Pkt.
Double Bright Scarlet	
Nose	
renow	
WILLE	
Camellia-flowered, White. F	lowers of
extra size, double and full cent	ered, with
reflexed petals. The plant grow to a good height and is extremel	vs rapidry v florifer-
ous	<b>57170</b> 10
Camellia-flowered. Lilac	
" " Light Pink.	57174 10
" Rose	<b>57176</b> 10
Starlet	57178 10
Mixeu. Do	<b>57190</b> 10
" " Mixed. Sing	
Finest Double, Mixed. A splend	
ment	0c <b>57200</b> 10
BALSAM APPLE AND PEAR. So	e Momordica
BAPTISIA australis (False Indigo	) Light
blue. Very beautiful, strong-gro	wing and
ornamental, hardy, perennial box	der plant
for Summer blooming; 3 ft	57280 5
BARTONIA aurea. Golden yellov	r. Beau-
tiful hardy annuals that bloom a	ll through
the season; very fragrant in the 3 ft	evening; <b>57300</b> 5
0 10	91900 3
PECONIA (aD) Regaring are	nroluable for
growing in beds and borde	iivaiuabie ioi
pot culture, being perfect in	habit, with
<b>BEGONIA.</b> (gP). Begonias are i growing in beds and borde pot culture, being perfect in very handsome foliage. Avabout 1 ft. The tuberous-rocking description in the company of the compan	erage height
about 1 ft. The tuberous-roo	ted varieties
produce gorgeous effects in the g one of our best Summer-bloo	arden and are
The seeds of all varieties show	ld be started
early.	
Single, Tuberous-Rooted, Mixed	Pkt.
Double Tuberous-Rooted, Mixed	
Fringed Single Tuberous-Rooted	57440 25
gracilis luminosa. Dark scarlet	
brown foliage; Winter flowering	fine for
pots	<b>57460</b> 25
*Rex. Ornamental-leaved varietie	s in mix-
ture	57480 25
semperflorens rosea. Rose-colore	
fine for edging	<b>57500</b> 25
" alba. White flow	
in profusion	ers borne
// ***	ers borne <b>57510</b> 25
" Vernon. Red; for	ers borne <b>57510</b> 25 borders.
<ul><li>Wernon. Red; for</li><li>Mixed</li></ul>	ers borne <b>57510</b> 25 borders. <b>57540</b> 25

BEGONIA—Continued	F .
BELLIS perennis. See Daisy.	
BENINCASA cerifera (tA). A black, wax-like gourd with yellow flowers; 6 ft. 57610 10	
BIDENS atrosanguinea (hA). Showy, like the Calliopsis; easily grown; flowers dark red; 2 ft	
BLUE BOTTLE. See Centaurea cyanus.	
*BOCCONIA japonica. A very ornamental, hardy perennial; fine in large beds; flowers white; 6 ft	
<b>BRACHYCOME.</b> The well-known "Swan-River Daisy" is a beautiful, little, half-hardy annual; blooms all summer; fine for edgings and borders. Should be started in hotbed; 1 ft.  Pkt.	
<b>iberidifolia.</b> Blue	
" alba. White57720 10	The second secon
" rosea. Rose57730 10	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A
" Mixed57740 10	
BROWALLIA (Amethyst). Half-hardy, profuse- blooming annual; highly prized for Summer bedding or as greenhouse plants. Fine for cutting; 2 ft.	
Pkt.	Calendula officinalis Nankeen
elata. Blue	
" alba. White	CALCEOLARIA—Continued Pkt.
M13eu	hybrida. Large flowered; self colored; 2
<b>CACALIA</b> (Tassel Flower). Very pretty and most easily grown hardy annual, with tassel-shaped	ft <b>57990</b> 25
flowers; $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	" Large flowered; tigered or spotted;
Pkt.	2 ft <b>58000</b> 25
coccinea.         Scarlet	" Large flowered; dwarf; tigered; 1 ft58010 25
CACTUS (hhP). Mixed varieties. Seeds of these interesting plants should be started in the greenhouse in moist sand57900 25	scabiosæfolia (Californica) (hA). Yellow for bedding; 1 ft
‡CALAMPELIS scabra (†hP). Fine climber for trellises; flowers orange scarlet; 10 ft.	CALENDULA. Hardy annuals about 1 ft. high. Sow in the open early in Spring
<b>57920</b> 10	and the plants will bloom early in
CALANDRINIA. Brightly colored, little hardy	Summer. Calendulas have become very popular of late; the striking orange, red
annuals, fine for edgings; continuously in bloom, and do well in sunny situations; 6 in.	and vellow blooms are very effective and attrac-
Pkt.	tive, growing on stout, long stems. They are excellent for cutting, and are produced in great
<b>speciosa.</b> Purple	profusion, blooming until late in Autumn.
umbellata. Violet	Officinalis fl. pl. grandiflora (Orange King). Double; large flowered deep orange58160 5
<b>CALCEOLARIA.</b> The seeds are very small, and should be sown in the greenhouse on the surface of shallow boxes filled with a light, sandy soil, which has been sifted. Sow moderately thick	" fl. pl. grandiflora sulphurea. Double; light yellow; large- flowered
in rows on the surface and cover very lightly	" Sulphur Crown58175 5
with sifted Sphagnum Moss, Cocoanut waste or very light soil. Press the soil firmly on the	" Nankeen. A rich, soft shade of
seed, the watering should be done carefully;	nankeen yellow; large flowers.
an atomizer or brush is best, to retain the mois- ture the box may be covered with a pane of	<b>58180</b> 5
glass which must be removed as soon as the plants appear. The soil should be light and	" Meteor. Creamy center, edged with orange; fine for cutting.
rich.	oz. 25c

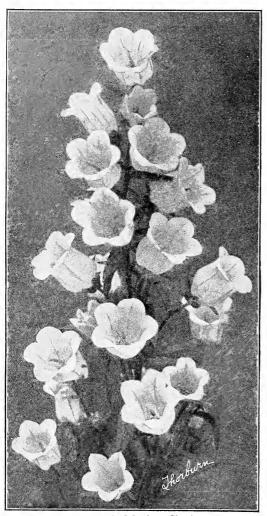


Coreopsis Grandiflora

CALENDULA—Continued	Pkt.
officinalis Prince of Orange. Glittering	
orange and yellow. One of the	
bestoz. 30c <b>58200</b>	5
" ranunculoides (Garden Mari-	
gold). Orange; double flowers.	
58210	5
pluvialis (Cape Marigold). White or ivory. 58220	5
Pongei fl. pl. Handsome, double, white	
flowers58230	5
Mixed, All Sortsoz. 25c58240 See, also, Marigold.	5

CALLIOPSIS. This hardy annual is another of the garden's great forces in yellow, strengthened with rich red maroons and browns. Sow in the open ground in Spring, and, in thinning or transplanting, give the plants plenty of room to spread. Their tall slender habit makes neat staking and tying necessary. Fine for cutting.

CALLIOPSIS—Continued	Pkt.
bicolor (Tinctoria). Yellow brown; 2 ft. 58290	5
" Crimson King58295	5
" marmorata. Maroon and gold; 1½ ft58310	5
" nana radiata (Ray of Gold). Golden yellow flowers; 6 to 8	10
in	10 5
<b>Drummondii</b> (Golden Wave). Golden brown; 1 ftoz. 50c <b>58350</b>	5
Mixed Annual Sortsoz. 40c58370	5
<b>COREOPSIS</b> ( <b>Perennial Calliopsis</b> ). One of finest hardy perennials; bloom practically Summer; fine for borders and groups.	
grandiflora. Large flowers of rich yellow; 2 ft58400	10
<pre>lanceolata grandiflora. Large, golden yellow flowers; fine for cutting58410</pre>	10
CAMELLIA JAPONICA. See Tree Seeds.	
CAMPANULA and CANTERBU BELLS. Popular	RY
beautiful are Campanulas. Although Canterbury Bells are biennials they may be treated as annuals, and will flower the year from seed, if sown early in the Spr For effect in the border plant them in clump separate colors, and they are beautiful w massed. The perennial varieties, treated perennials, will flower most profusely by n summer. The tall and stately growing ki will be found of great value for the bord while the dwarf sorts make charming rock and edging plants. All the varieties like a resandy soil with good drainage.	the also first ing. s of hen as nid-nds der, and ich,
carpatica (hP). Deep blue; for rockeries, beds and edgings; 6 in58530	Pkt.
" alba. Flowers white; 6 in .58540	10
Medium Single Blue (Canterbury Bells) (hB). Blooms first year if sown early; 2 ft58560	5
" Single White. Pretty for contrasts58570	5
" Single Rose58580	10
" Single Mixed	5
" Double Blue. Rich, heavy, curious flowers through Sum-	10



Campanula Medium Single

CAMPANULA—Continued	Pkt.
Medium Double White. Waxy appearance586	
" Double Rose586	<b>30</b> 15
" Double Mixed586	<b>40</b> 10
calycanthema (Cup-and-Saucer) (hI Blue; symmetrical; oft has 35 to 40 flowers op at same time on a sin, plant. For pots or b ders; 2 ft586	en en gle or-
" alba. A white flower variety of the above 586	ed
" rosea. Rose; a very fi sort586	
" Mixed. Shades of blue a white586	
" <b>Prize Mixture</b> of all colo Single and Double a Calycanthemas; an t equaled strain587	nd in-

CAMPANULA—Continued	Pkt.
persicifolia grandiflora, Blue (hP). Superb large flowers and long, narrow peach-like foliage. For finest effect plant the blue and white varieties together; 2 to 4 ft. June and July58770	25
" grandiflora alba. A white- flowered variety of the above, growing to the same height. 58780	25
" grandiflora, Fine Mixed 58790	25
pyramidalis (Chimney Bellflower) (hhP). Spikes 3 to 4 ft. tall, erect, pyramidal; flowers large and of a beautiful blue; blooms in late Summer and Au-	
tumn58800	10
" alba. White58810	10
" Mixed58815	10
See also Platycodon, page 115.	
	Pkt.
CANARY - BIRD FLOWER (Tropæolum canariense). Also known as Canary Creeper. Fine, half-hardy annual; yellow flowers; 10 ft	10
CANDYTUFT (Iberis). The Cartufts are among best hardy annuals for edgings, bedd massing or rockeries, and for cutting. Set of the varieties are fragrant, and all are proin bloom. Sow outdoors in April, and well when the plants grow about an inchagain in a month, and late in July for flowers. Give rich soil and water from	ling, veral ofuse thin Sow
affinis. Neat and pretty bedder; 6 in 58870	5
amara. White; 1 ftoz. 30c58875	5
coronaria (Rocket Candytuft). Of candelabra form; flowers in upright spikesoz. 50c58880	5
" <b>Empress.</b> White; 1 ft. ½ oz. 20coz. 60c. 58885	5
" Giant Hyacinth - flowered. White flowers borne in large trusses	5
" <b>Little Prince.</b> Very large heads of pure white flowers; fine for border and pots; 6 in 58895	10
odorata. Small, white, fragrant flowers	5
umbellata. Purple; 1 ft58905	5
" carminia. Bright carmine; 1 ft58910	10
" carnea. Flesh colored; 1 ft58915	5
" <b>Dunnetti.</b> Dark crimson; 1 ft	5
" lileging Lileg: 1 ft 58925	5

CAND YT UFT—Continued	Pkt.	A CONTRACT OF THE PARTY OF THE
umbellata Tom Thumb. White 5893	5	
" Dwarf Hybrids. Mixed colors	;	
6 in <b>5893</b>	5 1	
" Mixed58938	5	
Mixed Annual Sortsoz. 30c5894	5	
PERENNIAL CANDYTUFT. Hardy ever plants, making a magnificent showing second year from seed. They bloom very cushioning rock ledges, borders, etc., banks of bloom. Sow outdoors in Sprii Fall in any sunny place.  sempervirens. White flowers remain fresl nearly a month; 1 ft	the early, with ng or Pkt.	
bedding plants; beautiful, ornamental fe and large, brilliant flowers. Much emp in subtropical gardening, groups on lawn mixed flower beds. Soak the seed b planting; 4 ft.	oliage loyed s and	
*Dark Leaved Sorts, Mixed59030	10	
Indica Fine Mixed5903	5 5	
*Finest Mixed. Crozy's hybrids; very fine		
CANTERBURY BELLS. See Campanula.		

Carnation, Thorburn's Margaret

CARNATION—Continued

CARNATION (Dianthus Caryophyllus). The splendid Carnation of the florist is a very interesting plant to grow from seed, and it is not over-exacting. Sown under glass in early Spring or later in the open ground the plants will flower finely the second Summer. For largest, richest flowers we recommend culture in pots of rich soil. With many they are also garden favorites, and grown in this way, flowers of good quality may be enjoyed all Summer if given plenty of water, good soil and a mulch about their roots. With the tall varieties staking and tying is necessary. Young plants are perfectly hardy outdoors, but when two or three years old they are injured by Winter cold, so that sowings should be made every year. The more expensive sorts produce the finest flowers. The prices we quote, although
seemingly high, are most reasonable for strains such as we offer.
MARGARET CARNATIONS are an extra vigorous

They for the five m	especially are very neir rich ponths from seed every	neat in h profusion m sowing	abit, and of flower. Grow	d remarka ers, produ n as ann	able iced uals
Double	White.	Large,	perfect		Pkt.

1½ ft	10
Double Yellow. A clear, soft shade; 1½ ft59130	
<b>Double Mixed.</b> 1½ to 2 ftoz. \$1.50. <b>59140</b>	10

CARNATIO	N-Continued			Pkt.
	Margaret.			
rich v	ariety of color	s: 80 per cent	t. of the	

CILLIE	11141 But CO.	1 Tulliano	m ouam.	
	large and p			
	ariety of colo			
	s generally co			
sort fo	r cutting; 1 f	t	$\dots 59145$	25

PERPETUAL CARNATIONS. This	
large, elegantly formed flowers, c	
abloom, upon closely branched sy	
plants, often called, from their ne	eat habit
Tree Carnations.	

Chabaud Perpetual Double. Mixed-	1 1.0
yellow, red, white, etc.; 1½ ft. Blooms in six months	2

comes true from seed		50

Jeanne	Dionis.	Enormous	flowers	of the	
purest	white and	most perfec	ct form	. 59190	75

Giant Perpetual	Fine Mixe	ed. Enormous
flowers; perfectl	y double; s	plendid colors.

BORD	ER	CA	RNATIO	NS, etc.	We	invite	atten-
tion	to	the	splendid	collection	bel	:WO.	

		Pkt.
Red Grenadine, Double.	Brilliant scarlet;	
2 ft		25

10 10

CARNATIONS, Border, etc.—Continued	Pkt.
Early Dwarf Vienna. Double Mixed. Fine for garden culture and for cutting; 1 ft	15
Fine Double Mixed, Variegated. Splendid mixture	15
Double Mixed59370	10
CASSIA artemisioides (Senna) (gP). A very pretty shrub, with finely cut, silvery foliage and yellow flowers; sweet scented; will stand drought very well; 4 ft59450 CASTOR-OIL PLANT. See Ricinus. CATCHFLY. See Silene.	15
CELOSIA (Cockscomb).	
CRISTATA. An annual of easy culture. They most effective in the border. Transplanted a rich soil about the time the combs beging form make the flower heads much larger, they last from Midsummer till closed by f	into n to and
Glasgow Prize. Dark leaves and crimson combs; fine for solid beds and for edgings; 1 ft	
Dwarf Bright Red. A miniature plant, with enormous combs of intense	

bright red......59530

Crimson......59540 Dark Yellow. Yellow combs. . 59550



Celosia Plumosa

DANCEAT ST.	, INE VV	TOKK	
CELOSIA CRISTATA		_	Pkt.
Dwarf Light Ye	ellow	5956	0 10
" Mixed. I above o	Extra large olors	combs in all th <b>5957</b>	e <b>0</b> 10
Tall Mixed. Ve	ry fine	5957	5 10
PLUMOSA (Plum	ed or Os	strich-feather C	ocks-
comb). Beau	tiful ann	ual foliage p	lants.
producing large	e, showy	er and Autumn	, and
curved, much	resembli	plumes, curled ng ostrich fea	thers.
Elegant for be	ds and bo	rders; 2 to 3 ft	
Ostrich-Feather	. Crimson	n 5959	Pkt. 0 10
" "			
	_		
	rmest 1	Mixed 5960	5 10
Pride of Castle pact, feathery p	Gould.	Handsome, com	1-
pact, feathery p	olumes. I	n shades of bloo	d o or
		d orange <b>5962</b>	
Thompsonii. Fo	eathered; r	ed; superb . <b>5963</b>	<b>5</b> 15
" m	agnifica a	alba5962	0 10
«	"	Aurea5962	2 10
«	"	Carminea . 5962	<b>3</b> 10
"	<b>"</b>	Coccinea5962	<b>4</b> 10
"	"	Kermesina5962	6 10
"		lutea5962	
"		purpurea5963	
u		rouge feu . 5963	
«		Yellow 5963	
u			
		<b>Mixed.</b> Super nt of the plume	q D
	varieties.	5964	<b>0</b> 15
Pompon (Chine	oo Woolfl	ower Duillian	_
scarlet; quite di	stinct	<b>596</b> 8	0 10
Yellow, Golden			
Tenow, Golden	remow		<b>5</b> 10
ODS TO A TI	D T 4	(T) 1	_
CENTAU	KEA	flower (Cent	Corn-
cvanus) is a	Iso know	n ac Blue F	latta.
Ragged Sailor,	and som	netimes as Backed plants of	elor's
hardiest nature	e and sim	plest culture, a	mong
the most att	ractive a	nd graceful o	f all

increase rapidly and bloom profusely.

**PERENNIAL FLOWERING.** A dry, sandy soil of moderate fertility seems to suit them best, keeping up a profusion of bloom all Summer.

montana, Blue. Large-flowered perennial 

PERENNIAL, SILVER-LEAVED. These are used for borders or edgings, and thrive anywhere. Flowers white, leaves grayish; half hardy; height 1 ft.

candidissima. Silvery white leaves...59740 10

40

30

40

CENTAUREA, Perennial—Continued Pkt.	CENTAUREA, Imperialis, Hardy Annuals—Cont'd.	Pkt.
gymnocarpa. Silvery white, small leaves. 59760 10	Mixed. Very large flowered; hardy59840	10
HARDY ANNUALS. Flower finest in full sun and thin soil. Sow in open ground in Spring; 1½ to 2 ft.	odorata, Margaritæ. Pure white; 2½ in. across; lacinated and scented; forms stocky, well budded little bushes; 1½ ft59880	10
americana. Large, lilac-purple flowers; bushy plants; very fine; constant and profuse bloomer	moschata atropurpurea (Purple Sweet Sultan). Large flowers on long stems	10
<b>alba.</b> Pure white	" atropurpurea alba (White Sweet Sultan)59910	10
imperialis (Giant). A hardy annual of great beauty; the fluffy flowers borne on long, stiff stems. Yellow, mauve, lilac, rose and white in	" atropurpurea, Mixed. (Mixed Sweet Sultan)59930	10
color, are very beautiful. They are splendid for cutting, and the cut blooms, if placed in water, are very lasting.	sauveolens (Yellow Sweet Sultan). Fine. 59950	10
White. Very large flowered, hardy and floriferous	Cyanus (Cornflower). Blue; delightful, old-fashioned flowers, blooming profusely all Summer; borne on long, stiff stems, and fine for cutting; 1 to 2 ft	5
Purple. Beautiful, velvety purple59798 10  Lilac. Very large flowered; hardy. The same as the white, except in color59810 10	"Emperor William. Blue; one of the finest of all Cornflowers, and much used for cutting.  ½ oz. 25c59980	5
Rose. Charming, glowing rose59818 10	" Double Blue59985	15
Yellow. Bright yellow flowers; very fine for use as cut-flowers	" Rose. Distinct shade; flowers borne on long stems; good for cutting	5
WAND WARREN	"Victoria, Dwarf Compact. For pots and edgings; azure blue; 9 in60020	10
	" Pure White. Very fine60030	5
	" Mixedoz. 40c60040	5
	" <b>Double Mixed.</b> ½ oz., 25c., oz. 80c <b>60050</b>	5
	" Mixed Dwarf Hybrids. 1/4 oz., 25c., oz. 80c60060	10



Centaurea Imperialis

<b>CENTRANTHUS.</b> annuals, suitable garden border; 1	for re	pretty, ockeries,	free- vases	flowe and	ring the
					Pkt

macrosiphon. Red......60120

Collection of 5 varieties Centaurea 

Collection of 4 varieties Centaurea Moschata......60068

Collection of 6 varieties Centaurea Cyanus......60070

Mixed . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 60150

<b>CERASTIUM</b> (Snow-in-Summer). Pretty, silver-leaved, trailing, hardy perennials; fine edging plants, also for rockeries; 6 in.
Pkt.
tomentosum. White60190 25
CHELONE. Beautiful, decorative, hardy perennials; worthy of a place in every garden; 2 to 3 ft.
Pkt.
barbata, coccinea, Scarlet60300 10
" <b>hybrida Mixed60310</b> 10
CHRISTMAS ROSE. See Helleborus.
CHRYSANTHEMUM Do not these annuals with the Winter-flowering sorts of the florists. They bloom profusely from early Summer until freet, and, when grown

these annuals with the Winter-flowering sorts of the florists. They bloom profusely from early Summer until frost, and, when grown in large beds or masses their bright colors make a splendid show. The plants can be brought into bloom early by sowing the seeds in frames or window-boxes, and afterwards transplanting to the garden; or seed may be sown where the plants are to flower, if the seedlings are thinned to 8 to 10 inches apart. Pinching back in early growth makes the plants bushy and shapely. Average height, 1 to 1½ ft.

coronarium,	Double	sulphureum.	Pale	
•	yellow		60370	5

Double Yellow. Golden yellow; splendid......60390 5



Chrysanthemum tricolor

THRYSANTHEMUM—Contin coronarium, Double W			Pkt. 5
" Double		Yellow,	5
	orts have be f various col y handsome	ors, and	are
	Cui-		Pkt.
roon, with inner circ	white ed	ge and it and	5
" <b>Eclipse.</b> Ye brown band	ellow, with	velvety <b>60460</b>	10
	t <b>her.</b> Folia vers bright : ng stems	red and	10
" Scarlet. Dan	k and rich.	60490	10
" Yellow		60500	5
" White		60510	5
" Single Mix $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 2	ed. All 20c., oz. 60c	colors.	5
" Double Golde	•		10
" Double Whit	e (Dunnetti	.60540	10
" <b>Double hy</b> (Dunnetti).	bridum,	Mixed . 60550	10
" Double Mixe 1/4 oz. 40c	ed. c., oz. \$1.25	60580	10
frutescens (Paris Dais (gP). Beautiful for culture; long-stemmed, ers, with golden cer variety with florists	cutting and single, which the single, which is a second control of the second control of	nd pot te flow- favorite	10
inodorum, Double. Procarried on long, stiff ste	etty, white items; fine for o	flowers, cutting;	10
Leucanthemum (Shas Extra large flowers, petals and brilliant, go 2 to 2½ ft	with pure lden yellow	white center;	10
Leucanthemum Secun guerite). Flowering in Shasta Daisy	succession	to The	. 15
segetum, Morning Sta flowers; for	ar. Large, cutting	yellow . <b>60650</b>	5
" Helios, Evenicutting; pure flowers of gon long sten	ire golden gigantic size	yellow , borne	5
Collection of 6 Varied mum tricolor			50
PERENNIAL VARIETIE	S. This sect	ion inclu	des

PERENNIAL VARIETIES. This section includes the large-flowered sorts, and the pretty, hardy Pompons that make bright masses of color in our gardens long after heavy frosts have cut down other flowers. We wish to make quite clear the distinction between this class and the Annual Chrysanthemums described above, so that,

#### PERENNIAL CHRYSANTHEMUM-Continued

as has sometimes happened heretofore, customers may not order seed of the Summerblooming garden varieties, expecting them to yield the grand show flowers of late Fall, which are obtained from cuttings carefully cultivated. For ordinary culture and room decoration plants pinched back to form-a number of branches, and holding from five to ten flowers are satisfactory. Average height of show, kinds, 3 ft.

indicum, S	ingle. Will produce superb flowers of different types and colors; fine for forcing and cutflowers	
" P	ompon. The pretty, hardy dwarfs, with bright, clustered flowers, which brighten up the garden late in Autumn; 1½ ft	25
Double. A	fl. pl. From finest flowers. An extra choice mixture, includ- of the finest large-flowering	

CINERARIA One of the most useful and ornamental of greenhouse plants, with flowers of the richest and most brilliant colors and shades, and of the finest texture. It is rather a difficult plant to grow if its requirements are not understood. The mistake generally made is in growing it in a warm house instead of a cool one. The seed should be started in the greenhouse. For Winter blooming sow in April and May in

#### CINERARIA—Continued

shallow boxes, in fine soil; drop the seed in shallow drills, cover, and press the earth rather firmly with a piece of board or the bottom of a pot. Set the box where it will get the morning sun, water moderately and carefully. Average height, 2 ft.

T		Contract Views buildings	Pkt.	
Large-n	lowered,	<b>Crimson.</b> Very brilliant and showy <b>60860</b>	50	
"	65	Flesh Colored, Mixed 60810	50	
и	ű	Matchless. An excellent new strain containing many new colors60815	60	
ει	"	<b>Stella, Mixed.</b> Twisted and fluted petals; large flowers of very rich and bright colors <b>60820</b>	50	
"	"	White. Handsome.60830	25	
u	"	Prize Mixed. Magnificent strain 60840	60	
"	"	Half Dwarf, Prize Mixed Exquisite; 1 ft60850	60	
Splendi	d Mixed.	All fine sorts <b>60860</b>	25	
"	"	Double60870	60	
stellata	(Polyant	ha). Mixed <b>60</b> 88 <b>0</b>	25	
hybrida	, extra c	hoice Mixed60890	50	
HALF-HARDY PERENNIALS. Require some protection.				
maritin	na (Dusty	Miller). Silvery leaves.	I Kt.	
	, ,	60910	5	
	33	aritima candidissima.		

## maritima candidissima. Beautiful white

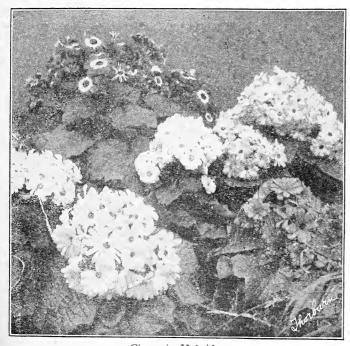
foliage; the best 60920 10 Diamond. Pure

white foliage; very fine.60930 10

CLARKIA One of the prettiest and showiest of hardy annuals that bloom freely and have flowers bloom is a beautiful sight; useful for hanging baskets, vases and as edgings to beds of larger growing plants. Sow outdoors in early Spring and grow in partial shade. The grow in partial shade. plants keep up a continuous bloom through Midsummer to late Autumn; average height, 11/9 ft.

elegans alba, Double. White 60960 rosea. Single. Rose. 60970 rosea. Double. 10

Rose......66980 Salmon Queen. Double. Salmon pink......60983 10



Cineraria Hybrida

CLARKIA—Continued Pkt.	<b>COLLINSIA.</b> Free-flowering annuals. If sown in Autumn, will stand the Winter and
elegans Scarlet Queen. Double. Orange- scarlet	flower early in Spring. All the species
" Single Mixed	are brightly colored, and excellent for growing in patches or clumps; easily grown in
	any garden soil; 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft.
Double Mixed01000	Pkt. bicolor. Lilac and white61490 5
" Double and Single Mixed61010 5	
pulchella alba. White	" alba. White
" Red61050 5	<b>grandiflora.</b> Blue
" White Tom Thumb. Double. 61060 5	multicolor. White, violet and lilac61530 5
" Single Mixed	verna. Light blue and white61550 5
CLARY (Salvia Horminum). Pretty, hardy annuals for beds and borders; 1½ ft.	<b>Mixed</b>
Purple-Top.         Purple	<b>COLLOMIA.</b> Hardy annuals suitable for massing; fine for bees.
<b>Red-Top.</b> Red	coccinea. Scarlet and yellow; 1 ft61590 Pkt. 5
LOTERIAMES (IT' ' ) D ) D II	COLUMBINE. See Aquilegia.
<b>†CLEMATIS.</b> (Virgin's Bower). Excellent, hardy climbing perennials for trellises, arbors, verandas, etc. Do well in most locations.	<b>COMMELYNA.</b> Showy, half-hardy perennials; favorite plants for pots and gardens; 1½ ft.
Pkt.  crispa. Pale purple; floriferous; 10 ft61160 25  flammula. White, sweet scented.	Pkt. <b>cœlestis.</b> Blue
25 ft	CONVOLVULUS.
paniculata. White, fragrant, very free blooming; 10 to 20 ft61180 10	<b>Tall.</b> Beautiful and easily grown annual; rapid in covering screens, trellises, etc.
Jackmani Hybrids, Mixed. Collection of the best colors; 10 to 15 ft61190 25	Aureus superbus (hhA). Golden yellow; 5 to 10 ft
See also Tree Seeds, page 67.	major (Tall Morning Glory). Mixed. Finest colors; 10 ft. upoz. 25c61690 5
<b>CLEOME.</b> Curious, ornamental, hardy annual, on Castor Oil-Plant style. Blooms freely in sandy soil.	mauritanicus (hP). Blue; trailing habit; fine for baskets and rockeries61700 10
pungens (Giant Spider Flower). Pink.	For Japanese Morning Glory, see Ipomaa.
3 ft	<b>Dwarf.</b> Dwarf Morning Glories are most elegant
ted	annuals for growing in clumps or beds; also for edgings and hanging-baskets; very bushy; of easiest culture; bloom all season; 12 in.
CLINTONIA (Downingia pulchella). Very	Pkt. tricolor (minor). Blue61730 5
pretty border annual: flowers freely in	
purple, white and yellow (tri-color); fine for edgings; 6 in	" Rose
	" unicaulis. Purple61760 5
‡COBAEA. Tender climbing perennials of rapid growth; 20 ft.	" White
‡scandens. Purple, bell-shaped flowers.	
oz. 50c61330 10 ‡ "alba. White	<b>CORDYLINE.</b> Beautiful greenhouse plants, fine for pots or summer bedding, especially good for
COCKSCOMB. See Celosia.	vases.
	Australis. Dark green foliage; 3 ft61820 25
*COLEUS (gP). Splendid bedding plants; with beautifully colored foliage, very useful for	indivisia. Narrow green leaves; 4 ft61830 25 See also Dracæna.
decorative purposes; 2 ft.  Pkt.	COREOPSIS. See Calliopsis.
Fine Hybrids, Mixed	CORNFLOWER. See Centaurea Cyanus.



Cosmos, Early Flowering Mixed

COSMOS One of the notable Fall flowers. A strong, tall-growing annual, with bold flowers of exquisite daintiness and airiness heightened in effect by their foliage setting of feathery green. It is most effective when planted in broad masses, or long background borders against evergreens or fences. We offer only the choice, large-flowering strains. To make sure of flowering early Cosmos should be started indoors and transplanted into dry, sandy or poor soil, in a sunny situation.

**EARLY FLOWERING.** If seed is started early in the house or frame, this fine strain will produce flowers a month earlier than Mammoth Perfection.

	Pkt.
Crimson	10
Pink61890	10
White61900	10
Mixed	10
Lady Lenox. Lovely, large, shell-pink flowers of great substance. One of the finest of Cosmos	10
Lady Lenox. White, counterpart of above, except as to color	15
<b>MAMMOTH PERFECTION.</b> Large flowers on long stems, lasting until frost.	
Conchita. Crimson. 1/4 oz. 20c., oz. 60c61930	10
Frlinda. White.	10
½ oz. 20c., oz. 60c. 61940	10
Rosita. Pink. 1/4 oz. 20c., oz. 60c. 61950	10
Mixed	10

COSMOS—Continued	Pkt.
<b>Klondyke.</b> Orange colored; distinct foliage. 61990	25
Marguerite. Petals deeply and irregularly fringed; in various bright colors. An attractive flower62010	10
<b>Striped.</b> Charming and distinct; large, white centers, and petals deeply striped white	10
COWSLIP (Primula officinalis hybrida) (hP). Favorite Spring flower; fragrant; mixed colors; 6 in	10
Yellow62085	10
†CUCUMIS. Very luxuriant, half-hardy, climannuals of extremely rapid growth; beacurious fruits; flowers yellow; 10 to 15	ring
flexuosus (Snake Cucumber)62140	Pkt. 5
grossulariæformis (Gooseberry Gourd).	J
62150	10
CUCURBITA. See Gourds.	
† <b>CUPHEA.</b> Pretty half-hardy perennials; border and pot-plants; 1 to 1½ ft.	fine Pkt.
Miniata. Rich scarlet62200	10
platycentra (Cigar Plant). Long-shaped, scarlet flowers all Summer62210	10
Rezlii. Red	25

CYCLAMEN These bulbous greenhouse plants are all very beautiful and are unapproached among Winter-flowering plants for duration of bloom, variety of shades, and wealth of coloring. They are among the best plants recommended for house culture, as they thrive well and bloom profusely in the average temperature of the living room. Sow the seed in small boxes or seed pans in a compost of well rotted manure, leaf mold and sand, in the early Winter months. Cover lightly with moss, which should be kept moist and should be removed after the seed germinates. Prick out into small pots when the young plants have two leaves. If grown steadily without any check, they will flower in from ten to twelve months. Average height 9 in.

months.	riverage in	agne 5 m.	
Persionm	oioanteum	album, Mont	Pkt.
Cisicum	sisante um	Blanc. White 62300	25
"	"	albo-rubrum.	
		white with red	
		eye. 100 seeds,	
"	"	\$162310	25
	**	atropurpureum.	0-
"	44	Dark red62320	25
		Brilliant Red (wine color)62322	50
"	44	Christmas Cheer	50
		(blood red)62324	50
44	"	Daybreak (light	-
		pink)62325	50
"	"	Glory of Wandsbek	
	4-	(salmon dark)62326	50
"	"	Lavender (dark and	
"	"	light shades) 62328	50
••	••	Princess May.	
		Purest white, tip- ped crimson; very	
		handsome62340	25
"	"	Rose of Marienthal	
		(pink) <b>62345</b>	50

CYCLAMEN—Continued		Pkt.
Persicum giganteum	roseum. Rose.	25
" "	Rosy Morn. Rich	20
	rose, shading to	
	purplish tinge.	
	62355	25
" "	Victoria (white, pink	Ε0
u u	edge fringed)62362	50 50
	White, pure62365 White, pink eye.	50
	62368	50
" "	Mixed. Finest sorts.	00
	62380	25
<i>u u</i>	Covent Garden	
	strain. Mixed.	
	62370	25
" Papilo, Mix	ed (Butterfly Cycla-	95
	62400	25 10
" Mixea	62410	10
CYPERUS alternifolius A perennial grass-like grows well in water 2 ft	e plant of fine habit;	15
CYPRESS VINE. See I	pomœa Quamoclit.	
† <b>DAHLIA.</b> This favorite most easily grown from house or greenhouse, doors until frost the	m cood cown early in	the
Double Mixed	62480	10
Single Mixed	62490	10
Single Cactus, Mixed		10
Double Cactus, Mixed	d	20
variabilis, Giant Hybr	rids, Double Mixed. 62550	



DAISY (Bellis perennis, etc.) (hP). May be sown in February or March in shallow boxes of light, rich soil, covering the seeds to about three times their own thickness, and pressing soil firmly over them. Keep in a warm window, hotbed or greenhouse. When well out of the seed leaf transplant to new boxes, and set out in the open ground when danger from frost is past. Or, sow in beds outside in August or September; protect with straw or litter over Winter, and transplant to their permanent position in the Spring. They make delightful borders to beds of taller-growing annuals and can be used very effectively in beds of Spring-blooming bulbs; 4 in.

beds o	of Spring-blooming bulbs; 4 in.	
		Pkt.
Double	Red62590	10
"	Delicata rosea62595	10
"	Rose (Longfellow)62600	10
"	White (Snowball)62610	10
u	<b>Mixed.</b> Very fine <b>62620</b>	10
u	maxima alba. Extra large. White. 62630	15
"	maxima rosea. Extra large.62640	15
ີ "	maxima, Mixed. Extra large. 62650	15
"	monstrosa alba. Snowy white flowers	
"	monstrosa rosea. Deep rose. 62654	
"	monstrosa Mixed62660	25

SHASTA DAISY. See Chrysanthemum. Leucanthemum.

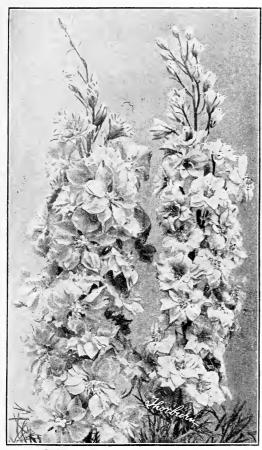
**DAISY** (Paris Daisy). See Chrysanthemum frutescens.

DAISY, Swan River. See Brachycome.

**DATURA.** Showy, half-hardy annuals of rapid growth, with large, trumpet-shaped, fragrant flowers; 3 ft.

flowers; 3 ft.	Pkt.
cornucopia (Horn of Plenty). Violet; immense flowers	5
fastuosa, Double White62750	5
" Double Purple62760	5
humilis flava, fl. pl. Double Yellow. 62780	10
meteloides. (Wrightii). White and lilac. 62790	5

DELPHINIUM (Larkspur). In variety and beauty of its blue tints which are as numerous as they are charming, no other plant can equal the Delphinium. The brilliant flowers are strongly effective in beds or masses, in borders, shrubberies, or in combination with white lilies. Improvements are continually being made in the size of the flowers, as well as in the length and fulness of the spikes. Some of the species flower both early and late; the season for all can be prolonged by cutting away withered flower-stems. All varieties are easily cultivated and adaptable to many conditions, but



Delphinium (Larkspur), Tall Rocket

### **DELPHINIUM—Continued**

in a soil deeply dug and well enriched with fine old manure, their blooms are the finest. Setting them  $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 ft. each way is not too much for the taller sorts.

ANNUAL VARIETIES. These include the Rocket or Hyacinth-flowered, so called from their long, narrow flower spikes. They bloom best in a rather cool, moist soil. Sow seed in the open border, either in Spring or Fall, preferably the latter, so that germination may take place very early in the Spring. As the seedlings grow, thin them to stand 6 to 18 in. apart, according to variety. The varieties are seldom kept separate, as they are quite as pretty and convenient for cutting when sown in mixture. Some of these are really hardy biennials, but, because they bloom the first season, we treat them as hardy annuals. The shades of color cover a very wide range.

	is, Dwarf Rocket. Finest colors; very	inci
	beautiful for bedding; 1 ft.	Ljaci
5	oz. 40c <b>62810</b>	
5	Tall Rocket. White; 2 ft62830	"
	Tall Rocket. Mixed colors; 2 ft.	"

DELPHINIUM	—Continued		Pkt.
Ajacis, Tall	Branching.	Flesh-color; 2 ft. <b>62860</b>	5
a a	"	Rose62861	10
a a	u	White, beautiful for cutting. 62862	10
"	" ¼ oz. 20	Choice mixed; 2 ft. oc., oz. 60c. 62870	5
cardiopetal	lum. Beauti	iful blue flowers;	5
Emperor B	next are sple showy, ofter twenty erect	se. This and the ndidly bright and giving ten to spikes of flowers	10
" В	ranching Wh		
" В	ranching, Mi	xed.	
Nowport B		oc., oz. 75c62910 -colored and very	
beautiful, outdoors i	free-flowering n Spring, it wil	g sort. If sown l bloom by the first	
Newport Sc	arlet	62925	25
taller that between t very early season. I	n the annuals the plants. I Spring, nearly Poliage clean a	These are usue, requiring more so from in the Farall will bloom the nd pretty; habit st long and dazzling.	pace ll or first rong
	Large, dark b	due flowers; extra	Pkt.
Belladonna plant; cor	. Lovely pal nes very true	le blue; handsome from seed; 4 ft. <b>62940</b>	15
		let; a California62960	25
flowers, ra blue. Yo	nging from pu oung seedlings	andiflorum). Large re white to indigowill bloom from 2 ft62980	10
<b>chinense az</b> of blue; 2	<b>ureum.</b> Beau ft	tiful distinct shade	10
elatum, Bl	ue (Bee Larks blue; tall spike	spur). Soft, clear es; 3 ft63000	10
" hy	bridum, Fin	est Mixed. Very63010	10
formosum. especially		ue, white center;63030	25
formosum some	cœlestinum,	clear blue, hand63040	25
New Large of blue fro varieties; 3	Hybrids, Mi om best name Ift	ixed. All shades d single-flowering 63060	25
Zalil (sulph	ureum) (hP)	. Long spikes of	

The state of the s	
DENDROMECON rigidum (California Yellow Tree Poppy). An easily grown greenhouse shrub with yellow flowers; 2 ft.63250 25	
<b>DIANTHUS.</b> See <i>Pinks</i> , <i>Carnations</i> and <i>Picotees</i> .	
<b>DICTAMNUS</b> ( <b>Gas Plant</b> ). Ornamental hardy perennials; can remain for years undisturbed the leaves, when rubbed, have a lemon odor; 3 ft.	
Fraxinella. Red	
" albus. White63300 10	
DIGITALIS. See Foxglove.	
<b>DIMORPHOTHECA</b> (African Orange Daisy.) Easily grown, hardy annual of great beauty; 12 to 15 in. in height, and bushy.	
aurantiaca. Orange; very fine63340 10	
" hybrida. New fine varieties, mixed63350 10	
<b>†DOLICHOS.</b> Very rapid-growing hardy annual climber, bearing Pea-shaped blossoms and ornamental seed pods. Fine for covering screens, etc.; 10 ft.	
Lablab (Hyacinth Bean). Purple. oz. 30c. 63390	
" albus. Whiteoz. 30c. 63400 5	Dimorphotheca aurantiaca hybrida
<b>Mixed</b> oz. 30c <b>63410</b> 5	Pkt.
<b>Purple Soudan.</b> Purple flowers in racemes; good foliage	EMMENANTHE penduliflora (California Golden Bells). A bushy-growing, hardy annual, with long-lasting yellow flowers; 1 ft
*DRACÆNA. Ornamental greenhouse plants fine for pots, vases, or beds.	ENKIANTHUS Japonicus. Showy, decidu-
*Australis. Dark green foliage; 3 ft63495 25	ous shrub, hardy as far North as Washington, D. C. White flowers; leaves dying off in Autumn a brilliant golden marked with
*indivisa. Narrow green leaves; 4 ft.63500 25	ERICA (Heath). Charming greenhouse
DRACOCEPHALUM moldavicum (Balm). An easily grown hardy annual; blue flowers; fine for bees; 2 ft	shrubs
ECHEVERIA. Interesting greenhouse succulent plants extensively used for "carpet" bedding	3 in
bluish green leaves; 3 to 6 in.  Pkt.  metallica. Yellow	rkt.
†ECHINOCYSTIS lobata (Wild Cucumber).	ERYSIMUM. Free-flowering, hardy annuals of
A rapid-growing annual climber 63620	neat habit and bright colors; style of wall-flowers; 1 to 1½ ft.  Pkt.
growth; flowers blue; fine for bees 2	arkansanum. Yellow
ft	Perofskianum. Orange63850 5



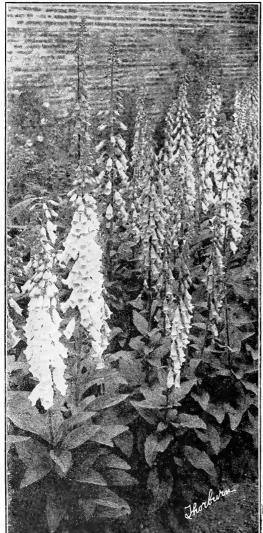
Eschscholtzia Californica

ifornia Poppy. The state flower of Calied California Poppy. The state flower of Calied Calied Calied in this much esteemed hardy annual is very bright and rich in its pure tints of yellow, orange, etc. The plants average about a foot in height, with silvery foliage, and produce their large, Poppylike flowers from early Spring until frost. They are most effective when grown in beds of considerable size, over which the seed may be sown broadcast thinly, and lightly raked in. These sowings may be made early in Spring or late in Autumn for earlier germination, blooming the next Spring. Useful as a potplant and for cut-flowers.

plant in bloc ers are larg scholtzias, a	Coppery orange; the effect of a om is simply gorgeous; the flower than those of other Eschand are borne with equal protof all	Pkt.
californica.	Rich yellowoz. 50c63910	5
и	alba. Creamy white63920	5
u	alba fl. pl. Fine sort, with double, creamy white flowers63930	10
u	Carmine King. Carminerose; beautiful63950	10
и	Rose-Cardinal. Carminerose	10
crocea. Pur	e, deep orange63990	5
« Dot	uble Orange64000	5

ESCHSCHOLTZIA—Continued	Pkt.
<b>Mandarin.</b> Red-gold flowers, orange within and scarlet without	5
maritima, Golden West. A superb variety with very large flowers of deep yellow; blooms all Summer; 2 ft64040	5
<b>Mixed.</b> Many sorts. ½ oz. 20c., oz. 50c. 64060	5
CITATION AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN	
<b>EUCHARIDIUM grandiflorum.</b> Graceful and showy; little hardy annuals, nearly allied to Clarkia; fine for edgings and pots; rosy red flowers; 1 ft64080	
† <b>EUPATORIUM Fraseri.</b> Splendid hardy perennials; clusters of white flowers, fine for cutting; 1½ ft64100	
† <b>EUPHORBIA.</b> Very ornamental-leaved, str growing hardy annuals; fine for beds borders; 2 to 3 ft.	and
variegata (Snow-on-the-Mountain). Greenand-white foliage	Pkt.
heterophylla (Mexican Fire Plant). Glossy green-and-carmine leaves	10
EUTOCA VISCIDA. Dark blue64160	5
FENZLIA. Pretty, hardy annuals for edg	ings,
ribbon-gardening or pots; about 3 in.	Pkt.
dianthiflora. Rosy lilac64190	
" alba. White64200	25
FERNS (gP). Assorted varieties for the green- house. Sow in fine, sifted sandy, peaty loam, covering the pots with pieces of glass	25
FEVERFEW. See Matricaria.	
FLAX. See Linum.	
FORGET-ME-NOT (Myosod little flowers love cool, moist soils, and Pansies, bloom most freely in Fall and Spring. They make beautiful close border edgings, and will bloom nicely in Winter cool room or cold-frame. They establish the selves by self-seeding. Sow in Spring warm, sunny border. Most varieties be freely the first season and profusely the sec Average height, 6 to 8 in.	like early s, or in a hem- in a loom cond.
alpestris (hB). A pretty trailer, with blue	Pkt.
flowers	10
in effect	10
" Indigo-Blue. Very fine64300	10
" robusta grandiflora (Eliza Fon- robert). Grown extensively for cutting. Large, sky-blue florets with yellow eye, in large	

FORGET-ME-NOT—Continued	Pkt.
alpestris rosea. Rosy flowers; pretty contrast with blues and whites 64330	10
"Victoria. Strong-growing; dwarf habit; flowers large, globular, sky-blue, abundant; fine for borders, growing in pots and for cutting	15
" Mixed	10
hybridus, Ruth Fischer (hB). Pure Forget-me-not blue. Fine for cutting and for hanging baskets. Can be forced successfully and, owing to its extreme hardiness, it is valuable for Spring bedding in open ground	25
palustris (hP). (True Forget-me-not). dark blue; blooms the second year abundantly all season; the best known of all64410	10



Foxgloves

_						
. 1	FORGET-ME-N	NOT—Conti	inued			Pkt.
,	palustris s	emperflood dwarf; h until Au shade of	olooming	from S	pring	25
	suitable for O'Clock hour in the of Peru.	OCK (Manual of the transport of the control of the	(irabilis) he easiest ds and be copens i on. Also	Favor culture orders. Co ts blossor known e-flowerin	rite h and v alled F ms at t as Ma	alf- very Your that rvel
	Hybrids,	Mixed. ]	Fine asso	ortment; oz. 30c	2 ft.	Pkt. 5
	longiflora	alba. W	hite; 2 ft		64480	5
	Variegated	l-leaved.	Many		2 ft. <b>64490</b>	5
	Tom Thur	nb, Mixeo	1. Very	fine; 1 ft.	64510	5
	in Spring their per magnifice	Foxglove, are par among as a backs, they a s biennials g and tramanent partly the foil in particular as a single p	insplant places. ollowing (	the seed of	ut of u llings vill bl	into
	purpurea,	Purple,	the well-l	mown va	ariety.	Pkt
	"	<b>.</b>	7.7		64580	
		Rose.	Very	snowy;	10ng <b>64590</b>	10
	u	White.	Fine a		ctive. <b>64600</b>	
	u	Mixed			64610	5
	gloxinioid	es, Purpl	e		64620	10
	ű	borr	Bright, ne profu es	isely on	fine	10
	ш	White Glos beau	e. Very kinia-like utiful for	hand flowers; r cutting	obust;	10
	u	Mixed	l. All th	e choice o	colors. <b>64650</b>	10
		a lutea, g racemes	of bell-sh	aped blos		10

monstrosa, Splendid Mixed. Very large, bell-shaped flowers of exquisite beauty, borne on long spikes; 4 ft.........64680 10

FUCHSIA (Ladies' Eardrops). The well-known	GERBERA—Continued
Spring-blooming greenhouse plants; also line	Jamesonii. Deep
for the window-garden. As bedding plants they do splendidly in the Summer if given	pacl
they do splendidly in the Summer if given partial shade and rich soil.	" hyb
hybrida, Finest Single, Mixed64790 50	Gre fron
" Finest Double, Mixed64800 50	fine
" Finest Single and Double,	a pa
Mixed64810 50	GEUM. Handsome
GAILLARDIA (Blanket Flower). Both the annual	freely all the sea
and perennial varieties of Gaillardia are very showy and free bloomers all Summer long until	ft. in height.
frost; good in any situation and easily grown;	coccineum. Scarle
the individual flowers are of large size, very	atrosanguineum
durable and most brilliant in color; fine for bouquets; 2 to 3 ft.	son
Pkt.	let
† <b>grandiflora maxima</b> (hP). Golden yellow; 2½ ft	CILIA Drotty hard
" Extra-fine Mixed (hP) .64910 10	GILIA. Pretty hard freely and continu
	finely in any situa
All the following Picta sorts are most elegant annuals and well deserve very generous	in beds; are good planted at any tim
plantings.	1
picta (hA). Red-and-yellow; very brilliant	achilleifolia. Blue
<b>64930</b> 5	capitata. Light bl
" Lorenziana. Double; mixed colors; flowers large	Mixed
flowers large	
" <b>Mixed.</b> Finest colors	† <b>GLAUCIUM</b> (Horn perennial, with
	and glaucous-blue
<b>GALEGA.</b> Ornamental, tall-growing, hardy perennials, well suited for borders or cut-	2 ft.
perennials, well suited for borders or cut-	
ting: blooms all Summer: 3 to 4 ft.	tricolor
ting; blooms all Summer; 3 to 4 ft.  Pkt.	tricolor
ting; blooms all Summer; 3 to 4 ft.  officinalis. Blue	tricolorGLOBE AMARANTI
ting; blooms all Summer; 3 to 4 ft.  officinalis. Blue	
ting; blooms all Summer; 3 to 4 ft.  officinalis. Blue	
ting; blooms all Summer; 3 to 4 ft.  officinalis. Blue	
ting; blooms all Summer; 3 to 4 ft.  officinalis. Blue	
ting; blooms all Summer; 3 to 4 ft.  officinalis. Blue	
ting; blooms all Summer; 3 to 4 ft.  officinalis. Blue	
ting; blooms all Summer; 3 to 4 ft.  officinalis. Blue	
ting; blooms all Summer; 3 to 4 ft.  officinalis. Blue	
ting; blooms all Summer; 3 to 4 ft.  officinalis. Blue	
ting; blooms all Summer; 3 to 4 ft.  officinalis. Blue	
ting; blooms all Summer; 3 to 4 ft.  officinalis. Blue	
ting; blooms all Summer; 3 to 4 ft.  officinalis. Blue	
ting; blooms all Summer; 3 to 4 ft.  officinalis. Blue	
ting; blooms all Summer; 3 to 4 ft.  officinalis. Blue	
ting; blooms all Summer; 3 to 4 ft.  officinalis. Blue	
ting; blooms all Summer; 3 to 4 ft.  officinalis. Blue	
ting; blooms all Summer; 3 to 4 ft.  officinalis. Blue	
ting; blooms all Summer; 3 to 4 ft.  officinalis. Blue	
ting; blooms all Summer; 3 to 4 ft.  officinalis. Blue	
ting; blooms all Summer; 3 to 4 ft.  officinalis. Blue	
ting; blooms all Summer; 3 to 4 ft.  officinalis. Blue	
ting; blooms all Summer; 3 to 4 ft.  officinalis. Blue	GLOBE AMARANTI
ting; blooms all Summer; 3 to 4 ft.  officinalis. Blue	

GERBERA—Continued	Pkt.
Jamesonii. Deep scarlet (25 seeds in a packet)	25
"hybrida, New Hybrids. Great diversity of colors, from pure white to dark red; fine for cutting (25 seeds in a packet)	30
<b>GEUM.</b> Handsome hardy perennials that bl freely all the season; fine for bouquets; ft. in height.	$1\frac{1}{2}$
consinoum Condet 65940	Pkt. 10
coccineum. Scarlet	10
son	10
Mrs. J. Bradshaw. Large, brilliant scar- let65256	25
<b>GILIA.</b> Pretty hardy annuals that bloom a freely and continually the whole season. finely in any situation; look well on lawn in beds; are good for rockeries, and can planted at any time; I ft.	Do and
achilleifolia. Blue65280	5
capitata. Light blue65310	5
tricolor. Violet, yellow and white65360	5
Mixed	5
†GLAUCIUM (Horned Poppy). Showy, h perennial, with large, Poppy-like flo and glaucous-blue foliage; of easiest cult 2 ft.	ure;
tricolor65410	Pkt. 10

**H.** See Gomphrena.



Gaillardia grandiflora

CODERNY A D 1 C 11 1 1 1	
GODETIA. Favorite, free-blooming, hardy	an-
nuals, with widely opened flowers of sa texture, and of the most delicate and lo	itiny
texture, and of the most delicate and lo	vely
colors. They are beautiful for solid laborder lines, pots, and for growing in sh	eus,
places, where so few really fine flowers	will
flourish. Sow seed in the open borde	rin
Spring, or in a coldframe, and transplant s	seed-
lings to stand a foot apart in rather thin	soil.
Fine for cut-flowers. Average height 1 ft.	Dist
Bijou. Of dwarf, bushy habit; lovely	rkt.
blush-white flowers borne in great pro-	
fusion	5
Crimson Glow. Intense, dazzling crimson;	Ŭ
fine, compact grower; very floriferous <b>65460</b>	15
Duchess of Albany. Satiny white 65470	10
Fairy Queen. Large white flowers, with	
carmine spots	10
gloriosa (Lord Roberts). Darkest red;	
dwarf	10
Lady Albemarle. Dark crimson65510	10
Lady Satin Rose (G. Whitneyi compacta,	
Brilliant). Bright carmine65530	5
Lindleyana. White and red65540	5
Princess of Wales. Brilliant carmine: fine	
<b>Princess of Wales.</b> Brilliant carmine; fine cut-flower variety	5
Rosamund. Large, glossy pink65560	10
rubicunda splendens. Brilliant red; fine	
65570	5
The Bride. White and crimson65580	5
White Pearl. Beautiful glossy white on	
long stems <b>65590</b>	10
Whitneyi Brilliant. Carmine, very showy	
65610	5
Mixed, Tall Varieties $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. $20c65620$	5
" Dwarf Varieties.	_
½ oz. 25c., oz. 75c <b>65630</b>	5
GOLDEN FEATHER. See Pyrethrum.	
GLOXINIA. Greenhouse plants with magnific	cent
flowers of great brilliancy; very decorative.	If
flowers of great brilliancy; very decorative. the seed is started early in the season	the
plants bloom the same Summer; do besilight, rich soil; fine pot plants for the wind	t in
light, rich soil; fine pot plants for the wine	dow
garden; 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	Pkt.
hybrida grandiflora—	50
hybrida grandiflora— Mixed65670	50 J
	50
Mixed	50
Mixed       65670         robusta       65675         crassifolia erecta, Mixed       65680	- 1
Mixed	50
Mixed       65670         robusta       65675         crassifolia erecta, Mixed       65680         Defiance       Glowing scarlet; superb; fine	<b>5</b> 0 <b>5</b> 0
Mixed       65670         robusta       65675         crassifolia erecta, Mixed       65680         Deflance       Glowing scarlet; superb; fine foliage       65700         French Tigered and Spotted       Very rich colors; splendid       65710	<b>5</b> 0 <b>5</b> 0
Mixed	50 50 50
Mixed	50 50 50 50
Mixed	50 50 50
Mixed	50 50 50 50
Mixed	50 50 50 50 50
Mixed	50 50 50 50
Mixed	50 50 50 50 50

Bachelor's Buttons; 1 ft.

$\mathbf{GO}$	MPHREN	A—Continued	
	globosa	rubra. Purplish red6575	Pkt. 5
	"	alba. White6576	
	"	carnea. Flesh pink6577	
	"	variegata. Striped6578	
	"	Mixed 6581	



Godetia

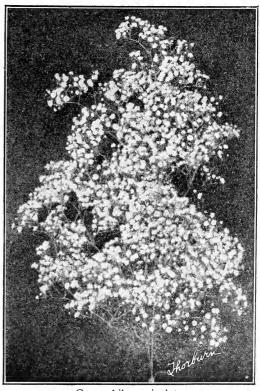
GOURDS (Ornamental) (hhA). These rapid-growing, annual climbers have most luxuriant foliage and are excellent for covering verandas or trellis-work, and for training over arbors, fences, etc.; bear most curious fruit; the vines are immune from insect pests; 10 to 25 ft.

are immune from insect pests; 10 to 25 ft.	ines
	Pkt.
Apple-shaped. A good sort65860	5
Bottle Gourd65870	5
Calabash (The Pipe Gourd)65880	10
Dipper-shaped65890	5
Dish-cloth (Chinese Luffa). Interior useful	
as a sponge	5
Egg-shaped. White, egg-like fruits. 65910	5
Hercules' Club. Long, green fruits65920	5
<b>Knob-Kerrie Gourd.</b> Green-and-yellow fruits; ball-shaped, with long handles <b>65930</b>	10
Mock Orange. Orange-shaped fruits. One	
of the best known	5
Pear-shaped. Very showy65950	5
Sugar Trough65960	5
<b>Mixed.</b> A fine assortment	5

CATABOUGE 01	
GREVILLEA robusta (Silk Oak). Graceful evergreen, greenhouse plant, easily raised from seed; fern-like foliage; fine for table decoration	10
	lten leed Pkt.
manicata66060	25
scabra66070	- 1
<b>GYPSOPHILA</b> (Baby's Breath). Both the ann and perennial varieties are most easily grovery graceful and delicate flowers and folining for rockwork or shrubbery and bouque 2 ft.	nual wn; age; lets;
elegans grandiflora alba (hA.) Large flowering, white. Oz. 40c.66100	10
" carminea (hA). Rose carmine; elegant	10
" rosea (hA). Rose66120	5
muralis (hA). Pink: dwarf: very fine:	-
6 in	10
quets	10
" fl. pl. (hP). Fine clusters of double white flowers; rare; foliage very dainty and filmy; very fine for cutting 66160	50
†HEDYSARUM. Hardy biennials, with race of beautiful, pea-shaped flowers; adapted borders and rockwork. Of the easiest cult So-called "French Honeysuckle," but no it tion to that vine. Not a climber; 3 ft.	iire
coronarium. Scarlet66240	5
" album. White66250	5
<b>HELENIUM autumnale superbum</b> (Sneezewort). Late-flowering, hardy perennials; broad heads of elegant, golden yellow flowers; fine for cutting; 5 to 6 ft66270	10
HELICHRYSUM (Eternal Flowers). A m popular, hardy annual; the flowers are la and the color bright; highly prized for Windows Flowers intended for drying should be gathered when partially unfolded and pended with heads downward in cool and place; 1 to 2 ft.	arge nter ould sus- airy
bracteatum. Single flowering; yellow .66290	Pkt.
" album. White	5
Mixeu, 4 02. 25c00330	5
monstrosum, Double Mixed66340  " Dwarf Double Mixed 66350	10
HELIOTROPIUM (Heliotrope). These favor greenhouse and bedding plants are his valued for their scented flowers; succeives in light but rich soil; bloom first sea from seed; 1½ ft.	ghly ceed ison
peruvianum. Light Blue66430	Pkt.
White Lady. White; large flower66450	10

HELIOTROPE—Continued	
Lemoine's Giant, Mixed. Very fine, large	
flowers	15
Dark-flowered Sorts, Mixed66470	10
Fine Mixed	10
HELLEBORUS (Christmas Rose). These was known, Spring-flowering, hardy perent thrive finely in any common soil, in a shelter semi-shady situation: 1 ft.	nials
Niger. White	10
Mixed Hybrids. Very fine66570	25
HESPERIS. See Rocket.	
<b>HEUCHERA.</b> Compact-growing, hardy perenn with erect spikes of brilliant flowers; fine the border, blooming all Summer; not more desirable for cut-flowers; 1 ft.	for
sanguinea. Crimson; fine for pots and	
cutting	15

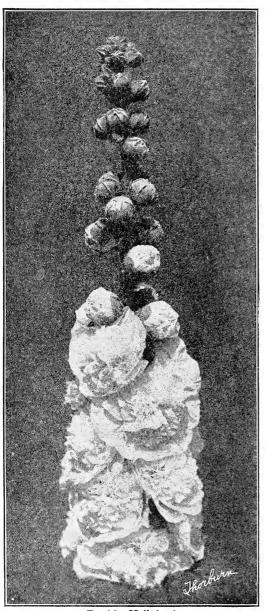
**HIBISCUS** (Mallow). All the species bear very showy flowers and are easily grown; should be employed largely in every garden,



Gypsophila paniculata

### 

HOLLYHOCKS (Althea rosea). Although Hollyhocks are very permanent and hardy for the first



Double Hollyhocks.

#### HOLLYHOCKS-Continued

Winter, it is advisable to sow seed every year of these splendid, hardy, perennials, as the flowers on young, vigorous plants are much finer than on old ones. Sowings should be made in April or May, and not later than June, to flower the next year. In final transplanting give each seedling a foot or more space each way for development. They succeed best in an ordinary deep, rich soil. They make a glorious show in the garden with their splendid spires of flowers. Water well in dry weather. Average height 6 ft.

" cather 11 terage neight of it.	
	Pkt.
<b>Bright Pink</b>	10
<b>Bright Rose</b> $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. $60c66720$	10
Bright Scarlet	10
Chamois Rose	10
Crimson	10
<b>Salmon</b> $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 60c66790	10
Snow White	10
Yellow	10
Mixed Double	10
" Allegheny, Fringed	
½ oz. 75c66830	15
" Single	5
	_
†HONESTY (Lunaria biennis). Hardy bien	nial
with silvery seed vessels; prized for W	
decorations: 2 ft.	11001
accorations, 2 It.	Pkt.
Purple	

#### HORNED POPPY. See Glaucium.

**‡HUMULUS** (Climbing Hop). The well-known, fast-growing, hardy annual climber; 15 to 20 ft.

**IBERIS.** See Candytuft.

IMPATIENS (Touch-Me-Not). Charming greenhouse and window-garden plants that bloom profusely and almost continuously. Good also for bedding; 1 to 1½ ft.

Mixed Cypress Fine. .67470

IMPATIENS—Continued		
Holstii, large vermilion flowers; quick grower, splendid67060 25		
" hybrida, Mixed. Finest colors.		
Sultani. Bright, rosy carmine; fine for pots		
" <b>hybrida, Mixed.</b> Splendid mix- ture	Batter Acres	
glanduligera (tA). Purple flowers; bright foliage		
*INCARVILLEA. Ornamental, hardy perennials, with brilliant, Gloxinia-like flowers; continuous bloomers; succeed well in any situation, and make a fine show in the garden; 2 to 3 ft.		
Delavayi. Rosy carmine; splendid border plant		
†IONOPSIDIUM (Diamond Flower) (hhP).         acaule White.       Pretty	人们是	
IPOMOEA (Moonflower; Morning Glory; Cypress Vine). Of	Incarvillea Delavayi	
all climbers for garden and greenhouse these	IPOMOEA—Continued Pkg	
are the quickest and most luxuriant in growth.  Ipomoeas grow so easily from annual sowings		t. 5
that it is no longer thought necessary to	*mexicana grandiflora alba. The great	
Winter over roots or young cutting plants under glass. The large, thorny seeds of some	white Moonflower; 15 ft.67330 10 " grandiflora hybrida alba.	0
varieties should be soaked in hot water before planting. For early flowers sow in hot-beds,	Flowers very large and numer-	
or pots and boxes under glass, and transplant	ous; 15 ft	0
to rich, deep soil in Summer quarters as soon as danger of frost is over, when sowings may also be made in the open ground. Nothing	(Giant Pink Moonflower)	0
finer for porches, trellises, etc.	rubro-caerulea, Heavenly Blue. The very	
* These are very hard-seeded, and in order to hasten germina- tion, a notch should be filed in the seed before planting.	large, clustered flowers of beautiful sky blue open early in the morning. Unus-	
ANNUAL VARIETIES. From early sowings	ually distinct and handsome; 10 ft. Sow early	0
these begin to bloom about Midsummer, and	rubro-caerulea grandiflora. Early flower-	
are full of beautiful flowers all the season, often blooming freely until cut down by frost.	ing. Produces gorgeous sky-blue flowers with rose-colored markings, from 4 to 5	
*bona nox. (Good Night, or Evening	inches across, in great abundance. Rapid grower. If sown in boxes or hotbeds the	
Glory). Large, blue flowers open in the evening; 15 ft	young plants may be set out in April or	
coccinea. Scarlet flowers; 10 ft67210 5	May in a sunny situation, where they will flower from about Midsummer until frost.	
hederacea grandiflora superba. Rich	Flowers remain open all day; 15 to 18	_
sky-blue flowers with white margins; 15 ft	ft	J
	tender annual, with finely cut leaves and	
IMPERIAL JAPANESE MORNING GLORY. The leaves are mostly plain green, but some	small, star-shaped flowers. This, the type, is scarlet flowered; 10 ft67430	5
are oddly blotched with white or yellow. Flowers vary from pure white to carmine, through blues and purples of every shade; 30	QUAMOCLIT HYBRIDA—CARDINAL CLIMBER. One of the best annual climbers intro-	
to 40 ft.	duced for many years.	
Finest Single Mixed. Large flowered; all colors	Rapid grower, with branching habit; flowers all Summer in fiery cardinal-red	
Fringed Single Mixed. All beautifully fringed	clusters; 25 ft67440 2	5 5

Giant Mikado. Largest flowered....67290 10 "

IPOMOEA—Continued P	kt.
Ivy-leaved Cypress Vine. Pretty leaves, deeply lobed; fiery orange-scarlet flowers 67480	10
setosa (Brazilian Morning Glory). This vine makes an immense, thick growth of great, lobed leaves lighted by a profusion of large, rosy flowers, with a satiny pink star in the centers. The red pubescent stems and seed-pods add very much to its	st pt n-
<b>IPOMOPSIS.</b> Showy and beautiful, tend biennials; the seeds should be started in t house; flowers very bright in color; 2 ft.	r+
elegans, Mixed	10
IRIS Kaempferi. These most desirable, hardy, herbaceous perennials begin to bloom the second year from seed. Our assortment is saved from a fine collection; 2 ft	10
JACOB'S LADDER (Polemonium). Beautifu old-fashioned, hardy perennial border plant flowers in clusters; 2 ft. Pl. Blue	ts; ct. 5

JACOBAE					
	annuals			d for	both
pots an	nd beddir	ng; 1 to	1½ ft.		Pkt.
_				 	IKt.

elegans fl. pl., Tall Double, White...67680 5

" " Tall Double, Purple.67690 5

" " Tall Double, Mixed...67700 5

JOB'S TEARS. See Coix Lacryma, page 130.

JOSEPH'S COAT. See Amarantus.

**KAULFUSSIA.** Hardy annual, succeeding well in any good soil; fine for edgings and pots; good habit and bright colors; 1 ft.

KENILWORTH IVY. See Linaria.

**KOCHIA trichophylla** (Improved Summer Cypress). A rapid-growing, hardy annual; foliage green, turning to fiery red in Autumn; very ornamental on the lawn; 2 to 3 ft. in height.

oz. 40c....**67860** 5

**‡KUDZU VINE** (Pueraria Thunbergiana). A perennial climber from Japan; fine when once established, often growing 40 ft. in a season. Purplish violet, fragrant, Wistaria-like flowers; good foliage......67880

†LANTANA, Fine Mixed. Rapid-growing, tender perennial, forming small bushy shrubs; fine for bedding and pot culture;

LARKSPUR. See Delphinium.

2 ft......**67930** 

LATHYRUS latifolius (Perennial Pea) (hP). These have not the fragrance of Sweet Peas, but bloom through a long season; are hardy and will live for years; they make a beautiful screen for rocks, stumps, fences, etc.; 4 to 8 ft.

Crimson. Beautiful shade. 68000 10

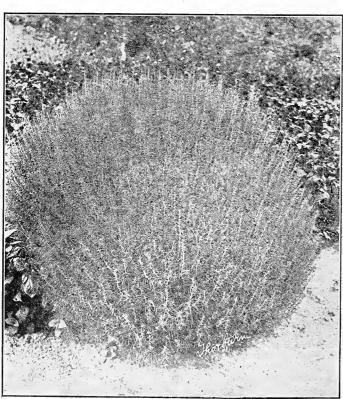
Pink Beauty. Blossoms white, veined, edged and shaded pink.......68010 10

Thite. Valuable for cutflowers in Midsummer. 68020 1

**68020** 10 **Mixed.** oz. 60c.....68025 10

**LAVATERA.** Very showy and free flowering; splendid for large beds in the garden, where they bloom all Summer; fine for cut-flowers.

trimestris (hA). Red; makes a brilliant show in the garden; 2½ ft......68080

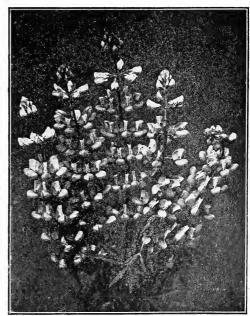


Kochia trichophylla

LAVATERA—Continued	Pkt.
" alba (hA). White68090	5
" arborea (Tree Mallow) (hB).	
Purple; 6 ft68100	5
LAYIA elegans. Pretty, dwarf-growing, ha annual with yellow-and-white flowers; easiest culture; 1 ft	of 10
LEMON VERBENA. See Verbena.	
<b>LEPTOSIPHON.</b> Elegant, hardy annuals, should be in every garden; fine for edgings rockeries; blooms in masses; 1 ft.	or
Tocherios, Stocine III Masses, 2 100	Pkt.
androsaceus. Lilac68200	10
" albus. White68210	10
densifiorus. Blue	10
" albus. White68250	10
	10
Mixed Hybrids	10
<b>LEPTOSYNE.</b> Fragrant, half-hardy annularge Marguerite-like flowers on long stegood for cutting; 1 to 2 ft.	ms,
	Pkt.
maritima. Yellow68290	10
Stillmanii. Golden yellow; blooms six weeks after sowing	10
LIMNANTHES Douglasii. A vigorous, dw growing, hardy annual, with yellow and wh fragrant flowers; 1 ft68350	arf- ite, 10
LINARIA (Toad Flax). Snap-dragon-shaped flers, fine for cutting. The dwarf-grow varieties are desirable for edgings and rework; all of the easiest culture.	ow- ving ock-
	PKt
bipartita. Purple; 1 ft68390	5
" Fine Mixed68405	5
maroccana (hA). Purple; 9 in 68410	5
" Mixed Hybrids (hA). Very	
fine: 9 in	10
cymbalaria (Kenilworth Ivy) (hP). Charming, hardy perennial, trailing plants for baskets, rock-work, etc	10
Daskets, Tock-work, etc	10
<b>LINUM</b> ( <b>Flax</b> ). Pretty, free-flowering gar plants of easy cultivation.	den
grandiflorum rubrum (hA). The favo-	
rite Scarlet Flax. Large	
grandiflorum rubrum (hA). The favorite Scarlet Flax. Large flowered; 1 ft68480	5
" Blue. Pretty68485	5
perenne. A graceful hardy perennial; color	-
blue; 2 ft	5

LOBELIA The Erinus varieties bloom very quickly from seed and flower all through the season. For beds, edgings, baskets and pots there is nothing prettier. Sow outdoors in early Spring where the plants are to grow, and thin moderately; or transplant several inches apart in rich, open soil. Some stimulant given when they are in bloom greatly improves the flowers. Almost all are also good Winter conservatory plants of trailing habit. The perennial or tall varieties are handsome, showy plants and will be found quite effective for backgrounds and grouping.

LOBELIA—Continued	
ERINUS VARIETIES (tA)—	Pkt.
gracilis. Blue; trailing; beautiful for baskets68570	5
speciosa, Crystal Palace. A favorite blue- flowered edging plant; 6 in68580	10
alba. White flowers68610	
kermesina. Crimson68620	
Lindleyana. Rose, white eye68630	10
Paxtoniana. Blue and white68640	10
Barnard's Perpetual. Deep blue, with white eye; very fine	10
Royal Purple. Deep blue, with a distinct white eye	
Mixed68670	
erecta, Crystal Palace compacta. Dark blue; for bedding; 6 in68690	20
" Emperor William. Light blue; very fine	20
" Golden Queen. Dwarf; blue flowers, yellow leaves; very fine sort. 68710	
" White Lady. Splendid, large-flow-	
ered, white	
" Mixed	10
PERENNIAL VARIETIES—	
cardinalis (Cardinal Flower). Standing bold and erect with its crimson-scarlet flowers, this handsome, native perennial Lobelia is invaluable for the border or	
grouping among evergreens; 2½ ft68780	10
ramosa. Blue; flowers profusely in Fall; 1½ ft	10
Tupa. Flowers crimson, strong grower, perennial suitable for border; height 8 to 10 ft	



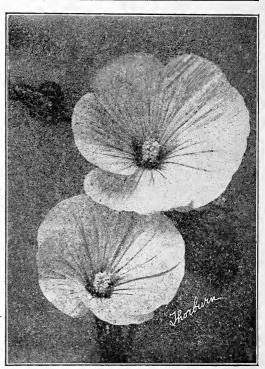
Lupinus Nanus-See page 104

<b>†LOPHOSPERMUM</b> scandens. A splendid, tender annual climber, with trumpetshaped, dark rose flowers; 10 ft68840	
LOVE-LIES-BLEEDING. See Amaranthus caudatus.	
LOVE-IN-A-MIST (Nigella). Pretty and or mental, hardy annuals, with feathery fer like foliage and curious flowers; of easiest ture. Also called "Devil-in-a-Bush"; 1 1½ ft.  Double Blue 68890 Double White 68900	cul-
Miss Jekyll.         Beautiful; double; Cornflower blue.         68910           Blue Spanish         68930           White Spanish         68940           Mixed Spanish         68950           Mixed, All Sorts         oz. 30c         68970	10 5 5 5 5
LUPINUS (Lupine).	
<b>ANNUAL VARIETIES.</b> These garden favo are among the most beautiful of our hannuals; extremely varied in color, of easiest culture and bloom all Summer. Sple for beds, borders and backgrounds; 2 to 3	ardy the ndid
Cruikshanksii. Blue, white and yel-	
low	5555555 5
nanus.         Dwarf; blue; fine for growing in front of tall sorts. (See cut p. 103.)           69110           Large Blue.         69115           White.         69120	5 5 5



Large Blue. 69115 "White. 69120

Lychnis, chalcedonica—see page 105



Malope Grandiflora—see page 105

LUPINUS, Annua	l Varieties—Continued	Pkt.
Mixed Ann	ual Varietiesoz. 30c <b>69130</b>	5
nial varietic handsome flowers of roborne on er than a foo among the grow very count bloom the Summer or massing themselves border, make culture, requestible, but stable manual Sow seeds it.	varieties. The hardy per est of the Lupines are extrement and stately, bearing beau use, white, blue and yellow in contect, graceful spikes that are not in length. They are certamost striking of hardy perent ompactly about 3 to 5 ft. in hei continuously and profusely during the sexual profusely during a good cut-flower, and of they to almost any position in the continuously and profusely during ordinary moist soil, deep to the drained, with plenty of the interpretation of the profusely during ordinary moist soil, deep the profusely different permanent plag or thinning as may be required.	nely tiful olor, nore inly ials; ght, ring ping suit the easy p as old ion.
	ellow Tree Lupine 69160  Ibus (Snow Queen), pure	10
a	white; very fine69170	25
polyphyllus.	Blue <b>69200</b>	5
u	albus. White69210	5
и	Moerheimii. Rose and white of rather dwarf habit; very beautiful.	
	69230	25
u	roseus. Rose; magnifi-	0.5

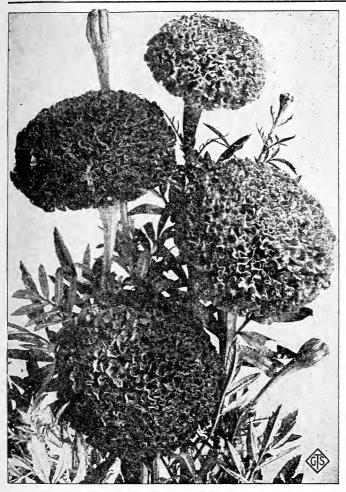
Mixed......69260

Orange, rose and

5

tricolor elegans.

white.....



Marigold, Pride of the Garden

<b>†LYCHNIS.</b> Free-flowering, hardy perennials with brilliantly colored flowers; excellent for massing in beds and borders.	i,
chalcedonica. Scarlet; 2 ft69330	t. 5 5
Haageana, hybrida Mixed. Fine colors;	0
Arkwrightii, a cross between chalcedonica and Haageana; many new and lovely colors. If sown early will flower in autumn; 1 to 2 ft	0
MALLOW. See Hibiscus.	
<b>MALOPE.</b> Very pretty, free-blooming, hard annuals with Mallow-like flowers. Sow th seed early; good for beds and borders, 2 to 3 ft	e
grandiflora alba. White	5
<b>MALVA.</b> Handsome garden plants that bloom continuously all Summer and are very fine fo cut-flowers.	

	100
MALVA—Continued	Pkt.
moschata alba (musk mal	-
low) (†hP) W hite, fra grant; 2 ft.	
grant; 2 ft.	_
6950	0 10
" rosea (†hP) Rose - flowered	
variety; fine.	1
69510	0 10
MANDEVILLEA suaveolen	
(gP). This fine greenhouse climber has deliciously	
sweet and beautiful, snow	y
white flowers; 10 ft.69530	10
NA DICOLD //Togs	** a a \
MARIGOLD (Tage These	, like
the Calendulas, are val	uable
because they light the gwith such a grand glitt	er of
with such a grand glitt yellow far into the fros Autumn. The dwarf van	ts of
Autumn. The dwarf var make a fine border for	netnes taller
sorts, and both are effective sorts.	ective
when planted in groups garden borders. Hardy	or in
als. Average height, 1 to	2 ft.
All our own special st	rains,
vastly different from the ord sorts commonly sold.	inary
AMBICAN WADIDINES	
AFRICAN VARIETIES—	
Eldorado. Large, quilled perfectly double; bril	, Pkt
liant shades of yellow ½ oz. 20c., oz. 60c 6957	•
Lemon Queen. Very rick lemon yellow6958	n 0 5
Orange. Rich6959	
Pride of the Garden	
Extra large, double flow	-
ers of richest yellow: dwar and neat69600	10
and neat	e .
color	) 5 0 5
FRENCH VARIETIES—	
Tall Dark Brown. Reddish brown; extremely floriferous	
<b>Dwarf Striped.</b> Flowers handsomely	0 5
marked	10
Daik Diown. Deauthui icuuisi	10
brown	i
velvety red 6967	) (()
Tall Mixed, Double.  1/4 oz. 25c., oz. 75c69680	) 5
Dwarf Mixed, Double.  1/4 oz. 25c., oz. 75c69690	
See, also, <i>Calendula</i> .	, 5

**MARTYNIA.** Curious and handsome, half-hardy annuals for the border, with bright flowers, borne in profusion and followed by quaint pods which are used for pickling; 1½ ft.

proboscidea. Reddish white......69790

MARVEL OF PERU. See Four O'Clock. Pkt.
mathiola bicornis. A charming little annual of no particular beauty, but it has a most delicious odor perceptible at a considerable distance and in the evening permeating the whole of the atmosphere surrounding it with its delightful fragrance.  69820 10
<b>MATRICARIA.</b> Free-flowering, hardy annuals, with a profusion of dainty flowers; bloom all Summer; good for bedding or pots; 1½ ft.
capensis fl. pl. (Feverfew). Small, double, white flowers; pretty and neat69830 5 eximia, Golden Ball. Golden yellow; fine for pots69840 15
" <b>fl. pl.</b> Double; white <b>69850</b> 5
thMAURANDYA. Rapid-growing, half-hardy perennial climbers that can be treated as annuals. Fine for garden or greenhouse; bloom all Summer in hanging baskets and vases or on trellises; 10 ft.
Barclayana. Blue
" alba. White69890 10
purpurea grandiflora. Purple69910 -10
Mixed 69920 10



Mignonette Machet

BARCLAY ST., NEW YORK
MELILOTUS Cærulea. Ornamental, hardy Pkt. annual like the Lotus; sweet-scented, blue flowers; good for bees; 2 ft69970 5
†MELOTHRIA scabra. An interesting, half-hardy annual tropical vine with light blue flowers; 10 ft
<b>MESEMBRYANTHEMUM.</b> These beautiful, half-hardy annuals flower profusely in dry and sunny situations; fine as edging plants; 6 in.
cordifolium variegatum. Rose; cream foliage; very dwarf; a fine variety for carpet bedding or for edging and for rock work
<b>crystallinum</b> (Ice Plant). White flowers; succulent leaves covered with sparkling icelike globules
tricolor. Crimson, pink and white; fine in dry situations
MIGNONETTE (Reseda odorata). Seed of this popular, hardy annual can be sown at any time, and if successive sowings are made its fragrant, modest-colored flowers may be gathered outdoors until November. Sow in pots or boxes under glass in February or March, and thin or pot off the seedlings to make good plants for bedding out in April. Sow outdoors in rows about April 1st, and again regularly at intervals of about three weeks till August, a row or two at a time for succession. The July

pot off the seedlings to make good plants bedding out in April. Sow outdoors in rabout April 1st, and again regularly at in vals of about three weeks till August, a ror two at a time for succession. The J sowing will make good Winter-flower plants; 1 ft.	ows ter- row uly
	Pkt.
Reseda odorata grandiflora (Sweet Mignonette)oz. 30c70060	5
Allen's Deflance. Spikes of great length; very fragrant and fine for cutting; 1½ ft ½ oz. 25c., oz. 75c70070	10
Crimson Giant (ameliorata). Red flowered	5
Golden Queen. Golden yellow70120	10
Goliath. Red; enormous spikes; striking; very sweet scented	15
Machet, Dwarf. Deep red70140	10
" Golden	10
" Ruby (Rubin). Very fine strain of Machet, with coppery scarlet flowers	10

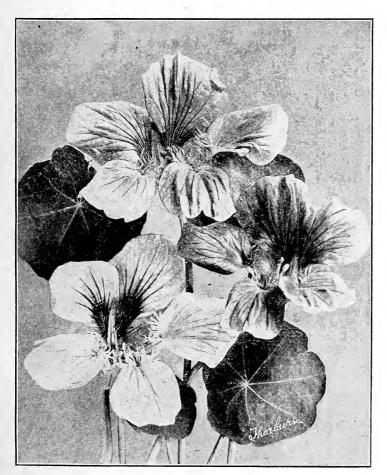
White Pearl. The best white variety....70180

	Pkt.
MIMOSA pudica (Sensitive Plant). A curious and interesting half-hardy annual, with pinkish flowers; leaves close when touched; 1½ ft	10
†MIMULUS (Monkey Flower). Showy, I hardy perennial; do best in a moist situal in the garden; easily grown; 1 ft.	half- ition
in the garden, easily grown, 1 it.	Pkt.
cardinalis. Scarlet	10
cupreus, Mixed	10
moschatus (Musk Plant). Yellow; fragrant foliage	10
70330	15
tigrinus. Tigered and spotted varieties. 70350	10
" grandiflorus (Queen's Prize). Large-flowered variety of above	25
tMINA lobata. A beautiful and free-flowering, half-hardy annual climber, with scarlet-and-yellow flowers; 15 ft70380	10

MIRABILIS. See Four O'Clock.

<b>†MOMORDICA.</b> Handsome and ornamer climbing, half-hardy annuals with ye flowers; fine for covering rockwork, trell etc.; 10 ft.	llow
Balsamina (Balsam Apple). Apple-shaped	Pkt.
fruit; glossy, green foliage, often used for its medicinal qualities	5
Charantia (Balsam Pear). Pear-shaped fruit; heavy green foliage70430	5
Elaterium (Squirting Cucumber). The oblong fruits eject their seed at the slightest touch	5
MONK'S HOOD. See Aconitum.	
MONKEY FLOWER. See Mimulus.	
MOONFLOWER. See Ipomæa mexicana.	
MORNING-GLORY. See Convolvulus Ιροπαα.	and
MOURNING BRIDE. See Scabiosa.	
MUSK PLANT. See Mimulus moschatus.	

MYOSOTIS. See Forget-me-not.



Nasturtium (Tropæolum Nanum)

# Nasturtium

We do not sell less than one ounce of any one kind by weight

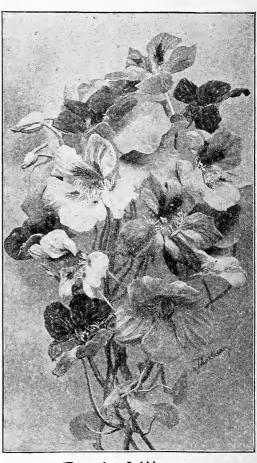
A marvelous range of new colors has been developed in this favorite flower which, for three or four months of the season, makes a better display than almost any other plant. No other hardy annual will produce such a lavish profusion of flowers for so long a time with the same small outlay of time and labor. The maximum of bloom is produced on thin soils, and never flags through the hottest weather. In soils too rich, leaves predominate, and the plants are apt to rot off in wet weather, especially if standing too close.

For the Celebrated Lobb's Climbing Varieties, see next page

# NASTURTIUM Continued

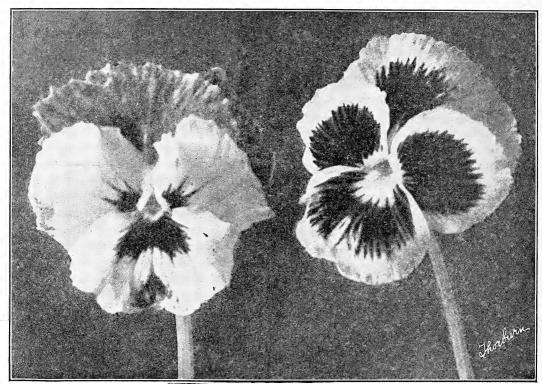
DWARF or TOM THUMB (Tropæolum na um).	ın-
All 30c. per oz., except quoted otherwise	
These have a neat, compact habit and attract foliage; they bloom in two months from sowi	ive
foliage; they bloom in two months from sowi	ng,
	kt.
Beauty. Yellow and scarlet	10
Bronze-color. Distinct70610 Chameleon. Mottled crimson, bronze and	10
yellow; very fine	10
Crystal Palace Gem. Yellow and car-	
mine	10
Deep scarlet	10
Empress of India. Deep crimson; fine dark foliage	10
Golden Cloth. Golden yellow leaves; scarlet	10
flowers	10
Golden King. Golden yellow70670	10
<b>King of Tom Thumbs.</b> Scarlet; fine color	10
King Theodore. Black, velvety; darkest of	
all	10
<b>Queen of Tom Thumb.</b> (Original Queen.) Brilliant crimson with white veined varie-	
gated-leaved foliage	10
<b>Mixed.</b> Splendid range of colors of [variegated-leaved sorts	10
<b>Ruby King.</b> Ruby-red; large flowers; dark-leaved; fine and very profuse70780	10
Vesuvius. Salmon-rose; extra large flowers in profusion; fine	10
White, or Pearl (Moonlight)70800	10
Yellow. Very fine	10
Mixed, Golden Leaved Sorts70820	10
" Ivy Leaved	10
" All Sorts. Per oz. 20c.; ½ lb. 60c., ½ lb., \$1.10.; lb., \$2.0070840	10
72 ID., \$1.10., ID., \$2.00	10
TALL or CLIMBING	
(Tropæolum majus)	
Besides their ordinary garden use for tra	ail-
Besides their ordinary garden use for traing over fences, trellises, stone walls, etc., the can also be grown as pot plants for Winter flowering.	ese
as screens, or as trailers for hanging baskets a vases; 8 to 12 ft.  Oz. F	ind
	kt.
Chameleon. Various colors70910 20	10
<b>Dark Crimson</b>	10
	10
<b>hemisphaericum.</b> Orange <b>70970</b> 20 <b>King Theodore.</b> Black <b>70990</b> 20	10
<b>King Theodore.</b> Black <b>70990</b> 20 <b>Pearl</b> (Moonlight). Whitish <b>71010</b> 20	10 10
<b>Scarlet</b>	10
Scheuerianum, Spotted 71030 20	10
" coccineum. Scarlet	
striped <b>71040</b> 20	10
Sunlight (Dunnett's Orange). Rich golden yellow; flowers nearly 3	
inches across	10
Vesuvius. Large flowers; salmon; dark-leaved	10

TALL or CLIMBING—Continued				
(Tropæolum majus)	Oz.	Pkt.		
Yellow (Luteum)	20	10		
Variegated-leaved, Mixed. Beautifully variegated foliage; distinct and	20	10		
charming	20	10		
Ivy Leaved, Tall Mixed71115	20	10		
Fine Mixed. 1/4 lb., 55c.; 1/2 lb., \$1.00; lb., \$1.75 71120	20	10		
LOBB'S CLIMBING (Tropæolum Lob	bian	um).		
This class is remarkable for the intensely brilliant colors of its flowers. In moderately rich soil they climb high and bloom brilliantly. Average height, 6 ft.  Oz. Pkt.				
Asa Gray. Yellowish white, handsome	02.	I AL.		
flowers	10	5		



!Tropæolum Lobbianum

OBB'S CLIMBING NASTURTIUM—Contin	ıued	I	NEMOPHILA—Continued
Chaixianum. Yellow, spotted red. 71180	Oz. I	Pkt. 5	in pots, edgings, rockeries or beds; moist soil and partial shade is favorable for them; 1 ft. Pkt.
Blood-red	10	5	atomaria. White and purple71500 5
Crystal Palace. Scarlet; large flow-		_	crambeoides. Pale blue
ers; fine foliage	10	5	discoidalis. Black-brown, white-margined.
<b>Firefly.</b> Dark orange-yellow, spotted bright scarlet; dark-leaved <b>71210</b>	10	5	<b>insignis.</b> Sky-blue
fulgens (Brilliant). Bright scarlet;			" alba. White
dark-leaved	10	5	. <b>71550</b> 5
Geant des Batailles. Sulphur and red71230	10	5	maculata. Lilac-white, brown-spotted. 71560 5
Golden Queen. Fine yellow; contrasts effectively with foliage71240	10	5	Mixedoz. 30c 71580 5  NICOTIANA. Species of tobacco. Showy and
Ivy-leaved Scarlet. Dark leaves, like ivy; deep scarlet flowers71250	10	5	free-blooming half-hardy annuals; great garden favorites; in flower all Summer; tubular-
Ivy-leaved, Mixed71260	10	5	shaped flowers; 3 ft. Pkt.
Lilliput, Baby Rose. White and soft pink. A splendid variety71270	10	5	affinis. White; very fragrant71650 5  "hybrida. Beautiful shades, mixed. 71660 10
Lilliput, Snow Queen. Cream-			Sanderæ Hybrids. Many brilliant colors.
white, very delicate tint71290  Lily Schmidt (Victoria). Scarlet.	10	5	71680 10 " Purple carmine71685 10
71280	10	5	sylvestris. Large clusters of white flowers, sweet-scented; 4 ft
Lucifer. Dark scarlet; dark leaves.	10	5	NIEREMBERGIA. Pretty half-hardy perennials
Spitfire. Brilliant scarlet. Very fine. 71310	10	5	of slender growth that bloom freely the first year from seed; cup-shaped flowers. Fine for edgings or hanging-baskets; 1 ft.
Queen Wilhelmina. Queen of the Lobb varieties. The foliage is veined			gracilis. Lilac and white
and marbled white, setting off the rich rosy scarlet flowers to great ad-		•	frutescens. White, tinted with lilac71720 10
vantage. One of the most effective of the list	10	5	NIGELLA. See Love-in-a-Mist.
Madame Gunther Hybrids. A French strain noted for wide range of colors	10	5	<b>NOLANA.</b> When in flower these hardy annuals are very showy, and are fine for the garden border; of trailing habit; 1 ft.  Pkt.
fimbriatum, Mixed. Fringed sorts, mixed. 1/4 lb. 55c., 1/2 lb. \$1.00,			atriplicifolia. Blue
lb. \$1.75 <b>71340</b>	10	5	" grandiflora alba. White large flowered71760 5
Finest Mixture. ¼ lb. 35c., ½ lb. 65c., lb. \$1.25	10	5	Mixed
NEMESIA. Very pretty and neat-flow annual for edgings, attractive, bri flowers; 1 ft.	ght-colo	nard ored Pkt.	NYCTERINIA. Pretty half-hardy annuals, forming dwarf, compact plants; excellent for beds and borders; 9 in.  Pkt.
compacta alba. White Gem.	White;	I Kt.	capensis. White; fragrant in evening .71810 10
attractive fresh green f  cœrulea. Blue Gem.	71460 Blue	10	selaginoides. White, flushed lilac; grace-ful
flowers borne in the g	reatest	10	<b>ŒNOTHERA.</b> See Evening Primrose.
strumosa Suttonii grandiflora. rich and rare colors; flowers large; beautiful	Many foliage		<b>PEONIA.</b> Among hardy perennial plants none are more prized than the Peonies with their large and handsome blooms; 2 to 3 ft.  Pkt.
NEMOPHILA. Very pretty, dwarf-grov	wing, ha	ardy	officinalis. Red; single flowered 71960 5
annuals of easy culture; continuous cup-shaped flowers of brightest col	s bloon	ners;	chinensis, Mixed. Fine double varieties.



Pansy, Thorburn Superb

# PANSY (Viola tricolor; Heartsease)

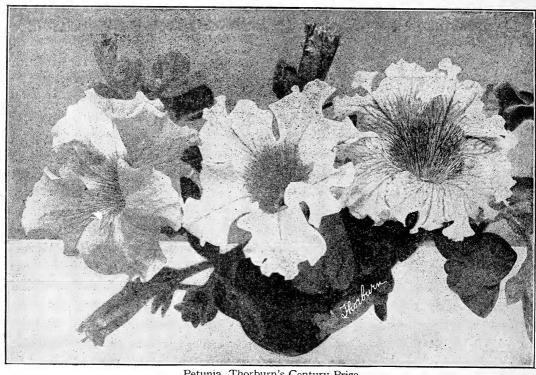
Our strains have never been excelled

The Pansy is a plant that we all delight to grow in plentiful supply for flowers all the year. For very early outdoor bedding the seed is sown from August to October, in a cold-frame, or in rich, moist garden beds, from which the plants can be transferred to a cold-frame, setting them 2 to 3 in. apart each way before severe Winter weather begins. In Spring three-fourths of them can be lifted out for bedding and the rest left to bloom in the frame. For Winter blooming in a frame set the plants about twice as far apart, and thin out half of them in the Spring. Cover the blooming plants with sashes, adding a covering of matting or straw in very cold weather. In mild weather remove the mats and tilt the sashes to admit light, heat and fresh air. In outdoor beds, raised a few inches above the ground, with a mulch of dry leaves and some brush to hold them in place, Pansies will often Winter nicely and bloom until Midsummer, when a relay of young, vigorous plants should be ready to replace them. Spring sowings should be made early so as to secure good flowers during the early rains. Seed sown in a cool, moist place in June and July, and well tended, will give good flowering plants for Fall. If they come into bloom in the heat of the Summer, the flowers may be small at first, but, as the weather becomes cooler they will increase in size and beauty, and make a glorious show in the garden. Through Summer heat the flowers are finer in a somewhat shaded place, but in almost any situation good Pansy seed will give fine flowers in Spring and Fall. Early Fall sowings give the finest flowers in Spring, and a bed of Pansies is one of the most beautiful sights a garden an show. The higher-priced sorts produce the largest flowers and the most brilliant colors. This should be borne in mind when ordering.

### We do not sell less than 1/4 ounce of a kind by weight

,,	⅓ Oz.	Oz.	Pkt.
<b>Thorburn Superb.</b> The richest and most choicely varied mixture possible. It produces only the finest colors, largest flowers and most beautiful forms <b>72030</b>	\$2 25	\$8 00	25
<b>Bugnot Superb Blotched.</b> An exceedingly large, three-blotched strain, with upper petals finely lined; great diversity of finest colors	2 00	7 00	25
Cassier, Finest Mixed. Flowers of grand size, beautifully spotted72050	2.00	7 00	25
Masterpiece. Curled, wavy petals; splendid colors; distinct	1 50	5 00	25
Madam Perret. A splendid giant-flowered strain comprising all shades of red from light rose to dark purple, some of them finely striped	1 25	4 00	25

CATALOGUE OF HI	JH-CLASS	SEEL	3		111		
PANSY—C	Continued				<b></b> -		
Parisienne, Mixed. Handsome, large-flowering straffine Large English. All colors mixed.  French. Large flowers, fine mixed.  Mixed. Ordinary strain.  Azure Blue. Very fine color.  Black Blue. Dark velvety blue.  Black (Faust; King of the Blacks). Almost coal black Bronze. Golden bronze.  Cardinal. Brilliant red; very fine.  Coquette de Poissy. Distinct mauve, shading to we Dark Blue.  Pale Bright Blue. Splendid; very showy.  Fairy Queen. Light blue, with white border.  Fire King.  Golden Queen. Pure Yellow (Yellow Gem).  Light Blue. Lovely sky blue.  Lord Beaconsfield. Deep purple violet, shading to Meteor. Bright yellow and brown, attractively bloth Odier, Five-blotched, Improved. Extra choice strain Carnot. Pure white petals, each with a Snow Queen (Candidissima). Pure satiny white.  White, with black center. Very showy.  Yellow, Golden, without eye, pure yellow.  TRIMARDEAU GIANT. This strain has remark well above their leaves, and generally marked are extra vigorous and compact.	hite on petals.  light blue. ched and margined. rain deep blotch.  kably large flowers, o	.72120	75 1 00 1 25 1	Oz. 5 00 2 50 3 50 2 00 4 00 4 00 4 00 3 50 3 50 4 00 3 50 4 00 3 50 4 00 3 50 4 00 3 50 4 00 3 50 4 00 3 50 4 00 3 50 4 00 3 50 4 00 3 50 4 00 3 50 4 00 3 50	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 2		
Giant Adonis. Light blue; white margin; splend  " Azure Blue (Light Blue). Pure color  " Hortensia, Red. Splendid  " Indigo Blue. Very rich color  " Lord Beaconsfield. Lavender and purple  " White  " White, with Dark Eye  " Yellow. Dark center  " Pure Yellow (Golden Crest)  " Mixed		.72500	25 1 00 1 00 1 25 1 00 1 00 1 00 1 25	4 00 4 00 3 50 3 50 4 00 3 50 3 50 3 50 4 00 3 50 3 50	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25		
NEW EARLY BLOOMI	NG HARDY PANS	IES					
This new type of pansy is valuable on account of they will be found perfectly hardy in this latitude ar end of March. Flowers are very large and have a sw	nd even further north				the		
Celestial Queen. Beautiful light blue with yellow of tee King. Silvery white with dark blue blotches. March Beauty. Fine dark velvety blue with yellow Winter Sun. Rich golden yellow with maroon blot Hymalis Mixed.	v eyeches		  	.72675 .72680 .72685	Pkt. 10 10 10 10 10		
Choice Collections of Specially Selected Giant P	ansies, or Heartseas	se—					
Each Collection  8 varieties							
PARIS DAISY. See Chrysanthemum frutescens.  †PASSIFLORA (Passion Flower). Pkt. cærulea (hhP). Blue							
PEAS (Sweet Peas). See page 74.	centranthifolius	s. Bright	scarlet;		25		
<b>PELARGONIUM</b> (gP). Beautiful and well-known plants for greenhouse and house culture. Popularly called "Lady Washington Geraniums"; 2 ft.	† <b>Hartwegii grai</b> flowered variet 2½ ft	ies; most	brilliant · · · · · ·	colors;	10		
Show Varieties, Large flowered, Mixed. 72840 50	Murrayanus gra				10		
Odier (Blotched), Superb Mixed72850 50	Mixed Large-flo	owered Va	rieties.	3 ft. <b>72930</b>	10		



Petunia, Thorburn's Century Prize

\*PERILLA. An ornamental-leaved, half-hardy annual; for ribbon-gardening and beds; resembles the Coleus; 1½ to 2 ft.

laciniatis. Foliage extra dark purple; beautiful. 72960 5

# PETUNIA HYBRIDA (hhA).

fairly started, Petunias grow almost as easily as weeds and furnish a glorious succession of bloom from early Summer until frost. The large-flowered strains are very beautiful and of almost endless variety. Seed of the Double and Giant-flowered Petunias is made expensive by the great amount of labor involved in handfertilization, and it is well to handle seed and tiny seedlings with some care. Sow in hotbed, coldframes or in boxes of fine soil in the sunny windows of a warm room in April or May, and transplant about 1 ft. apart in garden beds. Seed of the double varieties has not so much vitality as that of single sorts and needs a little more care in watering to be sure of germination. We have no better plants than the petunias for beds and masses, borders, window-boxes, baskets and vases. They will grow in almost any soil and bloom profusely through long droughts. The newer varieties are of brilliant colors. The highest priced sorts produce the finest and handsomest flowers, and those we offer are from the most carefully selected strains, saved at great expense. Apparently similar sorts offered at lower prices are not to be compared with those we offer. Average height, 11/2 ft.

### PETUNIA HYBRIDA—Continued

flowers 4 or more in. across. Our strains are superb and the collections offered contain only the finest varieties.

Pkt.

**Rose.** Brilliant rose; a charming shade. **73010** 50

25

25

**FRINGED, LARGE FLOWERING.** These have deeply cut and fluted margins.

Crimson. A very rich color......73390 25

Ruffled Giants. Extra-large flowers, beautifully ruffled, fluted and fringed.

Giant Kermisina or Midnight......73450 5

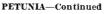
### PETUNIA-Continued

will produce flowers large, fragrant, elegantly formed and beautiful either for house, garden or conservatory. Only a small proportion of the double strains bear double flowers. The reason of this is the fact that the seed must be selected from single flowers, the double ones not producing seed. The single flowers must be pollinated with pollen from the double ones. Cuttings may be made from double-flowered plants and inserted in light, sandy loam for rooting, thus increasing the percentage of double-flowering plants.

Double	Large-flowering. Mixed73470	50
"	Fringed Crimson. Gorgeous	
	colors; extra large flowers73480	75
"	Fringed Heliotrope. Mauve and	
	heliotrope colorings73490	75

SINGLE BEDDING VARIETIES. Smaller-flowered sorts, found most valuable for beds and masses; 1 ft.

Pkt.



Howard's Star. Rich crimson; distinct white star in center; very showy....73550 10

Rosy Morn. Bright, rosy pink, with white throat; very charming, compact, and free flowering; for bedding......73560

White. Pure white; compact grower... 73580 10

Inimitable Dwarf. Mixed. Compact grower, star-shaped flowers.

**Mixed.** Striped and spotted. **73590** 10

Mixed Single. Fine colors. 1/4 oz. 50c., oz. \$1.50...73600 10

**PHACELIA.** Showy, hardy annuals of easy culture, doing best in a sunny situation; bell-shaped flowers; excellent for bees.

campanularia. Rich, deep blue; 9 in. 73690 5

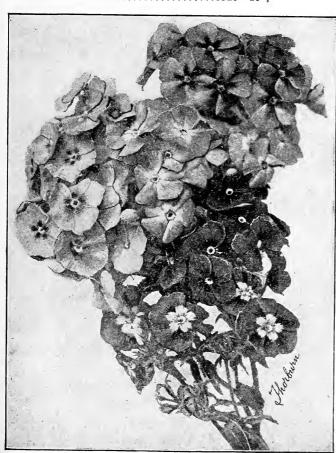


The hardy an-(Flame Flower.) nual Phloxes are dazzling in effect, particularly so when sown in masses or ribbon beds of contrasting colors. Few flowers are so easy to grow from seed, so pretty and compact in habit, so quick to bloom, or give such a brilliant display of color for so little cost and care. There are few desirable colors beyond their range, and if given good soil and plenty of water, they will furnish a long supply of delicate flowers. For pot culture, as trailers, and as an undergrowth for tall, bare-stemmed plants they are also valuable. The first sowings should be made as soon as the frost is out of the ground in Spring, later ones in May, either where the plants are to bloom, or in a seed-bed, as the Phlox transplants readily. In transplanting set the taller kinds about a foot apart; if planted too thickly they suffer from mildew. Cutting away the flowers and seed-pods makes the plants more bushy and compact, and lengthens their blooming time. Average height, 1 ft.

GRANDIFLORA. This section has beautiful, round-petaled flowers, larger than in the older sorts; showy and constant, blooming in the greatest profusion from early Summer to frost. Our strain is far superior to that ordinarily sold.

Pkt.

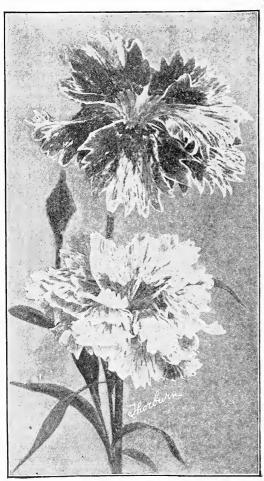
Alba. Pure white flowers borne in profusion all Summer .. 73770 10



Phlox Drummondii, Assorted

PHLOX Drummondii—Continued

PHLOX Drummondii Grandiflora—Continued F	kt.
Alba oculata. White, with violet eye.	
	10
atropurpurea. Dark purple73790	10
Chamois Rose. A soft shade73800	10
coccinea. Large; brilliant scarlet; very free	
flowering	10
Crimson. Bright color	10
Isabellina. Yellow	10
kermesina splendens. Vivid crimson;	
extra-large flowers	10
rosea. Rose	10
stellata splendens. Star-like; crimson.	
73860	10
<b>Mixed.</b> Splendid, large-flowering sorts. ½ oz., 50c.; oz., \$1.50 <b>73870</b>	10
DWARF VARIETIES. Plants of this charm	ing
section grow only 6 to 8 in. high and fo	rm
dense masses of bloom all Summer. The	ney
are especially useful for beds, edgings, pots, e	
	Pkt.
Chamois Rose. Very fine73950	15
Fireball. Flame red; fine for pots and for edging	15



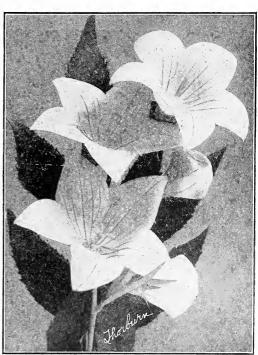
Dianthus Plumarius

grandiflora nana compacta. Mixed74010	15
	10
STAR PHLOX—cuspidata. Star shaped; many colors.74050	10
<b>PERENNIAL PHLOX.</b> This hardy sort mature bushes about 3 ft. high bearing large head finely colored flowers.	ikes s of
decussata. Large-flowered Hybrids, Mixed74110	Pkt. 15
†PHYSALIS Francheti (Chinese Lantern Plant). A splendid hardy perennial, very ornamental; has large orange fruits which, dried, are beautiful in Winter bouquets; 2 ft	10
PHYSOSTEGIA (Obedient Plant). A valua Summer-flowering, hardy perennial borplant; delicate, white flowers on long stegood for cutting; 3 ft.	rder
grandiflora virginica. Rosy pink74190 alba74200	25
PICOTEE (Picotee Pink). These beau greenhouse varieties have richly colored ec flowers and are finely perfumed; very att tive; 1½ ft.	lged
White Ground. Colored edges74230 Yellow Ground. Very desirable74240 Extra Fine, Mixed. Show varieties74250 See, also, Carnation and Pinks.	50
PINKS (Dianthus). In this large and gree varied genus are some of our in beautiful and best-loved flowers, unsurpa	no +lvr
for color and fragrance. They are his biennials that bloom finely the first searemaining green all Winter and blooming next year also, if lightly protected. Old pl flower the earliest, but as young ones give largest, finest flowers, sowings are nevery year. Seed can be sown under glast the Spring, or in an open, sheltered bed, seedlings are easily transplanted and sh stand 8 to 12 in. apart; dwarf ones about If especially large, brilliant flowers are dea bed of well-mixed turfy loam, leaf-mold well decayed manure should be prepared them. Average height, 1 ft.	ardy son, the ants the nade ss in The ould 6 in. sired and
for color and fragrance. They are his biennials that bloom finely the first sear remaining green all Winter and blooming next year also, if lightly protected. Old pl flower the earliest, but as young ones give largest, finest flowers, sowings are nevery year. Seed can be sown under glast the Spring, or in an open, sheltered bed. seedlings are easily transplanted and sh stand 8 to 12 in. apart; dwarf ones about of the specially large, brilliant flowers are dea bed of well-mixed turfy loam, leaf-mold well decayed manure should be prepared	ardy son, the ants the nade ss in The ould 6 in. sired and
for color and fragrance. They are his biennials that bloom finely the first sear remaining green all Winter and blooming next year also, if lightly protected. Old pl flower the earliest, but as young ones give largest, finest flowers, sowings are nevery year. Seed can be sown under glast the Spring, or in an open, sheltered bed. seedlings are easily transplanted and sh stand 8 to 12 in. apart; dwarf ones about If especially large, brilliant flowers are dea bed of well-mixed turfy loam, leaf-mold well decayed manure should be prepared them. Average height, 1 ft.  CHINENSIS (China or Indian Pinks).	ardy ison, the ants the nade is in The ould of in. The The
for color and fragrance. They are hibiennials that bloom finely the first sea remaining green all Winter and blooming next year also, if lightly protected. Old pl flower the earliest, but as young ones give largest, finest flowers, sowings are nevery year. Seed can be sown under glasthe Spring, or in an open, sheltered bed. seedlings are easily transplanted and sh stand 8 to 12 in. apart; dwarf ones about If especially large, brilliant flowers are dea bed of well-mixed turfy loam, leaf-mold well decayed manure should be prepared them. Average height, 1 ft.  CHINENSIS (China or Indian Pinks). flowers of all are double and showy.  Double White China Pinks. All best	ardy ison, the ants the nade in The ould of in. sired and for The Pkt.
for color and fragrance. They are hebiennials that bloom finely the first searemaining green all Winter and blooming next year also, if lightly protected. Old pl flower the earliest, but as young ones give largest, finest flowers, sowings are nevery year. Seed can be sown under glast the Spring, or in an open, sheltered bed. seedlings are easily transplanted and sh stand 8 to 12 in. apart; dwarf ones about the specially large, brilliant flowers are dea bed of well-mixed turfy loam, leaf-mold well decayed manure should be prepared them. Average height, 1 ft.  CHINENSIS (China or Indian Pinks). flowers of all are double and showy.  Double White China Pinks. All best Colors.	ssed ardy soon, the ants the ande ss in The ould 3 in. The First The and and for The 5 arge and
for color and fragrance. They are hibiennials that bloom finely the first searemaining green all Winter and blooming next year also, if lightly protected. Old pl flower the earliest, but as young ones give largest, finest flowers, sowings are nevery year. Seed can be sown under glasthe Spring, or in an open, sheltered bed. seedlings are easily transplanted and sh stand 8 to 12 in. apart; dwarf ones about If especially large, brilliant flowers are dea bed of well-mixed turfy loam, leaf-mold well decayed manure should be prepared them. Average height, 1 ft.  CHINENSIS (China or Indian Pinks). flowers of all are double and showy.  Double White China Pink	ssed dardy soon, the ants the nade nade of in. The ould of in. The Pkt. 5

PINKS-Continued

	ddewigii—Continued	Pkt.
Single,	flowers, 2 to 4 in. across; finely striped and stained74340	10
ш	Queen of Holland. Splendid: white	10
"	Mixed. ½ oz. 25c., oz. 75c	5
"	Mixed, Giant Flowered74370	10
	mixed nobilis (Royal Pink).  Large, frilled and fringed flowers of a glowing blood-red, shadowing to carmine and pink and even white; vigorous and tall-growing; abundant, continuous bloomer; fine flower for cutting.	10
Double.	74380  Mixed. A splendid assortment.	15
Doubles	$\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 40c., oz. \$1.25 <b>74385</b>	10
u	diadematus fl. pl. (Diadem Pink). Double; magnificent in color and variety74390	10
ш	Fireball. Brilliant scarlet; very	10
	compact and floriferous vines:	
	for massing <b>74400</b>	10
"	Archduke Francis Ferdinand.	
	Double lilac flowers with deep black zone	10
"	Mourning Pink. Very large.	10
	Mourning Pink. Very large, double flowers of blackish crimson, fringed white; very	
	crimson, fringed white; very	
	effective, and a handsome cut- flower	10
	Quite distinct, narrow foliage; on long stems; fine for cutting	10
"	Fireball, fl. pl74435	10
ш	Oriental Beauty. Petals wide, crinkled, richly marked with pink, white, etc. 74440	10
a	punctatus. Dark - shaded Princess Pink. Quite pecu- liar colors, such as purplish violet, blood-red, dark sal-	
ш	mon, etc	15
	r o s y salmon; handsome single flowers	10
"	Snowball. Large; double;	
"	white	10
	<b>Single, Mixed.</b> Fringed flowers of all colors. ½ oz. 50c., oz. \$1.50 <b>74500</b>	10
u	Single, Mixed. Fringed flowers of all colors. ½ oz. 50c., oz. \$1.5074500 Double, Mixed.	10
	<b>Single, Mixed.</b> Fringed flowers of all colors. ½ oz. 50c., oz. \$1.50 <b>74500</b>	
u	Single, Mixed. Fringed flowers of all colors. ½ oz. 50c., oz. \$1.5074500  Double, Mixed. ½ oz. 50c74510	10
" " <b>PERIAL</b>	Single, Mixed. Fringed flowers of all colors. 1/4 oz. 50c., oz. \$1.5074500  Double, Mixed. 1/4 oz. 50c	10 10 10
" " I <b>PERIAL</b> Robust	Single, Mixed. Fringed flowers of all colors. 1/4 oz. 50c., oz. \$1.5074500  Double, Mixed. 1/4 oz. 50c	10 10 10 1k).
"  "  IPERIAL  Robust flowers.	Single, Mixed. Fringed flowers of all colors. ½ oz. 50c., oz. \$1.5074500  Double, Mixed.     ¼ oz. 50c74510  Fringed Double Mixed.     74515  AIS FL. PL. (Double Imperial Pin, bushy grower, with large, dou	10 10 10 k)ble
" " IPERIAL Robust flowers, Double, 1	Single, Mixed. Fringed flowers of all colors. 1/4 oz. 50c., oz. \$1.5074500  Double, Mixed. 1/4 oz. 50c	10 10 10 1k).

<b>PLUMARIUS</b> (Sweet May Pinks). These are fi fragrant, hardy perennials of the old-ti gardens, still reckoned among the most beautil for massing and cutting.	ime
Pheasant's Eye. Pretty fringed flowers.	Pkt.
74600	5
scoticus (Double Scotch Pink). A series of exquisite colors; ours is the finest strain. 74620	50
semperflorens (Perpetual Pink). Double,	•
semi-double and single; of various colors.	15
Single Pinks, Mixed. ¼ oz. 30c., oz. 85c. 74650	10
Double Dwarf Mixed74670	10
Double and Semi-Double Grass Pinks. Pretty flowers of delicate colors	15 10
<b>PLATYCODON</b> (Wahlenbergia; Large Chin Bellflower). Handsome, hardy perennials t do best in light, dry situations; bush grow bear large, bell-shaped flowers in great pusion. See cut.	th;
grandiflorum. Deep blue; 2 ft74800	10
" album. White; 2 ft74810	10
See also Campanula.	
POLEMONIUM. See Jacob's Ladder.	
† <b>POLYANTHUS</b> ( <b>Primula elatior</b> ). Fine Sprin blooming and free-flowering, hardy perennia alike suitable to pot or garden culture; 9 in.	als;
7.62	kt.



74920 25

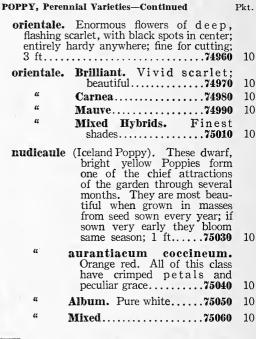
Platycodon

Pkt.

POLYGONUM	ORIENTALE "Lady's	
Thumb."	Hardy annual, pink or greenishers	15

POPPY (Papaver). Before Tulips are fairly gone our gardens begin to be gay with poppies. Few flowers have the same grace of stem, airiness of poise and delicacy of tissue. For beds and borders with a background of green there is nothing finer; some sorts are admirable for naturalizing in open wooded grounds; others, like the Shirley, are beautiful for cutting. A sandy loam suits Poppies best, and, as their strong tap-roots are difficult to transplant, it is well to sow seed where the plants are to bloom. Sowings made in Fall and at intervals in Spring will provide a long succession of flowers. Sow thinly, covering very lightly, and thin the plants to stand about a foot apart. The best plants are those grown from early sowings while the soil is cool and moist.

**PERENNIAL VARIETIES.** Tall, large flowered and showy; average height, 2 to 4 ft.





Orientale Poppy

Orange red. All of this class	
have crimped petals and	
peculiar grace75040	
Andm. 1 die winte19090	
" Mixed	10
ANNUAL VARIETIES. This section cludes fine double and single flower greatly varying sizes, self-colored daintily edged. All are easily cultivand greatly admired. Average her	rs of and ated
3 ft.	Pkt.
Thorburn Giant White. White	
flowers of grand form and size, with silky petals; 3 to 4 ft	5
<b>Danebrog.</b> Large; single; scarlet, with white cross at base of petals75100	
English Scarlet Field Poppy. oz. 50c	5
Flag of Truce. Pure white; large and showy flowers	5
Maid of the Mist. Pure white; single; very large; deeply fringed; 3 to 4 ft	5
Mephisto rosea. Fine single75145	5
Miss Sherwood. Large; single; satiny white, with upper half of petals chamois rose	5
Shirley Best Mixed. Indescribably bright, dainty and gauzy; a favorite for cutting. (See Illustration page 117)oz. 50c75160	5
glaucum (Tulip Poppy). Striking, Tulip-shaped flowers of intensely brilliant scarlet; dwarf75180	10
Single Mixedoz. 25c75215	5

Double American Flag. White, bordered with scarlet, and exceedingly brilliant flowers....75220

POPPY, An	nual Varieties—Continued	Pkt.
Double	Cardinal. The immense scarlet flowers last unusually well75230	5
u	Cardinal, Mixed75240	5
u	Carnation-flowered Hybrid, White Swan. Pure white. 75250	5
"	Carnation-flowered, Mixed. Very double, fringed.oz., 30c75260	5
«	Mikado. Large, white flowers, attractively fringed with rose. 75270	5
ű	Pæony-flowered, Dwarf, Fireball. Deep scarlet; very large flowering. 75280	5
ш	Pæony-flowered, Snowball. Pure white; very large flowering75290	5
u	Pæony-flowered, Dwarf, Mixed Hybrids. Hybrids of compact growth; splendid	5
"°	Pæony-flowered, Mixed. Large, handsome flowers of many colors. 75310	5
u	Ranunculus-flowered, Mixed. Flowers small, finely formed, doubleoz., 40c75320	5
u	<b>Somniferum</b> ( <b>Opium Poppy</b> ). oz., 50c <b>75322</b>	5
u	Mixed, All Sorts. oz., 25c75340	5
growth almost sandy for be growth Throu amazi succul hidder not g be so and ca	TULACA This charming, hardy annual is a for brilliancy among plants of h, and, although it flourishes ut all conditions, hot sun and a lissoil suit it best. Nothing is preds, edgings, rockwork, etc. As an un for taller plants it is also valuagh the driest, hottest seasons it flouringly, carpeting the ground with a meent foliage that, in the forenoon by gayest of flowers. The seed erminate until hot weather, and shwn late. This plant requires little an be transplanted in full flower. Ave.	ight, ettier ider- able. ishes at of i, is does ould care

CARTULACA This charming, little hardy annual is unrivaled for brilliancy among plants of low growth, and, although it flourishes under almost all conditions, hot sun and a light, sandy soil suit it best. Nothing is prettier for beds, edgings, rockwork, etc. As an undergrowth for taller plants it is also valuable. Through the driest, hottest seasons it flourishes amazingly, carpeting the ground with a mat of succulent foliage that, in the forenoon, is hidden by gayest of flowers. The seed does not germinate until hot weather, and should be sown late. This plant requires little care and can be transplanted in full flower. Average height, 6 in.

SINGLE VARIETIES. Each strong plant will cover a space of about 2 ft. in diameter.

Pkt.

albiflora. Pure white. 75420 10

aurea. Deep, golden yellow 75430 10

Carnation Striped rose 75450 10

splendens. Crimson 75460 10

Thellussoni. Scarlet 75470 10

Thorburni. Beautiful, bright yellow.75480 10

Mixed 14 oz , 25c.; oz., 75c. 75490 10

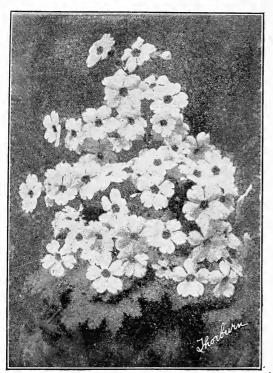


Shirley Poppies

PORTULACA—Continued

full and perfect as to resemble tiny Roses. Toward the close of the season they will increase in size and beauty. As the full, double flowers do not produce seed, it must be saved from the semi-double flowers growing with the full-doubles. The product of that seed will produce many single flowers. As these bloom earlier they can be pulled out like weeds. When the full-doubles appear cuttings can be made from them and the bed extended indefinitely with only full-double flowers. Our strains must not be confused with the ordinary, cheap seed usually sold.

sold.	illy
	20°
" Kermesina Crimson75515	20
" Purpurea. Purple75518	20
" Rose75530	20
" Salmon	20
" Scarlet	20
" Sulphur Yellow	20
" White75580	20
" Yellow	20
" Mixed. Grown from cuttings; a splendid assortment of colors. 75600	20
<b>POTENTILLA.</b> Handsome and brilliant flower are these desirable, hardy perennia Foliage ornamental; bloom all Summer; the easiest cultivation; 2 ft.	
Mixed. Brilliant colors	10



Primula Stellata

# **PRIMULA**

CHINENSIS (Chinese Primrose) (gP). Primula, or Chinese Primrose, stands in the first rank among greenhouse plants, and is fine for Winter and Spring blooming. It is free flowering and is especially valuable for cutflowers and for house and window culture. A cool place suits it best. Sow the seeds in drills in a light, rich soil, in shallow boxes, at any time from the middle of March to the end of May; the earliest sown seed will naturally produce the earliest bloom. Cover the seed about an eighth of an inch and press the soil on them with a board or the bottom of a pot. Water moderately; avoid forcing the seed. The plants must be well ventilated, well watered, and slightly shaded. Average height, 9 in.

		Pkt.	•	
fimbriata	alba. White; fringed75720	25	DRIMBOSE	(Evening Primrose). The Œnothera,
u	alba magnifica. Pure white; fringed; extra choice75730	35	or Evening freely; t	ng Primrose, blooms all Summer very he bright, Poppy-like flowers open
u	Bright Rose. Dainty fringed flowers	35		ry evening and last well into the next he easiest culture in sunny situations.
u	coccinea. Bright red; fringed. 75750	35	Œnothera	<b>Drummondii</b> (hA). Light yellow; 1½ ft
u	cærulea. Blue; fringed75760	35	"	Lamarckiana (†hB). Large
u	<b>kermesina splendens.</b> Crimson; fine shade; fringed <b>75770</b>	35	ш	yellow flowers; 3 ft <b>76320</b> 10 <b>rosea</b> (mexicana) (hA). Bright
"	rubra. Red; gracefully fringed flowers	25	и	rose; 6 in
u	Extra Fine Mixed. Fringed. 75790	25	PUERARIA	Thunbergiana. See Kudzu Vine.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
PRIMULA. Chinensis—Continued	Pkt.
fimbriata filicifolia. All these are fringed and have fern-like foliage.	
alba. White	50
Mixed75830	50
" plena. Beautifully fringed, dou- ble flowers.	
rubra. Red	50
alba. White	
Mixed	
stellata, Mixed (Star Primulas). Very floriferous	50
<b>OBCONICA</b> (gP). For open border, also do in the house window-garden. Continuous free bloomers during the Winter months.	and
grandiflora alba. White	Pkt. 25
" carminea. Carmine76010	25
" hybrida, Mixed76030	50
" gigantea kermisina, car-	30
mine. Red76080	50
" gigantea rose76110	
" gigantea, Mixed. Giant flowering	50
(See illustration page 119)	(
malacoides (gP). Dainty, soft lilac pink; fine for pot culture; 18 in. 76150	
" alba. Fine white76160	25 25
HARDY VARIETIES. The hardy Prim are among the most prized of our Sp blooming plants. A slight protection, v not always needed, will be found benef 1 to 1½ ft.	roses ring- vhile
' <del>-</del>	Pkt.
japonica (Japanese Primrose) (hP). Purple; called the "Queen of Primroses;" 1½ to 2 ft	10
" hybrida, Mixed (hP). From a fine collection	25
vulgaris (hP) (English Primrose). Yellow, fragrant; a favorite variety; 6 in76250	10
See, also, Auricula, Cowslip and Polyan.	thus.
PRIMROSE (Evening Primrose). The Œnotle or Evening Primrose, blooms all Summer freely; the bright, Poppy-like flowers early every evening and last well into the day; of the easiest culture in sunny situation.	very open next ions.
<b>Enothera Drummondii</b> (hA). Light yellow; 1½ ft	Pkt.
" Lamarckiana (†hB). Large yellow flowers; 3 ft76320	10
" rosea (mexicana) (hA). Bright rose; 6 in	10
1030, 0 111	
" Mixed Annual Varieties . 76370	5



Primula Obconica grandiflora gigantea—See page 118

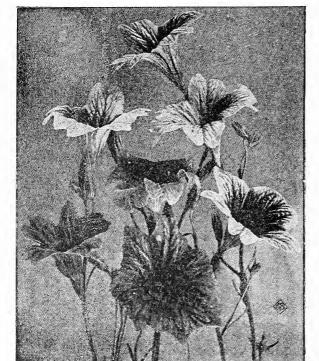
nuals.

<b>PYRETHRUM</b> Showy, hardy perennials grow 2 ft. in height, with most brilliant and las flowers. The dwarf Golden Feather is well-known variety used for carpet bedd edgings and borders.	ting the
atrosanguineum. Red and dark red	Pkt.
shades	10
roseum hybridum, Single, Mixed. 76400	10
" hybridum, Double, Mixed. 76410	25
† <b>parthenifolium aureum</b> (Golden Feather). Yellow, fernlike leaves; fine for edgings; 6 to 8 in <b>76460</b>	5
" aureum selaginoides. Bright yellow leaves; very compact76470	10
<b>Tchihatchewii.</b> White and yellow; for poor soils	10
<b>REHMANNIA</b> angulata. Splendid, half hardy, herbaceous perennials, with beautiful, large, rosy purple flowers, similar to those of Incarvillea Delavayi. For pot culture or outdoors in sheltered situations; 3 ft. 76530	25

<b>RHODANTHE.</b> Beautiful, delicate-looking Evo	
lasting flowers, much prized for Winter bo	u-
quets. These half-hardy annuals are all	SO
valuable garden plants. Glaucous gray folias	ge;
$1\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	kt.
maculata. Rose with dark center76570	10
	10
" Mixed	10
Manglesii. Rose; very fine76600	10
RHODODENDRON arboreum hybridum.	
The well-known, hardy evergreen shrub.	0.5
Mixed varieties; 10 ft	25
2/2/10/20 / (4/10/00) 20 20///////////////	
RICINUS (Castor - Oil Plant). Pictor esquely showy and imposing	ır-
RICINUS (Castor - Oil Plant). Pictor esquely showy and imposing the Ricinus gives to the garden magnifice	ır- g, nt
RICINUS (Castor - Oil Plant). Pictres esquely showy and imposite the Ricinus gives to the garden magnifice semi-tropical effects. Grown as a specim	ır- g, nt en
RICINUS (Castor - Oil Plant). Pictresquely showy and imposing the Ricinus gives to the garden magnifice semi-tropical effects. Grown as a specimit makes a perfect pyramid of gigantic leave.	ir- g, nt en
RICINUS (Castor - Oil Plant). Pictresquely showy and imposing the Ricinus gives to the garden magnifice semi-tropical effects. Grown as a specimit makes a perfect pyramid of gigantic leave a dozen plants in a large bed show a gloric	ir- g, nt en es; us
RICINUS (Castor - Oil Plant). Pictresquely showy and imposing the Ricinus gives to the garden magnifice semi-tropical effects. Grown as a specime it makes a perfect pyramid of gigantic leave a dozen plants in a large bed show a gloric mound of glistening colors and may be admir	ir- g, nt en es; us
RICINUS (Castor - Oil Plant). Pictresquely showy and imposing the Ricinus gives to the garden magnifice semi-tropical effects. Grown as a specime it makes a perfect pyramid of gigantic leave a dozen plants in a large bed show a gloric mound of glistening colors and may be admir from a long distance; planted thickly it so	ir- ig, nt en es; us ed
RICINUS (Castor - Oil Plant). Pictre esquely showy and imposing the Ricinus gives to the garden magnifice semi-tropical effects. Grown as a specime it makes a perfect pyramid of gigantic leave a dozen plants in a large bed show a gloric mound of glistening colors and may be admir from a long distance; planted thickly it so forms a handsome screen or hedge; the lower	en es; us ed on er-
RICINUS (Castor - Oil Plant). Pictresquely showy and imposing the Ricinus gives to the garden magnifice semi-tropical effects. Grown as a specime it makes a perfect pyramid of gigantic leave a dozen plants in a large bed show a gloric mound of glistening colors and may be admirfrom a long distance; planted thickly it so forms a handsome screen or hedge; the lower growing dark-leaved sorts are beautiful footting here and there among Cannas scar!	ir- ig, nt en es; us ed on er- or et
RICINUS (Castor - Oil Plant). Pictresquely showy and imposite the Ricinus gives to the garden magnifice semi-tropical effects. Grown as a specimit makes a perfect pyramid of gigantic leave a dozen plants in a large bed show a gloric mound of glistening colors and may be admirfrom a long distance; planted thickly it so forms a handsome screen or hedge; the lowe growing dark-leaved sorts are beautiful footting here and there among Cannas, scarl Pelargoniums, etc. Tall varieties grow from	ir- g, nt en es; us ed on er- or et
RICINUS (Castor - Oil Plant). Pictic sequely showy and imposing the Ricinus gives to the garden magnifice semi-tropical effects. Grown as a specime it makes a perfect pyramid of gigantic leaves a dozen plants in a large bed show a gloric mound of glistening colors and may be admir from a long distance; planted thickly it so forms a handsome screen or hedge; the lower growing dark-leaved sorts are beautiful for the lower of the sequence of the	ir- g, nt en es; us ed on er- or et met

5 5

RICINUS—Continued	Pkt. 1	ROSE CAMPION. See Agrostemma coronaria.
Gibsoni. Dark red; 5 ft	10 5 5	<ul> <li>ROSE OF HEAVEN. See Agrostemma Cαli-rosa.</li> <li>RUDBECKIA (Coneflower). Attractive and compact-growing plants, most suitable for beds and borders or clumps among shrubs; showy, large, yellow flowers with dark central cones; easily</li> </ul>
zanzibariensis, Finest Mixed. 8 to 10 ft	5 5 5 25	grown.  Pkt.  amplexicaulis (hA). Pure golden yellow;  2½ ft
choicest sorts	ring ira-	bicolor superba (hA). Golden yellow; long stems; 2 ft
frequently; very free blooming.  matronalis. Purple; 3 ft.  ½ oz. 20c., oz. 50c 76880  alba. White; fine cut-flower;	Pkt. 5	Neumannii (hP). Vivid orange yellow; 3 ft
3 ft	5	hirta hybrids, new. Hardy, dwarf perennial, with double, semi-double and single flowers of all shades; red, mahogany, chocolate, with purple or yellow centers.  77040 25
hardy perennial Poppy should have a sheltered position in the garden. Fine, fragrant, white flowers; 4 ft76930  ROSA polyantha nana multiflora (†hP).	25	RUMEX hymenosepalus. An ornamental hardy perennial from California, with long gray-green leaves; also known as pieplant there, as the leaf stalks are used the
Dwarf, compact bushes covered with small, single and double blossoms in various colors. These Roses flower the first season from seed; 2 ft	10	same as Rhubarb. Of economic value as well, as its roots produce tannin. It is of easy cultivation, fine erect grower; 3 ft.  77060



Salpiglossis

SALPIGLOSSIS (Painted Tongue). These showy, half-hardy annuals bear beautiful, funnel-shaped flowers having dark veins on a ground which varies from white to crimson, yellow, orange, etc., and intermediate shades. They are easily grown, require a light, rich, sandy loam and will respond to liberal treatment. Bloom from late Summer until frost; 2 ft.

10

SALVIA (Flowering Sage). The Salvia splendens is a standard bedding plant that keeps the garden bright with color until late in Autumn. For pot culture, for cutting and for borders, etc., it is very valuable. In this climate sow seed in window boxes or

Pkt.

CATALOGUE OF H	IGH-CLASS SEED
SALVIA—Continued	SALVIA Splendens—Continued
frames in March or April, and set the plants outdoors the latter part of May; or sow outdoors not before June 1, and protect from heavy rains and strong winds. The plants grow and bloom profusely in any light, rich soil. Both the tender and hardy perennial sorts bloom the first year, and all are treated as annuals.	Lord Fauntleroy. Only 18 is compact, with the brilliant spikes standing clear above Fine for bedding in masses around beds of taller sorts; pots. Very early flowering.
argentea (hP). Silver leaved; flowers white; blooms in Spring; 3 ft	for Summer and Autumn nearly twice the size of the
farinacea (hA). Light blue flowers in great abundance; good for cutting; fcrms a neat bush; 3 ft	Sage; when full grown the bushes about 3 ft. in height, in diameter, and are a ma The brilliant scarlet effect is g
patens. A handsome, tender, perennial, with erect spikes of rich, blue flowers; fine for borders or the greenhouse; 2 ft77330 25	Silverspot. Rich, green lea spotted with yellow. The i scarlet flowers are large borne; neat and compact; 21
	SANVITALIA procumbens fl. dwarf-growing, hardy annua borders; bright yellow, do blooms all Summer; 6 in
	SAPONARIA. Pretty, dwarf especially adapted for edg long and profuse bloomers;
	calabrica (hA). Red
A Part	" alba (hA). White.
	" Scarlet Queen (
	" mixed
Thorburn	ocymoides (hP). Rose-co- trailing; blooms early; fine 6 in
Salvia Bonfire	SCABIOSA (Mourning Bride
SPLENDENS (Scarlet Sage) (hhP). These are the well-known bedders, single plants of which carry many long, flaming flower spikes open at one time, keeping up the display until frost.  Pkt.	Well-established garden favor about 2 ft. high, and flower mer until frost. The flower stems and last a long time we beds or borders. Sow seed when danger from frost is pa
grandiflora, Scarlet. A rich-flowered bedder; long spikes; 3 ft	caucasica (Blue Bonnet).

Thorburn	
Salvia Bonfire	
SPLENDENS (Scarlet Sage) (hhP). These are well-known bedders, single plants of wh carry many long, flaming flower spikes oper one time, keeping up the display until frost	the nich at
grandiflora, Scarlet. A rich-flowered bedder; long spikes; 3 ft	
Ball of Fire. Very dwarf and compact, ball-shaped variety, especially suitable for pot culture. The plants are about 2 ft. high to the top of the flower spikes, and about the same in diameter. Color dull red; large spikes, similar to No. 74410.  77390	25
Bonfire. Our well-known, compact Salvia—the freest blooming of all, seemingly on fire all the time, with dense, flaming scarlet spikes; 2½ ft	10
Early Dwarf Zurich. Grows only 12 to 15 in. high, with many fine, erect, slender spikes to each plant, borne well above its handsome foliage. Color brilliant scarlet; splendid bedding variety; earliest of all. 77410	25

Lord Fauntleroy. Only 18 in. high; very compact, with the brilliant scarlet flower spikes standing clear above the foliage. Fine for bedding in masses or for borders around beds of taller sorts; also fine for pots. Very early flowering77420	25
Scarlet Dragon. A superb bedding plant for Summer and Autumn; flowers are nearly twice the size of the old Scarlet Sage; when full grown the plants form bushes about 3 ft. in height, and the same in diameter, and are a mass of bloom. The brilliant scarlet effect is gorgeous. 77430	25
<b>Silverspot.</b> Rich, green leaves elegantly spotted with yellow. The intense, bright scarlet flowers are large and lavishly borne; neat and compact; $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft77440	25
SANVITALIA procumbens fl. pl. Beautiful, dwarf-growing, hardy annual for beds or borders; bright yellow, double flowers; blooms all Summer; 6 in	10
<b>SAPONARIA.</b> Pretty, dwarf bedding planespecially adapted for edgings and bordelong and profuse bloomers; 1 ft.	nts, ers;
long and profuse bloomers; I ft.	Pkt.
calabrica (hA). Red	5
" <b>alba</b> (hA). White77520	5
" Scarlet Queen (hA). Very brilliant	5
" mixed	5
" mixed	5 10
ocymoides (hP). Rose-colored flowers; trailing; blooms early; fine for rockwork; 6 in	10 te.) row im- ong for ring
ocymoides (hP). Rose-colored flowers; trailing; blooms early; fine for rockwork; 6 in	te.) row im- ong for ring
ocymoides (hP). Rose-colored flowers; trailing; blooms early; fine for rockwork; 6 in	10 te.) row im- ong for ring
ocymoides (hP). Rose-colored flowers; trailing; blooms early; fine for rockwork; 6 in	te.) row im- ong for ring
ocymoides (hP). Rose-colored flowers; trailing; blooms early; fine for rockwork; 6 in	te.) row im- ong for ring
ocymoides (hP). Rose-colored flowers; trailing; blooms early; fine for rockwork; 6 in	10  te.) row rim- rong for ring  Pkt.
ocymoides (hP). Rose-colored flowers; trailing; blooms early; fine for rockwork; 6 in	10  te.) row immong for ing Pkt.
ocymoides (hP). Rose-colored flowers; trailing; blooms early; fine for rockwork; 6 in	10  te.) row rim- rong for ring  Pkt.
ocymoides (hP). Rose-colored flowers; trailing; blooms early; fine for rockwork; 6 in	10 te.) row im- ong for ing Pkt.

SCABIOSA—Hardy Annuals—Continued	Pkt.
	I Kt.
atropurpurea maxima. Very double,	15
mixed	15
Mixed, Tall. Large flowers of bright	
colors	5
Mixed Dwarf	5
SCHIZANTHUS. Very beautiful and sho	*****
hardy annuals, fine for beds and borders in	wy,
Summer garden; grown in pots in early Sp	the
in the greenhouse they become elegant fol	
plants, with masses of flowers: ½ to 2 ft.	lage
- ,,,,	731-4
papilionaceus. Purple, yellow and crim-	
son	5
pinnatus, Mixed. Floriferous77760	5
retusus. Red; splendid	5
" albus. White, inside yellow; very	
fine	5
	Ŭ
Wisetonensis. Light shades; long and pro-	25
fuse blooming; fine pot-plant77810	25
Mixed	5
SEDUM (Stonecrop). Showy and useful 1	it.t.le
plants for carpet bedding, edgings, rockwo	ork.
stone walls, etc. Will do well in any soil	and
dry situations.	-



Scabiosa

SEDUM—Continued	Pkt.
cæruleum (hA). Blue; 4 in	10
Mixed (hP). 9 in	10
Maximowicizii. Golden yellow; 1 ft 77920	10
SENECIO. See Jacobæa.	
SENSITIVE PLANT. See Mimosa pudica.	
<b>SILENE</b> (Catchfly). Bright-colored and f flowering hardy annuals, suitable for rework or garden beds and borders, blooming Summer; succeed finely in any light, lost	ock-
Armeria. Red	5
" alba. White	5
pendula. Red	5
" alba. White	5
" Double Rose	5
<ul> <li>Bonnettii. Dark purple; dark stems</li></ul>	5 5
ismilax (Myrsiphyllum asparagoides).	U
A well-known greenhouse climber, with small, dark-green foliage; of great value in floral work; 8 ft	10

SNAPDRAGON (Antirrhinum). The Snapdragon is one of our finest perennials, flowering the first year from seed. Its bright-colored, curiously formed flowers always excite interest. The rich spikes are beautiful for cutting, and keep fresh a long time. Flower profusely through Summer until frost. For early flowers are the roles in Fohenery or Moreh and sow under glass in February or March, and transplant into beds of warm, dry soil moderately enriched. The Snapdragon is treated as an annual and the seed sown every year. Average

Pkt.

15

10

78225

height, 2 ft.

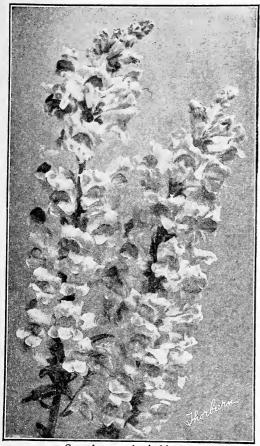
album. White	5
atrococcineum. Dark scarlet78090	5
Coral Red	10
Cottage Maid. Handsome pale pink with	
white throat	10
Delicate Rose	10
	10
Fairy Queen (Firefly). Orange, white	_
throat	5
luteum. Yellow	5
<b>Mixed</b> ½ oz., 30c.; oz., \$1.00 78160	5
TALL, LARGE-FLOWERING VARIETIES	
Blood Red. Fine color	10
<b>Delilah.</b> White and carmine78180	10
Feltham Beauty. Long spikes of enor-	
mous deep rose-pink blooms with white	
center	25
Firefly. Scarlet and white	10
Galathee. Crimson and white78200	10
Nelrose. Silvery pink, very long stems,	
fine for greenhouse	30
Orange Beauty. Very large flowering,	
lovely orange, scarlet with gold tip, 78208	25
io toly orange, course with gold dip, tolton	

Queen Victoria. Pure white......78210 Delicate pink, with white throat.

White. Beautiful for cutting.......78230

SNAPDRAGON—Continued

Pkt.



Snapdragon, Antirrhinum

SNAPDRAGON—Continued	Pkt.
Yellow. A pure, soft color78240	10
Large-flowered, Mixed. Fine.	
½ oz., 30c.; oz., \$1.00 <b>78270</b>	-
<b>SEMI-DWARF VARIETIES.</b> Plants of this tion make excellent bedders, as they ble extra profusely and are only about 15 in. h	oom
Black Prince. Nearly black78310	
Bonfire. Lovely orange pink78320	
	10
Cottage Maid. Pale coral pink, white throat	15
<b>Crimson King.</b> Bright crimson; a deeper color than Scarlet King	15
Golden Beauty. Large sturdy spikes, rich golden yellow	25
Mauve Beauty. Lovely rose mauve.	25
Queen of the North. Pure white; small	
leaved	10
Rose Dore. Pretty, self-colored salmon rose	25
Silver Pink. Splendid semi-dwarf variety; delicate silver-pink flowers, fine for greenhouses	25
<u> </u>	20
Scarlet King. Brilliant scarlet; tall spikes of flowers	15

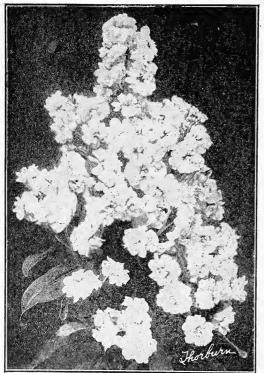
	0
dwarf strain; 6 in	.0
	80
<b>SOLANUM</b> (gP). The Solanums are very ornmental, fruit-bearing plants, and thrive bear in light, rich soil. Fine for Winter decoration in the house or conservatory. If used in Summer garden give very warm situation; 1 to 3 for Pk	1- t.
capsicastrum (Jerusalem Cherry), Scarlet, globular berries; fine for pots; 1 to 1½ ft	.0
giganteum. Small, round, red berries;	0
<b>‡Seaforthianum.</b> Beautiful climber; egg-shaped, yellowish red fruit; 8 ft <b>78510</b> 1	0
Warscewiczii. Pale yellow fruit; smooth and shining; handsome sort78520	0
STACHYS lanata (Lamb's Ears). Ornamental hardy perennial, with silvery white, woolly leaves; used for edgings and borders; easily grown; 1½ ft78600	5
STATICE (Sea Lavender). Pretty plants for th Summer garden in beds or borders; good for rockwork also; much valued when dried a Everlastings for Winter bouquets; 1 to 2 ft.	S
Pk <b>Bonduellii</b> (hA). Golden yellow <b>78630</b>	t. 5
· ·	5
for edging	5
	5
	5 5
STEVIA serrata (†gP). Greenhouse perennial; bears very elegant sprays of tiny white, fragrant flowers which are splendid for cutting; 2 ft	)
STOCKS (Matthiola). Stocks have good habit, fine leaves, beautiful and	1
fragrant flowers, a long season of bloom and adaptability to many conditions of culture. They are unsurpassed for bedding, edging, por culture and for cutting. For fine early flowers sow under glass in March or April, transplanting the seedlings when an inch high into other pots or boxes, or into fine soil spread over some discarded hotbed. In May transfer to garder beds of deep, rich soil, setting the plants a foot apart. Transplanting several times in the early stages of growth tends to make them more dwarf and compact. For later flowers sowings may be made in the open ground in May. It plants that begin to bloom late are carefully potted in Fall they will flower finely all Winter in a house that is tolerably cool and moist. Average height, 1 to 1½ ft	

TEN WEEKS. Half-hardy annuals.

"NICE" STOCKS—Continued

Pkt.

STOCKS—Continued	Pkt.
<b>Dwarf Large-flowering.</b> Long, splendid spikes; large, double flowers.	
Bright Red	10
Blood Red. Very rich78880	10
Carmine	10
Rose. Very dainty, light color78940	10
Snow White	10
Violet78960	10
Mixed	10
DRESDEN PERPETUAL OR BRANCHING	4
DIESDEN FERFEIVAL OR BRANCHING	x∙ Pkt.
"Cut-and-Come Again" ("Princess Alice"), White. Profuse and perpetual-blooming; double, white flowers, fine for cutting	25
Snow White79005	25
Empress Augusta Victoria. Delicate silvery lilac flowers in magnificent trusses; of true pyramidal growth; height 24 in	25
Mixed79020	25
GOOD MIXED STOCKS79070	5
WINTER "NICE" VARIETIES LARGE-FLOWERING—	
Beauty of Nice. Flesh-color; extra-large flowers	25
Monte Carlo. Pure yellow79330	25



Stocks, Beauty of Nice

Pure White	25
Queen Alexandra. Rosy lilac79350	2 <b>5</b>
Mixed79370	25
STOKESIA (Cornflower Aster). This por hardy perennial bears, all Summer, I attractive flowers resembling semi-double A fine for cut-flowers; 2 ft.	sters
Cyanea. Lavender-blue; handsome79610	Pkt. 10
STONECROP. See Sedum	
SUMMER CYPRESS. See Kochia trichophyllo	a.
SUNFLOWER (Helianthus). stately and decora hardy annuals, with great masses of ye flowers. Among shrubbery, and for be grounds and screens, nothing could be for Their long stems and wonderful lasting cities make them valuable as cut-flowers. The are said to be good for absorbing the mist of low grounds. Plant the seed in the garden in Spring, and thin the plants to said to 4 ft. apart.	ellow ack- iner. jual- They isma
argyrophyllus (Texas Silver Queen). Has handsome silvery foliage and a profusion of small, elegant, single flowers; 4 ft 79670	
cucumerifolius. Of pyramidal growth; small, bright orange, single flowers; 3 ft. 79680 "Stella. Handsome; large-	5
flowered; primrose-yel- low79700	10
" Single Fine Mixed. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25c., oz. 75c. 79730	10
Double California. Dark yellow; 5 ft. 79740	5
" <b>Dwarf.</b> Beautiful, Dahlia-like flowers, 3 in. across	5
" Dwarf Variegated-leaves. Foliage spotted with yellow; flowers bright yellow. Very fine	5
" Globe-flowered. Ball - shaped; blooms late; 3 ft79770	5
" Green-centered. Odd and attractive; 3 ft	5
" Chrysanthemum-flowered .79785	5
Macrophyllus giganteus, huge leaves and yellow flowers	5
Primrose-colored. Graceful flowers of a lovely color; beautiful for cutting; 5 ft. 79810	5
Sutton's New Red. Of freely branching habit, producing numerous well-shaped, dark centered, brilliant flowers, banded with bright chestnut red, merging to yellow at tips of the petals	10
SWEET PEAS (Lathyrus odoratus). See page	74.
SWEET SULTAN. See Centaurea moschata.	



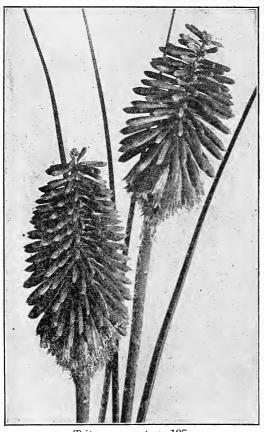
Sweet William (Dianthus Barbatus)

SWEET WILLIAM (Dianth Barbatu	us
The splendid old-fashioned hardy bienr	ial.
producing large heads of beautifully color sweet-scented flowers in abundance; easily gro	red, wn
flowering the second year from seed; 1½	ft.
	Pkt.
Single Auricula-flowered oculatus marginatus (Hunt's Perfection).	
Various shades, with white eye	
and white bordered79920	5
" Pink Beauty (roseus). Rosy	1.
chamois	15
" Scarlet Beauty. Brilliant scarlet; very fine	15
" White79960	5
" Mixed. ½ oz., 20c; 1 oz., 50c. 79970	5
Double Mixed80010	10
Giant Double and Single Mixed. 1/4 oz.,	
20c; 1 oz., 50c	10
<b>FAGETES</b> (hA). Pretty, dwarf-growing, sin flowering Marigolds; fine for beds and especi	gle <b>-</b> ally
so for edgings.	Pkt.
lucida. Yellow; fragrant; good for cutting;	
1 ft80090	10
signata pumila. Bright golden 'yellow; bushy habit; fine for edgings; 8 in80100	10

See, also, Marigolds.

TASSEL FLOWER. See Cacalia.	
<b>TECOMA Smithii</b> (gP). Splendid greenhouse shrub; winter blooming; fine for pots; large heads of innumerable flowers, lemon with orange; 6 ft80130	Pkt. 25
THERMOPSIS Carolinana. Pretty yellow	
pea-shaped flower80135	15
† <b>THUNBERGIA alata, Mixed.</b> A very pretty rapidly-growing, tender perennial climber that is usually grown as an annual. Prized for window-boxes, vases, hanging-baskets, trellises, etc.; 6 ft80160	10
TOAD FLAX. See Linaria.	
<b>TORENIA.</b> Beautiful tender annuals that, star early in the Spring in heat, will bloom of tinuously all Summer until frost; fine for va baskets and the Summer garden; 10 in.	on-
Fournieri. Sky-blue, with purple spots and	Pkt.
yellow throat80190	25
" alba, "White Wings." Pure white with yellow throat. 80200	25
" Fine Mixed. Very choice . 80210	25
† <b>TRACHELIUM cæruleum</b> (hhP). An attractive late-flowering perennial suited to culture as an annual; pale blue flowers; good in garden or greenhouse; 1 ft80240	10
†TRICHOSANTHES colubrina (Snake Gourd, or Serpent Cucumber). Rapid-growing, climbing, half-hardy annual, with slender fruit, often 3 ft. long, turning carmine when ripe; 10 ft80280  See, also, Cucumis and Gourds.	5
<b>TRITOMA</b> ( <b>Red-Hot-Poker Plant</b> ). This sp did half-hardy perennial is also well known Torch Lily; has gorgeous spikes of ble easily grown; should be largely planted. I in late Summer and Fall. (see Cut, p. 126)	1 28
	Pkt. 10
TROLLIUS Mixed Hybrids (Globe Flower).  Desirable hardy perennia! with large, buttercup-like blossoms; free-flowering through the early Summer; do well in any soil. Flowers vary from pale yellow to deep gold, bordering on vermilion; 1½ to 2 ft	10

**TROPÆOLEM canariense.** See Canary-Bird Flower.



Tritoma—see page 125

perer	mials that have been all Summer. Fens and rockwork; of	n too much no	eglected;
bloor		ine for borde	ers, wild
alba. rubra.	White		Pkt. <b>)460</b> 5 <b>)470</b> 5

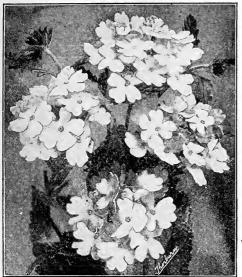
VENUS' LOOKING GLASS (Specularia). A pretty little hardy annual, blooming profusely in Spring and Summer, and desirable for edging flower-beds and borders; of easy culture; 9 in.

	Pkt.
Blue80530	
White80550	
Mixed80560	
grandiflora, Mixed. Large-flowered80570	10

VERBASCUM pannosum. A stately and decorative hardy perennial, with large, white, woolly leaves and splendid spikes of sulphur-yellow flowers; fine for backgrounds; 4 to 5 ft................80610

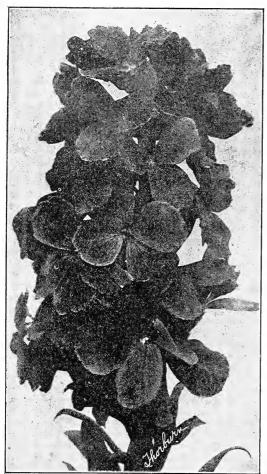
hybrida auriculæflora. Brilliantly colored

	flowers	of fine size, each with a	
	large, v	white eye <b>80630</b>	10
u		lue, White Eye80640	10
ш	candidis		
"		white flowers80650	10
	cærulea.	Bright blue in various80660	10
u		. Intensely brilliant scar-	10
	let: fine	e for bedding80670	10
u		triata. Brightly striped.	
		80680	10
"	Scarlet.	Different shades80690	10
	Yellow.	Primrose-color80700	10
и	Mixed.	½ oz. 35c80720	5
"	Finest M	lixed. Extra choice. 80730	10
u		ora, Helen Willmott.	
	Bright	salmon-rose with white	0.5
"			25
"	mammo "	th, Blue80752	25
"	"	Pink	25
"	"	Scarlet Defiance 80756	25
"	"	Striped80757	25 25
"	"	White	25 25
u	"	Yellow, lutea80759 Mixed. Plants and	25
		flowers are unusual-	
		ly large; extremely	
		floriferous, and borne in large heads.	
		80760	10
«	Improve	d Mammoth, Mixed	-0
		la-flowered. Best of all.	
		80770	25
Compac	ta lutesco	ens. Light yellow80780	10
	atrosa	nguinea. Blood red. 80785	10
"	erecta	, Mixed 80790	10
erinoide	s. Small	l, violet; heavy bloomer;	
		80810	10
alba		80820	10
venosa.		e for groups and for edg-	
		80830	10
citriodor	a (Lemon	n-scented Verbena). An louse shrub, grown for the	
delight	ful citron	scent of its light green	
			10



San Daniel Control of the Control of	ANTI ANT ENGINEERS AS
Verbena Hybrida	
VERONICA (Speedwell), Mixed Perennial Species. Splendid, hardy border plants of the easiest culture; bear bright-colored flowers all Summer; 1 to 2 ft80890	10
†VINCA (Madagascar Periwinkle) (tP). Har some, bushy bedding plants that flower luriantly and most profusely all Summer freed sown in February or March in heat; for also for pot culture in window-garden or green house; 1 to 1½ ft.	xu- om ine en-
The state of the s	Pkt.
rosea. Red	10
liant contrast with the dark green, shining foliage	10 10 15
VIOLET, Sweet Scented (Viola odorata) (hh Much prized for Spring blooming. All varieties have great beauty, are very fragrand quite hardy; 6 in. Violet seed takes a le time to germinate.	P). the ant ong
Blue	10 10 10
†VIOLA cornuta (Tufted Pansies) (hhP). Spl did free-blooming plants for partially shad situations; with a little Winter protection of be permanent for years; bloom continually the season until frost; 6 in.	en- ded will all
cornuta, Purple Queen81040	Pkt. 10
" White Perfection	10 10 10
pedunculata (California Yellow Violet). 81070	25

Early and very free-flowering, dwarf, hardy annuals of easy culture; bright blossoms; most effective for edgings or beds; 1 ft.  Crimson King. Very fine	VIRGINIAN STOCK (Malcomia maritim	19)
Crimson King. Very fine. 81100 5 Red. 81110 5 White. 81120 5 Mixed. 81130 5  VISCARIA. Abundant-blooming, hardy annuals, flowering all Summer until frost; very effective for massing in beds and borders; easily grown; 1 ft.  Pkt. elegans picta. Rose and scarlet. 81150 5 oculata. Rose. 81160 5 " alba. White. 81170 5 " candida. Pure white; fine. 81180 10 " cærulea. Sky blue, dark center. 81190 5 " Mixed. Bright colors. 81200 5  WALLFLOWER (Cheiranthus Cheiri). Wellknown, half-hardy perennials of delightful fragrance, bearing in Spring and early Summer long spikes of bright flowers. Start the seed early in the season in heat, protect by cold-frames during the following Winter and plant out for bedding in Spring. Fine also for blooming in greenhouse; 2 ft.  SINGLE-FLOWERING VARIETIES— Dark Blood-red. 81230 10  Eastern Queen. Very distinct shade, bright chamois, changing to salmon red. 81240 10  Feltham Early. Large; brown-red; fine. 81250 10  Golden King. Very large, golden yellow flower. 81260 10  Linnæus. Fine; white. 81265 10  Rose Queen. A lovely terra-cotta pink. 81270 10  Ruby Gem. Very rich ruby color. 81280 10  Vesuvius. New. Orange, scarlet and bronze. 81285 25  White Dame. Large, creamy white flowers of dwarf, compact habit. 81290 10  Single-Flowering Dwarf Sorts, Mixed. 81300 10  Fine Mixed. Very showy mixture. 81320 5  ANNUAL, Mixed. This annual or extraearly flowering strain, if started early in heat, will bloom the same season; 1 to 1½ ft. 81370 25	Early and very free-flowering, dwarf, ha annuals of easy culture: bright blosso	rdy ms;
Red		
White	- ·	
VISCARIA. Abundant-blooming, hardy annuals, flowering all Summer until frost; very effective for massing in beds and borders; easily grown; 1 ft.  Pkt.  elegans picta. Rose and scarlet. 81150 5 oculata. Rose. 81160 5 " alba. White. 81170 5 " candida. Pure white; fine. 81180 10 " cærulea. Sky blue, dark center. 81190 5 " Mixed. Bright colors. 81200 5  WALLFLOWER (Cheiranthus Cheiri). Wellknown, half-hardy perennials of delightful fragrance, bearing in Spring and early Summer long spikes of bright flowers. Start the seed early in the season in heat, protect by cold-frames during the following Winter and plant out for bedding in Spring. Fine also for blooming in greenhouse; 2 ft.  SINGLE-FLOWERING VARIETIES—  Dark Blood-red. 81230 10  Eastern Queen. Very distinct shade, bright chamois, changing to salmon red. 81240 10  Feltham Early. Large; brown-red; fine. 81250 10  Golden King. Very large, golden yellow flower. 81260 10  Linnæus. Fine; white. 81265 10  Rose Queen. A lovely terra-cotta pink. 81270 10  Ruby Gem. Very rich ruby color. 81280 10  Vesuvius. New. Orange, scarlet and bronze. 81285 25  White Dame. Large, creamy white flowers of dwarf, compact habit. 81290 10  Single-Flowering Dwarf Sorts, Mixed. 81300 10  Fine Mixed. Very showy mixture. 81320 5  ANNUAL, Mixed. This annual or extraearly flowering strain, if started early in heat, will bloom the same season; 1 to 1½ ft. 81340 15  Early Paris Market. Golden yellow. 81350 15  DOUBLE-FLOWERING VARIETIES— Double Tall Branching, Mixed. 2 ft. 81370 25		
VISCARIA. Abundant-blooming, hardy annuals, flowering all Summer until frost; very effective for massing in beds and borders; easily grown; 1 ft.  Pkt.  elegans picta. Rose and scarlet		
flowering all Summer until frost; very effective for massing in beds and borders; easily grown; 1 ft.  Pkt.  elegans picta. Rose and scarlet	Mixed81130	5
elegans picta. Rose and scarlet	flowering all Summer until frost; very effector massing in beds and borders; easily ground 1 ft.	tive wn;
alba. White		
" candida. Pure white; fine. 81180 10 " cærulea. Sky blue, dark center. 81190 5 " Mixed. Bright colors. 81200 5  WALLFLOWER (Cheiranthus Cheiri). Well-known, half-hardy perennials of delightful fragrance, bearing in Spring and early Summer long spikes of bright flowers. Start the seed early in the season in heat, protect by cold-frames during the following Winter and plant out for bedding in Spring. Fine also for blooming in greenhouse; 2 ft.  SINGLE-FLOWERING VARIETIES—  Dark Blood-red. 81230 10  Eastern Queen. Very distinct shade, bright chamois, changing to salmon red. 81240 10  Feltham Early. Large; brown-red; fine. 81250 10  Golden King. Very large, golden yellow flower. 81260 10  Linnæus. Fine; white. 81265 10  Rose Queen. A lovely terra-cotta pink. 81270 10  Ruby Gem. Very rich ruby color. 81280 10  Vesuvius. New. Orange, scarlet and bronze. 81285 25  White Dame. Large, creamy white flowers of dwarf, compact habit. 81290 10  Single-Flowering Dwarf Sorts, Mixed. 81300 10  Fine Mixed. Very showy mixture. 81320 5  ANNUAL, Mixed. This annual or extraearly flowering strain, if started early in heat, will bloom the same season; 1 to 1½ ft. 81340 15  Early Paris Market. Golden yellow. 81350 15  DOUBLE-FLOWERING VARIETIES— Double Tall Branching, Mixed. 2 ft. 81370 25		
"candida. Pure white; fine. 81180 10 "cærulea. Sky blue, dark center. 81190 5 "Mixed. Bright colors. 81200 5  WALLFLO WER (Cheiranthus Cheiri). Well-known, half-hardy perennials of delightful fragrance, bearing in Spring and early Summer long spikes of bright flowers. Start the seed early in the season in heat, protect by cold-frames during the following Winter and plant out for bedding in Spring. Fine also for blooming in greenhouse; 2 ft.  SINGLE-FLOWERING VARIETIES—  Dark Blood-red. 81230 10  Eastern Queen. Very distinct shade, bright chamois, changing to salmon red. 81240 10  Feltham Early. Large; brown-red; fine. 81250 10  Golden King. Very large, golden yellow flower 81260 10  Linnæus. Fine; white. 81265 10  Rose Queen. A lovely terra-cotta pink. 81270 10  Ruby Gem. Very rich ruby color. 81280 10  Vesuvius. New. Orange, scarlet and bronze. 81285 25  White Dame. Large, creamy white flowers of dwarf, compact habit. 81290 10  Single-Flowering Dwarf Sorts, Mixed. 81300 10  Fine Mixed. Very showy mixture. 81320 5  ANNUAL, Mixed. This annual or extraearly flowering strain, if started early in heat, will bloom the same season; 1 to 1½ ft. 81340 15  Early Paris Market. Golden yellow. 81350 15  DOUBLE-FLOWERING VARIETIES— Double Tall Branching, Mixed. 2 ft. 81370 25	" alba Whita 94170	_
" cærulea. Sky blue, dark center.  " Mixed. Bright colors	eandida Pura white: fina 81180	
"Mixed. Bright colors	" carula Sky blue dark center	10
WALLFLOWER (Cheiranthus Cheiri). Wellknown, half-hardy perennials of delightful fragrance, bearing in Spring and early Summer long spikes of bright flowers. Start the seed early in the season in heat, protect by coldframes during the following Winter and plant out for bedding in Spring. Fine also for blooming in greenhouse; 2 ft.  SINGLE-FLOWERING VARIETIES—  Dark Blood-red		5
WALLFLOWER (Cheiranthus Cheiri). Wellknown, half-hardy perennials of delightful fragrance, bearing in Spring and early Summer long spikes of bright flowers. Start the seed early in the season in heat, protect by coldframes during the following Winter and plant out for bedding in Spring. Fine also for blooming in greenhouse; 2 ft.  SINGLE-FLOWERING VARIETIES—  Dark Blood-red	" Mixed. Bright colors81200	
known, half-hardy perennials of delightful fragrance, bearing in Spring and early Summer long spikes of bright flowers. Start the seed early in the season in heat, protect by cold-frames during the following Winter and plant out for bedding in Spring. Fine also for blooming in greenhouse; 2 ft.  SINGLE-FLOWERING VARIETIES—  Dark Blood-red	Ŭ.	
long spikes of bright flowers. Start the seed early in the season in heat, protect by cold-frames during the following Winter and plant out for bedding in Spring. Fine also for blooming in greenhouse; 2 ft.  SINGLE-FLOWERING VARIETIES—  Dark Blood-red		
long spikes of bright flowers. Start the seed early in the season in heat, protect by cold-frames during the following Winter and plant out for bedding in Spring. Fine also for blooming in greenhouse; 2 ft.  SINGLE-FLOWERING VARIETIES—  Dark Blood-red	known, half-hardy perennials of deligh	ittul
early in the season in heat, protect by cold- frames during the following Winter and plant out for bedding in Spring. Fine also for blooming in greenhouse; 2 ft.  Pkt.  SINGLE-FLOWERING VARIETIES—  Dark Blood-red	long spikes of bright flowers. Start the	seed
out for bedding in Spring. Fine also for blooming in greenhouse; 2 ft.  SINGLE-FLOWERING VARIETIES—  Dark Blood-red	early in the season in heat, protect by c	old-
blooming in greenhouse; 2 ft.  SINGLE-FLOWERING VARIETIES—  Dark Blood-red	frames during the following Winter and p	lant
BINGLE-FLOWERING VARIETIES— Dark Blood-red	blooming in greenhouse; 2 ft.	
Eastern Queen. Very distinct shade, bright chamois, changing to salmon red	SINGLE-FLOWERING VARIETIES—	PKt.
Feltham Early. Large; brown-red; fine.  81250  Golden King. Very large, golden yellow flower		10
Feltham Early. Large; brown-red; fine. 81250 Golden King. Very large, golden yellow flower	Eastern Queen. Very distinct shade, bright chamois, changing to salmon red	10
Golden King. Very large, golden yellow flower		
flower	81250	10
Linnæus. Fine; white	Golden King. Very large, golden yellow	10
Rose Queen. A lovely terra-cotta pink.  81270  Ruby Gem. Very rich ruby color81280  10  Vesuvius. New. Orange, scarlet and bronze		
Ruby Gem. Very rich ruby color		10
Vesuvius. New. Orange, scarlet and bronze	81270	10
white Dame. Large, creamy white flowers of dwarf, compact habit	Ruby Gem. Very rich ruby color81280	10
flowers of dwarf, compact habit81290 10  Single-Flowering Dwarf Sorts, Mixed. 81300 10  Fine Mixed. Very showy mixture81320 5  ANNUAL, Mixed. This annual or extraearly flowering strain, if started early in heat, will bloom the same season; 1 to 1½ ft	bronze	25
Single-Flowering Dwarf Sorts, Mixed. 81300 10  Fine Mixed. Very showy mixture 81320 5  ANNUAL, Mixed. This annual or extraearly flowering strain, if started early in heat, will bloom the same season; 1 to 1½ ft 81340 15  Early Paris Market. Golden yellow 81350 15  DOUBLE-FLOWERING VARIETIES— Double Tall Branching, Mixed. 2 ft. 81370 25	White Dame. Large, creamy white flowers of dwarf, compact habit81290	10
Fine Mixed. Very showy mixture 81320 5  ANNUAL, Mixed. This annual or extraearly flowering strain, if started early in heat, will bloom the same season; 1 to 1½ ft		
ANNUAL, Mixed. This annual or extraearly flowering strain, if started early in heat, will bloom the same season; 1 to 1½ ft		10
early flowering strain, if started early in heat, will bloom the same season; I to 1½ ft	Fine Mixed. Very showy mixture81320	5
heat, will bloom the same season; 1 to 1½ ft	ANNUAL, Mixed. This annual or extra-	
Early Paris Market. Golden yellow81350 15  DOUBLE-FLOWERING VARIETIES— Double Tall Branching, Mixed. 2 ft. 81370 25	heat, will bloom the same season; I to	15
DOUBLE-FLOWERING VARIETIES— Double Tall Branching, Mixed. 2 ft. 81370 25		
<b>Double Tall Branching, Mixed.</b> 2 ft. 81370 25		10
<b>81370</b> 25		
Double Dwarf Branching Mixed 1 ft	Double Tall Branching, Mixed. 2 ft. 81370	25
81390 25	<b>Double Dwarf Branching, Mixed.</b> 1 ft. 81390	25



Wallflower-see page 127

**WHITLAVIA.** Easily grown, hardy annuals of compact habit; excellent for beds or borders; bears in profusion all the season pretty, bell-shaped flowers; 1 ft.

gloxinioides.	Blue,	with	white	throat.	10
grandiflora.	Blue			02200	
"	alba.	White		81500	5

\*WIGANDIA (hhP). Imposing decorative plants with very large and beautifully veined leaves; prized for subtropical gardening and groups on lawns. Start the seeds very early in the season in heat to produce good plants for Summer beds: 6 ft

Dode,			Pkt.
caracasa	na.	Grand foliage81530	10
Vigieri.	Ver	y large leaved	10

**XERANTHEMUM.** This well-known, hardy annual is one of the oldest and prettiest of the "Everlasting" flowers, and in Winter bouquets retain their color and form for years. Fine for beds and borders; in bloom all the season until frost; 1½ to 2 ft.

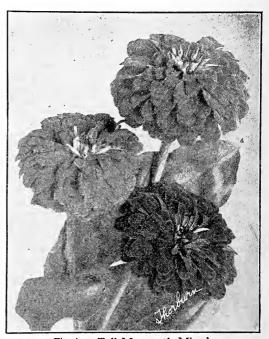
XERANTHEM UM—Continued	
	Pkt.
<b>Double Purple81570</b>	10
" Rose81580	
" White81590	10
" Mixed81600	
YUCCA filamentosa (Adam's Needle). One	
of the best Summer ornamental, hardy	
perennial plants, when both foliage and	
bloom are considered; elegant spikes of	
creamy white, fragrant flowers; broad,	
sword-like leaves; 5 to 6 ft	10
gloriosa81660	10

ZINNIA (Youth and Old Age). Few flowers are so easily grown from seed or bloom so abundantly and continuously as this hardy annual. Sow the seed in the open ground early in Spring. From July until the first hard frost Zinnias are incomparably bright; the plants grow a foot or more in height and are covered with large, double flowers. Fine for beds and borders; in fact, in any location.

TALL MAMMOTH FLOWERING DOUBLE.

A distinct and splendid class of this everpopular flower, producing extra large double
blooms; 2½ ft.

15
10
15
15
15
15
15
15
15
15



Zinnias, Tall Mammoth Mixed

2.00

.25

### ZINNIA—Continued

TALL DOUBLE. For borders and group	s;   <b>DWARF DOUBLE.</b> More compact and of neater
	habit than the tail varieties; 15 in.
Crimson81770	Pkt.
	10 Bright Scarlet
	10 Canary
	10   Fireball
	10 Salmon81970 10
Scarlet	10 White "Snowball"81980 10
Striped81830	10 Yellow, Golden81990 10
Violet81835	10 <b>Mixed</b> 82020 5
White81840	10 Lilliput, Scarlet Gem82050 10
	10 <b>" White82060</b> 10
	10 <b>Mixed Pompon</b> 82090 10
	10 <b>Haageana, Double Mixed.</b> $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft <b>82110</b> 10
" extra selected81910	10 Curled and Crested, Mixed. 2 ft82130 10
MIXED ANNU	JAL FLOWER SEEDS
Bright colored, Summer-flowering, easily graduatest.	rown hardy annuals in the greatest variety for sowing
Mixed Tall	Oz
and late varieties, flowers all Summer	ited for small gardens, composed of early flowering
Beautiful Mixture of hardy perennials, contain	ining many choice varieties
For Choice COLLECTION	NS of FLOWER SEEDS, see page 13.
201 00000 00000000	The file file sales sy see page 11.
DAT	M CEEDS
PAL	M SEEDS
100 se	eds 1 100 seeds
<b>Areca lutescens10</b> seeds, \$0.25 \$2.	
· ·	00 Forsteriana15 " .25 1.50
Brahea robusta, (Wash-	oz. lb.
	00 Latania borbonica15 1.00
Chamærops excelsa25 " .25	50 Musa Ensete (Abyssinian 100 seeds
Cocos australis20 " .25 1.	00 Banana)
campestris15 " .25 1.	50   Oreodoxia regia15 " .30 1.50
<b>Weddelliana</b>	00 Pandanus utilis (Screw
Corypha (Livistonia) aus-	Pine)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	00 Phoenix canamensis
Pkt. oz.	dactylifera (Date Palm).50 " .25 .40
Dracæna australis25 " 1.00	reclinata25
indivisa25 " 1.00	rupicola

### CYCAS REVOLUTA STEMS (SAGO PALM) per pound 25 cts.

.50 | Seaforthia elegans......10

We receive these throughout the year direct from Japan, in various sizes.

Draco......30 seeds,

# ORNAMENTAL GRASSES

The Ornamental Grasses are very attractive to use in mixed flower-beds or borders, and for grouping by themselves give fine effects. Many of them, if cut before they are entirely ripe, will be found very useful, when dried, in the formation of Winter bouquets, in connection with the "Everlastings."

### Put up in Packets and Ounces only.

*AGROSTIS (Cloud Grass) (hA). Very fine for	EULALIA—Continued Pkt.
bases and bouquets.  nebulosa. Very delicate and graceful; Pkt.  18 in	japonica zebrina (Zebra Grass). The dark green leaves are barred with creamy white; variegations run across foliage. oz., 75c83040 10
*ARUNDO (Great Reed) (hP). Well adapted ror large clumps; stately and ornamental; 10 ft.  *Donax foliis variegatis. Green leaves Pkt. striped with white	GYMNOTHRIX. Curious and ornamental, single specimens are of striking effect; 3 feet.  latifolia (hP). Very ornamental; bears Pkt. nodding spikes
maxima	HORDEUM jubatum (Squirrel-tail Grass) (hA). Bushy panicles; very effective for bouquets; 1½ to 2 ft
brizæformisoz. 35c82770 5  CHRYSURUS cynosuroides (hA). Pretty for edgings; silky plumes that become golden as they mature; 10 in82840 5  COIX Lacrymæ (Job's Tears) (hA). Seed resembles a tear-drop; fine for massing; 2 to 3 ftoz. 15c.; lb., \$1.0082860 5	LAGURUS ovatus (Hare's-tail Grass) (hA). Small, silvery gray plumes; good in dried bouquets; 1 ftoz., 40c83270 5  PANICUM sulcatum (hP). Very showy; palm-like in form; 4 ft83340 10  PENNISETUM (hA). Very ornamental; fine for groups and bouquets.
ERAGROSTIS (hA). Pretty Grasses growing a foot or more high, and characterized by their beautiful dancing spikelets; all are handsome for bouquets.  elegans (Love Grass) 1 ftoz. 40c82980 5	longistylum (villosum). Graceful, green-Pkt. ish white plumes; good in beds; 2 ft. oz., 40c83370 5  Rueppellianum. Violet-purple plumes; fine for edging beds of tall plants like Cannas; 2 to 3 ft14 oz., 25c83380 5
†*ERIANTHUS Ravennæ (Plume Grass) Pkt. (hP). Very stately and ornamental, fine, silvery plumes, splendid in lawn groups. Resembles closely the Pampas Grass; 6 to 8 ft	*STIPA (hP). Popular and graceful species: splendid for bouquets; 2 ft. Pkt. elegantissima. Very pretty plumes83460 10 pennata (Feather Grass). Delicate, silvery white feathery plumes; a favorite sort. ½ oz., 30c83470 10  ZEA gracillima variegata
japonica. Long, dark green leaves; fine Pkt. for groups	Japan Suipeu, Impioreu

# **GLADIOLI**

### ALL EXTRA-SELECTED, LARGE BULBS, NO SECOND SIZE

If to be sent by mail, add postage at zone rates-10, 1 lb.; 100, 8 lbs.

Gladioli are very easily grown. Any good soil suits them. Plant the bulbs as soon as all danger from frost is past, about 3 inches deep and 7 or 8 inches apart. By planting at intervals up to the first of July, these fine flowers can be had in bloom all through the Summer and Fall—the later flowers being the best. About the end of October, when the leaves begin to wither, the bulbs should be taken up, dried in the open air, and then stored in a dry place, free from frost, for planting next Spring. It is a mistake to plant Gladioli without some suitable subject to hide the surrounding soil; to do this we suggest planting lower growing plants such as Saponaria calabrica, Nigella Miss Jekyll, Violas and Dwarf Godetias. Those marked with an asterisk (\*) are used extensively for forcing.

### DWARF GLADIOLI

Early flowering type of most exquisite tints and shades; fine for bedding.	*Cardinalis Peach Blossom. Beau- 10 10 tiful rose \$0.35 \$3	
*Cardinalis Blushing Bride. Beau- 10 100	" Queen of Holland.	00
tiful ivory-white, with crimson flakes \$0 35 \$3 00	White with carmine blotch 40 3	50
" Crimson Queen. Deep crimson	" <b>Mixed</b> 30 2	50

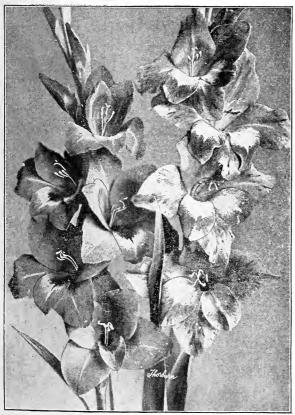
### THORBURN'S EXTRA-FINE MIXED HYBRIDS

(From our Trial Grounds)

Containing only finest named sorts in a wide range of colors and markings. 65 cts. per 10, \$4.50 per 100.

### VARIOUS MIXED GLADIOLI

25 at 100 rate, 250 at 1000 rate



Thorburn's Extra-Fine Mixed Hybrid Gladioli

t 1000 rate					
Mixed Varieties of Red and Scarlet.	10	10	0	100	00
A splendid assort-					
ment of fine qual-	<b>40.00</b>	••			
ity; large flowers.	\$0 30	\$2	50	\$24	00
Mixed White Grounds, Extra.					
All extra large					
blooms	40	3	50	32	00
Mixed Striped and		Ü	00	٥_	•
Variegated.					
Pleasing to the					
eye in the broad-			.,		
est sense. A	40		-	00	^^
charming lot	40	3	50	32	UU
Mixed Pink and Rose. Colors					
vary from the					
most delicate pink					
to gaudy rose.					
Every one a vigor-					
ous grower	35	3	00	26	00
Mixed Yellow and					
Orange. No col-					
or shows up more					
charmingly either singly or in con-					
trast with the					
more vivid shades	60	5	00	48	00
Mixed Gandavensis.					
Extra fine bulbs					
from the best va-					
rieties, a superb					
mixture of the					
various colors, in which no one color					
plays the predom-					
inating part. Very					
fine quality. Large					
size Corms	35	3	00	28	00

4 00

5 00

45

60

10	100	, 100	U
20	eo =o	004	00
30	\$2 50	ф44	UU
35	3 00	26	ΛΛ
00	5 00	20	00
40	3 50	30	00
10	0 00	00	00
-			
40	3 50	30	00
50	4 50	44	00
	40 50	40 3 50	50 4 50 44

### FINE NAMED HYBRID GLADIOLI

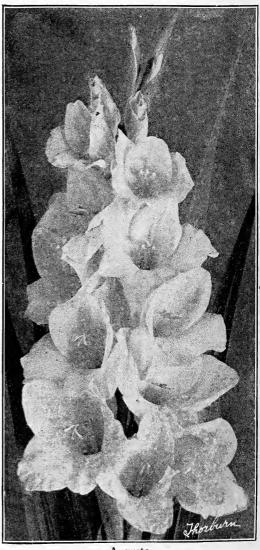
Not less than 10 of a kind, 25 at 100 rate except where quoted otherwise

except where quoted other	wise	
Albion. A beautiful white variety,	10	100
with a tinge of carmine deep in	<b>@O. CO</b>	@E 00
the center	\$0 60	\$5 00
the center* *America. A beautiful flesh pink,		
tinged with lavender. Very		
vigorous, with large, spreading		
blossoms on spikes 2 to 3 feet		
long. Extra large size Corms.		
Per 1000, \$40.00	50	4 50
Attraction. A deep, rich crimson,		
with a center that shows promi-		
nent above all	45	4 00
*Augusta. Pure white, with a lav-		
ender-tinted throat. A splendid		
sort. Extra large size Corms	45	4 00
Baron Hulot. (Lemoine.) With-		
out a doubt the finest blue Glad-		
iolus. It is a rich, deep color		
of an indigo shade	60	5 00
*Brenchleyensis. A fine old ver-		
milion scarlet variety. Extra		
large size Corms	50	4 50
<b>Dawn.</b> Rose pink, large flowers.		
tall spike	<b>1</b> 25	10 00
tall spike15 cts. each <b>Empress of India.</b> Deep, velvety		
maroon	60	5 50
Eugene Scribe. Very large and		
wide; tender rose, blazed car-		
mine red. Exceptionally fine for		
florists' use	75	7 00
Faust. Deep purplish carmine, with		
white markings on lower petals.	60	5 50
<b>F. L. Oakley.</b> Bright scarlet-tinted!		
salmon, with pure white center.		
A very fine show variety	45	$4  00^{ \text{l}}$
CI CD tolk drug and Consist with		

Glory of Brightwood. Scarlet with 

tinted rose.....

FINE NAMED HYBRID GLADIOLI-Co	ontinu	ed	
Golden West. Orange red, over-	10	1	00
laid with gold; yellow blotch			
with red spots on lower petals; fine \$	§0 75	\$6	00
Halley. Large flowers of a lovely			
salmon pink, lower segments			
blotched yellow, with carmine			
markings. An excellent variety;			
early	50	4	50
*Isaac Buchanan. Very fine yel-			
low; large flowers15 cts. each	1 00	8	00
Jessie. (Lemoine.) Fine velvety			
red; long spike of flowers	40	3	50
Klondyke. Light yellow, maroon			
blotches in throat	45	4	00
Lamarck. (Lemoine.) Salmon,			
with crimson and yellow spots.	75	7	00
Lily Lehman. Very fine, pure			
white, frilled edge, slightly tint-			
ed rose; large flower	60	-5	00



Augusta

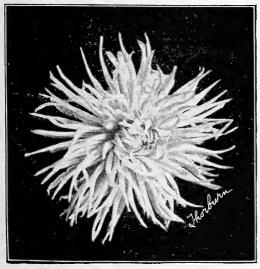
### FINE NAMED HYBRID GLADIOLI—Continued

PINE NAME		LDIGID	GLADIOLI—Continueu		
<b>Little Violet.</b> Compact spike of a pleasing lilac20 cts. each	10 \$1 50	100 \$13 00	*Pink Beauty. Bright carmine rose, with darker blotch on lower	10	100
Madame Lemoiner. (Lemoine.) White, tinted lemon; large crimson blotch	50	4 50	petals; early; fine cut-flower  Pink Perfection. Soft, rosy pink, with white stripe in center of	\$0 60	\$5 50
*May. A lovely, pure white, finely flaked rosy crimson.	50		each petal; very beautiful  Portland. Rosy red, penciled dark-	1 00	
Melrose. White flaked pink, bright	00	1 00	er; mottled throat  Princeps. Glowing crimson, with	<b>7</b> 5	7 00
crimson center; very large and fine	1 40	12 00	white flakes on lower petals. Extra large Corms  Rosy Spray. White, beautifully	<b>7</b> 5	6 00
very large flowers on a long spike	50	4 00	sprayed rose; large and fine  Salem. Fine salmon pink, with	50	4 00
Mrs. Frank Pendleton. (Kunder- di.) Very large, graceful blos-			maroon blotchesSchwaben. Light yellow, deep red	<b>7</b> 5	7 00
soms of lovely, bright pink, with rich carmine blotches on the lower petals; very beautiful.			Scribe. An enormous spike; flower tinted white, freely striped car-	1 00	8 00
15 cts. each  Mrs. W. N. Bird. Beautiful lilac-	1 00	9 00	mine  Spot. White, freely spotted and	75	7 00
rose, crimson-white, mottling in throat, and carmine marks.  15 cts. each	1 25	10 00	mottled rose	75	7 00
Nezinscott. Bright blood scarlet, with deep velvety crimson	1 20	10 00	of the same color	75	6 00
blotches and white mottlings.  15 cts. each	1 00	8 00	large, open flower	<b>7</b> 5	7 00
Niagara. Soft primrose yellow, slightly tinged with rose pink in throat	75	7 00	black	<b>7</b> 5	7 00
Panama. Beautiful, deep rose self; large flowers, fine spike	75		pure white for cutting; very slightly tinted throat  Willy Wigman. Delicate rose-	60	5 50
<b>Peace.</b> Large flower, white, with lilac blotch on lower petal	75	7 00	tinted cream, with large carmine red blotch	60	5 00

# DAHLIAS, Double 5 of a kind at 10 rate

If ordered to be sent by parcel post, add postage at zone rates. Weight per  $10^{\circ}$  packing), for largest-size roots as offered below. Postage on single roots 5 cts. each. Weight per 10, 6 lbs. (including

### CACTUS DAHLIAS



Cactus Dahlia

<b>T. G. Baker.</b> Bright yellow; very large, finely formed flowers held	Each	1	0
on long, stiff stems	\$0 30	\$2	75
Comrade. Clear salmon pink	25	2	25
<b>Excelsior.</b> Rich velvety maroon	20	1	80
General Buller. Rich, velvety maroon, tipped white  Juliet. Rosy pink, tinting lighter	25	2	25
toward the center; very large, with long incurved petals	20	1	80
Lustre. Scarlet vermilion, shading to crimson; early and free blooming  Libelle. Dark purple	20 20		80 80
Madame Henry Cayeaux. Clear pink, profuse bloomer	20	1	80
Rev. T. W. Jamison. Soft salmon pink, suffused lilac	20	1	80
<b>Sequoia.</b> Large, golden bronze; fine form on long, stiff stems	20	1	80
<b>Standard Bearer.</b> Bright, clear scarlet, very profuse bloomer	15	1	25
The Pilot. Yellow, tipped Terra-Cotta	15	1	25



Decorative Dahlia

### DECORATIVE DAHLIAS

	Each	10
Jumbo. Deep red, shaded maroon.	\$0 20	\$1 80
Lord Penn. Large, purple quilled petals	20 25	1 80 2 25
<b>Melody.</b> Clear canary yellow	20	1 80
<b>Orange King.</b> Richest shade of orange; very profuse bloomer	20	1 80
Professor Mansfield. A giant Dec-		
orative of the most unique color- ing—a pleasing combination of yellow, red and white	20	1 80
Sylvia. Deep pink, tinting to flesh pink at the center. Long, stiff		
stems; large and perfect in form. Fine for cutting or garden	15	1 25
Zulu, "The Black Dahlia." Velvety maroon, shaded black	30	2 75

### SHOW AND FANCY DAHLIAS

DITOW MIND THINGS DI		
Black Hussar. Rich maroon, vigorous grower with long stems	25	<b>2</b> 25
best pink  Emily May. Yellow, blotched	25	2 25
bronzy red	20 20	1 80 1 80
Miss Dodd. Large, canary yellow Mrs. Lloyd Driggs. Rich red	20	1 80
White Swan. Large pure white; reliable	20	1 80

### POMPON DAHLIAS Clarissa. Pale primrose......... \$0 25 Helen Lambert. Clear yellow.....

20 1 80 let. Splendid little flowers on 1 80 20 long stems.....

### PAEONY-FLOWERED DAHLIAS

Canary. Fine canary yellow; very

large, on long, graceful stems;		
	30	2 50
<b>Duke Henry.</b> Large, vivid cardinal		
red	30	2 75
Mrs. T. G. Baker. Beautiful, pure		
white	30	2 75
Sensation. Vermilion red, tipped		

# CENTURY DAHLIAS

2 25

20

1 80

snow white; distinct and strik-

Crimson Century. Rich crimson;

rose band round disk	15	1 40
<b>Eckford Century.</b> Probably the		
largest single Dahlia. Immense		
flowers of pure white, spotted		
pink and penciled crimson; pro-		
duced on long, stiff stems	20	1 80
Fringed 20th Century. The first		
of a new race, with cleft or ser-		
rated petals. A bright, rosy		
crimson, with lighter markings.	20	1 80
Rose-Pink Century. The largest		
and best deep pink. Enormous		
flowers on long, 3-ft. stems. A		



sure and continuous bloomer;



Show Dahlia

Each

10

100

# CANNAS, Dwarf, Large Flowering French

Not less than 5 of a kind at 10 rate, 25 at 100 rate. If wanted by mail, add 15 cts. per 10 for postage

Cannas do well in almost any kind of soil, but they well repay liberal treatment. For the best results they should be planted in good loam that has been well mixed with an abundant supply of well-rooted stable or other manure. The beds should be spaded 2 feet deep or more, and the soil well pulverized. Water should be applied abundantly at all times, but

should be spaced 2 feet deep of more, and the son wen purveiled. Water should be applied abilidarity at an times, but good drainage is essential.

Cannas are most effective when planted in masses, either alone or in combination with Salvia (Scarlet Sage) and bordered with Coleus or other dwarf-growing bedding plants. They are also frequently used with some of the tall-growing ornamental grasses, with which striking combinations can often be secured. They do best in sunny situations, and should be set out about 2 feet apart each way.

### ALL OF THE FOLLOWING ARE DORMANT ROOTS

### GREEN-FOLIAGED CANNAS

### PINK-FLOWERING

Hungaria. 3½ ft. Pure "La France" pink with satiny sheen; large flowers			\$8 00
Rosea Gigantea. 5 to 6 ft. Large flowers, soft rose shading to carmine-pink Venus. 4 ft. This is one of the prettiest Cannas in existence. The flowers are	20	1 80	15 00
a gay rosy pink, with a well defined border of creamy yellow; blooms all the			
time	10	90	8 00
RED-FLOWERING			
Alphonse Bouvier. 5 ft. Clear crimson flowers borne in large clusters	10	90	8 00
Crimson Bedder. 3½ ft. Without exception the most conspicuous and satisfac-			0.00
tory red bedding Canna on the market	10 10		8 00 8 00
Louisiana. A bright crimson scarlet of the orchid-flowered type; grows 5 to 6 feet high, with immense spikes of bloom. Individual flower 5 inches across with correspondingly broad petals. Very showy in beds or as a center for more dwarfer varieties.			8 00
<b>Pennsylvania.</b> 5 to 6 ft. Large, orchid-flowering scarlet, overlaid with orange	10		8 00
		, ,	0 00
YELLOW-FLOWERING			
Austria. 4 ft. Bright yellow, with crimson in the throat; orchid flowered	10		8 00
Florence Vaughan. 4 ft. Yellow, with bright red spots	10	90	8 00
Indiana. 6 ft. Orchid-flowered sorts, with rich, golden orange flowers, often 7 inches across	10	90	8 00
Richard Wallace. 4 ft. Flowers large; color pure yellow. Fine for bedding	10	90	8 00
VARIEGATED-FLOWERING			
Allemannia. 5 ft. Orchid flowering, bright scarlet, with broad, yellow border, beautifully mottled and variegated	10		8 00
Allemannia. 5 ft. Orchid flowering, bright scarlet, with broad, yellow border, beautifully mottled and variegated	10	90	8 00
Allemannia. 5 ft. Orchid flowering, bright scarlet, with broad, yellow border, beautifully mottled and variegated.  Gladioflora. 3½ ft. Gladiolus-like, crimson flower edged with gold	10 10	90 90	8 00 8 00
Allemannia. 5 ft. Orchid flowering, bright scarlet, with broad, yellow border, beautifully mottled and variegated	10	90 90	8 00
Allemannia. 5 ft. Orchid flowering, bright scarlet, with broad, yellow border, beautifully mottled and variegated  Gladioflora. 3½ ft. Gladiolus-like, crimson flower edged with gold  Mad. Crozy. 3½ ft. Vermilion, with gold border; very pretty  Niagara. 3 ft. Deep crimson, with wide irregular border of golden yellow	10 10	90 90	8 00 8 00
Allemannia. 5 ft. Orchid flowering, bright scarlet, with broad, yellow border, beautifully mottled and variegated.  Gladioflora. 3½ ft. Gladiolus-like, crimson flower edged with gold.  Mad. Crozy. 3½ ft. Vermilion, with gold border; very pretty.  Niagara. 3 ft. Deep crimson, with wide irregular border of golden yellow.  BRONZE-FOLIAGED CANNAS	10 10	90 90	8 00 8 00
Allemannia. 5 ft. Orchid flowering, bright scarlet, with broad, yellow border, beautifully mottled and variegated  Gladioflora. 3½ ft. Gladiolus-like, crimson flower edged with gold  Mad. Crozy. 3½ ft. Vermilion, with gold border; very pretty  Niagara. 3 ft. Deep crimson, with wide irregular border of golden yellow  BRONZE-FOLIAGED CANNAS  RED- AND YELLOW-FLOWERING	10 10 10	90 90 90 90	8 00 8 00 8 00
Allemannia. 5 ft. Orchid flowering, bright scarlet, with broad, yellow border, beautifully mottled and variegated  Gladioflora. 3½ ft. Gladiolus-like, crimson flower edged with gold  Mad. Crozy. 3½ ft. Vermilion, with gold border; very pretty  Niagara. 3 ft. Deep crimson, with wide irregular border of golden yellow  BRONZE-FOLIAGED CANNAS  RED- AND YELLOW-FLOWERING  Brandywine. 3½ ft. Flowers red. Splendid for mass planting	10 10	90 90 90 90	8 00 8 00
Allemannia. 5 ft. Orchid flowering, bright scarlet, with broad, yellow border, beautifully mottled and variegated  Gladioflora. 3½ ft. Gladiolus-like, crimson flower edged with gold  Mad. Crozy. 3½ ft. Vermilion, with gold border; very pretty  Niagara. 3 ft. Deep crimson, with wide irregular border of golden yellow  BRONZE-FOLIAGED CANNAS  RED- AND YELLOW-FLOWERING  Brandywine. 3½ ft. Flowers red. Splendid for mass planting  David Harum. 3 ft. Large-sized flowers. Bright vermilion scarlet, dotted	10 10 10	90 90 90 90	8 00 8 00 8 00
Allemannia. 5 ft. Orchid flowering, bright scarlet, with broad, yellow border, beautifully mottled and variegated  Gladioflora. 3½ ft. Gladiolus-like, crimson flower edged with gold  Mad. Crozy. 3½ ft. Vermilion, with gold border; very pretty  Niagara. 3 ft. Deep crimson, with wide irregular border of golden yellow  BRONZE-FOLIAGED CANNAS  RED- AND YELLOW-FLOWERING  Brandywine. 3½ ft. Flowers red. Splendid for mass planting  David Harum. 3 ft. Large-sized flowers. Bright vermilion scarlet, dotted with crimson spots  King Humbert. 4 ft. Bears immense, brilliant orange-scarlet flowers streaked	10 10 10	90 90 90 90	8 00 8 00 8 00
Allemannia. 5 ft. Orchid flowering, bright scarlet, with broad, yellow border, beautifully mottled and variegated.  Gladioflora. 3½ ft. Gladiolus-like, crimson flower edged with gold	10 10 10 10	90 90 90	8 00 8 00 8 00 8 00
Allemannia. 5 ft. Orchid flowering, bright scarlet, with broad, yellow border, beautifully mottled and variegated.  Gladioflora. 3½ ft. Gladiolus-like, crimson flower edged with gold	10 10 10	90 90 90	8 00 8 00 8 00
Allemannia. 5 ft. Orchid flowering, bright scarlet, with broad, yellow border, beautifully mottled and variegated.  Gladioflora. 3½ ft. Gladiolus-like, crimson flower edged with gold	10 10 10 10	90 90 90 90 90	8 00 8 00 8 00 8 00 8 00 10 00
Allemannia. 5 ft. Orchid flowering, bright scarlet, with broad, yellow border, beautifully mottled and variegated.  Gladioflora. 3½ ft. Gladiolus-like, crimson flower edged with gold	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	90 90 90 90 90 90 90	8 00 8 00 8 00 8 00 8 00 10 00 8 00
Allemannia. 5 ft. Orchid flowering, bright scarlet, with broad, yellow border, beautifully mottled and variegated.  Gladioflora. 3½ ft. Gladiolus-like, crimson flower edged with gold	10 10 10 10	90 90 90 90 90 1 25	8 00 8 00 8 00 8 00 8 00 10 00

# **PAEONIES**

If to be sent by mail, add postage at zone rates

Double Paeonies are too well known to require description. Their present popularity is due to the great improvement in them in recent years, their easy culture, the handsome appearance of the plant, and the brilliant and striking effect of their massive, finely formed and richly colored flowers. The attention given to them in Europe and in America has resulted in the production of many notably fine new varieties. Among hardy, herbaceous perennials, the Chinese Paeonies rank about first for lawn or flower-border, or shrubbery decoration.

Our assortment includes some of the best and most distinct sorts, new and old. There are many kinds, including varieties

showing but trifling variations, which we omit.

Herbaceous Chinese Paeon	ies
Mailing rate 1 lb. each	
Delachei. Amaranth purple red; Each	10
	\$4 50
fragrant	
Sulphury white	5 50
Eugene Verdier. Pink and salmon. 1 50	
Felix Crousse. Brilliant red 1 00	
Festiva maxima. White 60	5 50
Louis Van Houtte. Cherry color.	
with purplish reflection 50	4 50
Madame de Verneville. Silvery	
white; extra fine	5 50
Marie Lemoine. Full double white,	
creamy center, splendid flower 75	
Mons. Jules Elie. Satiny pink,	
very early	
very early	5 50
Double, Mixed, White	4 00
" " Crimson 45	4 00
" " Rose 45	4 00
" " Pink 45	4 00
" " Carmine 45	4 00
Paeonia Officinalis	
Mailing rate 2 lbs. each	
Anemonaeflora. Large; crimson; Each	10
single Anemone-flower shape \$0 60	\$5 00
Atro-rubra plena. Dark red 30	2 75
Rosea plena. Pink 50	4 50
Tenuifolia. Single-flowering. Rich	
crimson; narrow leaved, feath-	
ery foliage	5 00
Single-flowering. Mixed 50	4 50

LIST OF LILIES

Will appear in our Spring Catalogue If to be sent by mail, add postage at zone rates

Lilies are easily grown and require little care. They do best in a light, well drained soil. Some peat or leafmold may be used to advantage. They also prefer partial shade, and the taller sorts must have protection from high winds.

JAPAN LILIES
--------------

Batemanni. Unspotted, bright	Each	10
apricot flowers; beautiful vari-		
ety. 3 to 4 feet high. 1 lb. 10.	\$0 25	\$2 00
Elegans Incomparable. Deep red,		
spotted black	25	2 00
-P		

### VARIOUS LILIES

<b>Bolanderi.</b> Bell shaped, deep crim-		
son flowers, dotted with purple.		
Grows 1 to 3 feet high. Rare.		
1 lb. 10	50	4 50
Canadense (Meadow Lily). Droop-		
ing, yellow flowers, spotted red;		
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	15	1 25
Canadansa ruhrum Red flowers	15	1 25

Canadense rubr Columbianum (Oregon Lily). Orange flowers, dotted maroon; 45 4 00

fragrant. 1 lb. 10.....

Paeony Chinensis		
LILIES—Continued		
Henryi (Orange Yellow Speciosum).	Each	10
Very tall-growing variety; deep	00.15	
orange-yellow flowers. 3 lbs. 10.	\$0.45	\$4 00
Superbum (Turk's Cap Lily).		
Orange red, spotted; 4 ft	20	1 50
Wallacei. Orange red, maroon		
spots; late. 8 oz. 10	25	3 00
Washingtonianum. Stately habit; large trumpet-shaped flowers,		0 00
pure white, tinged purple; fragrant; 4 to 7 ft. 2 lbs. 10	50	4 50

### LILY-OF-THE-VALLEY

If ordered sent by mail, add postage at zone rates Clumps. Fine, large clumps, with many flowering tips on each. Fine for planting outside in shaded positions and for naturalizing by the side of streams or wooded walks. 3 lbs. each. Expected; prices on application. Pips for Forcing. 2 lbs. each bundle of 25. Ex-

pected; prices on application.

# JAPAN IRIS (Iris Kaempferi)

If ordered sent by mail, add postage at zone rates Mixed Colors from a Superb Collection, 60 cts. per clump, \$5.00 per 10

We are importing from Japan a large supply of the following twenty of the best of these magnificent Irises, which are remarkable for the beauty of their colorings and stateliness of habit. Some of them send up ten to twelve spikes, 3 feet high, each bearing two to four enormous blossoms, 8 to 10 inches across. They are most valuable for cut-flowers and table decorations—as handsome as Orchids. Supply water liberally when growing. Cut in the early morning or after sunset. The descriptions given are those-furnished us by the growers in Japan.

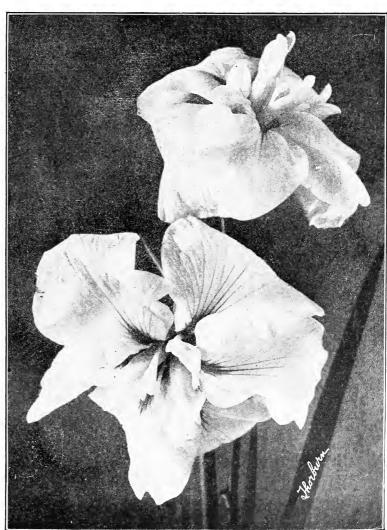
### SUPERB COLLECTION OF LARGE-FLOWERED SORTS

Arrival uncertain, price not fixed.

The following may be ordered by number; mailing rate 1 lb. each

- 13 Boteki-no-Koe. Pure white, heavily veined lavender, with pale primrose blotches; standard wine color. Three large petals. Striking.
- 26 Date-dogu. Claret red, yellow blotches. Three petals.
- 89 Fuyoho. Large; pure white, yellow blotches.
- **31 Gei-Sho-Ui.** Claret red, veined white; standards shaded layender, darker edges, yellow blotches.
- 4 Ho-o-jo (Ho-o-castle). Ruby crimson, primrose blotches; standards white and lavender.
- 37 Katsuraotoko.
  White, veined lavender; standards white, suffused with lavender, darker edges.
  Six petals.
- 15 Momiji no Taki. Ruby red, yellow blotches; standards white, spotted toward edges pale wine color. Six petals.
- 30 Noboro-Ryu. Intense Tyrian blue, with yellow blotches; standards white, edges violet.
  - 9 Ran. Royal purple, edged lavender, with large primrose blotches; standards wine-red, white at base. Six large pet-
- 34 Sassa-no-Koe.
  White, veined wine red and blotched yellow; standards lavender. Three petals.
- 20 Senjo-To. Light wine color, spotted and shaded to dark red, suffused with white, yellow blotches.
- Blush pink, darker toward edges, splashed wine red; primrose blotches. Three petals.

- **21 Shikainami.** Light blue, to dark blue edges, white veined, yellow blotches. Very handsome. Six petals.
- **6 Shippo** (Cloisonné). Rich Tyrian blue, edged purple and veined white; yellow blotches.
- **14 Shiraga.** Deep purple, heavily veined white; standards lavender; yellow blotches. Six large petals.



Japan Iris

JAPAN IRIS-Continued

138

- 17 Suibijin. Claret red, darker toward edges; standards white veined, and stigmas wine color. Three petals.
- **44 Ujigawa.** Rich, vinous purple; standards blush pink; stigmas lavender, canary-yellow blotches. Three immense petals.
- 50 Ushio-no-Iro. Violet, veined white; standards white, edged sky blue, yellow blotches. Seven or eight petals.
- **7 Yamato-Nishiki.** Pale lavender, blotched and flaked dark purple, large primrose blotches. Three petals.
- **8 Yodokuruma.** Pale wine color, veined darker; large orange blotches; standards very erect. Three petals.

# GERMAN IRIS (Iris Germanica)

Will thrive in almost any good garden soil, except one that is wet.

**Fine Mixed.** 75 cts. per 10, \$5 per 100. Mailing rate, 6 oz. 10, 3 lbs. 100.

### **AMARYLLIS**

### If to be sent by mail, add postage at zone rates

The Amaryllis produces, under the simplest conditions, one to three spikes 2 or more feet high, crowned with from two to six large and beautiful, trumpet-shaped blooms lasting long in good condition. They should be planted as soon as received, in pots an inch or so larger than the diameter of the bulb.

in pots an inch or so larger than the diameter of the bulb.

The most suitable soil is good loam, with one-fourth part of leafmold or pulverized manure, and some sand. Good drainage is very important. The growing season is from early Spring until September.

Manure-water during this time is essential.

Each	10	Each	10
Belladonna major. Violet and white;		Johnsoni (Spice Lily). Large flowers;	
in large umbels; fragrant. 4 lbs.		crimson, striped white. Large	
10\$0 40	\$3 50	bulbs. 6 lbs. 10\$0 60	\$5 50

### ANEMONE, or WINDFLOWER

Very ornamental, hardy perennials, producing beautifully colored flowers in Spring and Summer. They do best in rich soil and in a sheltered and well drained position.

### Mailing rate 6 oz. 10, 3 lbs. 100

Less quantities than quoted, 10 cts. each Except where quoted otherwise

### Coronaria or Poppy-Flowered Anemone

10		10	100
Blue, Single Mixed         \$0 25           Scarlet, Single Mixed         \$0 25	\$2 00 \$2 00	White, The Bride. Single; pure white\$0 20	\$1 50

# Anemone Species

10	100		10	100
<b>Apennina, White</b> \$0 30	\$2 50	Japonica rosea. Large; rosy carmine\$0	60	\$5 50
<b>Japonica alba.</b> Large, pure white;	0.0	" rubra. Rosy crimson		
invaluable for cutting 75	7 00			
" Queen Charlotte. Semi-		double, pure white. Splen-		
double; pink 1 00	9 00 1	did for cut-flowers	65	6 00

# BEGONIAS Tuberous-Rooted

### Five of a kind at 10 rate, 25 of a kind at 100

### Mailing rate 1 lb. 10, 7 lbs. 100

Splendid pot plants for the house or for bedding. For bedding they should be started in hotbed in March and April. The hollow end of the bulb should be uppermost and but slightly covered. Water sparingly until the plants are growing.

10 100

Single Scarlet	\$0 90	\$7 50	<b>BEGONIA CRISPA</b> (Single Fringed Begonias).
" Rose			
" White	90	7 50	beautifully shaped, gracefully frilled and
" Yellow	90	7 50	crested flowers, borne above the foliage on
Double, White	1 25	10 00	long and erect stems. An exceedingly fine
" Yellow	1 25	10 00	strain. RED, ROSE, WHITE, YELLOW,
" Rose			SALMON and ORANGE. \$1.25 per 10,
" Crimson	1 25	10 00	\$10 per 100.

### **CRINUMS**

The most suitable soil is a compost of turfy loam, cow manure and sand. They should be grown in large pots or tubs about three-fourths of the bulbs being out of the soil. In late Fall remove to a cool house and allow to rest till new leaves begin to appear in February. If placed outside when warm weather begins, they will flower through the Summer, making splendid lawn or veranda plants.

Powelli. Produces long stems, bearing at the top five to eight large dark bell-shaped flowers. Each

### **GLOXINIAS**

### Mailing rate 1 lb. 10, 7 lbs. 100

Beautiful greenhouse plants, remarkable for the intensity and variety of their colorings, and the exquisite manner in which they are often blotched, mottled, penciled and blended. They thrive best in a soil composed of leafmold and peat, in equal parts, with a little sand added. When growing give plenty of water, but it should always be tepid.

			0 100	l .	Each		100
Crassifolia erect	a, Red \$0 2	0 \$1 7	5 \$15 00	Crassifolia erecta, V	<b>Vhite</b> \$0 20	\$1 75	\$15 00
u u	Spotted 2	0 17	5 15 00	" " II	Blue 20	1 75	15 00
	•			" " N	<b>1ixed</b> 20	1 50	13 00

### MONTBRETIAS

### Treat same as Gladioli

### Mailing rate 6 oz. 10, 2 lbs. 100

Summer-flowering, bulbous plants that are becoming more popular every year. They should be planted in groups. Ordinary garden soil and a sunny position suit them.

	10	100	Crocosmæflora 10	100
Crocosmæflora	Golden Sheaf.	00.00	with yellow disc in	00.00
u	Bright yellow\$0 25	\$2 00	the center\$0 25	\$2 00
	Meteor. Yellow in-		rigridie. Orange-	
	side, deep red out-	7 50	yellow throat, macu-	3 00
"	side	7 50	lated brown 35 <b>Mixed.</b> All sorts 25	1 50

### HARDY PHLOX

(Decussata)

### Mailing rate 4 lbs. 10

A flower of more than usual beauty be planted in the Spring or Fall.	that	will su	acceed in almost any kind of soil or climate.	May
Ea	ach	10	Each	10
Jeanne d'Arc. Pure white	30 30 30	2 50 2 50 2 50	Pecheur d'Island. Fiery red, with	\$2 50 2 50

### MISCELLANEOUS BULBS AND ROOTS

If ordered sent by	mail, a	dd j	post	age at :	zone rates according to weight indicated	
	Each		10	100	Each 10 100	
APIOS tuberosa. Hardy climber, with clusters of fragrant purple flowers. 1 lb. 10		\$0	40		CAMASSIA Cusickii. Very large leaves and lovely, pale sky-blue flowers, produced in racemes 2 to	
ARUM cornutum (Red					3 feet long\$0 15 \$1 25	
Calla). 5 lbs. 10  dracunculus (Dragon Flower). Very orna-	\$0 20	1	50		CYCAS revoluta Stems (Sago Palm). In various sizes. 25 cts. per lb.	
mental, mottled stem and handsome foliage. Mailing weight, each					CYCLAMEN, Persicum giganteum. Rose 25 2 00	
8 oz	25	2	25		Persicum giganteum. White, "Mont Blanc" 30 2 50	
italicum. Creamy white. 1 lb. 10	15	1	25		Persicum giganteum. Mixed	
palæstinum sanctum (Black Calla). 2 lbs. 10.	25	2	00		DICENTRA spectabilis (Bleeding Heart). Hardy	
CALLA Æthiopica (White Calla, or Lily-of-the-					perennial; also forcer. 1 lb. each, 8 lbs. 10 25 2 00 \$15 0	0
Nile). Large, white, trumpet-shaped flowers. 1½ to 2 in. Mailing					White	
rate 4 lbs. 10	25	2	00		robustus. Rose. 1 lb. each	
Elliottiana, Yellow; Spotted Leaf. Dark green leaves, spotted					HÆMANTHUS albifolia. White	
silvery white. 2 lbs. 10.	30	2	50		coccineus. Scarlet 1 50	

LANI	OUS	BULBS	AND ROOTS—Continued		
ch	10	100	SPIRÆA—Continued		
				10	100
5 \$1	25				
5 1	25		flowering three weeks		
_				\$1.50	
			Rubens. Lovely deep	,	
			carmine; good forcer 35	3 50	
5 1	00				
				1 50	
				1 50	
5 3	00			75	\$6 00
	35	\$2 50			
		,			
	25	2 00			
	25	2 00			
	25	2 00		60	5 00
	20	1 50	TRITOMA Pfitzeri. Large		
			spikes of flame-colored		
				2 00	
				1 05	
	20	1 50		1 45	
) 1	50				
h 1	<b>-</b> 0				
) 1	50		inches in diameter. Fine		
	50		forcer or for planting		
) 1	50		outdoors in Spring. 2		
			lbs. 10	2 00	15 00
				40	0.00
. 2	00				3 00
	ch	20 20 1 50 1 50 1 50 1 50 1 50 1 50 1 50	20 1 50 20 1 50 1 50 1 50 1 50 1 50 1 50	Queen Alexandra. Pink. A pink variety, in habit similar to Gladstone, but flowering three weeks later. Beautiful	SPIR.EA   Continued   Each   10

# Insecticides and Remedies for Plant Diseases ALL SUBJECT TO CHANGE IN PRICE WITHOUT NOTICE POSTAGE, EXPRESS OR FREIGHT CH

<b>ANT-DESTROYER.</b> Will positively destroy ants \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
green, black or white fly, thrips, red spider mealy bug, etc. Use one part to forty of water Does not injure the most tender plants.
½ pt.       .\$0 25   Pt.       \$0 65         ½ pt.       40   Qt.       1 00         Gal.       2 50
APHIS PUNK. Paper saturated with nicotine for fumigating in greenhouses.  Per box, 12   12 boxes\$7 00 sheets\$0 65
and does not readily wash off. It remains well suspended in solution, insuring even distribution. It is white, and shows just where it has been applied. It does not injure tender foliage I b. \$0.30 \to 10 lbs \$2.50
Lb
BORDEAUX MIXTURE, or FUNGIROID. For all fungous diseases.

1-lb. can....\$0 45 | 5 lbs......

25

forcer.....

2 00

E	HARGES TO BE PAID BY PURCHASER
	BORDEAUX MIXTURE—Continued
	Liquid—
	Qt
	BŒRDEAUX ARSENATE LEAD PASTE.
	1 lb \$0 30   10 lbs \$2 25 5 lbs 1 25   25 lbs 5 50 50 lbs
	BUG DEATH. This is a fungicide, insecticide and plant food combined, and contains neither Paris Green nor Arsenic.
	1 lb \$0 20   5 lbs \$0 75 3 lbs 50   12½ lbs 1 50
	<b>BLACK LEAF 40.</b> For spraying vegetables, fruits and flowers to destroy sucking insects.
	1-oz bottle. \$0 25   ½-lb. tin\$0 75 2-lb. tin
	<b>CATTLE COMFORT.</b> A protection from flies, etc. for live stock.
	1 gal\$1 75   5 gals\$7 00
	COPPER SOLUTION, Ammoniated. Prevents
	black and brown rot, mildew and other grape diseases, Pear and Apple scab, leaf blight,
	Tomato rot, Potato blight, Melon blight, etc. Dilute one part to 100 parts of water; spray

Qt......\$1 25 | Gal.....\$3 25

 $\begin{smallmatrix}3&00\\6&00\end{smallmatrix}$ 

### INSECTICIDES AND REMEDIES FOR PLANT DISEASES—Continued

INSECTIONES AND REMEDIES 1	OI I EMINI DISEMBLE COMMINGE
<b>CUTWORM KILLER.</b> Kills the worms; simple and easy to use; specially prepared for bringing young plants through the critical period.	LIME-SULPHUR SOLUTION, California Wash. For San José scale. One gallon makes fifteen by adding water.
1-lb. pkg\$0 35   5-lb. pkg\$1 25 <b>CUTWORM PREVENTIVE.</b> Of inestimable	Ot\$0 50   5 gals\$3 50 Gal75
value. Cutworms will not infest soil mixed with this preparation 5-lb. can\$0 55   10-lb. can\$1_00	LIME SULPHUR. Dry, Make your own solution. 1 lb. makes 2 gals spray. 1 lb\$0 35   5 lbs\$1 25
"ELECTRIC" WORM ERADICATOR. For	1 10
killing all grubs, insects and worms that do their destructive work at the roots of plants and trees, and infest lawns, golf-courses, etc. For most pests, four ounces to each four gallons	NICO-FUME LIQUID. For fumigating or spraying. Effective against green fly, mealy bug, etc. Does not stain or injure blooms, and leaves no disagreeable odor. For spraying, one
of water; for cutworms, four ounces to two gallons of water.  8-oz.bottle\$0 50   1 gal\$4 00	to two teaspoonfuls to a gallon of water. Lamps, 60 cts. each.    4 lb
8-oz.bottle\$0 50   1 gal\$4 00 24-oz.bottle. 1 00   5 gals17 50 10 gals	Fumigators, 60 cts. each.
FIR-TREE OIL. Dilute one pint to twenty gal-	NICO-FUME TOBACCO PAPER. For fumi-
FIR-TREE OIL. Dilute one pint to twenty gallons of water. Apply with vaporizer or syringe.    1/2 pt \$0 75   Qt \$2 25     25   1/2 gal 4 00     26   1/2 gal     27   1/2 gal     28   1/2 gal     29   1/2 gal     20   1/2 gal     21   1/2 gal     22   1/2 gal     23   1/2 gal     24   1/2 gal     25   1/2 gal     26   1/2 gal     27   1/2 gal     27   1/2 gal     28   1/2 gal     29   1/2 gal     20   1/2 gal	gating. Does not injure blooms. In tins. 24 sheets\$0 85   144 sheets\$4 00 288 sheets
Gal	DADIS COFFN Mir of rote of one nound to
FISH-OIL SOAP. (Formerly called Whale-Oil-Soap.) For washing trees and destroying all insects on the bark.	PARIS GREEN. Mix at rate of one pound to two hundred gallons of water. Effective against all chewing insects.
1 lb \$0 25   10 lbs \$2 20 5 lbs 1 20   100 lbs 20 00 <b>FUNGINE.</b> For mildew, rust, and all other	1/4-lb. can \$0 25   1/2-lb. can \$0 40 1-lb. can (All subject to change) 75
blights, does not stain foliage. Pt\$0 65   Ot\$1 00	<b>PYROX.</b> The best and safest all-round spray for all insects, blights and fungus troubles. Kills Potato bugs. Sticks like paint.
GRAPE DUST, Hammond's. For the preven-	1 lb\$0 35   10 lbs\$2 50 5 lbs 1 40   25 lbs 5 75
tion of mildew on Roses, Grapes, Gooseberries, etc. Apply with bellows.  5 lbs\$0 90   10 lbs\$1 40	READEANA. Rose bug exterminator in liquid form. 8-oz. can\$0 50   1 qt\$1 35
HELLEBORE. Apply dry or mix in water—one	1 gal
ounce to three gallons.	oil that mixes at once with cold water and stays
1 lb\$0 60   2 lbs\$1 10	mixed. No hot water necessary. Add one gallon for every fifteen to twenty gallons of
HERBICIDE. The Weed Exterminator. Dilute	water.
with from 20 to 40 parts of water.	Ot\$0.65   5 gals \$5.30
½ gal       \$1 00       5 gals       \$7 00         1 gal       1 75       10 gals       12 50	Qt\$0       \$65   5 gals\$5       \$30         Gal       \$1 50   10 gals       \$9 85
IMP SOAP SPRAY. Contains no mineral poi-	SLUG-SHOT, Hammond's. Excellent for de-
sons, used on all kinds trees and plants.	stroying Cabbage, Turnip and Beet flies,
Pt\$0 50   1 gal\$2 25 Qt75   5 gals10 00	Potato bugs, Currànt worms, etc. Lb\$0 15   10 lbs\$0 90
KEROSENE EMULSION. For Cabbage worms,	Lb\$0 15   10 lbs\$0 90 5 lbs50   100 lbs8 00
scale on trees, caterpillars, Melon lice, Rose	SULPHO-TOBACCO SOAP. Dissolve in pro-
bugs, etc. Dilute 25 to 50 parts.	portion of two ounces to a gallon of water, and
Qt       \$0.55       1 gal       \$1.50         ½ gal       1 00       5 gals       6.50	apply with a syringe or atomizer. It will
½ gal 1 00   5 gals 6 50	destroy Rose slugs, aphides, green fly, bark lice, etc.
KILM WEED ERADICATOR. A patented tube	3-oz. box\$0 10   8-oz. box\$0 20
containing a powerful weed killer. Will exterminate Dandelion from lawns. Easy to	SULPHUR, POWDERED. Valuable for protect-
use. Each 50 cts. Extra tubes of powder for	ing against mildew on Grapes, Roses, etc.
re-charging, 25 cts. each.	Lb \$0 15   10 lbs \$1 00
LAWN COMPOUND, Sterlingworth. A non-	TOBACCO DUST—
poisonous powder to destroy Plantain, Dan-	Regular Kind. Highest grade for dusting.
delions, Chickweed, and most other weeds having a broad, hairy surface, without killing	Lb\$0 10   10 lbs\$0 60 5 lbs35   100 lbs3 50
the grass. Five pounds will dress 500 to 1,000	Stoothoff's "Black Stuff." For dusting.
square feet, according to condition of the lawn.	25 lbs\$1 75   50 lbs\$3 00
5-lb. can\$0 70   50-lb. keg\$4 50   10-lb. can\$1 10   100-lb. keg\$25	100 lbs
<b>LEMON OIL.</b> For destroying scale, caterpillar,	ing.
mealy bug, etc. Directions on can.	25 lbs\$1 75   50 lbs\$3 00
½ pt\$0 30   Qt\$0 90	100 lbs
Pt 50   ½ gal	<b>TOBACCO STEMS.</b> For fumigating. In bales of about 150 lbs., at \$2.75 per 100 lbs.

### INSECTICIDES AND REMEDIES FOR PLANT DISEASES—Continued

TR	<b>EEE TANGLEFOOT.</b> A sticky substance ap-
	plied directly to the bark to protect trees
	against climbing insect pests. One applica-
	tion remains sticky, fully exposed to weather,
	three months. One pound will make a band
	7 to 8 feet long and about 6 inches wide.

142

1-lb.	tin\$0	50	10-lb	o. tin	. \$4	50
3-1b.	tin 1	45	20-11	o. tin	. 8	75

**VERMINE.** A soil sterilizer and germicide for all soil vermin, such as cut, eel, wire and grub worms, slugs, maggots, ants, etc.

½ pt\$0	25	Pt	\$0	65
½ pt	40	Qt	1	00
1 gal			3	00

WEED-KILL	LER, Pir	10-Lypto	I. This	fluid	ab-
	destroys				
growth	wherever	applied	. Mix	one	part
Pino-Ly	ptol with	ten to fift	een part	s water	
1 gal	\$1 50	)   5 ga	ls	\$6	3 25
10 0010				16	2 50

1 lb.....\$0 50 | 5 lbs.....\$2 25 **X-L-ALL LIQUID INSECTICIDE.** An efficient preparation for spraying. Purely nicotine; harmless to very delicate plants; kills mealy bugs, red spider and all insect pests.

Pt.....\$1 00 | ½ gal. can....\$2 75

Qt......\$85 | 1 gal. can.....\$5 00

# **High-Grade Fertilizers**

ALL NET CASH—PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

### COMPLETE MANURE

Guaranteed to contain ammonia, 2 per cent.; available phosphoric acid, 9 per cent.; actual potash, 1 per cent.; sulphate of magnesia, soda, lime, sulphuric acid, etc. Adapted for use on all crops, such as Corn, Tomatoes, Peas, etc., and is especially suited for grain crops. Use 1,200 to 1,500 pounds to the acre.

	50 lbs
3 3	20 120111111111111111111111111111111111

### Lawn Fertilizer

Guaranteed to contain ammonia, 43/4 per cent.; available phosphoric acid, all soluble, 5 per cent.; actual potash, 1 per cent.; lime, sulphate of magnesia, soda, sulphuric acids, etc. Specially prepared for lawns and meadows as a top-dressing. Apply broadcast at rate of 1,000 to 1,500 lbs. to the acre.

Ton	\$70 (	00
Half-ton		00
	19 (	
Single bag of 200 lbs		75
	4 (	
10 lbs		30

### POTATO MANURE Golden Potato Manure

Guaranteed to contain ammonia, 4 per cent.; available phosphoric acid, 9 per cent.; actual potash, 1 per cent.; sulphate of magnesia, soda, lime, sulphuric acid, etc. This manure is for special use on the Potato crop, and is also adapted to Sweet Potatoes, Vines, Fruit Trees, etc. Use broadcast, about 1,500 lbs. to the acre.

Ton\$85	00
Half-ton	00
Quarter-ton	00
Single bags of 200 lbs 10	00
Bag of 100 lbs	50
50 lbs 3	00
25 .bs 1	
10 lbs	90

### Potomac Potato Manure

Guaranteed to contain ammonia, 4 per cent.; available phosphoric acid, 8 per cent.; actual potash, 3 per cent.

Ton	.\$100 00
Half-ton	. 51 00
Ouarter-ton	. 26 50
Single bags of 200 lbs	. 11 50
Bag of 100 lbs	. 6 50
50 lbs	. 3 70
25 lbs	. 1 90
10 lbs	. 1 00

Agricultural Salt

Price very changeable
For asparagus beds, etc. In bags of about 200 lbs.
Bag.....\$3 00 | Ton, about....\$25 00
Not less than one bag sold.

# Bowker's Ammoniated Food for Flowers

Excellent for use on house plants, being entirely odorless.
Small pkg......\$0 25 | Large pkg......\$0 35

### Hardwood Ashes

Highest grade unleached. For top-dressing lawns, especially if the soil is stiff or sour, one and one-half to two tons to the acre.

Per 100 lbs.....\$2 00 | ½ ton.....\$18 00 (In barrels of 175 to 200 lbs.)

Ton..........\$35 00 (Barrels weighed in)

### HIGH-GRADE FERTILIZERS—Continued Prices subject to change

### Clay's Celebrated Fertilizer

One of the best manures for all horticultural purposes, either in greenhouse or garden. Splendid for mixing with potting soil and as a top-dressing. Notwithstanding its apparently high price, it is quite economical

### Prices in Bags

½ cwt. (14 lbs.)	)
1/4 cwt. (28 lbs.)	1
½ cwt. (56 lbs.)	ì
1 cwt. (112 lbs.)	1

Expected Price on application

### CARTER'S WORM ERADI-CATOR

For removing earth worms from lawns, putting greens, tennis courts, etc., has a stimulating effect on the turf.

Per 100 lb......\$8 25

### Thomson's Vine Manure

Unrivaled for Vines, Tomatoes, Cucumbers, Fruit Trees and all foliage, flowering and fruit-bearing plants, also for vegetables and outdoor plants of every description. The result of many years' practical experience.

½ cwt. (56 lbs.)....\$4 50 Cwt. (112 lbs.).....8 00

### Thomson's Special Chrysanthemum Manure

½ cwt. (56 lbs.).....\$8 00

# Pulverized Sheep Manure (Sheepshead Brand)

A rich, pure, natural manure. Excellent as a top-dressing for lawns. Its effect is immediate and lasting. Apply at the rate of 1,500 lbs. per acre. It makes a rich and safe liquid manure—one pound to five gallons of water.

1-lb. pkg......\$0 15 | 100 lbs......\$3 50

5-lb. pkg 50 14 ton 16 00 25 lbs 1 25 1/2 ton 31 00 50 lbs 2 00 Ton 60 00

### Nitro-Fertile

The odorless liquid fertilizer for use on vegetable and flower garden, lawns, shrubbery, etc., to force growth.

One gallon is sufficient for one season for the average garden or lawn allowing for three or four applications.

### Pulverized Limestone

A product that has an exceedingly wide sale among intelligent agriculturists, with the best of results. As a crop-producer we hardly believe it has an equal. It is made from the purest crystalline white limestone obtainable, and analyzes about 97 per cent carbonate.



### The Grass and Garden Tonic

Will cure the acidity of the soil, renovate old lawns, and is a sanitary and healthful fertilizer. 50 lb. bags.....\$1 00 | 25 lb. bags.....\$0 60

# Bone Fertilizers, Etc. Prices subject to change

Pure Ground Bone Meal No. 1. Finely pulverized; excellent for Rose-culture. It decomposes very rapidly, and is more quickly effective than the coarser grades. It is excellent for mixing with the soil for potting.

 5 lbs.
 \$0 50
 100 lbs.
 \$4 00

 10 lbs.
 80
 \$4 ton.
 19 00

 25 lbs.
 1 30
 \$2 ton.
 36 00

 50 lbs.
 2 25
 Ton.
 70 00

Ground Bone No. 2. Coarser than the above; for top-dressing for lawns, and for garden and field crops.

100 lbs....\$5 00 | ½ ton....\$38 50 | ½ ton.....75 00 | Ton......75 00 | Ground Bone No. 3. A little coarser than

No. 2. 100 lbs. . . . \$5 50 | ½ ton. . . . \$44 00 ½ ton. . . . 23 00 | Ton. . . . . . 85 00

Pure Raw Bone Meal, Swift's. Contains 4½ per cent. ammonia, 23 per cent. phosphoric acid and over 3½ per cent. nitrogen.

Prices on Application

Leaf-Mold. Indispensable for Azaleas, Rhododendrons, etc. Bbl. \$2.25.

Moss, Sphagnum. For filling Orchid baskets, etc., and for mixing with potting soil to conserve moisture. In bales, 35 lbs. to 40 lbs. at 12 cts. per lb.

**Peat, Orchid.** For potting Orchids, etc. Barrel, \$2.25.

**Peat, Rotted.** Fine for mixing with soil for potted plants such as Azaleas, Palms, etc. Barrel, \$2.25.

### Other Fertilizers

ACID PHOSPHATE. 100-lb. bag
TANKAGE (Blood and Bone Fertifizer) 100-lb. bag
IMPORTED SCOTCH SOOT. in bags of 112 lbs.
NITRATE OF SODA. Prices on application.

**FARMOGERM.** See page 65. Price, garden size, 50 cts.; 1-acre bottle, \$2.00; 5-acre bottle, \$7.50. **MULFORD'S CULTURES.** See page 65. Price, garden size, 25 cts.; 1—1/4-acre size, 50 cts.; 1 acre bottle, \$1.50; 5-acre bottle, \$5.00.

# Horticultural Implements and Garden Requisites

ALL NET CASH

POSTAGE, EXPRESS OR FREIGHT CHARGES TO BE PAID BY PURCHASER PRICES NOT GUARANTEED, SUBJECT TO CHANGE



### ASPARAGUS BUNCHER,

**Acme.** The most popular make. \$3.25.

### ASPARAGUS KNIVES



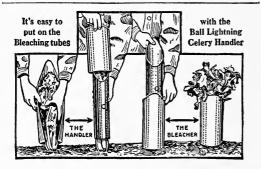


Granite State. 40 cts.

### ATOMIZER.

Large, \$2.75 Small, 2.25





### BALL LIGHTNING CELERY BLEACHERS.

Used for bleaching celery without banking up with earth or boards. Great labor saver.

	Per	Per
	100	1000
6-in x 12-in. Bleachers	\$2.20	\$18.00
$6\frac{1}{2}$ -in. x 13-in. Bleachers	2.50	21.00
7-in, x 14-in, Bleachers	2.80	24.00
Brass Celery handlers \$3.50 each	h.	



BELLOWS, Woodason's Double-Cone, Powder. \$4.50.



Single-Cone, Large. \$3.00.

Small, \$2.00.



### JUMBO POWDER

**GUN.** It is 4 inches in diameter, holds 4 ozs. of powder, and serves its purpose well. 40 cts.



### BILL AND BRUSH HOOKS.

For heavy pruning.— English. S-handle. \$2.75. American. Long handle, \$1.00

BORDER SHEARS. See p. 149.



### CARNATION SUPPORTS. Made of

light wire, galvanized.

**2-Ring.**Per doz.....\$0.75

Per 100. 5.00 **3-Ring.**Per doz. 1.00
Per 100. 5.50

CORN KNIFE. Worthington, No. 2......\$0.25 (See also Grass Hooks)

### DIBBLES.

All Iron. 50 cts.

**Wood Handle,** brass point, 60 cts. Iron point, 45 cts.



### DANDELION PULLER

Hall's. 50 cts.

each.



### EDGING KNIVES

U	122101	
Grass, English.		Each
8-in		.\$1.75
9-in		. 2.00
10-in		. 2.25
Without handle.		
Handles, 60 cts., e	xtra.	



### POSTAGE, EXPRESS OR FREIGHT CHARGES TO BE PAID BY PURCHASER PRICES NOT GUARANTEED, SUBJECT TO CHANGE

FLOWER-POTS.	See page 152.
--------------	---------------

FORKS, Digging or Spading.Best quality, spearpoint, diamond-back tines.Strapped handle,Long or D.Each4-tine.\$1.50
Hay.First-quality oval tines.Extra long strapped handle.2-tine.\$0.90 3-tine.1.25
Manure, Long.       Strapped handle.         4-tine
Manure, D-handle.         4-tine.       \$1.65         5-tine.       2.00



### Ladies' Weeding Fork.

American short	handle\$0.3	5
Boys' Spading.	4-tine	5

### FRUIT-PICKERS.

**Perfect.** Galvanized steel wire, attaches to pole of any length. Price, without pole, 60 cts. Poles, for above, 60 cts. each.

FUMIGATING LAMP, "Defiance." For all vaporizing liquids. No glass. Burns kerosene. 60 cts.

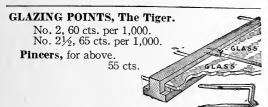


FUMIGATOR, "Eureka." For fumigating with tobacco stems. Very best quality, heavy galvanized tin. Each No. 2 holds 1 pk......\$2.75 No. 3 holds  $\frac{1}{2}$  bus..... 3.25

GARDEN LINES, Finest Braided. 96 feet, \$1.00.

**GARDEN REELS.** For garden lines. Wroughtiron. Holds 100 feet, 90 cts.; larger size, \$1.40.

GARDEN TOOLS for Ladies. Set of 3 pieces (spade, hoe and rake). \$1.50.



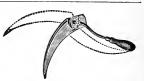
GLASS CUTTER, "Red Devil." Hand-honed wheels. Standard of the world. 10, 15 and 25 cts. each.

GLOVES, Gardeners', Goatskin. For men only. Pig-skin, \$1.50.

**GRAFTING WAX.** The best grade.

½-lb. pkg	\$0.20	
½-lb. pkg		
1-lb. pkg		

GRASS HOOK or Corn Knife, Crescent. Adjustable. 50 cts.



GRASS HOOKS, (Sickle), English Riveted Back. Thin, sharp blades. 60 cts.

With Trowel Shank. The handle is raised from the blade, making it possible to cut close without bruising the knuckles. 60 cts.

### HOES, Garden-

**Draw,** or **Corn.** 5-in. 70 cts., 6-in. 80 cts., 7-in. 90 cts.

English Scuffle.

_	
Finest quality steel.	
5-in\$1	
6-in 1	
7-in 1	
8-in	
9-in	.50
Handles 60 cts. each extra.	

Crescent Shape Scuffle Hoes. Handled. cts. each.

Warren Hoes. Short handle..... Long handle.....

Used in drilling seed.



HOSE, Rubber. 34-in.

Electric. In 25-ft. and 50-ft. lengths, 23 cts. per ft.

### Thorburn Standard.

X, 6-ply, 21 cts. per ft. XXX, 7-ply, 24 cts. per ft.

Our hose is carefully selected, made of firstclass material and coupled at both ends. In 25- or 50-ft. lengths.

POSTAGE, EXPRESS OR FREIGHT CHARGES TO BE PAID BY PURCHASER PRICES NOT GUARANTEED, SUBJECT TO CHARGE

**HOSE END, No. 1.** For connecting hose with ordinary faucets. 50 cts. each.

HOSE COUPLINGS		
½-in	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	\$0.20
97.		

HOSE NOZZLES, Graduating Lawn Hose Nozzle. Will throw coarse or fine spray, or solid stream. 3/4-in. 75 cts. each.

**Boston Hose Nozzle.** For ¾-in. hose. 75 cts. **Fountain Brass Hose Nozzle.** 25 cts.

"Bordeaux" Spraying Nozzle. For ¼-in. pipe, \$1.15 each.



**Shower Spray Nozzle.** A perfect spray nozzle made of brass; non-corrosive—will not clog. Has both fine and coarse sprays. \$1.25 each.



Stott Spray Nozzle. Gives an exceptionally fine spray. Impossible for it to get out of order. Single Spray, for 34-in. connection. \$1.50 each. Double Spray. \$2.00 each.

Vermorel Spray Nozzle. 85 cts.

\_\_\_\_\_

### HOSE BANDS, for couplings.

To fit ½-in. hose, 75c. per doz. To fit ¾-in. hose, 85c. per doz. To fit 1-in. hose, \$2 per doz.

**HOSE MENDERS, Cooper's.** Brass; will not rust or wear. No fastening required. For hose with ½-in. bore, 10 cts. each, \$1 per doz.

For hose with 3/4-in. bore, 12 cts. each, \$1.25 per doz.

HOSE REELS, Tubular Iron. Never break or wear out. No. 10 will hold 100 ft. of ¾-in. hose, \$4. No. 20 will hold 150 ft. of ¾-in. hose, \$5. No. 30 will hold 500 ft. of ¾-in. hose, \$6.

**HOTBED SASH.** Best quality. Packing at cost. **Unglazed.** 3 x 6 ft. for 10 x 12 glass.

Glazed and Painted. 3 x 6 ft., 10 x 12 glass.
Glazed and Painted. 3 x 6 ft., 10 x 12 extra heavy glass.

Prices on application.



HOTBED MATS for Covering Sashes. Padded, stitched and hemmed. Size, 76 in. by 76 in.; one mat covers two sashes. \$4 each, \$42 per doz.

KNIVES, Saynor's Celebrated English. Best make.

No. 196, \$2.50. Buckhorn handled.

**No. 343,** \$2.55. **No. 400,** \$3.00.

No. 401, \$2.75.

No. 403, \$3.00. No. 80 Wood Handle Pruner, American, \$1.00.

H. B. Budders, 2 blades, \$1.25.

LABELS, Wooden, Pot and Garden-Plain Painted 100 1000 100 1000 \$0.15 \$0.15 4-in..... \$0.90 \$1.20 .20 .25 4½-in..... .15 1.35 1.00 5-in..... .20 1.15 1.50 .25 .30 1.90 6-in...... 1.458-in..... .55 5.20 4.55.60 8.80 8.40 1.10 12-in . . . . . . . . 1.0024-in . . . . . . . 2.50Wooden, Notched Tree-Painted Plain

Plain Painted
100 1000 1000 1000

3½-in. copper
wire..... \$0.35 \$2.25 \$0.40 \$3.00
6-in., no wire .35 3.00 .45 3.30



Simplex Weatherproof Plant Labels. No. 1,  $3\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2}$  in., 25 cts. doz., \$2.00 per 100. No. 2,  $4 \times \frac{3}{4}$  in., 50 cts., doz., \$4.00 per 100.

MASTICA GLAZING MACHINE. \$2.15

**MASTICA.** For use in the above machine. Gal. \$2.15.

MOLE TRAPS, Olmsted's Improved. A short trap, suitable for lawns or cold frames. Made from good quality steel. Practically indestructible. \$1.50 each





Each

# HORTICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS AND GARDEN REQUISITES—Continued ALL NET CASH

POSTAGE, EXPRESS OR FREIGHT CHARGES TO BE PAID BY PURCHASER PRICES NOT GUARANTEED, SUBJECT TO CHANGE

The Reddick. A powerful trap used principally on lawns, easily set. Made of galvanized iron. It will catch moles when they are quite deep in the ground. As the points of the pin are constantly in the ground, they cannot injure chickens or domestic animals. \$1 each, \$9.50 per doz.



PENCILS. For writing garden labels. Black, 5 cts. each, 50 cts. per doz.
Wolf's Indelible. Imported from England. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.



\$1.75.

### PLANT DUSTERS, Dickey Duster, for applying dry insecticides, 35 cts.

**B-D SIFTER,** also for applying dry powders, 75 cts.

PLANT STAKES, Round, Painted Green—				
	Doz.	100		
2 feet	\$0.50	\$3.50		
3 feet	.80	6.00		
4 feet	1.20	8.50		
5 feet	1.35	9.50		
5 feet, extra heavy	2.00	14.00		
6 feet, extra heavy	2.25	16.00		
Heavy Square, Tapering, Paint				
0.4	Doz.	100		
2 feet	\$0.35	\$2.25		
3 feet	.70	5.50		
4 feet	1.20	7.50		
5 feet	2.25	16.00		
6 feet	2.50	18.50		
Dahlia Poles, Painted Green, V				
	Doz.	100		
2 feet	\$0.70	\$4.50		
3 feet	.90	6.50		
4 feet	1.20	9.00		
5 feet	1.50	11.00		
6 feet	1.80	13.00		
Plant Stakes, Galvanized Win	re, for	Roses,		
etc.—				
	Doz.	100		
2 feet	\$0.30	\$2.00		
3 feet	.40	2.25		
4 feet	.50	2.50		
5 feet	.60	2.75		
Japanese Bamboo. Bundles of	100 only	7. 6 ft		

PRUNERS, Waters' Long-handled Tree.				
Each	Each			
4 feet\$0.75	8 feet\$1.15			
6 feet 1.00	10 feet 1.25			
12 feet	1.35			
Extra Blades				

### PRUNING KNIFE

**Kansas.** Automatic, strong, durable and a good time-saver. Has compound leverage, which greatly increases the power. \$3 each.

**PUTTY FOR GLAZING, Twemlow's Old English.** Can be used with machine or bulb. \$2 per gal. 5- and 10-gal. buckets.



RAFFIA, for tying. Price on application.



ı	18 tooth \$2.25
ı	18 teeth\$3.25 20 teeth3.50
ľ	20 teeth
1	Each
	Hay Rake, 3 bow. Wood\$0.85
1	The "Lawn" King Rake.
	Wood. Teeth very close.
	Will not tear sod.
	26-teeth size
	38-teeth size
	Automatic Self-Cleaning Lawn
	<b>Rake.</b> Backward motion clears the teeth. \$0.75
1	Steel Garden Rake.—
	Each Each
	10-teeth\$1.00 14-teeth\$1.15
	12-teeth 1.05 16-teeth 1.25
	18-teeth
	Wire Lawn Rakes. Will not scratch the lawn.
1	With handle\$0.90
	Wooden Lawn Rake. 3-bow
١	B.
ı	



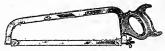
**SAWS.**Little Giant Saw and Pruner Combined. The knife is operated with a cord, and is thrown back automatically with a spring. Without pole, \$2.65.



	"One-edge"			
	among close b		er edge si	mooth,
does	not cut the up	per limb.		
16-in				.\$1.10

POSTAGE, EXPRESS OR FREIGHT CHARGES TO BE PAID BY PURCHASER PRICES NOT GUARANTEED, SUBJECT TO CHARGE

### SAWS, Continued



**Adjustable-Blade Pruning.** Can be adjusted and used at any angle; cuts cleanly and rapidly; light and strong. \$2.00.



### Lightning Double-Edge Pruning.

	Each
16-in	 \$1.00
18-in	
20-in	 1.40
Saynor's Socket Pruning Saw.	
18-in	 \$1.75



# **SAUCERS, Flower-Pot, Indurated Wood-Fiber.**Light and durable. Not porous; will protect tables on which plants stand.

	Each	Doz.
6-in	\$0.35	\$4.00
8-in	.40	4.50
10-in	.45	5.00
12-in	.55	6.00
14-in	.70	8.00



### SEEDERS, Cahoon.

With practically a minimum of labor will sow all kinds of grass and grain seeds. Will throw heavy seeds 20 feet each side of operator. \$4.50 each.

Little Giant. A smooth-running, well-made, machine. \$1.50.



	Riveted Back.	Light and thin,
broad blades.		00.75
30-in		\$2.75

SCYTHE-SNATH,	or	Handle.	Patent	Loop
Heel. \$1.25.				-

SCYTHE STONES.—	
Round Dressed Talacre.	Each
Doz. \$2	
Norton's Emery	



### SCISSORS

G	ape-Thinning, English.	
	i-in	
	-in	
	-in	75



Flower-gathering.

will cut and	i noia i	the nower.	
			Each
8-in			\$2.50

### SHEARS.

Pruning. Imported. \$1.90.



\$2.50

Watch-Spring. Perfection Pruning.

### Wiss Solid Steel Pruning.

Best American shear. Detachable blades.

No. 2, 7½ in.....



		Each
9-in		\$3.00
10-in		3.25
Swedish Pruning. No.		
American, Japanned H	andle	
Ladies'. Nickel-plated.	Pruning.	\$1.25 each.

### English Hedge.



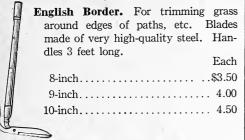
	Plain	Notch
8-in	\$2.75	\$3.25
9-in	3.00	
10-in	3.25	3.75



**Grass "Trowel-Shank."** American, full-polished, excellent steel. Trowel-like handles keep your knuckles out of the dirt. 95 cts. each.

POSTAGE, EXPRESS OR FREIGHT CHARGES TO BE PAID BY PURCHASER PRICES NOT GUARANTEED, SUBJECT TO CHANGE

### SHEARS, Continued





. Engligh Lopping. For lopping off limbs and branches of trees, not over 11/4 inches in diam-

												Each \$5.25. 5.75
D	ouble 23-in	Cu	t T	ree	Tr	im	me 	r (S	wedi	sh)	)	.\$2.25
	30-in					· · •						2.75



### SHOVELS-Square Point.-

	Each
No. 2. Regulation long or D-handle	\$1.60
Ames No. 2. Long or D-handle	1.85
Boy's. D-handle	



### Round Point.

No. 2.	Long	or D-han	dle	 B1.60



### SPADES.-

Square	Point	No.	2.

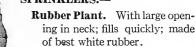
		Each
Regulation le	ong or D-handle	\$1.60
	Long or D-handle	
Boy's Spade.	D-handle	1.50



SCOOP, Vegetable. The best shovel for handling potatoes, apples, etc. Will not cut; dirt sifts out. Light weight. \$2.75

**SPRAY PUMPS.** See p. 152-153.

### SPRINKLERS.—





	Each
Straightneck. 6 oz	.\$0.70
10-oz	. 1.00
Angleneck, 6 oz	. 1.00
10-oz	. 1.25
8	



Peck's Improved Lawn Sprink-May be attached to the hose

and placed anywhere on the lawn. Stands 4 feet high and distributes water over an area from 60 to 100 feet. 4-arm. \$4.50 each; 8-arm, \$5.25 each.

The "New" Comet. An adjustable revolving Sprinkler. Will sprinkle from 5 to 30 feet. Easily moved. The two arms may be set upright or at any angle. Weight,  $4\frac{1}{2}$  lbs. \$3.50 each.



Water Witch No. 3. Scatters the water in fine drops and evenly over a circular area of from 25 to 40 feet. 55 cts. each.

Water Witch No. 4. Similar to No. 3, but having a stand instead of spike for

holding it upright. \$1.20.



Ring Sprinkler. Has no revolving parts. The simplest Lawn Sprinkler. Made of good-quality brass. 85 cts. each.

POSTAGE, EXPRESS OR FREIGHT CHARGES TO BE PAID BY PURCHASER PRICES NOT GUARANTEED, SUBJECT TO CHANGE

### SPRINKLERS, Continued



Automatic Lawn or Garden Sprinkler. Nickel-plated, on 4-ft. stand • Sharpened iron bottom for sticking into soil, and hose connections complete. \$3.50 each.



Hotchkiss Lawn Sprinkler No. 55. The most popular 3arm Sprinkler on the market; made of brass, nickel-plated with malleable iron runners. Will cover an area 30 feet in diameter. \$1.50 each.

### Hotchkiss Lawn Sprinkler

No. 65. This combination Sprinkler and fountain is beautiful as well as useful. Brass and nickel-plated, with malleable iron runners. Will cover an area 40 feet in diameter. \$2.25 each.



Shower Sprinkler. Mounted on holder for sprinkling lawns or can be attached directly to garden hose for washing sidewalks, etc. Cannot clog or get out of order; will not rust. Standard 3/4-in. hose connection. 10 in. high. Holder \$2.25. and nozzle complete.

### **SYRINGES.** See page 152.



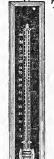
TROWELS. Solid Steel. Cheapest trowel in the long run; light, strong, durable and perfect "hang," handle cannot come off. Fach

5-in. blade	.\$0.55
6-in. blade	60
7-in. blade	65



Transplanting. A perfect trowel for transplanting and putting in bulbs; solid steel. 6-in. 20 cts.; 7-in., 25 cts.

### THERMOMETERS.—



Oxidized Metal Scale, Polished Back. A thermometer for house use, durable and well made. Tube magnifies and is easy to read.

Each 

### White Enameled Wood Plate, Nickel Trimmings.

Each **No. 110,** 7½-in.....\$0.50 



Self-Registering, Polished Back. For indoor use; will register extremes of heat and cold: made of hard wood. A magnet is used to draw back the indicating points.

Each 12-in.....\$2.50



Self-Registering, Japanned Case. The same as preceding with tin case for outside use. Enameled case and porcelain scale.

12-in.....\$6.50

Japanned Tin Case. A cheap thermometer for greenhouse use; all metal. 10-in., 60 cts. each.

Mercury Bath or Hotbed. New, Quick-acting: all of metal. Cannot rust or break. \$2.25.

Hotbed and Mushroom Bed. Brass-tipped point incloses the temperature bulb; it is simply thrust into the soil or bed. Best grade (made of box-wood), \$2.25.

Made of ordinary wood, \$1.50.

### TOMATO SUPPORTS .-



Wood. 36 in. high, 16 in. wide. Solidly made of clear, straight wood. Can be taken apart and stored when not in use. Will last for years. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

# POSTAGE, EXPRESS OR FREIGHT CHARGES TO BE PAID BY PURCHASER PRICES NOT GUARANTEED, SUBJECT TO CHARGE

**TORCH, Asbestos.** Very useful and simple. The only sure way to get rid of caterpillar nests on trees. Large size, 50 cts. each.



**TREE BRUSH, Wire.** For older trees; can be used with long handle. Complete, \$2.25.

**TREE SCRAPER.** For scraping diseased bark from trees, removing insect eggs, etc. 75 cts. each.

### TREE-TUBS, New York Style

Made of cedar timber, painted green.



No.	Diam.	Height	Each
1 .	12 in	$\dots 10\frac{5}{8}$ in $\dots$	\$2.15
2	13 in	$12\frac{3}{4}$ in $\dots$	2.75
3	14½ in	$\dots 14\sqrt[3]{4}$ in $\dots$	3.40
$3\frac{1}{2}$	$16\frac{1}{2}$ in	$\dots 15\sqrt[3]{4}$ in $\dots$	4.50
4	$19\frac{1}{2}$ in	$16\frac{5}{8}$ in	4.90
5	$22\frac{1}{2}$ in	$\dots 18\frac{1}{2}$ in $\dots$	6.40

**TWINE, Green Smilax.** In balls 15 cts. each; box of 12 balls, \$1.20.

Florists' Linen (Silkaline)—Green or Gray. 18 cts. per spool; box of 1 doz. spools \$1.75.

**VASES, Flower.** Indurated wood fiber; for cut flowers.



Diam.	Depth	
No. In.	In. Each	Doz.
	6\$1.00	\$10.50
$24\frac{1}{2}$		13.00
15 $\frac{1}{2}$	10 1.50	15.00
<b>0</b> 8	13 1.75	18.00

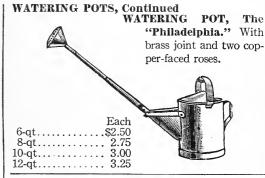
For receptacles for holding above, see Saucers, p. 148.

WATERING POT, French Model.

Long spout, with brass joints, fitted with coarse and fine nozzles.

Made of heavy galvanized iron reinforced with steel rim.

Each
6-qt. \$2.75
8-qt. 3.00
10-qt. 3.25
12-qt. 3.50





WHEELBARROW. Thorburn's Garden. None better made. Iron braced and bolted. Steel or wood wheel. No. 3 made with steel wheel only.

No. 3, Small	 £acn \$5.75
No. 4, Medium	 . 6.50
No. 5, Large	 . 7.00





**Excelsior Finger.** Useful for loosening and pulverizing the soil. 10 cts. each.

**Lang's Hand.** A strap over the finger keeps the tool in the hand while operator's fingers are left free. 20 cts. each, \$2.25 per doz.

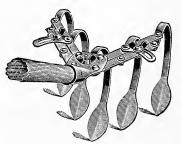
**Eureka Hand.** The prongs of solid forged steel are thin and long; fine for loosening soil. Short handle. 50 cts. each.



# POSTAGE, EXPRESS OR FREIGHT CHARGES TO BE PAID BY PURCHASER PRICES NOT GUARANTEED, SUBJECT TO CHARGE

### WEEDERS, Continued Norcross Adjustable Cultivator. Made of

first class material, teeth forged from solid steel. Can be entirely taken apart, every piece being detachable. Works between the rows, or center tooth can be removed to straddle row. \$1.10 each.



### PULL EASY CULTIVATOR.

A very handy implement. Five prong adjustable, \$1.25.

### FLOWER POTS



Prices subject to change without notice.

Best make. Of sizes 2½ to 8 in. we do not sell less than 100; of larger sizes not less than a dozen. We pack carefully in the best manner, but will not be responsible for breakage in transit.

Packing and crating extra at cost.

100

2.25

20.00

.50

2½-in	\$2.40
3 -in	
4 -in	3.75
5 -in	6.75
6 -in	10.50
7 -in	16.50
8 -in	
10 -in. Doz. \$7.00	
12 -in. Doz. \$15.00	98.00
BULB PANS.	Doz.
8-in	\$3.60
10-in	6.60
12-in	15.00
All prices subject to change without	t notice.
NEPONSET WATERPROOF PAPER F	LOWER
POTS	
Diam. Doz. 100	1000
2½-in \$0.10 \$0.60	
3 -in	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ -in	
4 -in	
5 -in	

-in......



### SPRAY PUMP, BUCKET

Being made of brass, it is not affected by the arsenites used for spraying. Easily operated; throws a solid stream 50 feet. It is provided with a combination nozzle, and also with a sprinkler for flowers. For spraying large trees, an 8-foot pipe extension is supplied for 60 cts. extra. This pump is also valuable for washing windows. \$4.75.

### SYRINGES

No. A. One spray rose and one jet. Length of barrel, 12 in., diam. 1 in., \$2.75 each.



No. G. One spray rose and one stream jet, side attachment and elbow-joint for sprinkling under foliage. Length of barrel 16 in., diam., 1½ in., \$5.25 each.



**No. H.** Sheet brass with fixed spray rose; length of barrel 16 in., diam. 1½ in. \$3.25 each.



No. 2. One coarse and one fine spray rose, and one jet, side attachment. \$4.75 each.



**No. 3.** Large size. Has one stream and two spray roses, with side pieces on barrel. Length of barrel, 18 in., diam.  $1\frac{1}{2}$  in. \$7 each.

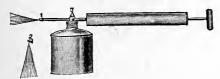


**No. 4.** Large size. Has jet and three rose sprays, two of which are kept in the handle. Length of barrel, 18 in., diam. 1½ in. \$7.50 each.



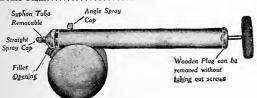
No. 6. Large size. Has one spray rose and goose-neck angle joint, turning in all directions for washing the under surface of the leaves of plants and flowers, cleansing them from insects, etc. Length of barrel, 18 in., diam. 1½ in. \$8.50 each.

### POSTAGE, EXPRESS OR FREIGHT CHARGES TO BE PAID BY PURCHASER PRICES NOT GUARANTEED, SUBJECT TO CHANGE



### THE ROBERTSON COMPRESSED AIR SPRAYERS Easily operated, requiring half the labor of ordinary spray-

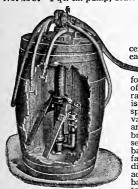
ers.		
Galvanized Tank		
Brass Tank		2.00
Suphon Tube	Angle Spray	
Removable	_ / Cap	
Nemotable 2	<u>e</u>	



### AUTO SPRAYER

Operates continuously on both the up and down stroke, throwing a fine, misty spray.

1 ot. all tin... 



### "POMONA" SPRAY PUMP

Of large capacity and ex-eptionally powerful. It is ceptionally ceptionally powerful. It is easily operated by one person when necessary, but is especially built for spraying with two leads of hose. The air-chamber is rather large, and enough air is stored up for a continuous spray for some time. Plunger, spray for some time. Flunger, valves and all working parts are made of very good quality brass. It can be quickly inserted or removed from the barrel. Its paddle agitator is far superior to the old return-discharge method of stirring discharge method of stirring. adjustable to different-sized barrels. Pump only with agi-

outfit C. Pump, agitator, 15 feet of discharge hose and spray nozzles, \$28.00, fitted to barrel, \$33.00.

Outfit D. Pump, agitator, two leads of discharge hose and two spray nozzles, \$31.00; fitted to barrel, \$36.00.

### "FRUITALL" SPRAY PUMP

Same as Pomona, but smaller. Pump with agitator and one lead of 15 feet of %-in. discharge hose, with spray nozzle, \$18.00; fitted to barrel, \$23.00.

Prices subject to change.

### KNAPSACK SPRAY PUMP For Vineyard, Orchard and Field Service

To be Carried on Back.

Made entirely of brass and copper, with ball valves and metal plunger all easily accessible. Capacity about 5 gals. Galvanized \$23.00; Copper, \$28.00.

### The "Velvetlawn" Grass Seeder 18 inches wide

The use of a machine in the seeding of new lawns or grass plots, the re-seeding of old lawns, the drilling of grass seeds into putting-greens, and the renewing of grass plots every month or so has proved a decided success wherever it has been tried. The machine to do this work is the "Velvetlawn" Grass Seeder tried. Seeder.

Price \$25.00 net cash.

### "AUTO-SPRAY" SPRAY **PUMP**

A self-operating Sprayer of simple construction, durable, easy to carry and to work. Made of galvanized iron or solid brass, with 4-ply rubber hose. For spraying trees, cleaning windows, etc. A perfect pump.

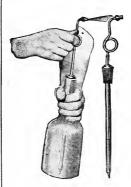
With brass tank auto-pop nozzle, hose and fittings, \$12.00

With galvanized iron tank auto-pop nozzle, hose and fittings, \$8.00.

Brass extension pipes, 2 feet long, 70 cts.

Auto-Pop nozzle, if sold alone, \$2.00.





### BOTTLE SPRAYER

A small, nickel-plated syringe or sprayer, to be placed in a bottle; used for spraying with any kind of fumigating liquid or insecticide, \$1.25.

### Water Barrel, Truck and Barrel

### Can Be Made Into Sprinkler, Leaf-Rack and Hand-Cart

The barrel is easily disconnected from the truck, either while full or empty. The following extra attachments can be furnished if required: (1) Box with trunnions and spring catch, forming a dumping hand-cart. (2) Sprinkler for watering walks and lawns. (3) Leaf-rack





Used as a Hand-Cart



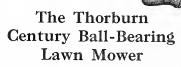
Used as a Leaf-Rack

Truck and barrel, wooden wheels, 3-in. tires.... Truck and barrel, steel wheels, 3-in. tires..... prinkler attachment, extra..... Hand-cart box, extra..... Leaf-rack, extra....

barrel.. Truck and trunnions, steel wheels, without barrel

Prices on Application

POSTAGE, EXPRESS OR FREIGHT CHARGES TO BE PAID BY PURCHASER PRICES NOT GUARANTEED, SUBJECT TO CHANGE



Thorburn's Century Ball-Bearing Lawn Mower is a marvel of simplicity, as one screw adjusts both bearings. It has a simple, self-adjusting device, which keeps the bearings properly adjusted for a long time, and a double interchangeable ratchet. By shifting handle bails from the front to the rear lugs on the side frame, the Mower can be made to cut terraces and steep banks.

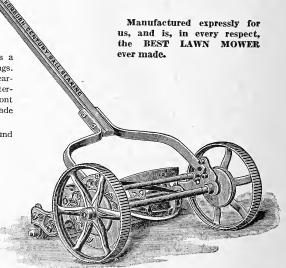
While cheaper mowers are sold all over, they will be found far dearer in the end. It pays to get a good mower.

			Each
14-in. cut	 	 	\$12 00
16-in. cut	 	 	13 00
18-in. cut	 	 	14 00
20-in. cut	 <b></b>	 	15 00

### Lawn Trimmer

8-inch ......\$8 00

ALL PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE



## Chain Roller or Golf Mower This mower is made to meet the demand for a machine that will more perfectly cut borders, verges, etc., and yet retain all the other features necessary in a mower for general work. Its great advantage is the substitution of a bicycle chain for the gears generally used in this style of mower. This reduces the friction to a minimum. The machine is highly recommended for work on outling greans. highly recommended for work on putting-greens. The Best for Putting-Greens

Net Prices	4 blades
12-in. cut	 \$15 00
14-in. cut	 17 00
16-in. cut	
18-in. cut ∴	 21 00

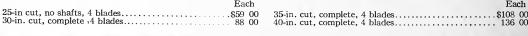
# Grass-Catcher

				3	_	-	•	~	•	•	_			•	_	•	~		٠.	•			•	-							
14-in.	cu	t																											\$2	0	0
16-in.	<b>.</b>																												2	1:	õ
18-in.											,												•						2	2	5
20-in.		٠	٠	•		•	•		٠	٠		•	٠	٠	•	٠	٠	•	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	•	٠	٠	٠		2	5	J

### Improved Horse Lawn Mower

This well-known standard mower has side draft attachment, to enable the horse to walk on the cut grass only, and caster-rollers which will not mark the lawn. Evenness of cut is assured by an adjustment which raises or lowers the two sides at the same time by means of a simple lever movement the same lever serves the purpose of raising the knives from the ground when driving aver ground walks or reads. driving over gravel walks or roads.

NET	PRICES, free	on	board,	New	York	
	Each					





### Coldwell's Combination Roller and Motor Lawn Mower

This machine cuts a swath 40 inches wide, is equipped with a two-horse power motor capable of propelling the mower through almost any height of lawn grass, and up grades as steep as 25 per cent. Price on application.

POSTAGE, EXPRESS OR FREIGHT CHARGES TO BE PAID BY PURCHASER PRICES NOT GUARANTEED, SUBJECT TO CHARGE

### Horse Boots

Prevent Cutting up the Turf

Made to order only of very strong, heavy leather, closely riveted. Price per set of four, \$12.00.

### Water-Ballast Roller

Roller-Bearing. Can Be Filled without Turning on End, with Either Water or Sand (Patented)

Suitable for Lawns, Tennis-Courts and Putting-Greens, Seams are Electricwelded, not Riveted.

One- or Two-section "Water Weight" Rollers without counter-balancing handle-weights.

No.	Diam. in.	Length in.	Sec- tions	Weight empty lbs.		Weight filled with sand, 50% heavier	Price
WB3		20		60	175		\$13 00
WB7	24	24	1		500	"	20 00
WB11	18	24	2				
				t is desired add			

# THE MAKEGOOD GARDEN PLOW HAYWOOD NO. 1

A Single Wheel Cultivator, Plow, Rake and Hoe \$5.00 Complete

### "Planet Jr." Farm and Garden Tools

Illustrated catalogue describing fully many other "Planet Jr." tools mailed on application. Prices are quoted net F. O. B. New York.

"Planet Jr." No. 16 Single-Wheel Hoe, Cultivator, Rake and Plow

This Single-Wheel hoe has a very full set of tools, several of them being of new design, such as have been found to work in the very best manner. It has 11-inch wheel, with broad face: is very light, strong and easy running. It has adjustable handles and quick-change frame.



"Planet Jr." No. 16

"Planet Jr." No. 4

2 6-inch Hoes 3 Cultivator Teeth EQUIPMENT
1 7-inch Rake
1 4-inch Rake

Weight, 27 lbs. Price \$10.50

1 Large Garden Plow 1 Leaf Guard

### "Planet Jr." No. 17 Single-Wheel Hoe

2 6-inch Hoes 3 Steel Cultivator Teeth	1 Leaf Lifter
Weight, 22 lbs. Price, \$8.75	
"Planet Jr." No. 3. Hill and Drill Seeder. Efficient hill dropping outfit. Complete	19 50
"Planet Jr." No. 11. "Planet Jr." No. 13. "Planet Jr." No. 13. "Planet Jr." No. 15. "Planet Jr." No. 25. "Planet Jr." No. 25. "Planet Jr." No. 25. "Planet Jr." No. 25. "Planet Jr." No. 26. "Planet Jr." No. 27. "Planet Jr." No. 28. "Planet Jr." No. 29. "Planet J	er attachments 12 50
for field use  "Planet Ir "Twelve-Tooth Harrow, Cultivator and Pulverizer, Complete	17 50
With Lever Wheel only. Without Wheel or Pulverizer. "Planet Jr." No. 31. Combined Drill Seeder and Single-Wheel Hoe. Complete	13 00
No. 31D as a drill seeder only	10 50

# INDEX

Page	Page	Page
Abies	Balsam	Candytuft84, 85
Abronia	Baptisia	Canna85, 135
Abrus	Barberry 69	Cannabis
Abutilon	Barley	Canterbury Bells83, 84 Cantaloup34
Acacia	Basket Flower	Cantaloup
Acer 67	Basswood	Cardinal Climber
Achillea	Bachelor's Button	Cardinal Flower
Aconitum 78	Bean, Hyacinth 94	Cardiospermum
Acroclinium	Beans5, 13, 14, 15, 16, 63	Cardoon
Adam's Needle67, 128	Bean, Castor	Carnation 85
Adlumia	Bean, Soja	Carpinus
Adonis	Bean, Velvet	Carrot
Æsculus 67 Agapanthus 78	Bear's Breech	Carya
Agapanthus	Beech	Cassia
Ageratum	Beggarweed	Castor-Oil Plant 64, 86, 119, 120
Agrostemma 78	Begonia	Catalpa
Alfalfa	Bellflower	Catananche
Allegheny Vine	Bellis 92	Catchfly 122
Allspice, Carolina 67	Benincasa 82	Cauliflower
Alonsoa	Berberis	Ceanothus
Alsike	Berseem 61	Cedar
Alstrœmeria	Bidens 82	Celastrus
Althæa	Bird Seed	Celery
Amaranth, Globe	Bittersweet 67	Celphalanthus 67
Amaranthus	Bladder Nut	Celtis
Amaryllis	Blanket Flower 97	Centaurea
Amethyst	Bleeding Heart	Centauridium 87
Ammobium	Blue Bonnet	Centranthus 87
Amorpha 67	Blue Bottle 86	Cerastium 88
Ampelopsis 67	Bocconia82	Cercidiphyllum
Anagallis	Bokhara 61	Cercis
Anchusa	Books	Cereals
Anemone	Borecole	Chelone 88
Angelica Tree 67	Box 66	Cherry
Animated Oats	Brachycome	Chervil
Anthemis 80	Broccoli	Chestnut
Anthericum 143	Broom Corn 63	Chicory
Antigonon 80	Browallia 82	Chinese Wool-flower7, 86
Antirrhinum	Brussels Sprouts 18	Chinese Bell-flower
Apple, Balsam	Bryonopsis	Chionanthus 67 Chive 51
Apricot Pits	Burnet 63	Christmas Rose
Aquilegia 80	Burning Bush	Chrysanthemum7, 10, 88, 89
Arabis	Butternut	Cigar Plant
Aralia 67	Buttonball 68	Cineraria 89
Arborvitæ	Buxus 66	Cinnamomum
Arbutus		Cinnamon Vine
Arctostaphylus	Cabbage	Cladrastis         67           Clarkia         89, 90
Ardisia 80	Cabbage, Cow	Clary 90
Argemone 80	Cacalia 82	Clematis
Aristolochia	Cactus	Cleome
Artichoke	Calampelis	Clethra 67
Arum	Calandrinia	Clianthus 90
Asclepias 80	Calendula	Clintonia 90
Ash	California Tree	Cloud Grass
Asimina	Calla	Clovers
Asperula	Callicarpa 67	Cockscomb 86
Aster	Calliopsis	Coffee Tree
Aubretia81	Callirhœ	Coleus
Auricula 81	Calycanthus 67	Collards
Azalea 67	Camassia 139 Camellia 67	Collections of Flower Seeds. 11
	Campanula83, 84	Collections of
Baby's Breath 99	Camphor 67	Vegetable Seeds9, 10, 11
Balloon Vine	Campion Rose 78	Collinsia 90
Balm50, 94	Canary-Bird Flower 84	Collomia 90

Page	Page	I Po
	Dragon Flower	Page 07 111
Columbine	Dusty Miller 89	Geranium
Coneflower	Dutchman's Pipe	Gerbera
Convolvulus. 90	-	Gilia
Cordyline90	Echeveria 94	Gladioli
Coreopsis	Echinocystis 94	Glaucium
Corn, Field 62	Echinops 94	Gleditschia
Cornflower	Eggplant 28	Globe Flower 125
Cornflower Aster	Elæagnus	Gloxinia
Corn, Jerusalem 65	Elder	Godetia
Corn, Kaffir	Elliottiana	Golden Bells, Cal
Corn Salad	Elm67, 68	Golden Feather 119
Corn, Sweet	Emmenanthe	Golden Wave 83
Cornel	Emmer	Gomphrena98
Cornus	Empress Tree	Gooseberry69
Corylus	Endive	Gorse
Cosmidium	Enkianthus	Gourd
Cosmos	Eremurus	Grape
Cotton, Lavender 121	Erica94	Grass Seed54-61
Cotton	Erigeron	Great Reed Grass
Cowpeas 64	Erodium 94 Eryngium 94	Grevillea99
Cowslip 91	Eryngium	Gum Tree 68
Cratægus 67	Eschscholtzia95	Gum 68
Crepis	Esculent Plants and Roots. 51	Gumbo 37
Cress	Esparsette 64	Gunnera 99
Cress, Rock 80	Eternal Flowers 99	Gymnocladus 68
Crinums	Eucalyptus	Gypsophila 99
Cucumber 5, 26, 27	Eucharidium 95	
Cucumber, Serpent 125	Euonymus 68	Ummonthus 120
Cucumber, Squirting 107	Eupatorium	Hæmanthus139Halesia68
Cucumber Tree 68	Euphorbia95	Halesia
Cucumber, Snake 91	Eutoca	Hare's Tail Grass 130
Cucumber, Wild 94	Evening Glory 101	Haw, Black
Cucumis	Evergreen Tree and	Hawkweed
Cucurbita	Shrub Seeds	Hazel67, 68
Cuphea91	Exychordia 68	Heartsease110, 111
Cupressus		Heath94
Currant 69	Fagus 68	Hedge Plant Seeds 69
Cut-and-Come Again 124	Farmogerm16, 65	Hedysarum
Cyclamen	Feather Grass 130	Halepense
Cycas	Fennel28, 50	Helenium
Cydonia	Fenzlia 95	Helianthus
Cynoglossum	Ferns	Helichrysum 99
Cyperus 92	Fertilizers142, 143	Heliopsis
Cypress 66	Feterita	Heliotrope
Cypress, Deciduous 69	Fetticus	Heliotropium
Cypress, Summer 102		Helipterum
Cypress Vine101, 102	Fir	Hemerocallis 140
	Flame Flower113, 114	Hemlock, Cal. 66
Dahlia92, 133, 134	Flax	Hemlock, Spruce 66
Daisy8, 78, 82, 88, 92, 94, 97	Flower of Jove	Hemp
Datura	Flower Seed Novelties	Herbs50
Deciduous Tree and	and Specialties6-8	Hesperis
Shrub Seeds	Flower Seeds70–130	Heuchera
Delphinium92, 93, 94	Forage, Economical and	Hibiscus
Dendromecon	Miscellaneous Seeds63-65	Hickory, Shellbark 67
Deutzia 68	Forget-Me-Not7, 79, 95, 96	Holcus
Dhoura 65	Fountain Plant 79	Holly
Diamond Flower 101	Four o'Clock	Hollyhocks 100
Dianthus85, 86, 114, 115, 125	Foxglove	Honesty
Dicentra	Fremontia 68	Honeysuckle, French 99
Dictamnus	Fringe, Mountain	Hop
Digitalis	Fringe Tree, Va	Horn of Plenty
Dimorphotheca		Horse-radish 51
Diospyrus 68 Dirca 68	Fuchsia	Horticultural Books52, 53
Dockmackie 69	Gaillardia	Horticultural Implements and
Dogwood	Galega 97	Garden Requisites 144–155
Dolichos. 94	Gas Plant 94	Humea100
Downingia 90	Gaura	Humulus 100
Dracæna	Genista	Hunnemannia 100
Dracocephalum	Gentiana 97	Hypericum

Page 1	Page	Page
Iberis	Locust, Honey	Novelties and Specialties
Ice Plant	Lophospermum 104	in Vegetable Seeds 5, 6
Ilex	Lotus	Nuts
Impatiens	Love-in-a-Mist 104	Nycterinia 109
Incarvillea101, 140	Love-Lies-Bleeding 79	Nyssa
Indian Shot	Lunaria	21,70002
Indigo, False 81	Lupine	0-1-
Ionopsidium	Lupinus	Oak
Ipomœa	Lychnis	Oats
	Lychins, 100	Obconica
Ipomopsis	24 1	Obedient Plant 114
Plant Diseases140, 141, 142	Maclura	Œnothera118
	Madrona Tree 66	Okra 38
Iris102, 137, 138	Magnolia 68	Oleaster 68
Iron Bush	Maidenhair Tree 68	Onion37, 38
Itea	Maize, Milo65	Onobrychis 64
Ivy 103	Malcomia 127	Orange, Osage64, 68, 69
	Mallow83, 99, 100	Ornamental Grasses 129, 130
Jacobæa	Mallow, Tree 103	Oxalis
Jacob's Ladder 102	Malope 105	Ox-eye 78
Japan Morning Glory 101	Malva 105	
Johnson Grass	Mandevillea 105	D : 100
Joseph's Coat	Mangel-Wurzel	Pæonia
Job's Tears	Manzanita	Pæonies
Judas Tree, Am 67	Maple, Flowering 77	Painted Tongue 120
Juglans	Maple, Sugar 67	Palafoxia
	Marguerite	Palm, Sago 139
2	Marigald 50 99 99 105 195	Palm Seeds 129
Jute 64	Marigold50, 82, 83, 105, 125	Pampas Grass
	Martynia	Pancratium 144
Kale	Marvel of Peru 96	Pansies, Tufted
Kalmia 68	Mask Flower	Pansy
Kaulfussia 102	Matricaria 106	Papaver
Kochia	Matthiola 106, 123, 124	
Koelreuteria 68	Maurandya 106	
Kohlrabi	Melilotus 106	Parsnip
Kudzu Vine	Melothria 106	Passiflora
Kudzu vine 102	Mesembryanthemum 100, 106	Passion Flower 111
	Mignonette	Passion Vine
Lady's Eardrops 97	Millet	Paulownia 68
Lady's Slipper 81	Mimosa 107	Pawpaw
Lamb's Ears	Mimulus 107	Peach
Lantana		Peanuts 64
Lantern Plant 114	Mina	Pear 69
Larch	Mirabilis 96	Pear, Balsam 107
Larix	Miscellaneous Bulbs	Peas39, 40
Larkspur	and Roots	Peas, Canadian Field 64
Lathyrus 102	Momordica 107	Pea, Perennial 102
Laurel	Monarda 107	Pelargonium
Lavatera	Monkey Flower 107	Penicillaria
Lavatera 102 Lavender, Sea 123	Monk's Hood 78	Pentstemon 111
	Montbretias 139	
Lawn Grass Seed 54, 55, 56	Moonflower	Pepper
Layia 103	Morning-Glory 90, 101, 102	Peppermint Tree
Leatherwood	Morus	Perilla
Leek	Moss, Golden 122	Periwinkle 127
Lentils	Mourning Bride121, 122	Persimmon
Leptosiphon	Mulberry	Petunia
Leptosyne	Mulford Cultures 16, 65	Phacelia
Lettuce	Mushroom Spawn	Phlox113, 114, 139
Leucanthemum7, 88		Physalis 114
Libocedrus	Musk Plant 107	Physotegia
Ligustrum	Musk Plant	Picea 66
Lilac, California 67	Mustard	Picotee 114
Lilac, Japan	Myosotis	Pie-plant 120
Lilies	Myrica	Pimpernelle
Lilium	Myrisphyllum 122	Pine
Lily78, 79, 125, 138, 139, 140	Myrtle, Candleberry 68	Pink
Lily-of-the-Valley 136		Pinus
Limnanthes	Nasturtium 37, 107, 108, 109	Platanus 68
Limiantnes 103 Linaria 103		
	Nemesia	Platycodon
Linum	Nemophila	Plum Wild 68
Liquidambar	Nerine	Plum, Wild
Liriodendron	Nicotiana 109	Plume Grass 130
Livistonia	Nierembergia 109	Polemonium 102
Lobelia	Nigella	Polyanthus
Locust	Nolana 109	Polygonum 116

Page	Page	Page
Poppy. 8,64,94,95,97,116,117,120	Sensitive Plant	Tilia
Portulaca117	Sequoia	Tobacco Seed50, 51
Potatoes	Shallu	Tomato
Potato Seed Balls 6	Sheepberry	Tools144-145
Potentilla	Silence	Torenia
Prayer Bean 77	Silver Bell 68	Touch-Me-Not 100
Primrose	Smilax	Trachelium
		Tree and Shrub Seeds 66–69
Primula8, 81, 91, 115, 118	Snapdragon 6, 122, 123	
Prince's Feather79	Sneezewort	Trefoil
Privet 68	Snowberry 68	Trichosanthes 125
Prunus 68	Snow-in-Summer 88	Trifolium 125
Pueraria 102	Snow-on-the-Mountain 95	Trillium
Pumpkin 41	Solanum	Tritoma
Pyrethrum	Soja Beans. 63	Trollius
1 yictin din		Tropæolum
O1 C 120		
Quaking Grass	Sorghum	Trumpet Creeper 69
Quince	Sorrel 45	Tsuga 67
	Sour Wood 67	Turnip
Radish43, 44	Specularia 126	Tydæa 140
Ranunculus 140	Speedwell	•
Rape	Spider Flower 90	Udo Salad 67
Raspberry (seed)	Spinach 45	Ulex
Ray of Gold 83	Spiræa 140	Ulmus 69
Reana 64	Spruce 66	Umbrella Plant 92
Red-Hot-Poker Plant 125	Spruce, Hemlock 66	Umbrella Tree 68
Redwood, California 67	Spurry 65	
Rehmannia 119	Squash 46	Vaccinium
Reseda 106	Squirrel-Tail Grass 130	Valerian
Rhamnus	Stachys	Valeriana 126
	Staff Tree	
Rhododendron	Star Flower	Vegetable Oyster 44
Rhubarb	Statice 123	Vegetable Plants 51
Rhubarb, Chilian	Stevia 123	Venus' Looking Glass 126
Rhus 68	St. John's Wort 100	Venus' Navelwort 126
Ribes 69	St. Peter's Staff 8	Verbascum
Rice	Stipa	Verbena
Ricinus		
	Stocks	
Robinia	Stokesia 124	Vetches
Rocket, Sweet	Stonecrop 122	Viburnum
Romneya 120	Strawberry Tree 66	Vinca 126
Rosa	Strawberry	Viola110, 111, 127
Rose	Stringybark Tree 68	Violet 127
Rose of Heaven 78	Styrax	Virginia Creeper
Rose of Sharon 68	Sugar Cane 65	Virgin's Bower 90
		Viscaria
	Sumach	
Rudbeckia	Sunflower	Vitis 69
Rumex	Swallow-wort	
Rutabaga 50	Sweet Bay 68	Wahlenbergia 115
Rye 62	Sweet Peas73, 74, 75, 76	Waldmeister 81
2	Sweet Pepper Bush 67	Wallflower
Sage, Flowering120, 121	Sweet Sultan 87	Walnut
Sainfoin 65	Sweet William 125	Watermelon
Salad (Udo)	Swiss Chard 45	Watsonia140
Salisburia		Wayfaring Tree 69
Salpiglossis	Symphoricarpus	11 47 44 44 44
Salsify	Syringa 68	Wheat, Winter
		Whin
Salt Bush, Aus	Tacsonia	Whitlavia 128
Salvia		Wigandia 128
Sambucus	Tagetes	Willow 68
Santolina 121	Tassel Flower	Windflower
Sanvitalia	Tassel Tree	Wistaria
Saponaria	Taxodium 69	Woodruff, Sweet
Sassafras Tree	Taxus	Woodium, Sweet OI
Saxifraga	Tea, New Jersey 67	37
	Tea, Oswego 107	Xeranthemum
Scabiosa	Togoma 60 195	
Scabious121, 122	Tecoma	Yellow-wood Tree 67
Schinus	Teosinte	Yew
Schizanthus	Thermopsis	Youth and Old Age128, 129
Sciadopitys67	Thistle 94	77 199
Scilla	Thorn	Yucca
	Thorn	
Sedum	Thorn	Zephyranthes
	Thorn	

# Copyright, 1919, by J. M. Thorburn & Co.

# Thorburn's List of Vegetable Seeds

That May Be Sown in Each Month from February to September in the Climate of New York

	,
SEPTEMBER	IN OPEN GROUND Cabbage for cold-frames Cauliflower for cold-frames Tuberous Chervil Corn Salad Cress Siberian Kale Lettuce Mustard Winter Radish Spinach Turnip Sweet Pcas THORBURN'S IMPROVED BIG BOSTON LETTUCE
AUGUST	IN OPEN GROUND Beans, Bush Tuberous Chervil Corn Salad Cucumber Endive Lettuce Welsh Onion Early Peas Radish Spinach Tumip THORBURN'S GILT EDGE
JULY	IN OPEN GROUND Beans Beens Carrot Sweet Corn Corn Salad Cress Corn Salad Gress Cucumber Endive Gherkin Kale Kohlrabi Lettuce Nasturtium Okra Okra Dearly Peas Pumpkin Radish Spinach Spinach Squash White F . Turnip Rutabaga NOROTON FORCING
JUNE	IN OPEN GROUND Beans, Lima and all other sorts Beets Broccoli Brussels Sprouts Late Cabbage Carrot Cauliflower Sweet Corn Cress Cucumber Endive Kale Kohlrabi Lettuce Melon Nasturtium Olkra Early Peas Potatoes Pumpkin Radish Salsify Spinach Squash Herbs
MAY	IN OPEN GROUND Artichoke Asparagus Beans, Bush and Running Beets Breets Brissels Sprouts Carliflower Cauliflower Calliflower Celery Sweet Corn Cress Cucumber Kohrabi Letek Lettuce Melon Onion Parsip Parsip Parsip Parsip Radish Salsify Spinach Early Turnip All Herbs
APRIL	SOW IN HOTBED Cucumber Eggplant Melon Pepper Tomato IN OPEN GROUND Asparagus English Beans Beets Brusels Sprouts Betty Cabbage Carrot Cauliflower Celery Cress Kohlrabi Lettuce Onion Parsley Parsnip Peas Radish Spinach Early Turnip
MARCH	Early Beans Early Beans Early Beets Brussels Sprouts Early Cabbage Forcing Carrot Cauliflower Celery Eggplant Kohlrabi Lettuce Parsley Pepper Radish Tomato IN OPEN GROUND Beans, B. Windsor Beets Carrot Leek Onion Peas Peps Radish Tando Radish Carrot Leek Onion Beats Carrot Leek Onion Beats Carrot Leek Conion Peas
FEBRUARY	SOW IN HOTBED Early Beans Broccoli Early Cabbage Forcing Carrot Early Celery Cucumber Eggplant Eggplant Early Lettuce Parsiey Pepper Radish THORBURN'S Early Jersey Wakefield Cabbage

# J. M. THORBURN & CO., SEEDSMEN, NEW YORK

53 BARCLAY STREET, THROUGH TO 54 PARK PLACE



